"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Sunday; mild temperature; gentle variable winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,799 ... NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

RAIL WAGE AWARD SET FOR JULY 20; NEW STRIKE AVERTED

Labor Board Announcement Heads Off Walkout Scheduled for Tonight.

MEN WERE OUT OF CONTROL

Brotherhood Leaders Confident Those on Strike Will Now Return to Yards.

SHOPMEN JOIN WALKOUT

Those in Philadelphia-Camden District Act on Report of Small Wage Increase.

22 Per Cent. Wage Increase Predicted for Rail Workers

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Increases will be granted to the railroad workers by the Wage Board, according to reliable information reaching THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent late tonight. They will be on a graduated scale, averaging a little over twenty-two per cent. The lowest increase, it is said, will be a flat twenty per cent. and will affect the higher paid classes of labor. As class of labor decreases the wage of award will increase, it is declared, the greatest advance being approximately twenty-seven per cent. This increase, based on the total labor expenses of the roads, will amount to millions of dollars.

CHICAGO, June 25.—A decision on the demands of railroad employes for wage increases will be made on or before July 20 by the Railway Labor Board. Judge R. M. Barton, Chairman, said in a statement late today, and the award would be retroactive to May 1.

According to W. G. Lee, President of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and spokesman for union leaders who gathered here today, the board's declaration would end all danger of a general railroad strike.

Lee said that secret plans had been made by a disaffected union element to spread the existing strike throughout the country because of the continued delay in announcing the wage ruling. "The men would have quit at midnight tomorrow night," Mr. Lee said. "It was impossible to hold them longer. Men of my organization have been waiting patiently for nearly a year."

In a later statement Lee declared that "even the most conservative members of these organizations lately have been bitterly complaining of the delays and insist upon a decision."

"Now that it has been definitely decided that the award will be handed down not later than July 20," the statement continued, "we urge our members to continue to carry out their obligations to their organizations and the contract relations with the employers as the most effective means of helping the situation."

General Chairmen of the fifteen recognized railroad organizations will meet in Chicago, July 19, to consider and pass upon the awards by the Labor Board, it was announced.

The Railway Board's statement set forth that an agreement on a method of working out the wage problems had been arrived at and that no time would be lost in reaching a decision. Lee and other representatives of the organized railroad brotherhoods who met here today to discuss the railroad wage situation, said there was no doubt the men would be satisfied with the promise of a decision to relieve their impatience.

"Was the decision the result of a warning of a probable strike brought by you and your associates to the board," Lee was asked.

"You can draw your own conclusions as to that," he answered.

Earlier in the day, before the issuance of the statement of the Labor Board and prior to the meeting of the Brotherhood chiefs, Lee put out a statement laying responsibility for the present situation at the door of President Wilson.

He declared that the President had permitted the Railway Administration to "daily along" for nearly a year after the men presented their demands and that it took the President forty days to appoint a Railway Labor Board after the Esch-Cummings bill authorizing it had become law.

"We are here to discuss some way of avoiding the danger because of the Government's delay in passing on our wage demands," Mr. Lee said. "Unless immediate action is taken we fear the transportation system will be paralyzed. We don't know why there should be any longer delay by the Railroad Board. Every pressure possible has been brought to bear to get a decision.

"One of the biggest dangers to be faced now is the one big union idea, propaganda of which is responsible for the sporadic strikes now going on. It is up to the powers to decide whether they want the one big union idea which caused strife in 1894, or whether they want the strong, sane organizations which have kept the men in a reasonable mood for many years."

"We came here to prevent a strike and at the same time to obtain full satisfaction for the men," said Timothy Shea, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, in commenting on the board's announcement.

"We have held our men back for

Continued on Page Five.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

Select Port for Shipment Of American Army Dead

CHERBOURG, June 25.—The American Army authorities have informed the Mayor of Cherbourg that the port of Duhomet will be the port of embarkation for the shipment of American dead to the United States, beginning in September. The bodies will be placed in hermetically sealed metal caskets, which will be protected by heavy boxes.

The town of Equeurdreville, near Cherbourg, will be the assembling point from which the bodies will be taken on board homeward bound American steamships.

ACTOR IS SHOT BY KITTY GORDON

Revolver Used in Act in Chicago Theatre Held a Bullet Which Hit a Man "Off" Stage.

POLICE ARE INVESTIGATING

Miss Gordon's Husband Says Bullet Was to Protect Jewels —Cartridge Not Changed.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 25. — Considerable mystery, which the police are trying to solve, is attached to the shooting today of Joseph A. Hack, an acrobat, with a .38 calibre bullet by Kitty Gordon, the actress. How the bullet came to be in the revolver, which is used in her act, is the problem on which the police are working, so far without success.

Although the shot was fired from midstage in full view of the large audience, few patrons realized anything unusual had happened. Upon emerging from the playhouse they saw an ambulance waiting at the stage door and a crowd surging up the alley.

The shooting was accidental. The revolver, from which the actress is supposed to fire a blank cartridge during a movie burlesque, had been used by Jack Wilson, her husband and vaudeville partner, he told the police, for the double duty of service as a stake "prop" and guarding Miss Gordon's jewels. In removing the loaded cartridges and reloading the weapon with blanks just before the performance, he said, he had overlooked one loaded cartridge.

Hack was waiting in the wings for his act. The bullet struck him in the right arm and passed through the right side of his chest. It is said the injury will not prove serious.

The act in which Miss Gordon appears is divided into two parts, and is given on the program as two acts. Miss Gordon is featured in the first part in a cycle of songs and dances, and Wilson in the other part in a burlesque on the movies, called "The Surprise."

It the latter act Miss Gordon and Wilson are assisted by Frank Griffith and Miss Gordon's daughter, Vera Beresford.

Hack Was Awaiting His Turn.

The members of the acrobatic team of Page, Hack and Mack, the final act on the bill, were waiting for their turn as the burlesque neared the climax, which comes with the revolver shot. The weapon lay on a table. Near it stood Griffith, the "villain." He was holding Vera in his arms as Wilson cranked the movie camera. Suddenly Vera screamed and hurled Griffith aside.

Miss Gordon, taking her cue, rushed to her daughter's side.

"It's because of such men as you that young girls cannot become movie stars," she exclaimed.

"You make me laugh," said the villain, turning his back contemptuously.

"Here's something to laugh at," exclaimed Miss Gordon in her stage fury, taking up the weapon. Miss Gordon pulled the trigger, then dropped the revolver and rubbed her hands. This was all in the act.

Hack's partner rushed to the stage manager and told him of the shooting. He ordered the curtain lowered. Wilson, Griffith and Miss Gordon, still unaware of the accident, came into the wings where Hack sunk to the floor.

Wilson then stepped before the curtain and announced that the last act could not be given, as one of the members had been burned.

Wilson and Griffith were in their dressing room when the police arrived. Wilson was trembling. Perspiration

Continued on Page Eleven.

ALL ELWELL CLUES CENTRE ON A MAN; ARREST EXPECTED

Police Find Lead in Contradictory Statements and Say Solution of Mystery Is Near.

SEEK TO QUESTION WOMAN

Investigators Hope to Prove by Her Whether 'Unwritten Law' or Money Caused Shooting.

WIDOW REVEALS NEW FACTS

Advances Theory That Husband's Home Was Gambling Den in Which Death Quarrel Started.

For the first time in the fifteen days since the murder of Joseph Bowne Elwell in his home at 244 West Seventieth Street the police and members of the District Attorney's staff yesterday were hopeful that they were on the verge of the solution of the crime and the arrest of the murderer.

Assistant District Attorneys Joyce, Dooling and Unger and Lieutenant Detective George Busby began last night to run down fresh evidence involving a man who has been under suspicion for several days. The man was one of Elwell's associates, but the investigators refused to reveal whether they had reason to believe the murder was incited under the "unwritten law" or the outcome of a squabble over money. Because of the eagerness of the investigators to question a woman, it was surmised that their evidence against the suspect indicated a quarrel concerning a woman.

The man now under suspicion has been questioned. One of the causes of suspicion against him was his contradiction of statements as to immaterial facts made by other witnesses who seemed disinterested. Members of the District Attorney's staff became convinced that, for some reason, this witness was inclined to deny all statements, inconsequential or important, which linked him with Elwell during the last several months.

His Contradictions Puzzling.

The man admitted he had been on terms of friendship with Elwell at one time and that there had been money transactions between them, but asserted he had kept away from Elwell, as the latter's life continued to grow wilder and wilder.

At first the District Attorney's staff was merely puzzled by the man's contradictions of other witnesses whose stories connected him with Elwell only in an innocent way. Their only misgiving concerning the man was that produced by his own apparent lack of frankness. Yesterday, however, in comparing notes with the police, they discovered the police had some positive facts tending to relate the man to the Elwell murder.

Detectives under Captain Carey of the Homicide Squad had been watching the man closely for several days. Last night the question of arresting this man appeared to hang on the result of an interview of members of the staff of District Attorney Swann with a woman whom they had been trying to locate all afternoon. When he was asked about the probability of a sensational development, Mr. Dooling said:

"I don't think there is likely to be an arrest tonight."

It was learned, however, that an arrest in the next few hours was a possibility. Captain Carey refused to discuss the likelihood of an arrest, but said:

"I think we can get anybody that we want. No one has disappeared and every one that we think we may want in connection with the case is easy to reach."

Elwell Sought to See Suspect.

One of the circumstances connecting Elwell with the suspect is evidence obtained by the police and District Attorney's office that Elwell had been seeking anxiously to discuss some matter with him a short time before the murder. The investigators refused to say whether they had learned what Elwell wanted with the suspect. According to his questioners, the man insisted that he knew no reason why Elwell should want to see him and denied there was

Continued on Page Four.

New 3,000-Room Hotel to Be Built Here; Will Be the World's Most Luxurious

The erection of a 3,000-room hotel on the site of the Murray Hill and an addition of 2,000 rooms to the Commodore were announced yesterday by John McE. Bowman as projects designed to increase the capacity of the Pershing Square group of hotels controlled by Mr. Bowman and associates to 10,000 rooms. The successor to the Murray Hill will be the most luxurious in the world, according to Mr. Bowman, whose announcement also contained the information that the Hotel Manhattan will be closed June 30 and turned over to the National City Company, which recently purchased the lease of it and which will convert it into an office building, with stores on Madison Avenue and Forty-second Street.

Eugene D. Millier, Secretary-treasurer of the Pershing Square group of hotels, said Mr. Bowman, sold a ten-year lease on the Manhattan, with six and a half years yet to go, and the privilege of renewal for twenty years more. The property is owned by August Heckscher, who leased it to Mr. Bowman. Arrangements have been made for taking care of the Old Colony Club and the Transportation Club at the Hotel Biltmore.

James P. Silo will have charge of the unrestricted public auction of the furnishings of the Hotel Manhattan, commencing July 15.

The addition to the Commodore will be erected on the northeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Forty-third Street. The Commodore will then be a 4,000-room hotel, the largest in the world. The Manhattan and Murray Hill hotels represent approximately 1,000 rooms.

The contributing causes of Mr. Bowman's surrender of the Manhattan were prohibition and lack of volume of business. The Manhattan, built in a day when comfort and luxury were the paramount considerations of hotel life, and when the architects had not seen the great rush to New York of all kinds of people from all parts of the world, is little calculated to fill the needs of the present day, Mr. Bowman said.

The Manhattan was launched as one of the great institutions of New York. The ceilings were high and there was much room and plenty of ventilation. There were 600 rooms. Before the days of prohibition the Manhattan was one of the most popular hotels in the city.

The elimination of the Manhattan leaves Mr. Bowman four other hotels in Pershing Square—The Biltmore, Commodore, Belmont and Murray Hill.

When you think of writing Think of WRITING.—Advt.

FALL MALL ROUNDS, famous cigarettes, round in shape—plain ends.—Advt.

Harding Deaf to Babler Plea To Aid Him Hold Missouri Post

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 25.—Edmond Reilly of Kansas City, who was Western manager for Senator Harding in the pre-convention campaign, admitted today that the request of Jacob L. Babler for support in his attempt to retain his office as National Committeeman from Missouri had been refused.

Babler called Harding over the long distance telephone, but the Senator refused to speak with him. A representative, however, told Babler that he could expect no aid from Harding and that the Presidential nominee considered the matter an issue for Missouri to settle.

Babler then requested the Harding representative to issue a statement indorsing Babler's régime as Committeeman. This the Harding man refused to do.

Reilly said he was pleased with the action taken by the meeting of Republicans at Sedalia, and said that he was of the opinion Babler should resign. He refused to comment upon Cole.

HARDING LIMITS CAMPAIGN GIFTS

No Contribution Exceeding $1,000 Acceptable, Says Col. Thompson After Seeing Him.

COL. ROOSEVELT A VISITOR

Later Issues Statement Indorsing Harding—Coolidge in Capital Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Following a conference with Senator Harding today, Colonel William Boyce Thompson, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the National Republican Committee, said that contributions to the party campaign fund would be limited to $1,000. Colonel Thompson's statement read:

"Senator Harding has said to me that he wants the financial side of the campaign cast in harmony with the policy of his pre-convention campaign. The Senator spent the least of any of the candidates in the pre-convention period and takes especial pride in having it known that the major portion of his limited fund came through small contributions from neighbors and friends in his home town. He feels, and we all agree with him, that the necessary funds for the national campaign should be made up of small contributions.

"Our policy is to adhere strictly to the proposal of receiving contributions in limited amounts. No one can escape the realization of certain necessary expenditures in carrying on a great nation-wide campaign. The Republican Party means to carry on an intensive campaign in order to get back to Government under the Constitution, but it is not going to be a campaign that will commit the party to an obligation to the moneyed interests or any other single or selfish element in American life.

"Through my department there has been no contribution to the Republican national organization in excess of $1,000 and we mean to go on with that limitation. There is no reliance on financial interests to restore the Republican Party to power. We hold a strong conviction that the sentiment of the country will bring the party back as an agency of popular government."

Another visitor of importance to the nominee was Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, who later made this statement:

"I had a most satisfactory talk with Senator Harding. His ideas as to the policies of this country when he is elected President and as to the campaign for the Presidency are such as every young forward looking man will indorse in toto.

"In Senator Harding we will have in this campaign and after a man who will represent and unite the entire party. Under the leadership of the Senator we are going to put on our fighting clothes, meet the issue squarely and roll it up big."

Arrangements were made today for a conference here on Wednesday between Governor Coolidge and Senator Harding.

Senator Harding's attention was called today to a published statement by Hoover, saying that the Versailles Treaty should be ratified with the elimination of Article X. The Senator would not comment, but said that Mr. Hoover could speak for himself.

Among the letters received by the candidate today was the following from Senator Warren of Wyoming:

"Although it is quite unnecessary for me to tell you that Wyoming is for you (you know that already) let me add the assurance that Wyoming is enthusiastically for you, heart, head and soul, and our people are greatly pleased with the selection of Governor Coolidge for your running mate.

"We shall hope to again see you in Cheyenne before elected and afterward as well. I remember, as I am dictating this, that I have acted as reception or introductory committee for a number of Presidents here in Cheyenne, Wyo., commencing with General Grant, followed by Presidents Hayes, Ben Harrison, McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft, and also for various Vice Presidents. They all came to see us. We shall expect you."

Mrs. Mary E. Dean of Trimble, Athens

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FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water. Quick relief.—Advt.

M'ADOO BOOM IS GROWING RAPIDLY; MODERATE DRY STAND IS PROPOSED; REED WINS POINT IN FIGHT FOR SEAT

PLATFORM TAKING SHAPE

New Draft Condemns Reservation Democrats in the Senate.

WILSON APPROVAL SOUGHT

Dry Enforcement Without Espionage Favored, but No Stand for Volstead Law Change.

REFER IRELAND TO LEAGUE

Democrats at San Francisco Urged by Women to Add Cabinet Post on Education.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—As the delegations arrive here in greater numbers for the Democratic National Convention the impression prevails that President Wilson is accepted by the representatives of the party as the leader who will be looked to for guidance. Opposition to the President that was strong two days ago has disappeared to a great extent.

Senator Owen will not join with the Senators who fought to modify the League of Nations. The outlook today is that the Administration forces will be able to rout Bryan in his battle for the acceptance of treaty reservations and for a positive declaration for bone-dry prohibition.

President Wilson has advised that the Virginia platform declaration should be strengthened and elucidated, and two sections of 400 words have been written by those charged with preparing tentative drafts of the national platform. These sections condemn not only the Republican Senators, but also those Democratic Senators who joined with Republican reservationists in the treaty fight. These sections make the issue clear cut between the Republican and Democratic Parties on the League of Nations.

The platform will declare for ratification of the treaty without nullifying reservations that would destroy Article X. so as to make the League of Nations a mere association without power to enforce its decisions.

Virginia Declaration Reproduced.

As soon as President Wilson approves the new sections written by Senator Carter Glass, who will be Chairman of the Resolutions Committee, the completed tentative draft of the platform will be submitted to friends of the Administration. The treaty plank, it is said, follows the Virginia plank in spirit except that it will be clarified and strengthened.

The draft, without the two sections submitted to the President, reproduces part of the Virginia platform thus:

"The Democratic Party favors a league of nations as the surest if not the only practical means of maintaining the peace of the world and terminating the insufferable burden of great military and naval establishments. It was for this that America broke away from traditional isolation and spent her blood and treasure to crush a colossal scheme of conquest. We not only congratulate the President on the vision manifested and the vigor exhibited in the prosecution of the war but we felicitate him and his associates on the successful achievement at Paris involved in the adoption of the League and treaty so near akin to American ideals and so intimately related to the aspirations of civilized peoples everywhere.

"We commend the President for his courage and his high conception of good faith in steadfastly standing for the covenant agreed to by all the associated and allied nations in the war with Germany, and we condemn the Republican Senate for its refusal to ratify the treaty merely because it was the product of Democratic statesmanship, thus interposing partisan envy and personal hatred in the way of the peace and renewed prosperity of the world.

"By every accepted standard of international morality the President is justified in asserting that the honor of the country is involved in this business, and we point to the accusing fact that before it was determined to initiate political antagonism to the treaty the Republican Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee himself publicly proclaimed that any proposition for a separate peace with Germany such as he and his party associates recently forced through Congress, would make us guilty of the blackest crime."

At this point the plank severely condemns the action of the Republican Senate and comment further upon the position assumed by Senator Lodge in a magazine article, printed in December, 1918, in which he said that to negotiate a separate peace would bring everlasting dishonor upon the United States.

New Sections More Definite.

The new paragraphs will make the plank more conclusive and specific in its endorsement of the President's attitude than the Virginia platform. They are said to approve in a more vigorous way the course of the Democratic senators who followed the President throughout the treaty dispute, and to leave no loop hole for the senators who deserted the

Continued on Page Two.

Say Proposed 'Dry' Plank Will Oppose Saloon But Declare Enforcement Methods Vexatious

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—It became known late this afternoon that the Administration leaders, contrary to the general expectation, had completed the draft of a plank on prohibition to be presented to the convention.

The impression among those who have seen the plank is that it will not satisfy William J. Bryan and that a contest on the floor is inevitable. It is asserted that the Administration's supporters can beat the Bryanites on a vote, winning over a sufficient number of conservative "drys" to put through their conservatively phrased prohibition plank.

The plank declares that the American public is opposed to the saloon and does not want it back. It also states that prohibition laws should be enforced. But it sets forth that there have been vexatious and extraconstitutional methods employed in enforcing the prohibition laws.

The inference is plain that those who framed the plank are not committed to an extreme view in favor of prohibition. It is the impression that the anti-liquor men will regard the plank as in effect a declaration for beer and light wines, even though it is so phrased that it appears to be on the prohibition side. In short, it may be described, according to some, as a plank that reads "dry," but means "wet."

MURPHY COMMANDS 310 VOTES ON FLOOR

New York Leader Arranges Combination to Defeat McAdoo and Extreme Drys.

NO DECISION ON CANDIDATE

But It Is Predicted That if One Is Selected by This Combination He Will Be Nominated.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—The New York State delegation, with 90 votes, will enter the Democratic Convention on Monday with more potential influence than any other one State, and will be a factor in the outcome both regarding candidates and platform.

Recognition of this fact has made Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, a commanding figure among the national party leaders in San Francisco. Already Murphy has entered into an offensive and defensive alliance with half a dozen other States, whose votes aggregate nearly a third of the total number required to nominate, and these States have agreed to stand together on the propositions, first, for a liberal plank on prohibition in the platform, and, second, to defeat the nomination of William G. McAdoo. The question of uniting on a candidate has not been considered, but it is predicted that if one is selected he will be nominated.

These are the States which have formed the alliance: New York, 90 votes; New Jersey, 28; Ohio, 48; Illinois, 58; Indiana, 30; Michigan, 30, and Kentucky, 26. To this total of 310 votes only 54 additional are needed to deadlock the convention under the two-thirds rule. California is said to be about willing to enter the combination, while the easy acquisition of a number of scattering votes is expected from the start.

Managers Flock to Murphy.

Murphy's power is recognized by the various candidates. Their representatives have been flocking to him, proffering all manner of inducements, but Murphy has refused to commit himself to any candidate on the plea that the members of the delegation will be consulted, although it is fully understood that this is a mere subterfuge, as under the unit rule already adopted he has control of the delegation. Moreover, he is being backed by Governor Smith, Chairman of the delegation, on the proposition of forming a working agreement with the other "wet" States.

Murphy and Smith are in thorough accord. They took the view from the start that without New York it was impossible for the "wets" to get enough votes to block the program of the "drys." In making his alliances Murphy is holding the upper hand, and if the combination stands firm New York will have a lot to say regarding the selection of the candidate. In the group of wet States are four Presidential aspirants—Cox, Marshall, Edwards and Smith. The sentiment of the allied States regarding these men has not yet been sifted out.

There will be numerous conferences. After it has been definitely established that the McAdoo boom is killed and a liberal prohibition plank assured something may be done toward uniting on a candidate.

Illinois Chief Sees New Yorkers.

One of the first men to see Murphy today was George E. Brennan of Illinois, who is understood to have succeeded Roger Sullivan as Democratic leader of that State. With him were Richard Kinsella and Charles Boeschenstein, National Committeeman for Illinois. They assured Murphy that they were willing to co-operate with him in the anti-McAdoo fight and on the liberal enforcement of the liquor law and would use their influence in lining up delegates from other States.

Arthur F. Mullen of Nebraska, spokesman for Senator Hitchcock and anti-

Continued on Page Two.

COMMITTEE VOTES FOR FULL HEARING

Rejects Administration Motion to Try Reed Case Before Sub-Committee.

MURPHY TAKES ACTIVE PART

Leaders Disposed to Think Missouri Senator Less Harmful Inside Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Anti-Administration forces in the Democratic National Committee gave a beating to the Administration group, late this afternoon, in a preliminary skirmish which apparently foreshadows the seating of Senator James A. Reed as a Missouri delegate.

Reed was elected a delegate from his district, but was turned down by the Missouri State convention on the ground that he was not a good Democrat. He was again elected by his district and came here to make a fight for his place. The contest is among the few slated for settlement by the National Committee.

The preliminary skirmish came on a vote whether to have the various contests heard in the full committee or by sub-committees. By a vote of 26 to 20 it was decided that the hearings would be before the whole committee. The anti-Administration men put through the motion to that effect made by Judge Edwin H. Moore, of Ohio, the Cox manager. The motion for sub-committees, presented by J. Bruce Kelmer of Montana, an Administration leader, was lost.

Norman E. Mack of New York voted with the anti-Administration group. Charles F. Murphy, Tammany leader, though not a member of the committee, was present throughout the discussions and appeared to be directing the activities of the winning side. Miss Elisabeth Marbury of New York was with Mack. On the other side, backing the Administration view, Attorney General Palmer took a leading part.

To just what extent the seating of Reed—if that result is reached—would represent an anti-Administration victory is a question open to debate.

Leaders in Uncertain Mood.

The first inclination of the leaders, who apparently have sufficient strength to control the situation, was to keep Reed out, on the ground that he did not belong in the convention because of his intense bitterness to President Wilson, if for no other cause. But after discussion there was doubt in the minds of some as to the advisability of rejecting Reed by so-called "steam roller" methods in the committee.

It was felt it might give the Missouri Senator an opportunity to make an uproar, which would prove a most disturbing element just at the time when the Democrats were trying to avoid getting themselves into a position where anything they might do could be compared, with justice, to the methods employed by the Senate clique in bringing about the nomination of Senator Harding at the Republican convention.

Some leaders cautioned that Reed might make more trouble on the outside looking in than on the inside looking out if he was given the excuse to assert that he had been made a martyr to practical politics. It is said that Senator Reed, who has been on the field since yesterday afternoon, had stated that he would not overlook an opportunity to cause trouble if the Administration forces attempted to throw him bodily out of the convention and refuse him a voice in affairs. It is reported also that leaders of some of the Middle Western groups of States, which include Ohio and Illinois, have put forward the suggestion that it would be better to let Reed have his say along with Bryan and then deny their demands. This phase of the situation may play an important part in the attitude which is taken in the case of Reed.

For the first time, two delegates from the Panama Canal Zone will sit

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MORE M'ADOO RECRUITS

Strong Sentiment for Ex-Secretary Shown by Incoming Delegations.

NEW MOVE TO ORGANIZE

But Glass and Other Administration Men Keep Aloof from Open Support.

COX HAS GREAT STRENGTH

Prophets Say He May Get a Majority of Convention, but Not Two-thirds.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—William G. McAdoo, dark horse of the race for the Democratic nomination for President, is rapidly becoming, in pre-convention estimates of comparative strength, one of the leading candidates. His announcement of refusal to have his name presented to the National Convention seems to have affected his chances little. His supporters are showing signs of being more than ever intent on making him the nominee.

Arriving delegations were filled with McAdoo sentiment today when they reached San Francisco. The fact that McAdoo had sent a telegram to Mrs. Antoinette Funk, his recognized manager, reiterating his determination to keep out of the contest had no effect upon them. The fact appears to be that the McAdoo boom had progressed so far that announcement of his withdrawal could not stop its headway.

The fight of the convention would be with Governor Cox of Ohio if it were not for circumstances thought to impair his strength as a candidate before the people. The convention is made up largely of men and women whose primary desire is to select a winner. The view prevailed for a time after the nomination of Harding as the Republican candidate that the wisest course for Democrats was to name the Governor of Harding's State to oppose him. Since the convention crowds began to assemble, objections that Cox was stamped in the minds of many as a "wet" and that he once figured in the divorce courts have had their effect. Delegates are expressing doubt of the wisdom of nominating a man who might be attacked on these two points.

This is a "Dry" convention. Whatever those who favor Governor Edwards of New Jersey and other "liberal" aspirants for the nomination may say, all the evidence goes to show that the trend of sentiment among the delegates is toward a "Dry" declaration or, at the most, a compromise that will condemn the saloon and be only mildly "liberal" with reference to the liquor question.

In spite of this, many political leaders would like to have Cox nominated. The difficulty they see in attaining this is in overcoming the belief among the rank and file of delegates that men in many parts of the country and most of the women everywhere would hesitate to support a candidate who was regarded as "Wet" and had been a principal in divorce proceedings.

Cox has the support of leaders in several States having large representation, and it is conceded that his strength will grow during the earlier balloting until he may receive considerably more than a majority of the convention. But opinion is strong that Cox cannot get the necessary two-thirds.

Expressions of opinion among delegates and leaders indicate that there will probably be a deadlock which will eliminate Attorney General Palmer and probably Governor Cox. In these circumstances many see the possibility of a situation that will compel the leaders to get together and agree on some particular man whom they regard as of Presidential size. Out of such a situation a large number of delegates see McAdoo emerging as the choice of the leaders.

Old Timers Not for McAdoo.

Speaking broadly, the old time leaders of the party do not look with kindly eyes on the McAdoo boom. They contend that the nomination of the son-in-law of a man who has been President two terms will not appeal to a people strong in adherence to the tradition against a third term. They believe that McAdoo's relationship to President Wilson will hurt him in other ways, basing this partly on the feeling that the President has lost popularity in some parts of the country.

Deeper down they have a presentiment that McAdoo as President would follow the example of his father-in-law in becoming largely independent of his party and that the recognized leaders would have little influence at the White House in respect to policies and offices. Other considerations enter into the estimate which old timers have formed of Mr. McAdoo and they prefer not to have him named as the candidate.

But they are confronted today with the knowledge that the McAdoo sentiment among arriving delegates is assuming great strength.

On the surface friends of McAdoo, who refuse to take his announcement of withdrawal at its face value, are making

no organized effort to bring about his nomination. Senator Glass, who refused the personal request of McAdoo to withdraw his name from consideration, if it were presented to the convention, said today that he was too busy making a tentative draft of the platform to do any work for McAdoo. He said also that he had been asked to attend several conferences of McAdoo's friends but had declined.

The first open effort to start an organization in McAdoo's behalf was made late this afternoon when Stuart Gibboney of Philadelphia took over the headquarters originally reserved for the McAdoo management, headed by Daniel C. Roper, former Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Arriving delegates today were doing their own McAdoo booming without the incentive of a central organization. Take Alabama, for instance. A majority of its delegates declared today that they were for McAdoo and would use their position as the first State in the roll to give him a start on the balloting. Alabama, they said, would yield to Missouri when the nomination of candidates was in order so that the Rev. Dr. Burris A. Jenkins of Kansas City would have the opportunity of delivering his speech, putting McAdoo's name before the convention.

The Wisconsin delegation, which arrived today, let it be known that a majority of the delegates were for McAdoo. They also stated that a poll of the delegation showed that it had a "dry" majority, which was regarded as a remarkable thing for representatives of a State with great brewery interests and a large foreign population.

Kansas also is for McAdoo, delegates from that State said. The ex-Secretary has strength in Missouri and a majority of the Mississippi delegation. Maryland was for McAdoo before his announcement of withdrawal, and its spokesmen say that they believe that most of the delegates still are for him.

Virginia is expected to cast the bulk of its vote for McAdoo after a complimentary ballot for Senator Glass. Texas has a solid "bitter-end" McAdoo delegation.

It is apparent, however, that McAdoo has lost some of the strength that would have been his if he had not issued his announcement of withdrawal. A few of his friends have accepted the announcement as irrevocable and are inclined to vote for other candidates.

Raymond T. Baker of Nevada, Director of the Mint, is one of those who worked for McAdoo before his announcement. He said today that he was working for Palmer, and that other friends of the Administration who had been McAdooites were doing likewise.

Murphy Against ex-Secretary.

In opposition to the McAdoo boom looms the influence of Charles F. Murphy of New York. Murphy has declared himself for Governor Smith, who is to be presented as a candidate for the Presidency. Murphy has effected a combination of leaders in States, having large representation in the convention, and with some expected additions this combination will include a third of the delegates—a number sufficient to block the nomination of any candidate objectionable to the combination. New York, with Murphy as its dictator; Indiana, headed by Taggart; Illinois, under the leadership of Brennan and other lieutenants of Roger Sullivan are in the combination, and California is expected to join.

This Murphy combination is frankly against McAdoo, but there has been no agreement among its leaders to support any particular candidate. Cox sentiment appears to be strongest among the membership. At present the purpose of the combination, in addition to blocking the McAdoo boom, is to influence the platform declarations on several issues, especially prohibition, on which the leaders want a "liberal" plank.

For the first time Victor Murdock's name was coupled today with that of McAdoo. The Kansas delegates, with the approval of other groups favorable to McAdoo, decided to back Murdock for the Vice Presidential nomination, and appointed their National Committeeman, Samuel B. Amidon, to promote the McAdoo-Murdock boom.

William J. Bryan has heretofore been regarded as the one man capable of making trouble for the convention. On the wet and dry issue he will find himself crossing swords with his old antagonist, Murphy.

Attorney General Palmer has come with the Pennsylvania delegation, which is committed to his candidacy. The Palmer workers are active and showing confidence.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25 (Associated Press).—Those delegates who had originally suggested a contest against Senator Glass for the Platform Committee Chairmanship had apparently turned their efforts tonight toward the selection of Senator Walsh of Montana, as permanent Chairman of the convention.

It was said tonight that the Administration chiefs had reached no decision as to the permanent Chairmanship, and that in the end they might accept Senator Walsh without a contest.

BRYAN SAYS HE EXPECTS DRY PLANK IN PLATFORM

Declares That if Wets Had a Single Vote to Spare They Would Force the Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—"I expect to see a dry plank in the Democratic platform," said William J. Bryan on his arrival here tonight. "I have no thought that a wet plank can be put into it."

Mr. Bryan refused to comment on the report that there was a widespread sentiment in favor of ignoring prohibition entirely in the platform. He added that he cared to make no statement on the League of Nations covenant nor as to the candidacy of any individual.

"Platform first," he said. "If the wet forces in this convention had a single vote to spare," he remarked, "they would force in a wet plank even though it would dissolve the Democratic Party."

He said that he hoped the Tennessee Legislature would ratify the suffrage amendment to the Constituton before the conventon got under way."

His refusal to discuss his attitude on the League of Nations led to a belief in certain quarters that he had given up the idea of making a fight for a plank approving treaty reservations.

DOHENY ON RESOLUTIONS.

California Picks Oil Man—Alabama Names a "Dry."

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—The Alabama delegation today selected Borden Burr as its representative on the Committee of Resolutions. Burr is a prohibitionist. The election of W. T. Sanders as National Committeeman was confirmed.

E. L. Doheny of Los Angeles, oil operator, was selected as California's member on the Resolutions Committee. Gavin McNab, San Francisco attorney, was elected Chairman of the delegation. No mention was made of the prohibition question or other issues or of candidates.

LOWER ODDS ON CANDIDATES

Cox One to Two Favorite in Wall Street Betting Ring.

Actual money made its appearance in the Wall Street betting ring yesterday, resulting in a further shortening of odds against the chances of the various candidates for the Democratic Presidential nomination.

Cox continued to rule the favorite, a wager of $1,000 to $500 being made that he would carry off the honors. There was also a bet of $100 to $200 that Davis would be the nominee, although the prevailing odds were 2½ to 1 against Davis. Several freak bets made their appearance, one of which was $300 against $1,000 that the Democratic nominees for President and Vice President would be Cox and Smith.

The first actual election bet was also recorded, this making Harding a 2 to 1 favorite in the Presidential race. The wager was $4,000 to $2,000 that he would be elected. An offer of $800 to $2,000 that the Democratic nominee would be elected over Harding found no takers. One bet of $1,200 to $1,500 was made that the Democrats would adopt a wet platform.

The shortening of odds throughout the list yesterday brought William Jennings Bryan, the outsider in the race, according to the odds, back to his old platform basis of 16 to 1. This betting figure appeared to give a chill, as it was too reminiscent of former misfortunes to invite any wagers.

M'ADOO MEN FIRM IN THEIR SUPPORT

Prohibition Leading Topic at Headquarters of the Candidates.

TWO BOOMS ON SAME LINES

Similarity of Gerard and Meredith Campaigns Causes Rumors of United Ticket Teamwork.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—No campaign headquarters are being maintained here for ex-Secretary William Gibbs McAdoo. There is no visible plant or machinery with which to boom President Wilson's son-in-law for the Presidential nomination. As far as Mr. McAdoo himself is concerned, there is no McAdoo boom. He has taken himself out of the running, if recent statements from him are to be taken at their face value, and yet, as delegations begin to come in, there appears to be more sentiment for Mr. McAdoo than for other candidates.

Delegates from Kansas say Mr. McAdoo is their choice for the nomination. The Texas delegation, it appears, will be solid for him. The same appears to be true with regard to the delegation from Maryland. Despite his urgent plea that his name be not presented, Mr. McAdoo seems to be a favorite with a goodly number of women who arrived today, and so on.

Only a small number of complete delegations are here yet, and practically none has caucused, so it would be impossible to tell in detailed fashion the extent of McAdoo sentiment on the eve of the convention.

Promoters of other booms, it is evident this afternoon, are beginning to take notice of this situation pointing to a tide of sentiment setting in the direction of a candidate who says he does not want the honor which his friends would thrust on him.

That McAdoo's name will go before the convention is certain. All spokesmen for rival candidates, some apprehensive, are waiting to see what will happen when it does. There is no outward evidence to indicate that any pressure is being brought to bear from Washington to aid Mr. McAdoo, but those who have been preparing for many months to check the McAdoo boom are well aware that the influence of Federal officeholders in the convention next week will be more potent than that of any other single group.

Prohibition Leading Issue.

At this stage of the pre-convention activities candidates for the Presidential nomination are still being catalogued according to their views on what appears to be the all-absorbing issue just now—prohibition enforcement. Thus there are dry candidates for the Presidential nomination and wet candidates. The views which candidates hand out on other questions do not seem to matter just now.

Spokesmen for wet candidates have been less vociferous today than heretofore, although campaign managers are working more assiduously than ever to corral votes now that delegates are beginning to come. The various campaign headquarters were practically deserted all day, as most of the workers were away, engaged in missionary efforts. It may be that the arrival of William J. Bryan has been responsible for the gloom prevailing in the headquarters of the various "wet hopes" of the Democratic Convention.

Two headquarters, housing Presidential booms that are pervaded by an air of serenity in strange contrast with the turmoil and bustle attendant upon the influence of delegates and the gathering of the convention crowd, are those of James W. Gerard, formerly Ambassador to Germany, and Edwin T. Meredith, Secretary of Agriculture. Both have been established at the Hotel St. Francis and in adjoining rooms.

Both booms are being nourished by the same idea that the inevitable process of elimination will lead to the weeding out of all other principals in the race for the Presidential nomination, leaving them in the field. Both booms are being managed by men from Iowa. There is another similarity. The spokesmen for Mr. Gerard and Secretary Meredith both intimate that neither would balk at accepting second place on the ticket.

In some quarters this proximity of fighting bases and identity of policy and purpose has led to a conclusion that the two principals may be hooked up together for teamwork in favor of a Meredith-Gerard ticket with either candidate whom circumstances would favor in the first place.

Speaks for Gerard.

"We have only the ten delegates from South Dakota, and are not attempting to get any more, nor are we making any claims at this time, except to point out that the man for the nomination is Mr. Gerard," said I. T. Jones of Des Moines, Iowa, manager of the Gerard boom. "When Attorney General Palmer, Governor Cox and Governor Edwards, who are being seriously considered at this time, have had it demonstrated to them that they can never get the two-thirds majority necessary to nominate, Mr. Gerard will still be in the race, and then, in our opinion, the delegates will turn to him."

"Will Mr. Gerard have the support of Bryan?" Mr. Jones was asked.

"He ought to," was the reply. "His views on the League of Nations covenant are in line with the views expressed by Mr. Bryan in favor of the immediate restoration of peace by ratification of the treaty and the League covenant, with reservations that safeguard but do not impair its effectiveness."

On the liquor question, Mr. Gerard has not since his arrival expressed himself in any fashion that might repel either wets or drys.

Mr. Jones was asked whether there was any significance in the proximity of the Gerard headquarters to those of the Meredith boom, and replied that it was a mere coincidence. He expressed warm admiration for the principal of the neighboring boom and asserted that in the event of Mr. Meredith's nomination for President he could carry Iowa, a Republican State, for the Democratic ticket because of dissatisfaction among Republicans there with the nomination of Senator Harding.

"Would Mr. Gerard be willing to accept second place on the ticket?" Mr. Jones was asked.

"In that respect I cannot speak for Mr. Gerard, but he would be small of soul indeed who, after entertaining Presidential aspirations, would turn his back on the nomination for Vice President."

Meredith's Spokesman Heard.

In the next room, much the same view was expressed by L. S. Hill, Second Vice President of the Meredith-for-President Committee and manager of the Meredith boom.

"We are serious when we say that we expect Mr. Meredith to be the nominee," said Mr. Hill, "although at the present time the delegates from Iowa are the only ones pledged to support him for the nomination. His chance will come after the process of elimination has been completed."

Mr. Hill pointed out that Mr. Meredith, besides carrying his own State for the Democratic ticket, would strongly appeal to farmers throughout the country. He is the publisher of a farming publication with a million circulation. He is a farmer, he is in favor with labor, too, according to Mr. Hill, who pointed out that the Secretary was a member of the labor commission sent abroad by President Wilson, and subsequently of the industrial conferences held in Washington to formulate policies to promote industrial peace, while as a member of the Federal Reserve Board he came in close touch with business men and financiers.

"We have assurance that Mr. Bryan would favor the nomination of Secretary Meredith," said Mr. Hill. "Mr. Meredith is dry enough to suit even Bryan, although not a fanatic on the question. President Wilson has made him a member of his Cabinet, and it is not consistently objectionable to his nomination."

Would Mr. Meredith be willing to accept second place on the ticket?" was asked.

"I do not know of a delegate that would not like to have him run for Vice President," said Mr. Hill, "but Secretary Meredith is not enthusiastic about that proposition. He is a candidate for the nomination for President."

Edwards Has a Wet Plank.

At the headquarters of Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey it was said tonight that the Governor would have a plank to propose for the platform that would embody his own view on prohibition.

"It will be a wet plank, not merely moist," said one of his campaign managers. "It is being formulated now and will be made public when completed. Governor Edwards is a two-fisted fighter, who, unlike some other candidates seeking a wet following, is not given to pussyfooting. He believes that the only chance the Democrats have for victory is by a successful appeal to the liberal element throughout the country. The plank will be absolutely consistent with the views he has expressed on the subject."

National Committeeman Robert S. Hudspeth of New Jersey and ex-Representative Joseph F. O'Connell joined the Edwards forces here today. Mr. Hudspeth said Mr. Edwards would have strong support from Southern States and from some sections in the West which hitherto had been regarded as dry.

A new boom appeared here today. Campaign headquarters was opened at the Palace Hotel for Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon of New York. It was stated by his campaign manager, James J. Doyle, that Alabama would sponsor his nomination. The boom was launched by a committee of 1,000 women at a breakfast given in the Hotel Astor in New York on June 5.

"It's the real thing and we expect to go through with it," said Mr. Doyle.

Commissioner Nixon arrived here with Tammany leader Murphy's party on Wednesday night and expects to take a hand personally in the running of his pre-convention campaign.

Palmer Claims Most Strength.

Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer, the first of the Presidential aspirants to espouse the Administration's policies on the League of Nations, arrived today, accompanied by Vance McCormick, former Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, and Roland S. Morris, Ambassador to Japan. He said the country accepted Mr. McAdoo's statement at its face value and that he and his supporters had already received promises of support from admirers of the President's son-in-law.

Despite the fact that he was compelled by virtue of his office as Attorney General to take a position that offended radical labor and some large corporations, Mr. Palmer is said to be encouraged by promises of support from States where labor is strong. He will start with the largest number of votes on the first ballot, it is predicted, but his managers do not intend that his full strength shall be polled in the early balloting so as to make it easy to effect his elimination if the expected deadlock comes and a compromise move is made for McAdoo.

Mr. Palmer is said to be counting on the tacit support of President Wilson and several other powerful influences to overcome the objections raised against him by organized labor. He said today that he would enter the race as the strongest contender and expected to remain so until the end.

Vance McCormick, who is regarded as being as close to the President as any other man on the ground, immediately began a series of conferences with party leaders in behalf of the Pennsylvanian.

Palmer, who had been looked upon as a weak candidate during the early days, appeared to have gained strength among the delegates after his arrival. Some of those who saw him went away convinced that he represented the things that would make the party strong, and that he would stand for the President's policies, and break down the objection against McAdoo, of perpetuation of the Wilson family in executive office. The friends of Palmer regard McAdoo as their real rival, and their pre-convention efforts will be confined to preventing their second choice delegates supporting McAdoo if there is a deadlock stampede.

Comments on Release of Communists.

Mr. Palmer issued a statement today commenting on the release of fourteen communist prisoners by the decision of Judge Anderson in Boston. He said this was the only jarring note in the prosecution of the radicals.

Mr. Palmer said he intended to offer a plank dealing with profiteers and that the adoption of such a plank would be his chief fight in the Resolutions Committee, although the Pennsylvania member of that committee, he said, would support the Administration in its fight on the League of Nations as opposed to Mr. Bryan.

In a formal statement discussing Judge Anderson's decision and his own candidacy, Mr. Palmer said:

"I do not like to criticise a Federal Judge on the bench, or a decision from his court. I have examined the propaganda and program of the Communist Party and I cannot agree with the view taken by Federal Judge Anderson. The Secretary of Labor has held the Communist Party to be illegal. The Department of Justice has found likewise, and its members have been convicted in the courts of many States upon State anti-anarchist statutes. The opinion of Judge Anderson appears to be the only jarring note.

"Pennsylvania has arrived and already feels very much at home. The Progressive idea, which came out of the great West a decade or more ago, found its first lodgment in the East in the Pennsylvania Democracy. For eight years now the Democratic Party in our State has adhered with constant fidelity to those Progressive principles which were alike the creed and glory of the western Democracy. We have brought a delegation to San Francisco which will stand firm against any reactionary movement in the party and which will not be carried off its feet by an appeal of a single class for special recognition.

"In coming to the convention myself I am only following the practice of a lifetime. Ever since I have been a voter I have been a member of the precinct, ward, county, State or national committee, and I expect to be a working, organization Democrat as long as I am able to work. I so firmly believe that the continued success of the Democratic Party is necessary to the welfare of the country that I look upon participation in the active work of the party as a paramount patriotic duty.

"I am attending the convention not so much for the purpose of advancing my own candidacy for the nomination as to take part in the councils of the party in considering the wise and proper course which the Democratic Party should pursue this year. A Presidential campaign is an education in patriotism; it is our national quadrennial stock-taking. At this time, the country re-examines its beliefs, its hopes, its purposes. I have such deep seated convictions with respect to the ideal of Americanism for which I want the Democratic Party to stand that I feel I should not be doing my duty if I did not seek to impress these views upon the delegates assembled at the convention.

Must Maintain Our Ideals.

"Who shall be nominated is a relative unimportant matter. It is, however, all-important that ideals of historic Americanism, of constitutional democracy and of impartial enforcement of law be upheld to the uttermost. America must be kept truly democratic in spirit and in government and free from the usurpation of radicalism, reaction and other class influence. I am hopeful that our party, in striking contrast to the Republican Party's action at Chicago, will declare for the maintenance of America's courageous leadership in the world which she filled during the war, and which she must fill through all the peace times of the future if our American ideals and purposes shall be truly achieved.

"I propose to do what I can to see that our party platform shall make no surrender to any interest, or class, or clique, or group, but shall express the common convictions of the great masses of everyday Americans.

"The party must present the issue clear-cut and sharply drawn. It must be willing to alienate from its support every voter who wants to put his special interest ahead of the laws of the land and of the welfare of America. I shall do what I can to impress upon our party its duty to write such a platform as will cause it to be accepted as the instrument through which we may continue to have a Government in the interest of all the people, a platform which will be neither conservative nor radical, but which will take the broad, liberal middle ground, which is the very basis of our institutions and form of government, the ground where all may meet and seek the greatest good for the greatest number."

Cornwell Speaks for Davis.

Governor John J. Cornwell of West Virginia, who will place before the convention the name of Ambassador John W. Davis for the Presidential nomination, reached here today, confident that his candidate is growing in favor, Governor Cornwell issued this statement:

"Davis would be an ideal candidate for many reasons. He is one of the most forceful speakers and debaters in America. His great ability is universally admitted. His character could not and would not be questioned. There are no antagonisms. No objections could be urged except that he is a Democrat. The public is in no mood to vote for or elect any man merely because he is the candidate of any certain political party. This is not a politician's period. A man to win this election must face the rising and not the setting sun. He must not only stand for the right, but be able to make the people understand him. Davis could do that."

PLATFORM TAKING SHAPE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

administration. The President's friends who have written these sections of the treaty plank say he is determined that the party must accept his view and make the League of Nations the outstanding issue.

As soon as the President places his approval on the language of these new sections of the treaty plank, they will be embodied in the rewritten Virginia plank, which will be made a part of the national platform and will conclude as follows:

"We indorse the President's views of our international obligations and commend the Democrats in Congress for voting against reservations designed to cut to pieces the vital provisions of the Versailles treaty and against resolutions for separate peace which would disgrace the nation. We advocate prompt ratification of the treaty without reservations which would impair its essential integrity. Only by doing this may we retrieve the reputation of this nation among the powers of Europe and recover the moral leadership which Wilson won and which with amazing indifference paltering Republican politicians at Washington sacrificed."

Moderate Dry Plank Favored.

The tentative plank dealing with the prohibition issue, as prepared for the consideration of the Resolutions Committee, is regarded as a bridge between the liberal and conservative dry views. It becomes more probable every day that the convention will not accept a direct declaration favorable to the liberalization of the Volstead act, but that it is disposed to go on record as taking a more definite position upon this problem than the Republicans. Leaders close to the President do not want to lay themselves open to the criticism which beset the Republicans at Chicago of "dodging" the prohibition issue or "losing" a platform plank bearing on the subject.

With this in mind, Administration leaders have prepared a plank which they believe will be acceptable to friends of Bryan, if not to Bryan himself, and at the same time will satisfy the delegates who are clamoring for a "liberal" expression on the liquor question. This plank, which is brief, condemns at the outset the open saloon and says that the American people accepted prohibition because of the evils growing out of the saloon and would not want them restored. By some of those who have seen the plank the inference is made that the party leaders regard public sentiment as growing in favor of the sale of beer and light wines at corner grocery stores, for which system the advocacy of Cardinal Gibbons is claimed.

The plank as drafted recognizes the validity of the Eighteenth Amendment as upheld by the Supreme Court, promises to enforce it with adequate appropriations, and refers to the enactment of laws which could not be construed as "vexatious invasion upon the privacy of citizens." Those who have written this plank believe that the law has been enforced in some cases without consideration of the usual methods and that prohibition agents have gone beyond their rights and the spirit of the law in breaking open coffins and invading homes. The Democratic leaders are opposed to the employment of espionage and detective methods, which have been responsible, in their opinion, for the wave of clamor for liberalization of the law.

In the Resolutions Committee the friends of the Administration will probably be strong enough to have this view written into the plank along with the redrafted treaty plank and presented to the President for his approval.

William J. Bryan, who arrived tonight, and will be a member of the Resolutions Committee from Nebraska, will oppose both proposed planks, demanding a strict declaration in favor of prohibition and ratification of the League of Nations treaty reservations acceptable to the majority in the Senate. The Administration forces, it is believed, will be able to defeat Mr. Bryan in both of his efforts, even if he carries them to the floor.

Refer Ireland to League of Nations.

Accepting President Wilson's views as to the treatment of nations seeking independence, the Democratic platform will go further than that of the Republicans in dealing with the Irish question. Leaders here say that they will not accept the views of Frank P. Walsh, representing de Valera, and adopt a plank which approves recognition of the Irish Republic. On the other hand, they are not disposed to write a meaningless plank on Ireland.

The plank on this subject already prepared for the consideration of the Resolutions Committee declares that the League of Nations covenant makes full provision for the situation existing in Ireland. It expresses sympathy with the Irish people. In the consideration of the plank on this problem, the platform makers were guided by these words of President Wilson, uttered at Indianapolis Sept. 4, 1919:

"Under the covenant of the League of Nations we can mind other people's business and anything that affects the peace of the world, whether we are parties to it or not, can by our delegates be brought to the attention of mankind. We can force nations on the other side of the globe to bring to the bar of mankind any wrong that is afoot in that part of the world, which is likely to affect good understandings between nations, and we can oblige them to show cause why it should not be remedied. There is not an oppressed people in the world which cannot henceforth get a hearing on that forum."

Averting Clash of Irish Factions.

Announcement today by Daniel T. O'Connell of the Friends of Irish Freedom that that organization would not present an Irish plank to the Resolutions Committee promised to avert an internal conflict among Irish sympathizers here such as took place at the Chicago convention. At that gathering the American Committee on Irish Independence, headed by Frank P. Walsh, offered a plank demanding recognition of the Irish "Republic," which was approved by Eamonn de Valera. This was rejected and the platform sub-committee accepted instead one presented by Justice Daniel F. Cohalan of the Friends of Irish Freedom, which merely expressed sympathy with the Irish cause.

This plank was beaten in the meeting of the full Committee on Resolutions and the Republican platform said nothing about Ireland, but bitter feeling was aroused by the divergent aims of the two factions.

Mr. O'Connell's announced reason for refusing to offer a plank was the continued adherance of De Valera to the Walsh formula. The plank demanding "recognition without intervention" will be given to the Resolutions Committee by Mr. Walsh, with the support of the representatives of the Irish "Republic" in this country; but there is no indication that it will have much better luck here than it had in Chicago.

Women who are co-operating with the platform framers decided tonight that they would insist upon a plank giving women equal citizenship rights with men and asking for the repeal of the law of 1907, which requires a woman to assume the citizenship of her husband. They also want a plank embracing a recommendation for the creation of a Department of Education headed by a Secretary who will be a member of the Cabinet.

Women Urge Industrial Planks.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25 (Associated Press.)—The women members of the Executive Committee of the Democratic National Committee today decided to recommend that no reference be made to the Prohibition question in the platform to be adopted by the convention.

It was also agreed to recommend that President Wilson's stand on the peace treaty and the League of Nations be approved.

The following planks submitted by the Labor Committee of the Women's Bureau of the Democratic National Committee, Mrs. Robert Bruce Briers, of New York, chairman, were adopted:

"We affirm the right of collective bargaining between employers and employes through representatives of their own choosing. We approve also the National Industrial Councils established by employers and employes within the various industries, the findings of which shall have the effect of ordinary collective agreements but not of judicial decisions subject to compulsory enforcement.

"We insist on the abolition of the labor of children under 14 years, and that children between 14 and 18 shall be permitted to work only after passing examinations by local school and health authorities, assuring proper standards of health and education.

"We affirm our belief in the principles of the Democratic platform of 1916, and again urge the general adoption of the eight-hour day.

Want Minimum Wage Basis.

"We believe that wages should be put on the basis of service, not of sex, and that minimum wages should be fixed which will insure to all wage earners a proper standard of health, comfort and efficiency.

"We urge that the Federal Trade Commission be given greater powers over the basic food industries of life.

"We advocate the development of a national system of employment offices under control of Federal and State boards to meet the problems of seasonal requirements of agriculture. We urge the organization of a voluntary labor corps for harvesting, with transportation subsidies.

"We advocate the extension and development of the Bureau of Women in Industry established by the Democratic Party in the Department of Labor. We also urge the appointment of women on all Government boards and tribunals dealing with industry and labor.

"We recommend the protection of womanhood and infancy according to the best modern experience."

A resolution urging the establishment of a Department of Education, with a Cabinet officer at its head, was also adopted.

DELEGATES POUR INTO SAN FRANCISCO

Early Comers Seek News of Booms Instead of Imparting Information.

EAGER TO SIGHTSEE FIRST

Reed, Palmer, Hearst and Murphy Are Objects of Curious Interest in Hotel Lobbies.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—The delegates from many parts of the country are arriving in town today. They are searching for, rather than bringing, news about what is going to happen when it comes to nominating some one for the Presidency. Invariably the first question the delegate asks is: "What's the truth about McAdoo? Is he a candidate, or isn't he?" Most of them appear to be convinced that he is. Few, if any, of them are ready to count him out.

The New York and Pennsylvania delegations were among the big ones to arrive early in the day, and most of the Illinois crowd is here. Illinois men are still tooting the horn for Attorney General Palmer, but they are not in a bragging mood about what is going to happen. The same statement applies to Pennsylvania.

Brought a Prohibition Mascot.

With the Illinois delegation was Major A. V. Dalrymple, Federal Prohibition Enforcement Commissioner for the Chicago district, who became famous some months ago in connection with the "rum rebellion" in the northern peninsula of Michigan. Various reasons were given for the presence of Major Dalrymple, who comes as a visitor and not as a delegate. Some said that he had been taken to the coast so that the Chicago mice could play while he was away; others that he was merely on a vacation, and still others that his very presence on the Illinois train was a guarantee of the arid purity of its contents.

But right at the outset of the trip the Major had the misfortune to lose his glasses, and, as he is said to be nearsighted, there was much sympathy for his predicament, and various delegates who wear glasses themselves, but for less urgent reasons than those actuating a Prohibition Enforcement Commissioner, offered him their spectacles, in the hope that one might suit them of use. But none of them would fit, and the missing glasses were not discovered until the train was within sight of San Francisco Bay.

The spirit of play is in the air here today, and most of the incoming delegations are insisting on at least twelve hours of fun before they get down to hard work. The Illinois cohorts started the ball rolling last night. Members of the advance guard obtained a donkey at Golden Gate Park and led it to the ferry house to bray at the late arrivals. It was christened Bourke Cockran for the occasion, and, as Mr. Cockran got a laugh out of this feature of the merrymaking, the pleasure was unanimous. The donkey led the street parade back to the Cliff House.

The lobbies of the Palace and St. Francis hotels, where most of the leaders are housed, began to brighten up with the arrival of delegates. Most of the delegations are scattered about the city at the smaller hotels, but the programs seemed to be: Bathe and get into the thick of things. Tonight the crowds in the hotel lobbies are of real convention proportions.

Intense Interest in Senator Reed.

There is another topic, in addition to McAdoo's status, which arouses the curiosity of the delegates. It is the possibility that Senator Reed of Missouri will mix things up in the convention. Reed seems to be about as well advertised as the President or Mr. Bryan and Mr. McAdoo. Hundreds of the delegates never saw him, and just as many hundreds want to.

Let Reed stalk through the lobby of the Palace, and the whispers begin. "There he goes; that's him—the man with the Panama and the striped hatband; cynical looking cuss, ain't he? He's some fighter, though. Not so sure it will be the best bet to try to keep him out."

Senator Reed may or may not enjoy it, but it is a fact that he frequently walks through the lobby, his head down, his brow wrinkled and giving every appearance of being occupied by stern thoughts.

After Reed comes Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall. It is a great treat to the delegates, especially the Westerners and Middle Westerners, to give Murphy the "once over." The verdict seems to be that he follows the lines, very faithfully, of the cartoons which the Hearst newspapers have printed. Murphy has been an object of sympathy as well as curiosity. That is because he was met on his arrival here with the news of his indictment.

William Randolph Hearst is among those the Western delegates ask to have pointed out. The comment generally is: "Well, that's Hearst, hey? Big fellow, ain't he?" Mr. Hearst dines frequently in the main dining room of the Palace and seems not to mind attracting a bit of attention.

When Attorney General Palmer got into town today there were many of the delegates, including women, who wanted to see him. His pictures have been attracting attention. That Mr. Palmer is extremely good looking, with a pugnacious thrust to his jaw, is a bit of news which has been circulated freely here. According to the gossip, he came up to expectations.

The big jam of delegates will not be staged until tomorrow. Probably not more than half are on the scene tonight. But there are enough here to liven things up and make the natives of San Francisco realize that they are rapidly approaching convention eve.

Western Delegates Prominent.

For the most part, the delegates came in quietly, without brass bands and similar noisy appurtenances. A number of Western delegations today joined the minority already in town. Whether they came on special cars and trains or drifted in by twos and threes, they were readily recognizable by their broad-brimmed hats and sturdy footwear, although now and then one mistook a cattle man, with only the remotest interest in politics, or a mining man with leas, for a Democratic wheelhorse from one of the newer States just because he looked interesting and picturesque.

Few of the delegates wore badges or carried banners or otherwise displayed emblems. Most easily recognizable of all was the Kansas crowd. Like their political opponents at Chicago, the Kansans wore big sunflowers on their coats, the Democratic sunflowers, however, being embroidered with big "Ks" to make identification doubly sure. The Kansas men were as hospitable, but as taciturn lot, having agreed that they would not discuss their participation in next week's proceedings until they had come to some agreement among themselves.

Soon after the Kansas men came the advance guard of the Oklahomans, who deposited their baggage in a small hotel and went at once to the St. Francis headquarters of Senator Owen of their State, whose Presidential boom is domiciled in that hostelry.

Montana thus far is represented by only a single woman delegate, but the rest are expected to come over, when a majority of the delegations either will be here in force or will have advance representatives on the ground. Virtually all the Nevada men are registered at their hotel, but they decided on a sight-seeing trip as soon as they had washed away the travel stains, postponing political discussion until they had viewed the Golden Gate.

There has been some speculation about the Philippine Islands delegation. It has reservations at one of the hotels, but thus far no official notice of its arrival has been received. One or two of its delegates came early and departed for the East without leaving any word as to the time of their return. A report that others had left on a transport from Manila was denied; but those candidates who are expecting a slice of the territorial vote are confident the Islanders will appear in time.

Iowa Delegates Robbed on Train.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 25.—Several Iowa Democrats on the special train on the way to the National Convention at San Francisco telegraphed home today for money. According to reports here, thieves entered one of the cars in the train some place between Grand Junction, Col., and Green River, Wyo., and got away with about $1,000. H. F. Shoemaker of Council Bluffs, a United States Marshal; Sheriff W. A. Hogan of Anamosa, and Jack Brophy, Chief of the Des Moines detective force, were among those in the robbed car.

MURPHY COMMANDS 310 VOTES ON FLOOR

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Bryanite, was also closeted with Murphy for a time. He submitted suggestions looking to the defeat of Bryan in the convention. Judge Edward H. Moore of Ohio, manager of the Cox boom, Wilbur F. Marsh, Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, were early callers.

Among Murphy's advisers, besides Governor Smith, are Norman E. Mack, National Committeeman for New York; W. Bourke Cockran and ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien. At a conference of the New York leaders the question of selecting a New Yorker to present Governor Smith's name to the convention for the Presidential nomination was discussed. While it had been tentatively decided to have either John J. Fitzgerald or Francis Cullen perform this function, the opinion prevailed today that it could best be done by Mr. Cockran. Unless there is another change, Mr. Cockran will make the speech.

Governor Smith got away from the pre-convention turmoil today by taking a motor trip to the home of Senator James D. Phelan. In the party were Mrs. Smith, Miss Emily Smith, Mrs. Charles F. Murphy, Mrs. James A. Foley and Mrs. Edward S. Lutner.

When the Governor was asked if he had yet decided to take the leadership of the "wet" forces on the floor of the convention, he said that the matter was still in abeyance. Great pressure is being brought to bear upon him to assume this task. One hears the argument that no one else could so effectively answer Bryan.

TAMMANY MAY CAUCUS TODAY.

Delegation Reaches Golden Gate—May Delay Return.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—The Tammany delegation, 130 strong, headed by Representative Thomas F. Smith, arrived in San Francisco tonight. The contingent was met at the station by a delegation of San Francisco Democrats with a band, which played the time-honored tune of "Tammany" an innumerable number of times, greatly to the satisfaction of the crowd which had gathered in the expectation of seeing something unusual in the delegation from the Fourteenth Street Wigwam.

Mr. Smith immediately arranged for a conference to be held late in the evening with Charles F. Murphy and Governor Smith of New York. He also opened negotiations to delay the departure of the Tammany special train until after the nomination of a candidate for President. As originally planned, the Tammany train was to leave Wednesday night, allowing only for a three-day convention.

Mr. Smith talked with Mr. Murphy over the telephone from Los Angeles last night and it was surmised that the prospect of a fight against the unit rule had led him to try to change the train schedule. The Tammany delegates have been in the habit of leaving before the adjournment of the convention in the past. If Mayor George R. Lunn of Schenectady should succeed in his proposed attempt to have the convention abrogate the unit rule, it would require each delegate to stay to the end. Although the leaders do not think abrogation of the rule probable, they do not wish to take the chance of having any number of their delegates absent.

William W. Farley, Democratic State Chairman, was among the New Yorkers who met the Tammany delegation on the arrival of the train.

Mr. Smith stated that a caucus of the New York delegation would be held tomorrow or Sunday.

COMMITTEE VOTES FOR FULL HEARING

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

in the Democratic National Convention.. The committee voted them in on motion of Senator Jones of New Mexico.

Women Members Provided For.

The qestion of providing for women members of the committee in the future resulted in a decision that one man and one woman hereafter should be selected from each State, the men to be chosen according to the laws of the respective States or territories, and the women to be elected this year by the delegates to the present convention and thereafter in the same manner as the men.

The National Committee began business of hearing contests at once. The first one was an Oregon dispute. The committee decided unanimously to seat R. R. Hunter in the place of a delegate at large who had died, although the vacancy was claimed by Jon L. Schuyleman, who had run only a few hundred votes behind Baldwin in the primary.

After the committee had voted to send a telegram to the Governor of Tennessee, urging him to do all he could for the ratification of suffrage by the State Legislature, an adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning, when the Georgia contests will be heard. After that will come the Reed hearing.

Urges Tennessee to Enfranchise Women.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25 (Associated Press.)—Following is the telegram sent today by the National Committee to the Governor of Tennessee, urging action on the suffrage amendment:

"Governor Albert H. Roberts,

"State Capitol, Nashville, Tenn.

"The Democratic National Committee, at its meeting held today by unanimous vote, directed me, as Chairman of the committee, to send you the following message:

"'We most earnestly emphasize the extreme importance and urgency of an immediate meeting of your State Legislature for the purpose of ratifying the proposed nineteenth amendment to the Federal Constitution. The eyes of millions of women throughout the country are turned toward Tennessee as the one State that can and will enfranchise them prior to the November election by becoming the thirty-sixth State to ratify the suffrage amendment.

"'We trust that for the present all other legislative matters may, if necessary, be held in abeyance, and that you will call an extra session of the Legislature of your State for such brief duration as may be required to act favorably on the amendment. Tennessee occupies a position of peculiar and pivotal importance, and one that enables her to render a service of incalculable value to the women of America. We confidently expect therefore, under your leadership and through the action of the Legislature of your State, the women of the nation may be given the privilege of voting in the coming Presidential election.

HOMER S. CUMMINGS,

"'Chairman National Committee.'"

The committee approved the Executive Committee's report of temporary officers of the convention, which recommended that Homer S. Cummings be the Temporary Chairman of the convention.

A pleasant incident at the meeting was the presentation of a gold badge to John I. Martin of Missouri, temporary Serg

LONDONDERRY QUIET, VIOLENCE IN SOUTH

Troops Deal with Few Remaining Snipers—Two More Deaths Reported.

THREE RAILWAY HOLDUPS

Series of Outrages in Cork Are Apparently Directed Against Sinn Fein Leaders.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDONDERRY, June 25.—Although there were spasmodic bursts of firing during the night the improvement in conditions in the city has been maintained. Snipers were still active during the night though in far less numbers than formerly, and the troops replied immediately to isolated shots.

From a destroyer in the Foyle, a searchlight operated to assist the military in locating snipers and its broad beams laid bare the suspected spots. At midnight there was a fairly prolonged bout of firing and at dawn another sharp burst occurred, but as the outcome of this shooting only two casualties have been discovered. An ex-soldier was killed by a sniper's bullet in the water side district as he was crossing the road. It is alleged he himself had been engaged in sniping. A ten-year-old boy also was shot dead at the rear of the Nazareth Home. He had looked out of a window when two shots were fired through the window.

In the Nationalist quarter Irish volunteers are acting as guards, protecting not only Catholics but also Protestant residents. Looters have been also arrested and detained pending trial by the Republican Court. In other parts of the disaffected area soldiers stopped the looting.

Provisions mainly constitute the loot for as a consequence of the holdup of the city for a week hundreds of people are feeling the pinch of starvation. Indeed, the volunteers, who declare they are not acting in a spirit of hostility to the Orangemen, have seized a cow in the slaughter house and served out meat rations to families in the war zone, irrespective of politics. They announce their intention of continuing these methods to combat famine and pay for the stocks so commandeered at market rates.

The total of the casualty list so far as it has been published is 10 dead, including one woman, and 33 wounded, including three women.

There is every expectation that the city will quietly resume its normal state. The authorities are taking special steps to insure this, among the extraordinary measures imposed being a curfew order between the night hours of 11 P. M. and 5 A. M., which is operative from tomorrow.

Ulster Prepared to Use Loyalists.

BELFAST, June 25.—The standing committee of the Ulster Unionist Council has decided to call on the Government to protect the lives and property of loyal inhabitants of the province with the forces of the crown. Failing this protection the committee decided that it should recognize and utilize the service of the Ulster Loyalists.

Two armed masked men held up the staff of the Paymaster's office at the Great Northern Railway terminus this afternoon and escaped with £1,000. The robbery was committed despite the fact that a number of people were in the station.

A score of masked men also held up a mail car near Lough. They blindfolded and then chloroformed the two occupants of the car and afterward took official documents from the mail bags.

DUBLIN, June 25.—Raiders on Thursday night stopped a mail train bound from Sligo to Dublin at Nilfree Junction. They took from the mail bags correspondence destined for the Lord Lieutenant and other officials at Dublin Castle.

BANTRY, County Cork, Ireland, June 25.—What was apparently a concerted series of outrages against Sinn Feiners occurred here last night, one death and the burning of several homes and shops resulting.

Cornelius Crowley, 20 years old, was shot dead in bed by a group of masked men who later set fire to the shop and dwelling of a local merchant. Both Crowley and the merchant in question were reputed to be prominent in Sinn Fein circles.

Three other houses were broken into and threats of shooting made against the occupants. One of these houses was destroyed and the two others were damaged by fire.

An attempt was made to burn stores on the quay, where the employees are all Sinn Feiners. The residence of the recently elected Chairman of the Guardians of the Sinn Fein also was destroyed by fire.

RAILWAY OUTLOOK SERIOUS.

Dublin Takes Steps to Meet Stoppage of Food Supplies.

DUBLIN, June 25.—A serious state of affairs has arisen through the refusal of railwaymen to work trains carrying armed police or soldiers. On certain sections of the railways there is practical suspension of service. A section of the great Southern and Western Railway, of which Limerick is the centre, has been closed. Three trains were held up at Tipperary today because the military and police endeavored to travel.

No passenger trains are running today and the railway company has suspended thirty employes who refused to work the trains. Employes who volunteered to take their place are liable to be kidnapped, this fate befalling the inspector at Lormatiea Station today. He was serving as guard on a train running between Tralee and Castle Island.

The Dublin Corporation has become alarmed at the prospect which this deadlock disclosed and has summoned a special meeting on Monday to consider "the situation that may arise in the event of railway stoppage which would greatly affect the food supplies of the city."

LONDON, June 26.—Ireland's railway situation is daily becoming worse, according to a Dublin dispatch to The London Times, more men being dismissed and fewer trains being run. One town after another is becoming isolated, with the probability of the eventual paralysis of the entire railway system.

The men are determined not to work trains carrying munitions, police or soldiers, but soldiers and police continue to attempt travel by trains, with the inevitable consequence that trains remain in a depot and passengers get nowhere. Conductors, firemen and drivers who refuse to man these trains are dismissed and the dispatch says there is now an individual strike rather than a collective strike in full swing.

The railway men have announced their intention to live up to their word. Their recent statement outlining their attitude so far as known has met with no reply from official quarters, nor has any attempt been made to bridge the difficulty.

Many towns have become isolated because the trains which daily run from Limerick have not left their depots.

The London Times dispatch reports that large sums of money, some of it from many places outside Ireland, have been collected on behalf of the railmen. A train was held up on Friday at Castleber, the first incident of the kind on the Midland and Great Western's system.

DE VALERA REPEATS DEFENSE

Irish "President" Again Declares He Did Right in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," made public here today another statement explaining and justifying his course at the Republican National Convention and replying to criticism of his acts by some of those identified with the Irish movement in this country. He starts out by saying:

"The presentation of my position at Chicago as it appears in The Gaelic American is a tissue of misstatements, possibly because of the number of incidents and their complexity, which provide the necessary cover. My mission is from the people of Ireland to the people of America.

"It would be inconsistent with my duty to become a puppet to be manipulated by anybody.

"It would injure our cause even to allow it to appear that I was a puppet. I have only one interest to serve.

"I am here as a counsel for my nation to point out that it being wronged by the American nation and to seek a redress of that wrong. The definite wrong is that recognition of the British Government in Ireland by the American Government is a condonation of British oppression in Ireland and support of the British Government in Ireland. American citizens who sympathize with Ireland's claim for justice are a part of the jury. Their counsel as to how best to approach the seat of the injury is invaluable.

"As regards Chicago, the work I intended there could have easily been coordinated with the work that our American friends wished to do there. The arguments against my appearance in Chicago apply equally to my appearing in America at all.

"As regards the plank in the platform, as a representative of Ireland, my position is this: That at the Chicago Convention a possible future policy of the American nation was being determined. That policy, in so far as it affected Ireland, was vital to us.

"It was important that Ireland's claim for justice should be presented in a public manner to the people's representatives there assembled. I would not have performed my duty if I had allowed the possibility of a dropping out of the Irish question similar to that which Mr. Bryan had to bemoan as regards his plank, because his method was not the direct method.

"I believe it was positively harmful to our interests that a resolution misrepresenting Ireland's just claim by misunderstanding it should have been presented.

"The charge that I have been guilty of misuse of funds is without foundation; it is a malicious charge. The moneys that have been subscribed to the Irish issue of bonds, whether here or in Ireland or anywhere else, is Irish Government money, the property of the Irish nation.

"It was subscribed for all legitimate Governmental use. There is no matter so urgent at this as securing recognition. Some time ago, having noticed the symptoms of a disease of which the present cha ge is are but another symptom, I wrote to my Government, pointing out the situation.

"I feared then that an effort would be made to use the power of the purse to make the subservient to the wishes of others than the Irish people. To prevent that policy, I asked for an appropriation from my Government, giving me and my co-trustee discretionary powers to use Governmental funds within specified limits, so that I might be free to work untrammeled in Ireland's interest.

"This appropriation was duly made, and I have the necessary authority. My action in bringing influential friends of our cause to Chicago was the action taken only when I felt certain that the steps which I thought should have been taken were not taken by the committee of the Friends of Irish Freedom who were expected to take these steps, and my grievance is that it should have been necessary to use Governmental funds when there were funds available subscribed by the sympathizers of our cause for exactly such purposes.

"I believe the people of Ireland will be thoroughly disappointed with the action of those of the friends of Ireland in America who were guilty of the methods which were used in Chicago to prevent their chosen representative from fulfilling his mission in Chicago.

"For my own part, I feel in my experiences in meeting people from all over the country I have not had the slightest difficulty in working in greatest harmony and closest co-operation with all except one or two individuals."

TURKEY READY TO YIELD TERRITORY TO ARMENIA

But Peace Delegation Is Instructed to Demand Retention of Thrace and Smyrna.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 23 (Associated Press).—The Turkish peace delegation in Paris has been instructed from Constantinople that the Turkish Government will uncompromisingly refuse to sign any peace treaty which deprives Turkey of the Smyrna district, Adrianople or Eastern Thrace. In the main, it is indicated, the Government agrees with other territorial limitations fixed by the Entente, but asks that Turkey have representation on the international commission governing the Straits and also on other commissions created for the regulation of Turkish affairs.

The Turkish Government consents to have portions of Erzerum, Bitlis and Van provinces given to Armenia, but insists that Armenia's Black Sea port be outside of Turkey, and asks financial compensation for the territory given Armenia.

Turkey insists that she is willing to accept a settlement according to the Wilsonian principles and the spirit of the League of Nations, but declares that no Turkish Government could live if it signed the present treaty.

OLYMPIC SAILS WEST.

Refitted White Star Liner Carries 2,060 Passengers for New York.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 25.—The White Star liner Olympic left Southampton at noon today for New York via Cherbourg, with 510 first and 550 second class passengers, on her first voyage after having been converted into an oil-burning ship. She will pick up 1,000 steerage passengers at Cherbourg. The boat train left Waterloo Station in three sections, and the platform was thronged with people—among them Ambassador and Mrs. Davis—who came to see the passengers off for the United States.

Captain Sir H. Hayes said that the liner had a full complement of wireless operators, and that she was expected to reach New York on July 2, steaming comfortably. He said he did not intend to drive the ship with her new machinery.

The Olympic has been refitted throughout and looks better than she did on her first voyage. One of the improvements is a safety steering device on the bridge which compels the quartermaster to put his helm to port or starboard as the signal is given on the indicator by the officer on the bridge.

The Olympic is the largest British liner and is likely to remain so for some time, because it is too expensive to operate such big vessels. It is considered very unlikely by officials of the International Mercantile Marine Company that the company will now bid for the Leviathan, as she proves to be a very costly white elephant.

Ex-Premier Huszar Coming Here.

PARIS, June 25.—Karl Huszar, former Premier of Hungary, arrived in Paris today from The Hague and will soon proceed to the United States. M. Huszar has been commissioned by the Hungarian Red Cross to deal with the question of Hungarian prisoners still in Siberia and Turkestan.

GREEKS TAKE 8,000 TURKISH PRISONERS

Surround a Nationalist Army Corps at Philadelphia, East of Smyrna.

KEMAL IS MASSING TROOPS

Said to be Planning a Great Concentration Against the Smyrna District.

LONDON, June 25.—The Greek Legation here has received official information that the Greeks campaigning against the Turkish Nationalists in the Symrna district surrounded a Turkish army corps at Philadelphia (Ala-Shehr, eighty-three miles east of Smyrna), taking 8,000 prisoners, with guns and other booty.

SMYRNA, June 24.—The Greek army, which on June 21 began an offensive against the forces of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader, is continuing successfully to advance northward in Asia Minor, it was announced in the Greek Army headquarters communiqué issued today. Salihli has been captured by the Greeks, whose cavalry is now pushing on. The statement reads:

"The 13th Division attacked Salihli and Lake Marmora Pass yesterday. It occupied Salihli at 6:30 P. M., carried the pass by assault and cleared both districts. A cavalry column has advanced toward Youla."

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 23 (Associated Press)—The Turkish Nationalists are still pressing the Asiatic shores of Marmora in the vicinity of Constantinople and are directing a great concentration upon Smyrna.

Apparently the plan of the followers of Mustapha Kemal Pasna, the Nationalist leader, is to harass the Greeks in Thrace and the English opposite Constantinople as much as possible to prevent them from sending reinforcements to the Greeks in the Smyrna district, where, it is believed here, the Nationalists will attack in force if the Peace Conference persists in giving Smyrna to the Greeks.

Allied Plan of Campaign.

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PARIS, June 25.—Here is the general plan of campaign of the Allies against the forces of Mustapha Kemal in Asia Minor, as adopted by Marshal Foch and Sir Henry Wilson, British Chief of Staff, at Hythe and Boulogne. The operations already begun involve the use of French, English and Greek troops, with the bulk of the early work falling on the Greeks.

Roughly speaking the position of the opposing forces forms a narrow rectangle extending from the vicinity of Aleppo, in Cicilia, through Anatolia to Ismid, near Constantinople. The forces of the Turkish leader are thinly spread along the northern side of this rectangle, and those of the Greeks are concentrated in the Smyrna area on the southern side, their west wing resting on the British and their east wing on the French forces.

The Greek troops will advance from their area of occupation in the Smyrna district and attack Mustapha Kemal's front, carrying on operations over the open terrain to the northeast. Kemal will find it necessary to weaken the wings of his position to protect his centre against the movement, thus facilitating an advance by the French from the East and the British from the west. It is hoped that this converging movement will pen him up in Anatolia and force him to surrender.

The terrain over which the French are operating is the most difficult. Much of the country is mountainous, and in many places the only routes of advance are through narrow gorges easily defended by small detachments of snipers. The British will not have so difficult a task at the beginning of the campaign, for here country in front of them is mostly gently rolling, sparsely wooded and with many open stretches of plains.

Fifty miles from Ismid the woods become more dense and are interspersed with extensive marshes. Here the operations of the Summer campaign will be extremely difficult because of the heat and prevalence of malaria. As they proceed the country will become more hilly, rising rapidly toward the high mountains of northern and eastern Anatolia. Here sharp fighting is expected.

In the centre, where the Greeks have begun operations, the early fighting is over favorable terrain. It is mostly flat, with small forests and some marsh ground, in general being good fighting country. Here, if the advance proceeds rapidly, cavalry can be used to good advantage.

If the allied plan is successfully carried out the campaign is likely to develop into a series of rapid operations with favorable opportunities for British cavalry in its first stages.

The climax, however, will present many difficulties for all the troops advancing in mountain country, where Kemal will have the advantage with an early choice of defense points and will be able to employ light artillery and machine guns to the best advantage.

The Greeks will not be asked for many troops at the beginning of operations, for it is hoped that the allied armies will be able to liquidate Kemal's opposition with a series of short attacks converging upon one another, which will force him to come to terms with his opponents.

AMERICANS IN ALBANIA.

Italians Disclaim Responsibility for Scattered Red Cross Parties.

ROME, June 25.—A detachment of the American Red Cross which asked permission from the Italian High Commissioner at Avlona, Albania, to proceed to Fieri, north of Avlona, divided itself into small parties, according to advices from Albania received today, and the Italian command declined responsibility for any harm that might result from such a division.

The situation in the Avlona region on Wednesday was reported relatively calm. The insurgents attacked the Italian positions at Krionero, but were repulsed.

SMUTS URGES RESCUING LEAGUE FROM FAILURE

Declares All Should Join in Building It Up Rather Than Rejoice Over Its Defects.

CAPE TOWN, June 25.—"In the first days of its operation the League of Nations has not responded to the great hopes entertained for it," declared Jan Christian Smuts, Premier of the Union of South Africa, in the course of an Assembly debate on the League. "But," he continued, "rather than rejoice over its failure, every one should bend his energies to make it an instrument of reality and power in the affairs of the world."

Several things had militated against the League, the Premier added, notably the refusal of the United States to become a member, "for it is beyond doubt that the League depended largely on America for its initial strength and success.

"America could have brought to the League the influences and resources absolutely needed today, but she has not chosen to play the part of moral leader of the world," said Premier Smuts. "I hope the time will come when the United States will appreciate the position she occupies. But, pending this, it is better to suspend judgment.

"The Supreme Council has pushed the League into the background. But it is hoped that both bodies will soon be united. The present international situation finds England and France alone trying to right a hopeless situation.

"There is grave danger of further alliances unless the five world powers act in complete accord. The Polish war has done more to make the people realize the impotency of the League than anything else."

JURISTS CHOOSE THE HAGUE

Unanimous for It as the Seat of the Proposed World Court.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, June 25.—The commission of jurists has adopted a resolution providing that the seat of the Permanent Court of International Justice shall be located at The Hague. The vote was unanimous.

Although the jurists are in agreement on many questions before them, this is the first resolution which they have actually adopted. It will bring much rejoicing to the Dutch, who have entertained hopes of such a decision. The Dutch Government will be officially informed of the action taken and the resolution will be laid before the League Council at its next meeting.

After taking its decision regarding the permanent location of the court the Commission discussed questions relating to the competence of the court—whether it should settle only disputes between nations or consider cases of individuals as well. Although nothing was agreed upon, the consensus of opinion was that individuals were well protected by international jurisdiction, and that if judicial action did not bring redress diplomatic action could be resorted to, and if this were not done it would indicate that plaintiff had not a good case.

The session of the Commission will be interrupted from Saturday till Tuesday, as several of its members are going to Paris and Brussels.

JAPANESE TREATY REVISION.

England and Japan Plan It in Conformity with League Covenant.

HONOLULU, June 25.—It has been announced in Tokio that British and Japanese diplomats in conference at London have decided to revise the entire Anglo-Japanese treaty in order to make it conform with the League of Nations covenant and to meet the international situation the treaty has created, according to cable advices to the Nippi Jiji, a Japanese language newspaper here.

It is planned to complete the revision before Ambassador Chinda leaves London for Japan and to have it ready for signature before the Prince of Wales visits Japan in the Spring of 1921, the advices add.

HUNGARIANS ASK ENTRANCE.

Besiege Commissioner at Budapest on False Report.

WASHINGTON, June 25—As a result of a publication in Budapest papers that immigrants would be admitted to the United States if they had $50 and a certificate of good conduct, the office of the American Commissioner at Budapest is being besieged by applicants for permits to come to this country.

The Commissioner advised the State Department that during May the daily average of applications was 235 and that the number increased steadily until on June 21 it was 1,068.

The Department, in its announcement today, said Hungarians seeking to enter this country must have a passport from their Goverment authorities and that even then the application for admission would be referred to Washington for final action.

AMERICAN MISSIONARY HELD

State Department Seeks News of Mrs. Nilson, Reported in Turkish Hands.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The State Department has instructed the American Commissioner at Constantinople to investigate a report that Mrs. Paul Nilson, an American missionery, has been captured by Turkish Nationalists at Tarsus. Information as to the capture of Mrs. Nilson reached the department in a telegram from her father, H. A. Fisher of Wheaton College, Illinois.

NO LOAN REMISSION ASKED BY ALLIES

Have Proposed Neither Cancellation Nor "Parallel Payments" to Us.

DECISION IS WITH CONGRESS

Administration Is Without Discretion, but Is Understood to Oppose Such Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—It was authoritatively stated today that no proposal whatever had been made by the Allies to the United States for the cancellation of their debts to this country. Nor have the Allies suggested that payment of their debts to the United States be made contingent upon payment to them of reparations by Germany.

A similar statement was made to the effect that the United States had agreed to no deferring of payment on the allied debts further than that of interest pending the termination of negotiations for the funding of demand obligations held by the Secretary of the Treasury into time obligations.

It is not known here whether the press reports and suggestions published in Europe to the effect that the Allies desired the United States to agree to various propositions, ranging from cancellation of the war debts to making their payment contingent upon the payment of thne German reparation payments, have been instigated by the European Governments, in an effort to sound the American Government on its views. Whatever may be the fact, no communication on the matter has been transmitted through official channels.

The United States Government has no authority whatever, outside of action by Congress, to accept any deferment of debt payments from its Allies. The Secretary of the Treasury, in deferring the interest payments on certain of the debts, is acting within limitations under the loan acts of Congress, beyond which the Administration cannot go, whether it desires to do so or not. Under these limitations the maturity of the loans must not be extended beyond the time of maturity of the corresponding Liberty Loan issues, and the rate of interest on the foreign loans must not be less than the interest paid by the United States on the corresponding domestic loans.

While the interest paid on the corresponding Liberty Loans amounts, it is said, to an average of 4¾ per cent., the interest paid the United States on the allied loans in question amounts to 5 per cent.

Although official announcement on the subject has been withheld, it is understood that the United States Government would not look with favor upon a deferment of payment of principal by the allied nations or an effort to make payment contingent upon the German reparations. While no power to consent to such proposals rests with the Administration, it is felt that the tenor of Congressional comment on financial matters resulting from the war has indicated clearly that Congress would not look with favor upon the suggestions that have been put forward by the allied press.

On the other hand, it was emphasized here today that a deferment of the interest payment for the time being operated to the benefit of the United States. It is understood that it would be considered a short-sighted policy on the part of this Government to insist on payment with the exchange rates at their present abnormal level. Payment in such circumstances, it is said, would further depression of exchange, which greatest debtors and would react in a further depression of exchange which would prejudice those debtors' receipts of their importing capacity and result in increasing their difficulty in meeting future payments of interest.

CZECHS IGNORE BOYCOTT.

They Maintain Mail and Wire Communication with Hungarian Capital.

BUDAPEST, June 24.—The Hungarians are continuing their counter-boycott against Austria, and no food is going out of the country. Although the newspapers are publishing stories of anti-Jewish agitation, there has been no trouble. Troops are patrolling the country.

Mail and telegraphic communication is being carried on through Prague, as the Czechs profess unfriendliness for Austria.

VIENNA, June 25. — The Hungarian Minister here has been instructed to negotiate with representatives of the Amsterdam International Federation of Trades Unions for a removal of the blockade against Hungary. A meeting will be held here Monday, at which Dr. Karl Renner, the Austrian Chancellor, will preside.

WRANGEL STILL WINNING.

Reports Capture of 10,000 Prisoners and Much Booty from Reds.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 25.—The offensive which is being carried by General Baron Wrangel, successor to General Denikin, against the Bolsheviki in the Crimea, is developing rapidly.

Wrangel's troops have occupied the line of Maklaiwska, Bolohoitchmak and Waklawa. They have taken 10,000 prisoners and captured forty-eight guns, 250 machine guns, three armored trains, nine armored automobiles, several million pounds of wheat and much rolling stock.

THREATENS INDIA VICEROY.

Nationalist Warns Support Will Fail if Turkish Treaty Stands.

BOMBAY, India, June 25.—Ghandi, leader of the Indian Nationalists, has written a letter to the Viceroy of India in which he threatens to advise Mussulmans and Hindus to withdraw all their support from the Government unless the Turkish peace terms are revised "in accordance with the solemn pledges of the British Ministers."

DISARMAMENT NOTES RECEIVED BY GERMANS

First Deals with Army, Second with Police, Third with Aeronautical Material.

BERLIN, June 25.—Three allied notes dealing principally with the question of German disarmament have been received by the President of the German peace delegation. The first outlines many infringements of the military clauses of the Peace Treaty, saying that the Allies have determined that Germany shall carry out the terms and that their decision to reduce the German Army to 100,000 men still stands. The security police, this note adds, must be disbanded within three months, but it gives permission for the disciplinary force to be increased to 150,000. The demand is made that the German Constitution be made to conform to these military stipulations, so that conscription may be abolished by law. In conclusion the note asks that legal measures be taken against the export of war materials.

Details for the substitution of 150,000 disciplinary police for the security police are supplied in the second note.

In view of the incomplete delivery of aeronautical material, the third note says, the construction of such material, which was to be resumed in Germany on July 10, may not be resumed until three months after the surrender to the Allies of the aeronautical material called for is completely carried out.

PARIS, June 28.—Wilhelm Mayer, the German Chargé d'Affaires, today presented to the Secretariat of the Peace Conference a note from the German Government requesting an extension of the time for Germany to evacuate the neutral zone. The note declared that it would be impossible to evacuate this zone by July 10.

The note left Berlin before three allied notes on the matter were delivered to the German Government yesterday.

FEHRENBACH AGAIN PRESENTS A CABINET

With Takes Finance Portfolio —Two New Men Named for People's Party.

BERLIN, June 25.—The German Chancellor, Konstantin Fehrenbach, has completed the formation of a Cabinet, it was announced today.

The official list was given out as follows:

Chancellor—KONSTANTIN FEHRENBACH.
Minister of Justice and Vice Chancellor—CARL RHINZES.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—Dr. WALTER SIMONS.
Minister of Finance—Dr. WIRTH.
Minister of the Interior—Herr KOCH.
Minister of Defense—Herr GESSLER.
Minister of Transport—General GROENER.
Minister of Food—ANDRES HERMES.
Minister of Posts and Telegraphs—JOHANN GIESBERTS.
Minister of Economics—Herr SCHOLZ.
Minister of the Treasury—Herr VON RAUMER.

The portfolios of Labor and Reconstruction have not yet been filled.

Minister of the Treasury von Raumer, a member of the People's Party, was from 1916 to 1918 Divisional Chief of the Treasury Department, and, according to Vorwärts, the Socialist organ, a strong opponent of nationalization of public utilities. The Tageblatt asserts that von Raumer is largely under the influence of Hugo Stinnes, a capitalist and Director of the Woermann shipping concern.

Minister of Economics Scholz was Ober-Burgomaster of Charlottenburg. He also is a member of the People's Party, and is credited with holding similar views to those of Räumer, although, according to Vorwärts, he is more practical than von Raumer.

The Vossische Zeitung says the Minister of Defense, Herr Gessler, has resigned, declaring that he would be unable to conduct his Ministry in view of the Entente's note regarding a reduction of the German Army.

Paul Lobe, editor of the Breslau newspaper Volkswacht, was elected President of the Reichstag today. He was born in 1875. He was a compositor, and afterward became a City Councilor of Breslau. Since 1915 he has been a Deputy in the Silesian Provincial Diet. Unlike his Catholic predecessor, Konstantin Fehrenbach, Herr Löbe is a free thinker and Social Democrat.

Wilhelm Dittman, Independent Socialist, was elected First Vice President of the Reichstag. He was one of the six People's Commissioners during the revolution.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 24.—The new Reichstag held a purely formal sitting today, preceded by Roman Catholic and Protestant services. The house was filled to overflowing. It has not yet elected its president and was surprised to see an aged, bearded and bespectacled member take the president's chair. For a long time no one knew who he was. He began by declaring as he was 77 years of age. He doubtless was the oldest member and for that reason he took the chair. He then ordered a roll call to be taken.

It transpired the new member was Herr Rieke of Brunswick. He is a builder by trade and by beginning his Reichstag career at his age he certainly establishes a record.

Only two incidents marked the roll call. When the name of the Independent Socialist Herr Witnoch was called, the veteran Ledebour boomed out: "He's been arrested so he can't possibly be here." Then the name of Hugo Stinnes, industrial magnate, newspaper king and the greatest financial force in Germany today brought from one member the rhymed interjection: "When the coin in the cashbox rings, Stinnes to the Reichstag springs."

This caused loud laughter on all sides of the house. Then the cabinetless parliament adjourned.

GEN. MARCH PRAISES OUR MEN ON RHINE

Ends His Tour of Inspection Well Pleased with American Organization Abroad.

STUDIES GRAVES QUESTION

Expresses Admiration of the Arrangements Made and the Attitude of the French People.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 25.—There has been much speculation regarding General March's visit to Europe. Before leaving Paris today en route for home he told me the reason was very simple. As Chief of Staff he represents the War Department in its dealings with Congress. Questions are constantly being asked by Congress respecting the military occupation of Germany. General March wanted to inform himself thoroughly regarding general conditions on the Rhine and particularly concerning the American Army of Occupation. His visit will enable him to speak with personal knowledge.

General March was most enthusiastic about the officers and soldiers occupying the American bridgehead. These number 17,000, including the base at Antwerp. General March carefully inspected the French and British bridgeheads, and, while unwilling to be quoted regarding the general scheme of offense and defense on the Rhine, I inferred that all the plans met with his approval from the military viewpoint.

It is well known that Foch has a perfect military machine on the Rhine, and if Germany had twice the present number of soldiers she would be utterly powerless against the perfect organization of which our finely trained, snappy forces form an important part.

General March spoke with much admiration of the arrangements which have been made under the supervision of the Graves' Registration Service to care for our dead soldiers in Europe and perpetuate their memory as heroes. The work has been so well done that only 1,000 remain unidentified. This is a much lower percentage than any other country. There are 76,000 registered graves of American soldiers in Europe and there are an additional 9,000 of those who died while serving their country in auxiliary capacity. Eventually there will be three or four large cemeteries in which all the American dead will lie. The chief cemetery will be Romagne, which now contains 21,000 graves.

General March was much gratified at the state in which he found the cemeteries, especially Romagne. He estimates that the American graves in France will exceed 25,000 after bodies are shipped home in conformity with the wishes of the families. There is a growing tendency to permit the bodies to remain in France, where the final sacrifice was made, and where the last resting places are sure to be permanent and kept up with devotion. General March acquainted himself carefully with the attitude of the French and found them most reverent toward our dead. On Decoration Day people came for miles to lay flowers on the American graves. General March thought that these graves were preserving the friendly feeling between the countries.

Marshal Foch took General March to headquarters of the American organization for Fatherless Children and was greatly impressed by what he saw. Two hundred and twenty thousand French children, orphaned by the war are being cared for. Americans have contributed 75,000,000 francs to this beautiful and necessary charity.

General March is going home in order to superintend the organization of the army under the new law, which takes effect July 1.

POLICE THROWN INTO RHINE

Food Rioters in Mayence First Seize Supplies Brought to Market.

MAYENCE, Germany, June 25.—Food riots, similar to those which have been in progress in Württemberg and Westphalia, occurred here today. Rioters seized foodstuffs as they were brought to the market and distributed supplies of them to all comers. Merchants during the disturbance put up their shutters for protection.

A wagonload of policemen were forced to get out of their conveyance, and the policemen were thrown into the Rhine. Later rioters and the police clashed and two persons were wounded. One of these was a French officer.

BERLIN, June 25.—Demonstrations against food prices appear to be spreading throughout Germany, and leading, in some places, to serious disorders. At Bremen, where scores of shops were plundered, fifty arrests were made by the police.

Huge crowds paraded the streets at Oldenburg, demanding a reduction in prices of one-third, and threatening to strike if their demands were not complied with by Saturday.

RUSSIA WILL PAY DEBT, KRASSIN TELLS BRITISH

Labor Party Refuses to Join Moscow Internationale by Large Majority.

LONDON, June 25.—Leonid Krassin, the Bolshevist Minister of Trade and Commerce, says The Evening Standard today, told a trade delegation that visited him this afternoon that if the Russian Soviet Government was recognized by the European Governments there was no doubt that Russia would recognize the external debt contracted by Russia under the imperial régime.

SCARBOROUGH, England, June 25.—The Labor Party Conference here declined today by a card vote of 2,940,000 to 225,000 to affiliate with the Moscow Internationale. The conference also refused to secede from the Geneva Internationale by a vote of 1,010,000 to 516,000.

The conference by overwhelming majorities, rejected prohibition resolutions, but carried a resolution favoring local option.

The vote against prohibition for Great Britain was 2,600,000. The vote in favor was 470,000.

WANTS NEW FOREIGN POLICY

Charles E. Mitchell Says Americans Abroad Must Be Protected.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, June 25.—"Regardless of the results of the coming Presidential election, the time has come when American business men must unite in demanding of the new administration the firm establishment of a future policy of protection to American life and property on foreign soil and a revolution of the character of the Diplomatic and Consular Service," Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Company of New York City, told the International Association of Rotary Clubs at its closing session today.

Mr. Mitchell discussed the opportunity for expanding foreign trade, the need of Government co-operation in international finance and commerce and declared his conviction that the United States could not build a wall around itself as is advocated by some pessimists, who think that they can escape from entagling alliances with foreign politics.

"The men selected for consular and diplomatic service," he continued, "are the samples of American men set in the international show window, indicating what may be looked for in the men at home and they should be selected with all the care that each one of you is selected by your trade as representative of the standards thereof."

A campaign to establish rotaries in every nation was inaugurated by the convention, following an address by John Barrett, Director General of the Pan American Union and Chairman of the Foreign Relations Bureau of International Rotary.

Estes Snedecor of Portland, Ore., was elected International President. Other officers selected were: Vice Presidents, Dr. A. McCullough, Fort William, Ontario; Robert H. Timmons, Wichita, Kan., and Raymond M. Havens, Kansas City, Mo.; Treasurer, Rufus F. Chapin, Chicago, and Sergeant at Arms, Emmet Galer, Asheville, N. C.

COOLIDGE WON'T INTERFERE.

Will Not Urge Vermont and Connecticut to Ratify Suffrage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Governor Coolidge, Republican nominee for the Vice Presidency, "will not interfere with other States" on the suffrage issue. This statement from the Governor's Secretary, in marked contrast to President Wilson's interest in suffrage action by Tennessee and North Carolina, was received at the National Woman's Party headquarters here tonight in a telegram from Vivian Pierce, national organizer of the Woman's Party at Boston.

The telegram also reported that no statement on the suffrage issue would be issued by Governor Coolidge until his speech of acceptance after the formal notification of his nomination on July 27.

Efforts to secure an appointment for a large delegation of suffragists from Massachusetts, Connecticut and Vermont, with Governor Coolidge, have so far been unsuccessful. Although the Governor goes to Burlington, Vt., to speak at the University of Vermont on Monday and Tuesday, during his two weeks' vacation, the Woman's Party will continue its efforts to call upon him to urge that he use his influence in securing the calling of a special session in either of the Republican States of Connecticut or Vermont.

In the meantime contributions to the Woman's Party campaign in Vermont continue to pour in, stimulated by the apparent Democratic eagerness to steal a march on the Republicans by making Tennessee the thirty-sixth ratifying State.

Another of A. E. F. Dead In Coblenz.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The War Department today announced that John F. Sullivan, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who was a private in Company L, 8th Infantry, died of accident at Coblenz, Germany on June 16.

Significant Service

We are often asked, "Are you the Meyrowitz that used to be on 23rd Street?" To have our service so well remembered is indeed a true compliment. It is equally important that you remember 520 Fifth Avenue as our present location.

Formerly of 23rd St. E. B. Meyrowitz Opticians INCORPORATED

520 Fifth Avenue, at 43rd Street

237 Fifth Ave., at 27th St. 255 Livingston St., Brooklyn

HARDING LIMITS CAMPAIGN GIFTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

County, Ohio, sent the following telegram:

"Please accept my congratulations. I am the lady whom you kept from being run over by an automobile during the G. A. R. encampment held in your city in June, 1916. I feel that I owe you a 'vote' at least.

Senator Harding played golf this afternoon with Senator Hitchcock, Senator Elkins and Senator Hale.

WASHINGTON, June 25 (Associated Press).—Much interest was expressed in political circles today in the announcement of conferences between Senator Harding and Governor Coolidge. The two are not strangers, having met several months ago when Harding was campaigning in Massachusetts.

Arrangements for the meeting of the nominees were made by Chairman Hays at Harding's suggestion that an exchange of views on the campaign would be profitable. The speech to be made by each candidate in accepting their nominations will probably be discussed also.

PLAN MARION CELEBRATION.

Legion Takes Charge of Arrangements for July 5.

MARION, Ohio, June 25.—The American Legion will take charge of plans for the home-coming celebration which will be held here July 5 for Senator Harding.

Tentative arrangements call for a sham battle, to be participated in by Marion County Legion men at the County Fair grounds in the afternoon. In the evening a huge fireworks display will be held.

The Marion Civic Association is making plans to handle the crowds that will come here for this celebration and the notification ceremonies on July 22.

HARDING THANKS CLUB OF ROOSEVELT BACKERS

Says His Ambition Is to Make His Party a Forceful Agency of Popular Government.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 25.—Senator Warren G. Harding writes to Robert M. Washburn, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Roosevelt Club of Massachusetts, in reply to the latter's letter announcing the club's support for the national ticket, as follows:

"My Dear Mr. Washburn:

"Only the tremendous pressure incident to the days immediately following a convention could make me delay an instant acknowledgment of the very gratifying letter addressed to me on June 16 in behalf of the directors of the Roosevelt Club.

"It was especially gratifying to me to learn of the very cordial indorsement by your directors of the Republican ticket nominated at Chicago. I say 'especially' because after the party defeat in 1916 Colonel Roosevelt invited me to a conference with him in New York, and, the very first sentence after our meeting, he said with characteristic earnestness:

"'Harding, we have all got to get together and restore the Republican Party in power in order to save this great country of ours.'

"From that day on my relations with Colonel Roosevelt were very cordial and we often conferred relating to matters of very great interest to the Republican Party and looking forward to Republican success.

"I had not known him well prior to that time because I belonged to the wing of the party which opposed him in 1912. I came to believe in him as you and your associates did, and I mourned his untimely passing quite as sincerely as any of his trusted fellow-Americans.

"Quite apart from my personal regard for Colonel Roosevelt and my high estimate of his services to our country, I am interested in your prompt indorsement of the ticket, because I am a firm believer in restoring party administration at Washington and have the especial ambition to be an agency in making the Republican Party a united

HOOVER FOR TREATY WITHOUT ARTICLE X.

Urges Republicans to Back Modified League and Put Democrats on Defensive.

UPHOLDS MORAL PRESSURE

Sees No Clash with Platform—Wants Clear Issue Against "Practical Military Alliance."

Herbert Hoover, in a statement to The Evening Post yesterday, urged the Republican Party to adopt "the definite constructive policy of ratification" of the treaty of peace with Germany, "subject to the minor reservations and a wider vision of strengthening the League by excluding the guarantees and their military enforcement." Mr. Hoover would have the Republicans urge ratification without Article X. in order to force the Democratic Party to defend "a practical military alliance."

International disarmament, Mr. Hoover says, can only be brought about by international peace, accomplished by moral and economic pressure and not by any such threat of military force as is implied in Article X.

The position which he urges the Republicans to take in his statement, Mr. Hoover told a NEW YORK TIMES reporter at his offices at 117 Broadway, is not, in his opinion, inconsistent with the treaty plank adopted by the Republican National Convention.

"What I advocate is perfectly possible of execution under the plank of the Republican platform as it now stands," he said. He declined to make any further comment on the question of the harmony of his views with the Republican platform or to amplify the statement which he made for The Evening Post.

Doubt's Article X's Force.

"Any one reading Article X.," says Mr. Hoover, "will realize that there is nothing in the phraseology that denotes a binding obligation. But there is an implication that apparently has generally come to be regarded as constituting a strong moral responsibility. Therefore the real nub of the dissension with regard to the League of Nations is the question as to whether the United States shall take any sort of commitment, moral or otherwise, to guarantee the integrity of foreign states and to use its military resources to carry out the decisions of the League. This is fundamentally the question upon which we are about to fight on election. The issue, however, goes deeper even than caution in a new venture of American national life. It raises a great problem as to whether the League itself is not weakened and its objects will not be defeated if this obligation is continued in the constitution at all.

"It appears to me to be time to raise the question as to whether this same clause—I refer to the guarantees and the use of military force—that has brought about the dissension in the United States is not also undermining the League in Europe. I put it to the friends of the League in all countries. Has not experience and discussion shown that the time has arrived to reconsider this part of the League foundation?

Favors No Explicit Threat.

"My own feeling has always been that the League was the product of the liberal ideals of the world; that it comprised a definite organization of the moral and economic power to enforce peace, and that this strength would be even more potent without the explicit threat of military force. The other parts of the League that provide for the continuous sitting of important men around an international board, representing the great nations, planning disarmament, dealing with the major problems which generate conflict, endeavoring to find solution by negotiation, by conciliation, by arbitration and the establishment of international courts, by the public ventilation of the merits of dispute, the education of public opinion, and finally, by the declaration of moral and economic outlawry against offenders, are not matters of contention.

"The essential things about the League covenant that commend it to me are, first, its recognition that wars have their springs chiefly in misunderstandings and its provision for an organization designed to minimize occasions for distrust by continuous common council; and, second, its creation of facilities for converging upon any controversy wide publicity and the force of the public opinion of the world. In these two cardinal things the covenant differs from any previous attempt at international co-operation against war.

Upholds Power of Congress.

"The desirability of organizing these activities by international co-operation is supported by both our political parties. They comprise the major strength of the League, and with them alone it would be in fact a stronger League than one which contemplates military force. Rather than see the covenant fail I have been ready to accept the proposal of force, subject on our part to the undoubted approval of Congress before it could be availed of, although I have always deplored its presence in the covenant.

"Through Article X. and some references to it the League covenant is to a degree a military alliance. Without this power it might not perhaps be as immediate in its effectiveness against some international crook, but I am certain that no country can long continue in wayward action against such moral and economic disapproval of the whole of civilization. No civilized nation with our modern dependency upon economic communication will risk economic boycott for long.

"With the possibility of being summoned to military action, every member nation will look with suspicion and doubt on the body that may call it to sacrifice of human life, and every nation will hesitate in support of the other steps of the League for fear it may be led to the final step of war. Its council will be more courageous in delivering moral and economic excommunication if military measures are not possible.

Advocates Moral Boycott.

"The League is in being today with twenty-eight nation members, and if we frankly examine its effectiveness in Europe at this moment it will become apparent that the Council is hesitating in attempts to restrain aggression because of the knowledge that in the present temper of the world no nation, except those which have immediate and material interests at stake, will furnish a single soldier for its assistance. Yet I do not hesitate to say that a firm moral and economic boycott would stop every war now in progress in Europe.

"The basic need for threatening military alliance against aggression is to control States which persist in armament which renders them capable of aggressive action. If armament were limited to police purposes and to restrain the half civilized countries, the other pressures of the League would be final, although it is my belief that they are in the end effective even against aggressively armed States.

"The first and foremost duty of the League is, therefore, the reduction of armament that is now on a greater scale than in 1914. If ever we are to secure measures of disarmament now is the time—when the masses of the people are rebellious against war and taxation for war. It is my belief that a time limit should be put upon this disarmament. In other words, we should provide that the continuation of our membership in the League should be based upon success in this effort. We could well afford to loan Europe for economic rehabilitation half the money we would save in taxes if we could safely curtail our naval and military programs. Those States which oppose such disarmament and prefer to use their resources for this purpose certainly have no right to complain of our lack of economic assistance.

"Today's practical situation with respect to the treaty is worth some consideration amid all this unnecessary violent partisanship and personal rancor. The thing that the public—and even those who have been debating the treaty—apparently fail to realize is that the treaty is now in effect and cannot be scrapped, as so many have urged. Europe has regretted, but it has not been waiting upon, the divided mind of the United States. The treaty, as distinguished from the League, is in large part already executed; the new States have been set up and their boundaries settled and accepted, except on the Russian front and two or three isolated points. Plebiscites are in progress at the hands of a commission practically controlling the economic future of the enemy States. This economic future can be guided impartially in the interest of the whole world, or in the interest of a few States, and thus against us. Its present attitude is of the latter character. No treaty between ourselves and the enemy States can admit us to this control, for that depends upon our late allies. If we enter the Reparation Commission we can only do it by ratifying the treaty. Statesmanship looking to separate peace is plain foolishness—and worse. Senator Lodge's apt phrase may be repeated because it is the truth: 'It would brand us with everlasting dishonor and bring ruin to us also if we undertook to make a separate peace.'

Would Revise Provisions.

"Therefore, my suggestions are, first, that it is worth consideration by the present members of the League whether immediate revision of the parts mentioned should not be undertaken in order that it may be actually of greater strength for the great good it can accomplish. Second, such a revision will meet the merits of dissension in the United States. Third, whether it be today or ten years hence, we will, if we want peace, ratify the Treaty of Versailles in some form.

"In the face of these conditions cannot the Republican Party strengthen its own position by adopting the definite constructive policy of ratification subject to the minor reservations and a wider vision of strengthening the League by excluding the guarantees and their military enforcement—and making membership in the League conditional upon disarmament within a given period? Such policies will protect America from independence, free us from every possible entanglement except the use of our moral and economic strength to enforce peace. It will leave our Democratic friends fencing upon the ground of advocacy of a practical military alliance—upon which their safety devices only further endanger the real value of the League."

GERMANS BITTER OVER SPA.

Means "Grim Misery of Slave Labor," Says George Bernhard.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 24.—The political crisis has quite overshadowed the doings at Hythe and Boulogne, and there has been little comment on these conferences. Germania, the Catholic Centre organ, is extremely pessimistic about Spa. It complains that the Entente still seems determined to deal with Germany as though she had all her pre-war capacity to raise money. This new rump of Germany, it declares, cannot pay anything like the sums which will certainly be demanded.

George Bernhard, political editor of the Vossische Zeitung, writes very bitterly in that journal tonight regarding Spa and the attitude of the German Government toward the conference. He begins by referring to the appointment of Lord d'Abernon as the new British Minister to Germany. D'Abernon, he says, "always has been employed in countries paying economic tribute to England—Eastern Rumania, Egypt and Turkey." In Constantinople he was President of the Council of the Ottoman Public Debt. The article goes on that supervision of the Ottoman public debt was the real ruling factor in the Turkish Empire.

"It is no mere accident, therefore," it says, "that the chief supervisor of Turkey's bankruptcy will act in future as the British Minister in Berlin. At Spa we are threatened with the shame of a German public debt. It won't simply be the shame; it will be the end; it will be the end of all efforts to rebuild German national economy, the end of all productive restoration. It will be our fall and will mean the grim misery of slave labor for generations."

ASKS COOLIDGE TO DEBATE.

Steadman, Socialist Vice Presidential Candidate, Sends Challenge.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Seymour Steadman of Chicago, candidate for Vice President on the Socialist ticket, has challenged Governor Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts, the Republican Vice Presidential nominee, to a debate on the issues of the Presidential campaign, it was announced tonight at Socialist national headquarters.

The time and place of the debate would be decided by mutual agreement, a letter sent to Governor Coolidge said. The letter added that "a public discussion would aid the public to grasp more clearly our differences in purpose."

General March Goes to London.

PARIS, June 25.—General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff of the American Army, left Paris today for London by way of Boulogne.

SAW FROM THE AIR FRANCE'S REVIVAL

F. R. Coudert Tells of Large Crops Seen from Plane—Industries Thriving.

PREDICTS RISE IN FRANC

H. A. Metz Gives Less Optimistic Account—Describes Suffering in Germany.

Pictures both gloomy and cheerful of conditions in Europe were painted by Frederic R. Coudert, international lawyer, and Herman A. Metz, former Controller of the city, who returned yesterday from trips abroad. Mr. Coudert was enthusiastic over the rapidity with which France was emerging from the effects of the war, while Mr. Metz told of the undernourishment due to the scarcity of food which was so noticeable in Germany.

Mr. Coudert, who, with Mrs. Coudert, has been abroad since April, was a passenger on the Adriatic of the White Star Line. He told of having flown by airplane from England to the Continent and of flights in the air over a large section of France.

"Anyone who has viewed France from an airplane cannot help but be impressed with the sight of the country under cultivation," Mr. Coudert said. "Agriculturists are striving to raise a record supply of food for the nation's needs. Manufacturing centres are teeming with industry; in fact, the whole nation seems imbued with a sense of cooperation to restore France to normal.

"While there have been many strikes there, they were not as serious as here, and the Government handled the difficulties with great ability. Taxes, of course, are tremendously high, but the people are assuming the burden with a commendable cheerfulness."

Mr. Coudert was optimistic that the franc would soon get back to normal value. With such concentration of effort and co-operation to bring the country back to pre-war conditions, the financial and economic difficulties were bound to be cleared up in a short time, he said.

Germans Still Arrogant.

"We made a short trip into Germany, where we observed that the Germans were quite as unrepentant as ever," Mr. Coudert went on. Mrs. Coudert, who speaks the language fluently, convered with all kinds of people, and, almost without exception, they were as cocky and self-satisfied as during the war."

In speaking of the commercial development of the airplane on the other side, Mr. Coudert remarked that Lord Northcliffe predicted that England in the near future would be using airplanes almost entirely in the postal service. Mr. and Mrs. Coudert left immediately for their Summer home on Long Island.

Mr. Metz, who returned on the Mongolia of the American Line from a trip through Belgium, France and Germany as a member of the Hoover Relief Commission, declared that conditions in Germany were depressing. France, expectant of a substantial indemnity from Germany, was marking time industrially, he found. Belgium was busy in the task of reconstruction, but in Germany he found the people suffering from a lack of food and industry at a low ebb through lack of raw materials.

"Germany is picking up very slowly, but is completely tied up by the Allied Reparation Commission," Mr. Metz said. "Twenty-five per cent. of all its products is alloted by the Commission to England, France, Belgium, Italy and the United States, which leaves 75 per cent. to offer in the markets of the world.

"Food is scarce. Undernourished children fill the streets, a pitiful hungry horde. Cattle are scarce, as the majority of live stock was given to France and Belgium. The people are not starving, but hungry, due to a lack of fats.

People Eager to Work.

"While in Germany I had a talk with President Ebert, who is well meaning and sensible. He is fully cognizant of the responsibilities of his office and has surrounded himself with a stable government. The people are weary of fighting, tired of revolutions and anxious to get back to work.

"What interested me most in Germany was the proposal of several leading cotton manufacturers, whose mills have long been idle because of a lack of raw materials, to take cotton from the United States, manufacture it into cloth and return the output here. The manufacturers only ask that their mills be kept running so that their employes can earn a living.

"In a few days I expect to place their proposal before the proper persons. I believe we should consider the proposal carefully. England has gone ahead while we have stood idly by, although we are anxious to build up our world commerce."

Max Hirschberg, President of the Northern Knitting Mills, with offices at 59 West Nineteenth Street, who had also been in Germany, corroborated Mr. Metz in regard to food conditions there. He said he was in Nuremburg during the revolution and told how citizens had put to rout the agitators against the Government. He found no feeling against Americans, and said that whenever German officials learned he was an American they accorded him the best of treatment.

TAFT DECRIES WET PLANK.

Thinks Democrats Will Hardly Take Risk of Adopting One.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Former President William Howard Taft, who was in this city today, believes a beer plank in the Democratic platform is doomed to failure.

"The Democrats will hardly take the risk of going before the country with a wet plank in their platform," said Mr. Taft. "Prohibition is now a part of the organic law of the land, and this fact should command the respect of all political parties. I do not look for the Democratic Party in its San Francisco convention to follow the lead of Governor Edwards or any other wet candidate on this question."

Mr. Taft, although believing there would be neither a wet nor a dry plank in the Democratic platform, expressed the belief that "reasonable and common sense" enforcement legislation would, in the near future, make the wet and dry fight a quiet, orderly and inobtrusive corpse, intimating that personally he did not quite have a high regard for the Eighteenth Amendment—"but since it's the law, I believe in obeying it to the letter." Mr. Taft pointed out that Congress had the power to fix the alcoholic content of beverages affected by the amendment, as well as to regulate the use of intoxicants and punish violations of the law.

"It is just as easy for Congress to say 2 per cent., or 4 per cent., or any reasonable per cent., as to say one-half of 1 per cent.," said Mr. Taft. Congress should, and undoubtedly will, be guided by reason, common sense and the wishes of the majority of the people. A drastic, unreasonable law defeats its own purpose. No doubt, there are those who would like to make the manufacture or sale of whisky a capital crime. Such a law would not be worth the time it took to write it. The people would rebel against it, and that is true of any law bearing on the subject. It must be sane, sensible and in harmony with the wishes of the people."

Mr. Taft is on the way to Minnesota and the Dakotas on a lecture tour. In reply to a question as to his opinion of the League of Nations plank in the Republican platform, he said:

"I can only say I wish it had been more specific. There is no question in my mind that we must have a League of Nations with reservations. That is where both parties must head in order to secure permanent peace to the world. I have taken great interest in this subject and made it a part of my theme in public lectures, so that the American people are quite familiar with my views on the League."

"Will you take the stump for Harding in this campaign?"

"That is a question I cannot answer as yet. All I can say just now is that I am willing to help."

"Would you hazard a guess as to who the Democratic nominee will be?"

"Really, I have no ideas as to who will make the race for the Democrats. That reminds me of a story by former Senator Tom Carter of Montana. He was asked on a certain occasion who would be elected by the Democrats to run the country. 'Run the country?' retorted Tom, 'that is too big a job for the Democrats. It is about all the Republicans can do to handle it.'

"Mr. McAdoo has announced his withdrawal from the race, it is true, but still he might not refuse if he were nominated in spite of his letter of declination. I think he might be induced to accept if the nomination came to him in a practically unanimous manner."

Mr. Taft said his present lecture tour would end about July 4, adding: "Then I am going back East and to Murray Bay in the St. Lawrence River region and take a vacation of at least two months at my Summer home up there."

Weighting Farm Tractors.

When a farm tractor needs additional weight, logs and stones are generally piled on the frame. A more orderly provision is made by a new machine, which stores sand or water ballast in its hollow wheels. The two main drive-wheels and the large idlers will hold a good many hundreds pounds of extra weight. Instead of being rigidly connected to the frame, the large idler wheels are hung on spiral springs inclosed in iron cylinders. The tractor has no differential, and is steered with planetary gearing which throws all the power onto one tread or the other.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

1 KILLED, 20 HURT IN JERSEY WRECK

Freight Car Jumps Rails and Rips Sides of Passenger Cars at Stevens.

FIRE FOLLOWS COLLISION

Edward Lawrence of Bordentown, Brakeman, Crushed Between Freight Car and Coach.

Special to The New York Times.

BURLINGTON, N. J., June 25.—A brakeman was killed and about twenty passengers were bruised and cut by glass at Stevens, two miles east of Burlington, this evening when a freight car left the rails and crashed into five cars of an eastbound passenger train.

The dead man is Edward Lawrence, 26, of Bordentown, brakeman on the freight. There were about forty passengers in the passenger train, which left Camden Terminal at 5:20 and arrived at Stevens at 6:25. The injured, most of whom were cut by flying glass, were taken to their homes in automobiles before railroad officials and police could procure their names. None is critically injured.

Lawrence was riding on the freight car that jumped the track opposite the first of a line of five passenger coaches of the eastbound train. The jolt threw him between the freight car and the front platform of the second coach as the freight car ripped the sides of the five coaches.

The freight car tore axles from wheels under every coach and ripped out the gas tanks. The body of the brakeman dropped among these tanks, which caught fire, and was nearly burned up before Burlington firemen reached the scene with chemical engines.

The firemen prevented the gas flames from destroying the wrecked coaches.

The road still was blocked at midnight and trains were diverted. Railroad men last night said a push pole might have fallen from a freight car under the wheels, causing the derailment. The push pole is about 12 feet long and 5 inches in diameter, and is used to push freight cars on or off a siding.

TOOK BOOKS TO AID MOTHER

Student Tells Court He Didn't Intend to Steal from Library.

When Benjamin S. Brines, 20 years old, was arraigned before Magistrate Samuel Fleischmann in Jefferson Market Court yesterday, on a charge of stealing a book from the Public Library, Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, his attorney, James Mayer, told the Court that his client had asked him to say: "If it's a crime to steal knowledge, then I'll plead guilty."

Brines, who is a New York University night school student, working by day as a machinist, and living at 67 East Fourth Street, said to the Magistrate:

"Two years ago, through straitened circumstances, which you will agree is often caused by lack of knowledge, I saw my little sister die in Bellevue Hospital. If I had known what I should have known, she would have been better cared for.

"At the present time my mother is dying of tuberculosis in the mountains. Oh, if I knew what I should have known things would be better for her—she would have more of the comforts due sick people and times would be easier for her."

Brines, a tall pale youth, declared he did not intend to steal the books, that his purpose was only to gain knowledge that would enable him to give his mother the care she needs. The policeman who made the arrest told the Magistrate that he found books "all over the place, even in the ice box."

On the table before the Magistrate lay volumes of Bergson's "Creative Evolution," Fisher's "Stabilizing the Dollar," "Proofs of Life After Death," by Sir Oliver Lodge; "The Riddle of the Universe," "America's Next Biggest Job," and perhaps thirty others belonging to the library.

Brines was remanded to jail until Monday next, not for punishment, but so a probation officer can furnish a report on the case.

BABY IN SCRANTON NOT KIDNAPPED ONE

Scranton Police Force Woman to Give Up Child Only to Find It Is Not Coughlin Boy

Special to The New York Times.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 25.—Mrs. George H. Coughlin, mother of thirteen-months-old Blakely Coughlin, who was stolen from his parents' home in Norristown, Pa., twenty-three days ago, pleaded for more than two hours tonight with a woman who with a baby of about the age of her child, was barricaded in a room in the Hotel Casey. At the end of that time the woman, Mrs. H. S. Williams, opened the door. Mrs. Coughlin, at the first glance exclaimed: "It is not my baby."

Mrs. Williams arrived at the hotel about the time the Coughlin boy was kidnapped. A Norristown man who knows the Coughlins saw the baby yesterday, and after asking questions about the woman notified the police that he believed she had the missing child.

Policemen guarded the hotel until Mrs. Coughlin arrived at 10 o'clock tonight.

Accompanied by policement she rapped at the door but was denied admittance. The woman inside was heard moving furniture against the door. Mrs. Coughlin pleaded that she would enter alone, but the woman said she was estranged from her husband who lives in Wilkes-Barre, and pronounced it a trick of his to gain possession of the baby.

When the police threatened to break down the door Mrs. Williams announced that if her husband were present to protect their child, she would open the door.

At midnight Mr. Williams arrived, and the woman kept her word.

As Mrs. Coughlin left for Norristown the Mr. and Mrs. Williams were talking over their differences and apparently about to become reconciled.

YIELD OF 'WORTHLESS' LAND

Jerseyman Raises Blueberries at Rate of $1,000 an Acre.

Luscious blueberries—many of which are three-fourths of an inch in diameter—that sell for $10 a bushel are grown on "worthless" land. Such is the product obtained by a New Jersey grower, whose principal business has been growing cranberries, but who more recently has taken up the cultivation of blueberries. At present he has twenty acres which he has planted in part with carefully selected wild blueberry stock and in part with hybrids furnished by the Bureau of Plant Industry, of the United States Department of Agriculture. Not only are the berries on this track of very high quality, but the yield is prolific, the older plants producing at the rate of nearly 100 bushels to the acre. The plantation is situated at Whitesbog, near Browns Mills.

The success of this grower is but one instance of what is being done commercially by men who are utilizing the information supplied by the Department of Agriculture scientists. The latter have made a study of blueberry culture for several years and are able to furnish data regarding the best varieties and the most suitable soils. Of particular significance is the fact that blueberries thrive best on peat and sand soils, so acid as to be considered worthless for ordinary agriculture. Thus through blueberry culture it is possible to utilize many tracts which have been regarded as especially hard and unpromising.

POLAND TO ISSUE NEW COIN.

Zlota to Replace Austrian Crown, Barred by Diet.

Poland is soon to have a new coin, the "zlota." This latest addition to the world's unpronouncables is reported by Trade Commissioner Louis E. Van Norman, studying Poles, Poland and Polish things for the Government from headquarters in Warsaw. Under the recent ruling of the Polish Diet barring the Austrian crown from circulation, Mr. Van Norman sees a great future for the "zlota."

As for general financial conditions, the Trade Commissioner found them improving. The Polish internal loans he found, were going well, with the people displaying no reluctance to lending their money to their new administrators. He reported the exchange rate between Russia and Poland as considerably improved.

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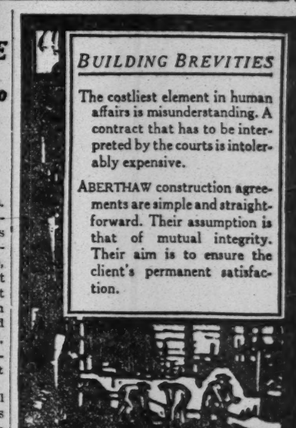

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THE PRESIDENT AS HE LOOKS TODAY

In The New York Times Rotogravure Picture section tomorrow two new photographs of President Wilson will be published, each occupying a quarter-page. These are the first satisfactory photographs which have been made of the President since his illness, and were approved by him and publication authorized at the White House.—Advt.

ARREST EXPECTED IN ELWELL MURDER

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

any matter of importance to be settled between them.

The new suspect is a man of family, middle-aged, apparently quite prosperous. The surface indications are against his pursuing a money quarrel to great lengths.

The man in question had visited the Elwell home, was known to many of his friends and might have known something about Elwell's habits. The detectives do not believe this man or anybody else visited Elwell in his house in the early morning hours, or that he returned home with Elwell after the latter had left his friends at the New Amsterdam Theatre. They think he called there shortly before the shooting and roused Elwell by vigorously ringing the bell until the door was opened. Members of the Homicide Squad admit as possibilities that the murderer might have entered through a front door left open by Elwell that morning because of the heat; that he might have obtained a key; that he might have hidden in the house for hours; that he might have spent the morning arguing with Elwell before killing him; that he might have been admitted by an employe of Elwell; that he might have been admitted freely by Elwell, thinking him a friend.

But various objections raised to each of these ideas have caused them to be considered unlikely, and the police theory of the probable manner of entrance by the murderer is as follows:

"He came there sometime between 8 and 8:30 o'clock and rang the bell again and again. Elwell probably reached the conclusion that the housekeeper was at the front door and had forgotten her key. On the previous morning he had come downstairs wearing his slippers and housegown. This time he wore nothing but his pajamas and his feet were bare. He did not wear his toupee and false teeth. He would not bother to fix himself up for his housekeeper as he would for anybody else. He might have stooped to pick up the letters which had been thrust under the inside door by the postman, Torrey, either before opening the door or just as he opened the door, and the murderer thus might have entered the house before his victim discovered it was not his housekeeper. Elwell might have discovered who it was, but too late to prevent the man from inserting a foot and forcing him, by superior strength or by pointing the revolver at him, to stop resisting.

"Whether he had the revolver on Elwell from the start or dref it on him later is doubtful, but there probably was some conversation between them before Elwell realized that his life was in danger. The fact that he had opened one of his letters indicates that he might have pretended a lack of interest in the threats or statements of the man facing him in the little reception room."

Silent Concerning Cigarettes.

Assistant District Attorney Dooling said he had not learned what value as evidence the half-smoked cigarettes in the reception room might have. One of Elwell's usual brand, made to order for himself, was found at his side, the wrong end of it having been lighted, indicating probable mental stress. A half-smoked cigarette of different type was reported found on a mantelpiece on the wall opposite to that against which Elwell's chair was resting. The cigarettes may have played an important part in the investigation. When one of the police officials in charge of the case was asked at the Criminal Courts Building whether they had been useful, he said:

"We can tell you nothing about the cigarettes."

The mass of detail in connection with the case has been so great, it became apparent yesterday, that one set of investigators has been in possession of information which others have been seeking for days. While members of the District Attorney's staff have been questioning witness after witness to account for a missing set of keys, the police detectives knew all about them and had them already marked as evidence and filed at Headquarters.

"I only learned today," said Mr. Dooling, who had questioned the housekeeper, chauffeur, secretary, locksmith and others about them, "that the third set of keys were found on the day of the murder on a mantelpiece in Elwell's bedroom. The housekeeper had one set. The second set was in Elwell's clothes and the third set was on his mantelpiece."

Keys Abandoned as a Clue.

Mrs. Larsen, apparently confused by the heavy fire of questions during her first examinations, when she was forced to confess that she removed a woman's pink silk kimono, a boudoir cap and a pair of slippers from Elwell's bedroom, insisted there were only two sets of keys, but she remembered when questioned again on Thursday night that the third set of keys had been found on the mantel in his room. This was corroborated later by the police. The keys, however, are not now believed to be of any value in solving the mystery left by the murder for the police to unravel. If the third set of keys was obtained by the murderer by bribery or in some other manner, and if he used the keys to gain entrance, their presence in Elwell's room is difficult to explain. While he might have gone upstairs with Elwell and spent some time talking with him there, he left no evidence of the fact, and the police believe that the murderer and Elwell were together only in the reception room on the first floor and probably in the front hall.

Because of reports that Charles C. Whaley, now of Knoxville, Tenn., had sent a threatening letter to Elwell some years ago, his cousin, W. Gibbes Whaley, who is Mrs. Elwell's lawyer, made public the text of a letter yesterday. According to the report, the alleged threatening letter was sent about four years ago, at the time when Mrs. Elwell was obtaining her separation and when Elwell was doing his utmost to discover or fashion evidence on which he might sue for divorce.

Text of the Letter.

The letter given out by Mr. Whaley, however, was sent more than eight years ago. While the copy which he made public is not dated, it was sent, he said, in reply to an ugly letter written by Elwell on Christmas Day, 1911. The reply is:

J. B. Elwell, Esq.,
784 Park Avenue, New York City.

Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of December 25 [illegible] no answer, other than to say that it is both untruthful and impertinent.

Your suggestion as to where you can be found, namely at McCormick Bros., appears to me to be simply an expression of a desire not to meet me, as you are well aware that it is a suggestion that I meet you where you could hide behind the backs of friends.

I will be pleased to meet you at any time, at any neutral place, and if you will notify me when and where, I will meet you then and there.

Any communication from you in the future must come through a third party or by letter. I will decline to discuss any matter over the phone with you. Vituperative or abuse over the phone is simply the act of a coward.

Yours, etc.,
CHARLES C. WHALEY.

W. Gibbes Whaley said Elwell had originally telephoned to his cousin and used such language that his cousin hung up the phone. Elwell then wrote an abusive letter, to which this was a reply. Mr. Whaley said the incident was so old that he did not remember much about the origin of it, except that his cousin was an expert bridge player and frequently played cards with Mrs. Elwell, the author of the works on cards published under the name of Joseph Bowne Elwell.

It was stated that at that time and later Elwell was, or pretended to be, jealous of nearly every man who was on friendly terms with Mrs. Elwell, and her cards-able friends numbered scores.

Mr. Whaley said that he and Mrs. Elwell had learned of Elwell's efforts to get evidence for a divorce, but that it failed completely because none could be discovered or successfully invented. Charles C. Whaley was later in the United States Army. As far as could be learned yesterday, their quarrel never resulted in a physical encounter. At her home Mrs. Elwell said:

"That letter from Mr. Whaley had not one word of threat in it, and it is ridiculous to suppose it had any bearing on the case. The letter, I believe, was about eleven years old. It was written because Mr. Elwell had called him names."

Mrs. Elwell Advances Theory.

Mrs. Elwell said she was strongly persuaded that no woman was concerned in the crime. One of her reasons was that Elwell had always been able to placate women who had become hostile to him.

"Personally, I believe Mr. Elwell's house in Seventieth Street was nothing short of a gambling den," she said. "It is my belief that, early in the morning before he was murdered, Mr. Elwell had one of these affairs, that one of the persons there lost heavily, suspected him of dishonesty, returned to the house and confronted him."

Mrs. Elwell said that she did not remember where she had first met Elwell, but that it was at some party.

"He had been in the insurance business," she continued, "but when we were married, he really had no position. He had, however, acquired some skill in card playing and was winning considerable sums at it. A friend at a whist club once asked him to give his daughters lessons in whist, and that caused me to suggest to him that he give lessons for pay, and that he do so at Newport, where the rates were higher.

"As time went on he won more and more at cards and began to invest in stocks, and we had plenty of money. Our income at one time, I remember, was between $30,000 and $35,000 a year."

Speaking of her husband's affairs with women, Mrs. Elwell said in reply to a question:

"He was fascinating, but he was a fiend when things went badly, or some one became his enemy."

Elwell Expelled from School.

Another thing which Mrs. Elwell made public for the first time was that Elwell had been expelled from Andover Preparatory School, where he had been sent by a wealthy relative. She would not tell the reason for his expulsion. She said he had never been to college, and that she knew nothing else about his youth or early manhood.

Mrs. Elwell said that Mr. Whaley was merely an acquaintance of hers and that Elwell never had any occasion to be jealous. A blackjack was found at the Elwell residence a couple of days after the murder, and the father of the murdered man explained it by saying that his son had bought it at a time when he was threatened with violence by a man with whom he had had a quarrel over Mrs. Elwell. This was four or five years ago, according to the father, and the weapon was found at the bottom of a drawer, indicating that Elwell had long gotten over the idea that he needed it. According to other information it appeared that he had carried this weapon for some time, in order to be prepared, in case of a physical encounter with Whaley.

Figueroa Testimony Given Out.

Assistant District Attorney Talley made public a portion of the record of the examination of Octavio Figueroa, the Buenos Aires journalist who was a member of the party on the night before the murder, which included Elwell, Miss Viola von Schlegell-Kraus and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Lewisohn. Mr. Figueroa told of the dinner party on the roof of the Ritz-Carlton and of the presence of Victor von Schlegell with his companion, Miss Elly Hope Anderson.

This incident had figured largely in the early investigation of the case because of the facts that Miss Kraus had that day obtained her final decree of divorce from von Schlegell; that the party was reported to be a celebration of the decree, although this was denied by Miss Kraus; that von Schlegell had turned up to be a witness to the apparent triumph over his loss of a wife, and that Elwell was reported to have rebuffed von Schlegell's friendly advances.

Mr. Figueroa's narrative added nothing to previous statements, with the exception that he remembered that Miss Kraus had at one time during the party on the Ritz roof communicated with Elwell by taking a pencil and writing or drawing something on his cuff. Captain Carey said they had found some unintelligible writing on the cuff, but had attached no significance to it after receiving Figueroa's explanation.

Roof Party Characters Dropped.

All the characters on the Ritz roof have been apparently dropped by the police and District Attorney's office for all practical purposes in the investigation of the crime. The investigators were not even interested when Edgar Walters, a chauffeur, was reported to have looked at a picture of von Schlegell and said that he might have been his fare on the morning of June 11.

Walters had previously said that he drove Elwell home from the New Amsterdam Theatre at about 2 o'clock on the morning of the murder. He judged that his fare was Elwell from Elwell's pictures. His story held together very well with the exception that he said his passenger wore a business suit, not a dinner jacket. Elwell had worn a dinner jacket. So had Von Schlegell. Being vague in his recollection, the chauffeur might easily have confused photographs of the two men, according to Mr. Dooling. Mr. von Schlegell being a cleanshaven, light-haired man of athletic build, six feet in height—a description which also fitted Elwell. No tall man of light complexion would be safe from identification by the colored chauffeur in the opinion of the Assistant District Attorney.

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WOULD PAY $75,000 FOR EAST RIVER PIER

Glad to Give More Than $14,000 for Lease, Shipping Firms Say.

CRAIG DEFENDS AWARD

LaGuardia Tells of Higher Offers—Lessee, with $5,000 Capital, Incorporated on Wednesday.

Various shipping firms declared yesterday that they would be glad to pay as high as $75,000 a year for the pier in the East River at East Fourth Street which was leased for $14,000 Thursday by the Sinking Fund Commission, without regard to applications of steamship companies, to the stevedore firm of Carroll, Hagan & Carroll, of which Foster A. Hagan, a son of James J. Hagan, a Tammany district leader, is a member. These announcements, it was pointed out, might indicate that the city, in leasing East River piers at the nominal rent of 70 cents a square foot, is disposing of its shipping facilities at from one-quarter to one-half of their rental value.

Other developments yesterday in the controversy over the leasing of the East Fourth Street pier were: an assertion by President F. H. La Guardia, of the Board of Aldermen, that the Northern Steamship Company had bid $19,000 for the pier awarded to the stevedore firm for $14,000; a statement from Controller Charles L. Craig declaring that President La Guardia spoke "without regard for the facts" Thursday when he denounced the action of the Sinking Fund Commission as "the picking of the biggest Tammany plum that has been handed out since I took city office;" an announcement from Murray Hulbert, Commissioner of Docks and Ferries, that several months ago he had rejected Carroll, Hagan & Carroll's application for the pier; and the discovery that the stevedore firm had been incorporated at a capital of $5,000 on Wednesday, the day before the East Fourth Street pier lease was awarded to it.

THE NEW YORK TIMES of Thursday carried a dispatch from Albany announcing the incorporation of the stevedore firm of Carroll, Hagan & Carroll. Listed as members of the firm were Thomas P. Carroll, of Newark, Thomas J. Carroll, 172 West Eighty-second Street, and Foster A. Hagan, 1,127 Carroll Street, Brooklyn. Thomas P. Carroll has been in the stevedore business for years and is well known along the water front. Thomas J. Carroll is his son. James J. Hagan, Tammany leader of the Seventh Assembly District, the father of Foster A. Hagan, has been a life-long friend of the elder Carroll, it was said.

Political Influence Denied.

At the office of Carroll, Hagan & Carroll at Pier 1, North River, Foster A. Hagan denied that political influence had been exerted to obtain the East Fourth Street pier for his firm. The fact that his firm was incorporated only the day before the Sinking Fund Commission awarded the pier was a "coincidence," he said. The firm had been in business for nearly two years under the name of Carroll, Hagan & Carroll, the younger Hagan said, although until recently all checks have been signed by Thomas P. Carroll and the office telephone is listed in the directory under the Carroll name.

"Our firm is engaged in legitimate business," said Hagan. "We are stevedores specializing in unloading fruit steamers. You know how hard it has been to get docking facilities in this city and many of the tramp steamers we have contracted to unload have been delayed in the harbor with perishable fruits waiting for vacant docks. In order that we could serve our clients better and unload their ships quicker, and most of them are tramp steamers not owned by any steamship lines leasing docks in the city, we put in application last November for the East Fourth Street pier.

"On account of its being so short, that pier has not been used much. It is not long enough for the usual length tramp steamer, but it serves the purpose for small steamers carrying fruit to this port from Central America."

Controller Craig issued a statement in reply to President La Guardia and explaining the act of the majority of the Sinking Fund Commission, in which he said:

"The statements of the President of the Board of Aldermen are made without regard to the facts. The lessee of this pier can neither assign nor sublet the lease except upon the recommendation of the Dock Commissioner and the approval of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

"The President of the Board of Aldermen has omitted any reference whatsoever to the action of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund with respect to the pier at the foot of East Fifth Street, for which action he voted.

Policy of Commissioners.

"For a long time the question of leasing piers to stevedores has been under discussion, and until recently it has been the policy of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund not to approve such leases.

"This policy in practice, however, has been found to deprive a great number of steamers of docking facilities. In other words, the practice of loaning piers, while limited to steamship companies by recent action, has the necessary tendency and effect of barring access to those steamship companies who have not been fortunate enough to obtain the lease of a pier. There are a great many freighters that cannot afford to assume the burden of a lease because they do not have a sufficient number of vessels calling at this port with regularity to justify the tying up of a pier for their exclusive use.

In order to accommodate this class of traffic, after several months of discussion it was determined to open up some of the piers on the East River that have had very little use for a great many years, and which are only now becoming available because the channel has been deepened by the Federal Government.

"The determination was reached to equip two of the piers and maintain them for open wharfage, one of them to be leased to a single stevedore, and the one next to it, at the foot of East Fifth Street, to be used by all stevedores. The effect of this is to provide sharp competition between stevedores at adjoining piers so that the steamship companies that have no piers may at all times obtain the benefit of ready accommodation without any undue exaction for loading and unloading cargoes. This will also serve to determine whether it is better to have a pier operated by a single stevedoring concern or to have a number of them working on the same pier at the same time.

"The assertion of the President of the Board of Aldermen that there was any politics in the opening up of the piers at the foot of East Fourth and Fifth Streets for general stevedoring purposes and for steamship accommodations is utterly without foundation.

"The rental fixed for the Fourth Street pier was that recommended by the Dock Commissioner and that customarily paid for other like piers on the East River, namely, 70 cents per square foot. In addition to this, the lessee must pay 7½ per cent. on the entire outlay required for the reconstruction of the pier and the provision of necessary fixed loading and unloading apparatus. This is the same principle as that applied to the Staten Island piers, and carries the lease as a self-sustaining improvement."

LaGuardia Replies to Craig.

After Controller Craig had issued his statement, President LaGuardia said that it was through his insistence that the East Fifth Street pier, the dock to the north of the one awarded to the stevedore firm, had been set aside for open wharfage.

"When the Sinking Fund Commission was discussing the disposal of the East Fourth Street pier," Mr. LaGuardia said, "James A. Hagan appeared before the commission to speak in favor of awarding the pier to his son's firm. He shook his finger in Controller Craig's face and asked, 'Are you going to vote to give us that lease or are you not?'

"Controller Craig turned his head, hesitated and then said 'Yes.' Before that Mr. Craig had said that he would not vote for awarding the pier to any but a steamship company."

Mr. La Guardia added that the French-American Line had bid $14,000 plus 7½ per cent annually of the cost of dredging and reconstruction, the same amount offered by Carroll, Hagan & Carroll. The Atlantic Fruit Company, he said, was another applicant, while the Northern Steamship Company had bid $19,614 plus 7½ per cent. for the same pier.

At the Atlantic Fruit Company office at 61 Broadway, it was admitted that the company had filed application for leasing the pier. The matter has been referred to lawyers of the company, it was said, and their report is being awaited before the company decides whether to take any further action. Asked what he considered a fair rental for the East Fourth Street pier, one of the officials replied "$50,000."

This concern operates twenty-five boats between New York and Cuban and West Indian ports carrying fruit, sugar and general cargoes. Similar cargoes are brought to New York by the French-American line operating thirty-six vessels from New Orleans, Marseilles, Cuba, and the West Indies.

A. Frankel, President of the line, said he was not in a position to say what his concern might offer for the pier.

Difficulty in Finding Berths.

"I can only say that we are experiencing great difficulty in finding berths for ships. We would be only too glad to lease piers, and when we are not using them, throw them open to the fruit business at a normal rental and without profit. We were prepared to pay $75,000 a year on a ten or twenty-year lease for a pier at East Twenty-fourth Street."

Any line, he added, would be willing to pay $300 a day for the use of the East Fourth Street pier after it has been put into proper condition.

Other steamship companies said that they would be willing to increase their docking facilities by leasing the East Fourth Street berth, but officials refused to be quoted, as they feared their criticism might result in their not being able to obtain further pier leases.

Murray Hulbert, Commissioner of Docks and Ferries, said that the 7½ per cent. provision of the lease would bring the annual revenue to the city, including the $14,000 rental for the pier, to about $25,000.

Although steamship companies had presented bids for the pier, Mr. Hulbert said that he was in favor of the berth remaining an open pier. Several months ago, Carroll, Hagan & Carroll applied through the Department of Docks and Ferries for this pier, Mr. Hulbert said, and he had disapproved their request. Thereupon the firm approached the Sinking Fund Commission.

Income from Open Pier.

While the East Fourth Street dock has been operated as an open pier, he continued, its annual revenue had been $8,200. The Third Street pier, south of the berth awarded to the stevedore firm, is a recreation pier, but berths alongside have been leased to various vessels. Figures at the Department of Docks and Ferries showed that the mere wharfage charges had brought the city $9,500 from this pier. Other documents showed that Carroll, Hagan & Carroll leased Pier 2, North River, some time ago, at the nominal rate of 70 cents a square foot.

Members of some shipping concerns said that the short length of the East Fourth Street pier, about 300 feet, rendered docking facilities impracticable for any but small cargo steamers. A length of over 450 feet, preferably 500 to 600 feet, is required for piers for the average large tramp steamer of the transoceanic trade. Figured at 70 cents a square foot, the nominal rental of the 390 by 60 foot Fourth Street pier would be $16,380. Much longer piers at the foot of East Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Streets, it was learned yesterday, were rented by the city at the 70-cent per square foot rate.

No statement was forthcoming from Mayor Hylan's office yesterday. The Mayor and the President of the Board of Aldermen, according to Mr. La Guardia, were the only members of the Sinking Fund Commission opposing leasing the East River pier to the firm of which young Hagan is a member.

Mayor Hylan announced his policy regarding pier rentals in a letter written March 8 of this year to Commissioner Hulbert.

"In the last administration," wrote the Mayor, "piers have been let to stevedoring concerns and other so-called navigating and shipping corporations which own no ships and which have sublet such piers to others at exorbitant rentals. Likewise, docking permits for pier privileges have been granted to stevedoring concerns and so-called navigation and shipping corporations. This should be discontinued, and, until a definite policy as to the handling of this proposition shall be adopted, only those who own and operate boats should be given leases and permits for city piers.

"Notify the lessees of city-owned piers," the Mayor ordered Commissioner Hulbert, "that if they desire to sublet while their piers are not in use by their own boats, to advise the Dock Department and sublet only through the Dock Department, such subletting and granting of permits to be in the order of application to the Dock Department, with American shipping receiving the preference.

"Legitimate shipping business and ship owners should be protected and encouraged to the harbor. For this reason I wish you to notify every one holding a city pier under a lease or a permit, that if any such lessees wish to sublet a city owned pier or any part thereof at a higher rental per day than he is paying the city for it, or charge more for wharfage per day than is being paid the city, his lease or permit will be revoked."

UNIONS ACT TO MAKE TRUCK FIGHT A TIEUP

Teamsters Consider Walkout as a Protest Against Independent Vehicles.

WILL MEET AGAIN THURSDAY

Leaders Intimate That Any Move Will Be "General" and Not Confined to One Trade.

Leaders of the transportation trades unions took steps yesterday to start their threatened counter-offensive against the commercial interests in the struggle for the "open shop" in transportation agencies started by the Citizens' Transportation Committee. Meetings of the longshoremen and the teamsters, whose unions are most intimately touched by the merchants' campaigns, have been called for next week to decide upon the details of the unions' fight.

The business agents of the sixteen locals in the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, at a meeting yesterday at 216 West Fifty-eighth Street, discussed the advisability of calling out all the teamsters in the city as a protest against the operation of the independent trucks of the Citizens' Transportation Committee. A special meeting of all the teamsters to decide upon their course was set for Thursday. William P. Kehoe, Corresponding Secretary of the Transportation Trades Council, a union organization including all of the transportation workers, declared that the unions were determined to fight the open shop movement.

The union spokesman intimated that any action which might be taken by the unions would be "general" and not confined to any particular trade. The leaders all avoided the use of the term "general strike," and said that they were not prepared at this time to state the exact course which the labor men would take, although their course had been fairly definitely decided upon. About 44,000 teamsters and chauffeurs will be represented at next week's meetings.

The plan for a general strike of all the longshoremen, including the deep sea men, has not been entirely abandoned, despite the agreement under which the deep sea men are now working, which keeps them under contract until Sept. 30. The radicals among the coastwise longshoremen, who have decided by an overwhelming vote to continue the strike on the piers at which the citizens' trucks are now operating, are doing their utmost to gain the support of the deep sea men in a sympathetic walkout.

The fifty-six locals of the International Longshoremen's Association, of which T. V. O'Connor is President, will hold a joint meeting on Sunday at 164 Eleventh Avenue to discuss the question of sympathetic action. Ollie Anderson of Galveston, Texas, leader of the longshore strike at that point, will be one of the speakers.

The Citizens' Transportation Committee adopted yesterday a schedule of charges for its trucking services. The company has as yet rendered no bills for services and rumors have been circulated that the charges were higher than normal. The schedule shows these rumors to be unfounded, members of the committee said.

The schedule follows:

Schedule of charges for trucking of merchandise between Piers 35, 36, 37 and 38 and Piers 48, 49, 50, 51 and 52, North River, and places located in the districts named below:

District No. 1—Between the Battery and Thirty-fourth Street and west of and including Broadway, 15c. per hundred pounds. Minimum charge, $1 per single shipment; $5 per truck load.

District No. 2—Between the Battery and Thirty-fourth Street and east of Broadway to the East River, 18c. per hundred pounds. Minimum charge, $1 per single shipment; $6 per truck load.

District No. 3—North of Thirty-fourth Street to and including Forty-second Street, 20c. per hundred pounds. Minimum charge, $1.25 per single shipment; $8 per truck load.

District No. 4—North of Forty-second Street to and including 125th Street, 24c per hundred pounds. Minimum charge, $1.50 per single shipment; $10 per truck load.

District No. 5—North of Ninety-sixth Street to and including 125th Street, $24c. per hundred pounds. Minimum charge, $2 per single shipment; $13 per truck load.

District No. 6—North of 125th Street to and including 200th Street, 30c. per hundred pounds. Minimum charge, $3 per single shipment; $20 per truck load.

District No. 7—Brooklyn, Jersey City and Hoboken (points within one mile of ferries), 25c. per hundred pounds. Minimum charge, $2 per single shipment; $15 per truck load.

To points not provided for above quotations will be made upon application.

These charges include loading, and service will be supplied to any one, regardless of whether he is a member of the commercial organization represented by the committee.

Colonel F. A. Molitor, Chairman of the Citizens Trucking Committee, gave out a table showing that 236,000 pounds of freight were moved at the coastwise steamship piers yesterday by forty-four trucks of the committee.

The New York Terminal Committee, which was appointed by the Interstate Commerce Commission several weeks ago to determine the causes of freight congestion in the port of New York, yesterday notified the State Chamber of Commerce that some drastic action in the matter of cleaning up freight that accumulates over the week-end at various Hudson River piers is imperative. Charles T. Gwynne, Secretary of the Chamber, is communicating with all of its members urging that freight be moved on Saturdays and Sundays for the next few weeks to prevent complete paralyzation and to relieve the situation.

C. F. U. TO AID STRIKERS.

Pledges Its Support to City's Transportation Workers.

The Central Federated Union at its regular meeting last night pledged its financial and moral support to the striking coastwise longshoremen, following a direct appeal for help from John F. Riley, President of the New York District Council of the International Longshoremen's Association. The Executive Committee was empowered to assist the longshoremen and teamsters financially and to call upon every local union in the city for aid, if necessary.

"Labor has its back to the wall," declared Abraham Lefkowitz of the Teachers' Union, in urging support for the strikers. He declared that the question of the survival of unions was never more vital than today. "We must keep up the fight," he said. "We must aid the longshoremen and teamsters, for they are fighting combined capital, which places them at a great disadvantage."

William F. Kehoe, Secretary of the Teamsters' Union, also made an appeal for aid. He said that William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants' Association, had been credited with saying that the "open shop" was here to stay, and that Morgan and other members of the Merchants' Association had decided that New York City was the pivotal place to begin to dislodge the unions' hold on industry and its branches.

"We have indorsed the stand taken by the longshoremen and teamsters," said Edward I. Hannah, Chairman of the Central Federated Union, after the meeting, "and I think I can speak for every union man in the Greater City when I say that the pledge we have made to lend every moral and financial support will mean the biggest kind of an 'eye opener' for The Merchants' Association. We intend to use our collective strength in an honorable fashion so that a satisfactory settlement or adjustment of the differences between the strikers and the members of The Merchants' Association will be arranged."

UNIONS FIGHT LABOR PARTY.

Four C. F. U. Members Protest Use of Funds to Aid New Body.

Letters from four unions protesting against the use by the Central Federated Union of any money in its treasury for the promotion of the American Labor Party's cause were read at the regular weekly meeting of the central body last night. One union gave notice of its withdrawal from the central union because of the recent action of that body in repudiating its former support of the Labor Party. The Central Federated Union had supported the American Labor Party movement until the conservative element, led by Peter J. Brady, got control of the meeting a few weeks ago and caused the adoption of a resolution repudiating its former alliance with the Labor Party and in favor of Gompers's policy of electing friends and defeating enemies in the old parties.

The unions which protested against the use of any money by the Central Federated Union for the Labor Party were the New York Photo-Engravers' Union No. 1, Paper Cutters' Union No. 19, International Longshoremen's Union, letter signed by John F. Riley, William Delaney and Thomas Cleary, and Electrotypers' Union No. 100.

The Amalgamated Silver Workers' Union, Local 38, gave notice of its unanimous decision to withdraw from the central body because of its repudiation of the Labor Party.

The meeting went on record as protesting against the action of sixty students from Columbia University in taking the places of twenty-eight striking mailers in the plant of the Butterick Publishing Company. A delegates from Mailers' Union No. 6 said the strike was won until the Columbia students were brought into the plant. He said that President Nicholas Murray Butler and Dean Hawkes of Columbia had approved the action of the students.

Last Trip as Cunarder.

The Royal George sailed yesterday on her last trip as a Cunard Line steamer, the vessel, according to a report, having been sold to another English company. She carried 260 first cabin, 225 second cabin and 450 steerage passengers. Among those on board were James M. Beck and Mrs. Beck, who will visit their son, James M. Beck, Jr., attaché to the American Embassy in London; Count and Countess Bonvouloir, the latter a sister of Clarence Mackay, and Bishop Kinsolving of Texas.

TELLS OF AID TO LABOR.

Miss Gawthorpe Says Workers' Board Nurtures Self-Respect.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, June 25.—Mrs. Mary Gawthorpe, national organizer of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, who has been in charge of the educational program of the Rochester joint board during the first session of educational work, was the principal speaker at the Friday night session of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society at Highland, which is being held at The Inn in the Hills.

Mrs. Gawthorpe declared that the operations of the Labor Adjustment Board machinery of the clothing workers is visibly changing that "ancient stigma of labor" in the mind of the worker, into a consciousness of dignified, industrial citizenship and personal self-respect almost passing belief.

Other speakers on Friday evening were Edgar B. Davis, formerly of the United States Rubber Company; Captain Otto S. Beyer, Jr., railway engineer, and Ben Legere of the Workers' Defense Union. Willard Osman was the Chairman.

The session on Saturday morning will be devoted to the subject, "Radicals of the Right," with Harriet Stanton Blatch, the well-known suffragist, as Chairman, and in the evening to the subject, "Socialist and Communist Groups."

GIRL DECOY SENTENCED.

Helen Lunne, Who Lured Victim for Robbers, Sent to an Institution.

Helen Lunne, a fifteen-year-old telephone operator, of 500 Brook Avenue, the Bronx, who was arrested last week for her alleged connection with a conspiracy to hold up and rob Arthur Bahr, a ticket agent at the Hunt's Point station of the New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, was sentenced yesterday to an indeterminate term in the House of the Good Shepherd by Justice Cornelius F. Collins in the Bronx Children's Court. She pleaded guilty to a charge of juvenile delinquency, and Justice Collins sentenced her, despite the pleas of her parents for "another chance."

The girl on the night of June 14, it was alleged, lured Bahr to an isolated section of Whitlock Avenue, about two blocks from the station, where two men attacked him.

CALEXICO MADE ENTRY PORT

Chinese Resident Points Out Profits to be Made Thereby.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Calexico, Cal., is made a port of entry and exit from Mexico for Chinese holding American citizenship under a ruling today by the Department of Labor in the case of Shun Chuck Poy, also known as San Poy, of San Francisco.

Attorneys for the San Francisco Chinese presented representations to the department through Commissioner General of Immigration Caminetti that commerce between the United State and Mexico through Chinese merchants had become so extensive that an additional port of entrance and exit was necessary and would result in additional trade amounting to millions of dollars. Other such ports—San Francisco, Seattle, San Diego and Boston—it was held were inconveniently located for border trade.

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COUNTRY FROCKS	Formerly to $95	$35—$45—$65
SEPARATE SPORT SKIRTS	Formerly to $50	$25—$35
NEW WOOL SWEATERS	Formerly to $25	$10—$15
SHEER SUMMER BLOUSES	Formerly to $25	$10—$15
STREET AND SPORT HATS	Formerly to $35	$15—$20

Chicks 11 cents each and up. Rocks, Leghorns, Reds, and brollers. Money back for dead ones. Pamphlet Free. VALLEY VIEW POULTRY FARM McAlisterville, Pa.

Intercollegiate Golf Championship.

The New York Times tomorrow will contain a report by an expert of the finals of the Intercollegiate Golf Championship at the Nassau Country Club.—Advt.

In tall glasses—plenty of crushed Knickerbocker Ice

Now you're all set to serve from the tall pitcher the sparkling amber tea. Here's the recipe of a popular Long Island hostess: Brew the tea stronger than if to be used hot, strain and cool. Add the juice of two lemons to a pitcher serving six glasses. Sweeten. Top each frosty glass with a sprig of fresh mint.

You know that you must have full-flavored tea to make GOOD iced tea. And you must have pure ice to make the drink healthful.

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Good Clothes and smart Furnishings and shoes have not been as low since the armistice.

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You may pay more, but you can get *nothing better* from a style standpoint

BROADWAY Saks & Company AT 34TH STREET

RAIL WAGE AWARD SET FOR JULY 20

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

three months, ever since the outlaw strikes began. We have lost 60,000 men by revoking charters of unions which called walkouts. We could not hold the others another week if the board had not promised to announce its decision in the immediate future.

"The biggest walkouts have been in the East, where the outlaw unions have no organization. Definite announcement to show that they will get a wage increase dating from May 1 and not later than July 20 will do much to prevent a general strike of the lines.

"But the board would have done much better to have promised a decision before July 1. Three weeks and a half is a long time to wait in the present impatient temper of the men."

Resolutions reiterating statements of the Chicago Yardmen's Association that its members, who were the first to start the "vacation walkouts," would not return to work until their full seniority rights were restored were adopted at a mass meeting called by the association tonight for the announced purpose of "presenting their side of the case to the public." The resolutions appeal to the press and various civic and commercial organizations to urge the Interstate Commerce Commission to restore their seniority rights. Copies will be sent to the Democratic National Convention at San Francisco.

Grunau Attacks Brotherhoods.

John Grunau, President of the organization, in his address, charged that "all present labor difficulties in the railroad industry are due to the inefficiency of the old railroad brotherhoods," adding that "these organizations have become a monarchy."

"But for the inefficiency of the men at the head of the railroad brotherhoods the difficulties between the men and the roads would have been settled within two weeks," he continued.

"Because the brotherhoods failed us more than 275,000 men now have left the roads, and their places are being taken by sixteen-year-old youths in violation of the law of the land. As a result of the inefficiency of these boys daily murder is being committed, the hospitals are filling with legless and armless men and millions of dollars' worth of equipment is being destroyed.

"The brotherhoods approved the announcement of the Railroad Board that its decision would be made by July 20 to save their own bread and butter. They knew nearly every man in the service would join us unless they took prompt action to stop it. Sixty per cent. of the railroad workers have taken other jobs since we organized, and they will never go back until seniority rights and higher pay are granted. We are not to be starved out."

Maclay Hoyne, State's attorney, was invited by the yardmen to speak "as a representative of the public." He expressed his willingness to help in any mediation move which might be brought up, pointing out that "everything worth while obtained by labor had been gained through collective bargaining."

Francis Patrick Boland of New York, who was Chairman of a committee of the "railroad vacationists" which went to Washington to plead their case before Federal officials, also addressed the meeting.

UNION HEADS RELIEVED.

Expect Early Return of Workers—B. & O. Discharges All on Strike.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Announcement by the Railroad Labor Board in Chicago today that its award in the pending wage controversy would be given on or before July 20 is expected, both by Government officials and railroad union heads, to exercise a powerful influence in alleviating unrest among the workers.

The setting of a definite date for handing down the award was received with undisguised satisfaction by union heads, who were plainly worried by the sporadic strikes in Baltimore, Philadelphia and other Eastern railroad centres. They said tonight that not only could the announcement by the board be expected to prevent the spread of the walkouts, but it would undoubtedly tend to bring about the return of workers now out.

Prior to the board's announcement several Government agencies gave considerable attention to the strike situation. Secretary of the Interior Payne, who is head of the Railroad Administration, called at the White House late today and spent some time in conference with Secretary Tumulty. It is understood that reports on the general situation had been communicated to the President. News of the board's announcement reached the White House soon after Secretary Payne had left.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 25.—Striking train and yardmen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad voted tonight to remain out until their demands are met, according to a statement made by J. F. Lyons of Lodge 937, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, who was named Chairman of a committee to notify the press. He said there were 275 men at the meeting, all of whom were on a "vacation." A meeting held this morning was attended by 250 strikers, it was stated, and the men at that time were against returning to work.

The meeting tonight was called to reaffirm the stand taken at the morning session, the strike committee said, and to correct the impression given by a report published today, which was that the strikers had voted to go back to their posts. This report quoted John L. Rowe, local Chairman of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, as saying that the men had decided to return to work. The strike committee said that only seven men attended the meeting referred to by Rowe.

At the office of the General Superintendent of the New Haven Road it was announced tonight that no word had been received of any decision by the strikers to return. A statement issued by the railroad this afternoon said all striking employes who do not return tomorrow will lose their seniority rights. General Manager C. L. Bardo of the railroad said tonight that the strike situation was unchanged, that through freight trains were being handled and that passenger service was normal.

SHOPMEN LAY DOWN TOOLS.

Quit in Philadelphia-Camden District on Chicago Report.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—Railroad shopmen and machinists, aggregating several thousand, walked out tonight in the Philadelphia-Camden district as the result of the report from Chicago that the Railway Labor Wage Board would not grant their demands for increases, and instead are to offer a two-cent hourly rise.

When the Chicago report was announced at a large meeting of shopmen of the Allied Crafts Association, in West Philadelphia, the men voted in favor of the walkout. According to the men, all the shop employes on the Pennsylvania and the Reading left work tonight. While no estimate of the number of those quitting could be made, officials confirmed the report as to the defection.

The "middle" shift is said to have started the movement about 9 o'clock, when they laid down their tools and posted themselves outside the shops to tell the 11 o'clock shift about the move. The shopmen at Camden and Atlantic City also left work at 6 o'clock, it was reported. Altoona, Sunbury, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh are claimed by the new strikers to have been affected by a 100 per cent. walkout.

While the strike of the shopmen was looked for tomorrow, as they threatened to act should the Wage Board not make a decision by noon, the Chicago report crystalized the feeling of unrest of the several thousand who voted on the strike ballot tonight. Only 13 were reported against the move.

The shopmen have been asking for a 20 per cent. rise. Machinists who are now getting 72 cents an hour demand 88 cents, and when the rumor of the 2-cent award from the board was circulated the men were indignant.

It is expected the striking shopmen will ally themselves with "vacationists" from the yards who have been out a week. A meeting has been called for noon tomorrow to determine on a further course and if possible influence firemen and enginemen of the passenger service to join their ranks.

MANY HURT IN CRASH AT BAPTIST MEETING

Nine Preachers and Woman of 83 Among Forty Injured as Grandstand Falls.

MISHAP MARS CONVENTION

Delegates at Earlier Session Vote Hands Off Ireland — Tell of Rockefeller $3,000,000 Gift.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 25.—Forty persons were injured in a platform collapse today that marred the Thirteenth Annual Northern Baptist Convention midway in its six days' session here. The accident happened at noon, when a bleacher in the rear yard of the Broadway Auditorium, where the meetings are held, fell suddenly while 300 persons, mostly the older men or women, were assembled on it to have a photograph taken. No one was killed, but fourteen of the forty injured were seriously enough hurt to be sent to hospitals.

When examined by physicians, many were found to be suffering from broken legs or arms, fractured hips and internal injuries. Nine of those hurt were Baptist preachers.

The crash involved one section of a semi-circular grandstand, into which some 2,000 Baptists were being called in groups from the auditorium to have their pictures taken. Among the men and women who had gone ahead to avoid the crowd, more than half were over 50 years old, and the eldest, it was said, was a woman of 83 years.

A call was immediately sent to all the hospitals for ambulances, while clergymen carried their brother preachers and the women up to the second floor of the auditorium, where an emergency hospital was in charge of Miss Caroline Walsh.

The injured, as announced by a convention committee at the session tonight, were:

At the Homeopathic Hospital:

JOHN RHOADES, Toledo, Ohio; compound fracture of right leg.

Rev. ROBERT NEIGHBORS, Indianapolis, Ind.; right leg broken, arm wrenched, possible fracture of several ribs.

WILLIAM HARDING, Stockton, Mass.; probable fracture of right ankle.

Rev. MARSHALL PETTIT, Grand Rapids, Mich.; fractured right ankle.

At Buffalo General Hospital:

FLORENCE SUTTEL, Chester County, Pa.; sprained right leg.

Rev. E. F. JOHNSON, Fredonia, N. Y.; broken left leg.

MARTHA DAVISON, 83, Angola, N. Y.; sprained ankle.

At the Emergency Hospital:

Rev. JOHN H. SHINDELL, Newark, N. J.; left leg broken.

Rev. A. K. Scott, Perry, Ohio; broken leg and possible internal injuries.

D. E. FAIRCHILDS, Shermansville, N. Y.; fractured leg.

Rev. J. L. Camm, Ontario, N. Y.; left leg broken.

ELIZABETH CARTER, Ansonia, Conn.; left ankle broken.

Of others hurt, Miss Lillian Anderson of Brooklyn, N. Y., who was taken to the Deaconess Hospital with a wrenched ankle, was able to leave this evening.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Peacock, President of Shaw University, Raleigh, N. C., was also taken to a hospital, where he was said to be suffering from an injured leg, but tonight he reappeared in the Auditorium.

Frank T. Reynolds, Building Commissioner of Buffalo, issued a statement following the accident, in which he said the grandstand that collapsed did not belong to the city, but had been erected on property in the rear of the hall by a private contractor. Nobody had received permission from the Building Department to put up a stand, he said, or he would have seen to it that the structure was safe before it was used.

The statement added that "the grandstand was only erected this morning, so that our inspector in the district had no opportunity to see that the law was being violated. It was put up, I understand, as a temporary affair, in order to take photographs of the delegates to the Baptist convention."

VOTE HANDS OFF IRELAND.

Baptists Unanimously Pass Resolution Against "Meddling."

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, June 25.—The Northern Baptist Convention passed unanimously at its session here this morning a resolution declared to be directed against the so-called "Irish Republic," which on its introduction yesterday stirred up a commotion and was referred to the Committee on Resolutions. That committee reported it back today and recommended its adoption.

The report was presented by the Rev. Dr. Carter Helm Jones of Philadelphia, condemned "any kind of propaganda, religious or political, which seeks to induce the Government of the United States to meddle with the internal affairs of Great Britain."

The Rev. E. T. Tomlinson, General Secretary of the Ministers' and Missionary Benefit Board, announced that his permanent fund had grown during the last year from $2,000,000 to $6,000,000, and that of the $4,000,000 increase John D. Rockefeller, S., had contributed $3,000,000.

"And I am told that Mr. Rockefeller is as happy as a boy over this work he has done for the old Baptist preachers and their widows," said Dr. Tomlinson. "I think it is Mr. Rockefeller's best work," he added.

Dr. Tomlinson, who called the aged preachers "Old Soldiers of the Cross," said that his organization, with other Baptist agencies, had moved into the Holland Building, New York City, and he introduced his new Associate Secretary, the Rev. Peter C. Wright, formerly of Hartford, Conn.

Winona Lake, Ind., was chosen as the place of holding the convention in June of next year. This was on the initiative of the Rev. Dr. John Weaver Waddell of Oberlin, Ohio.

Today's sessions of the convention included a number of separate conferences held in various local churches. At one of these the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Sears, Superintendent of the Baptist City Mission of New York City, criticised the Northern Baptist Convention for pulling out from the Interchurch World Movement. He spoke at a sectional conference of "city missions" held in the Asbury Delaware Church this afternoon.

Dr. Sears gave a report of "The New American Division of Interchurch World Movement." He called the action of the Baptists yesterday in withdrawing from the Interchurch "hysterical."

"Through the Interchurch's efforts," he added, "I have been able for the first time to get lists of foreign papers published in New York and all kinds of other helpful data, and just now, in the midst of our getting this help, the shears cut us off from the interchurch. I wish we might get our denomination to carry on this kind of work."

The Chairman was authorized to appoint a committee of three to ask the convention to provide for the publication of tracts in foreign languages through a proposed interdenominational publishing board.

The religious condition of San Francisco was "worse than any other city in the country," Dr. Sears remarked, when asked from the floor if he did not think that "things in San Francisco were pretty bad."

"I believe that the religious situation is worse there than in New York City, worse than in any other city in the United States," he replied, adding that San Francisco needed "a strong Baptist pulpit in the centre of the town."

A clergyman in the audience rose and said that "there was no provision for securing big evangelistic preachers in all San Francisco."

The Rev. A. Ray Petty, pastor of Judson Memorial Baptist Church, New York City, spoke on "Americanization—A Protest," saying the churches were not awake to their responsibility.

"Let us tear down these terrible tenement districts which are not fit to live in," said Mr. Petty. "There are, in my district, forms of industry in these tenements which can never be Americanized."

URGES NORTH CAROLINA TO RATIFY SUFFRAGE

President Wilson Sends Messages to Gov. Bickett and Senators Simmons and Overman.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—President Wilson has sent messages to Governor Bickett and Senators Simmons and Overman of North Carolina suggesting that he need not point out to them the "critical importance" of the action of the North Carolina Legislature on the Federal suffrage amendment when the Assembly meets in special session next month.

The message to Governor Bickett follows:

I am sure I need not point out to you the critical importance of the action of your great State in the matter of suffrage amendment.

The President previously had asked Governor Roberts of Tennessee, to call a special session of the Tennessee Legislature to act on the amendment.

Commenting on the telegram received from President Wilson late last night, Governor Bickett expressed the hope that the Tennessee Legislature would meet and ratify the amendment and thus make immediate action by North Carolina unnecessary.

"We have neither the time nor the money," said Governor Bickett, "and such action on the part of Tennessee would save this State the feeling of bitterness that would surely be engendered by debate on the subject that would come up in our Legislature.

"I have said all I intend to say on the subject of ratification. While I will take my medicine, I will never swear that it tastes good, for it doesn't."

2 KILLED IN OHIO FIGHT.

Kentuckian Slays Policeman and Is Shot by Another Officer.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, Ohio, June 25.—Following a deadly encounter at the home of James Boling, in which two men were killed, a call summoned police and Deputy Sheriffs to the place, armed with riot guns the officers surrounded the house, but found that police already there had control of the situation.

Charles J. Stegemann, Police Desk Sergeant, is dead, shot through the heart by James Boling, and Boling died later at Mercy Hospital, the result of shots fired by either Stegemann or Detective Chief Herman Dulle, who says Boling attempted to shoot him after Stegemann had fallen to the floor dying.

Stegemann was killed while in the performance of his duty. Last night the police were notified that there was a disturbance at the Boling home, the report being that a woman was being attacked. Officers were sent to the house, but when they arrived there was no indication of trouble and admission was refused.

This morning Detective Chief Dulle, Detective Harry Reilly and Sergeant Stegemann went to the home to investigate last night's report. As Stegemann stepped into an upstairs room Boling, it is said, seized a rifle and fired, the bullet entered Stegemann's heart. The latter was able to call help before he became unconscious and Detective Chief Dulle responded.

As Dulle darted up the stairs, he said later, Boling appeared and raised his rifle, and Dulle then began firing. Boling collapsed and fell to the floor, four bullet wounds causing probably fatal wounds.

James Boling was the head of the household which consisted of his mother, sister and two brothers, William and Lee. They are Kentuckians and came to this city a few months ago from Owsley County.

COAL FOR NEW YORK SHUT OFF BY ORDER

Steamship Supplies Also Affected, but Modification Is Expected Monday.

CITY WILL BE PROTECTED

Interstate Commerce Commission Will See That Public Utilities Are Not Forced to Stop.

An order issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission, which became effective yesterday morning, prohibits the transocean shipment of coal even for bunker purposes and gives New England an absolute priority right to all coal shipments, to the exclusion of New York, and all other cities along the Atlantic Seaboard north of Charleston, S. C. The order was made public last night at the office of J. W. Howe, Commissioner for the Tidewater Coal Exchange, controlling this port and the ports of Philadelphia and Baltimore.

A literal interpretation of the order makes it appear that no coal whatever can be brought into this city, even for the use of the public utilities, which need it badly, and would also bar the sale of bunker coal to transatlantic craft. It was said, however, that on Monday the commission would issue a modifying order which will provide for the coal needs of this port, and which will allow ships to take in whatever coal they may need for their own use.

The order, unless it is modified to the extent of permitting the public utilities in this city to obtain enough coal for their needs, will be precisely contrary to a promise which it is alleged the commission made to Deputy Public Service Commissioner Donnelly and James B. Walker, Secretary of the Public Service Commission, in Washington two days ago.

Mr. Donnelly and Mr. Walker went to Washington for the express purpose of asking the authorities there to come to the aid of the public utilities here and to explain that unless coal was permitted to come here at once the people of the city would face, within a fortnight, a shutdown of all of the public service corporations.

Order Dated Two Weeks Ago.

It was said last night by a representative of the Public Service Commission that, as the order made public by Commissioner Howe was adopted at a general meeting of the Interstate Commerce Commission on June 9 it probably has no bearing at all on the new conditions brought about by the conference between Messrs. Donnelly and Walker and the representatives of the commission.

It was reported that 80 per cent. of the boats of the United States Shipping Board were under charter to carry American coal to European ports and that the order would cause all of these craft to lie idle.

Before the text of the order became known representatives of the public utilities in the city had a conference with a committee of railroad Presidents in the office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at 85 Cedar Street in reference to the best methods for getting enough coal into the city to satisfy its needs. The railroads were represented by A. H. Smith, President of the New York Central Railroad Company; Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania, and W. G. Bessler, President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. Those present representing the public utilities included:

J. W. Lieb, Vice President and General Manager for the Receiver of the Company; W. R. Addicks, Vice President of the Consolidated Gas Company; W. Leon Pepperman, assistant to the President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company; W. S. Menden, General Manager for the receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company; G. W. Elliott, of the National Committee on Gas and Electric Service, besides representatives of the Philadelphia Electric Company and the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey.

Utilities to Stand Together.

Mr. Lieb, speaking for all of the utilities, stated that an agreement had been reached by which all of the utilities would stand together in any crisis, and would lend coal to each other, so that as long as one utility could run all of them could.

A recent order of the Interstate Commerce Commission reserving all open-top cars for coal was cited to show that the commission intended to provide the city with the coal its utilities needed.

This order, it was said, would increase the present production of the mines of about 9,000,000 tons a week to 11,500,000 tons. It will take a week or two, it was said, before this result could be achieved, but that when it began to be felt the present stringency would be instantly relieved and the companies could then begin laying up coal for the Winter.

Reports that 50,000 tons of coal were held up in the New Jersey meadows were verified yesterday by Inspectors of the Public Service Commission. No reason for the sidetracking of the coal was obtained, and Commissioner Barrett suggested that it might be for the purpose of getting the highest price for it. He said that the owners of the coal evidently did not mind paying demurrage costs, and that this was probably due to the conviction that later the charges would come out of the pockets of consumers.

Many of the coal contracts made by the public utility corporations expire on July 1 and bituminous coal that could have been bought a year ago for $5.75 a ton now ranges as high as $13. It was reported that a two days' supply of coal for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company had arrived in the harbor and that more was expected before this was consumed.

NEW ENGLAND NEEDS COAL.

Situation Is Most Serious Ever Faced, Says Fuel Chief.

BOSTON, June 25.—The statement that the bituminous coal situation in New England was rapidly growing worse was made by James J. Storrow, State Fuel Administrator, tonight.

"There is not coal enough in New England now," he said, "to meet the daily needs. The coal that has arrived on the railroads of New England is not anywhere near sufficient for their own daily consumption, and about the only way some of them are keeping trains moving at all is by confiscating what they call commercial coal right and left.

"The situation today is far more serious than it was during the Summer we entered the war. We are going backward fast. It is about the most serious coal situation we have ever faced."

Mr. Storrow said that so far as anthracite coal for use in the homes was concerned there was nothing at present to alarm householders.

APPROVES STATE COAL MINE

Governor to Call Indiana Legislature and Ask Funds.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 25.—Purchase and operation by the State of a coal mine in order to insure State institutions of an adequate supply of coal was approved by Governor James P. Goodrich today. This action was recommended by the State Purchasing Committee. Money to carry out the project will be asked of the State Legislature, which Governor Goodrich has announced he will call in special session soon.

The State's coal contracts expire June 30, and, according to a resolution prepared by the Purchasing Committee, it has received no bids in response to advertisements for the purchase of coal for State institutions during the coming year.

HUGE GROWTH OF Y. W. C. A.

Harlem Branch Has Increased from 600 to 3,500 Since Last Fall.

There is no more popular gathering place for young women in the city than the handsome new Young Women's Christian Association Building at 124th Street and Lenox Avenue, which was erected at a cost of $500,000 and is probably the most modern and comfortable structure of its kind in the country. When it was opened last October it had a membership of some 600, which has now grown to more than 3,500, and new members are enrolling every day.

The membership is by no means confined to Harlem. Members come from all parts of the five boroughs, though most of them come from the northern section of the city which has long felt the need of a model clubhouse where young women could foregather afternoon and evening for profit and entertainment. There are any number of cool, wide reception and club rooms and a splendid gymnasium which affords girls an opportunity to exercise and to develop their muscles. There are, of course, gymnastic classes under competent physical instructors who see that each pupil gets the kind of exercise best suited for her, and that a pupil does not do too much or more than she is physically able to do. The girls enjoy these classes immensely, and they have been instrumental in bringing health to more than one girl and in building up physical weaklings. They have taught the girls to be quick in their movements, to be light on their feet and to be graceful.

In the basement there is a large swimming pool, and at this time of year it is probably the most popular place in the big building. Many young women have been prevented from enjoying surf bathing because they never had an opportunity to learn to swim. They are first instructed in the correct fundamentals of swimming, and afterward other things, such as diving, life-saving and first aid principles. The pool is one of the largest in the city, and the water is kept clean and fresh and at a correct temperature. A large percentage of the members avail themselves of this opportunity to learn to swim correctly and at no cost to themselves.

Most girls are ambitious some time in their lives to travel and see the world. If the opportunity comes they enjoy it much better if they are familiar with the scenes they are to visit and the country's history. The Y. W. C. A. has an organization called the "Voyagers," composed of women who are about to travel or hope to be able to travel. These voyagers on certain nights journey by map on a magic carpet from arctic cold to warm tropic nights. In pictures and panoramic views they visit Yellowstone Park, the Rocky Mountains and the big cities of the world.

Another club spends occasional afternoons in visiting historic places and buildings in the city. It is their desire to visit all of the historic points of interest in the five boroughs so that they may see with their own eyes spots made sacred by the noble deeds of their forefathers. They desire to follow Washington's brave little army on Washington Heights, and to visit forgotten or little remembered corners of the city where the Father of His Country and equally noble men preached Americanism and patriotism.

A big feature of this Harlem institution is a class in domestic science. This includes elementary cookery with a study of food principles; kitchen equipment, planning and care; cookery and service of cereals; fruits, vegetables, starchy foods, milk and eggs, in the dietary; cookery of eggs, meat, fish, oysters, study of food mixtures and desserts. There are other classes in dressmaking, millinery, basketry, art, costume sketching, Danish embroidery, music and languages.

The institution maintains a free employment bureau, also a room registry department, which furnishes its members with information about rooming and boarding houses, and a cafeteria where food of all kinds may be had at moderate prices. Though there are no lodging rooms in the building, the institution has acquired a large house in the neighborhood which is being fitted up to accommodate 100 women. The high rentals and lack of sufficient rooming houses have made it difficult for many young women to find suitable quarters at moderate prices in the city.

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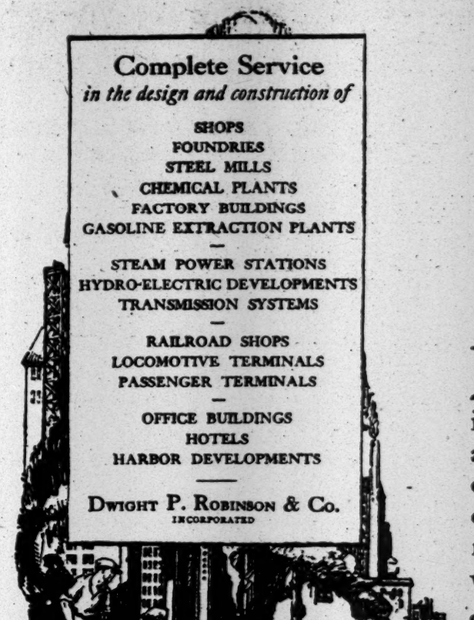

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Bolts and Nuts
Boring Machines
Broilers
Buildings
Bunks
Cafeteria Equipment
Cars
Chemical Apparatus
Chemical Ware
Centrifugal Wringers
Circuit Breakers
Cleating Machine
Clocks (Time Recording)
Coats (Waiters')
Coffee Urns
Collars
Conveyors
Cookers
Corliss Engines
Cornice Brakes
Couplings
Cummers Dryers
Dies, Taps and Stocks
Dishes
Dishwashing Machines
Doors
Drills
Drill Presses
Dryers (Cummers)
Duriron Fittings
Electric Lighting Fixtures
Electric Locomotives
Electric Power Equipment
Elevators
Ether Stills
Evaporators
Exhaust Heads
Fans
Feed Water Heaters
Fire Brick
Flow Meters
Forges
Forks and Knives
Forming Machines
Gasoline Locomotives
Gears and Pinions
Generators
Grinding Machines
Grindstones and Stands
Grooving Machines
Gauges
Hammers
Hand Trucks
Hangers
High Speed Engines
Hoists
Hot Water Heaters
Hydraulic Presses
Kaustine Systems
Kettles (Jacketed)
Kitchen Boilers
Kitchen Utensils
Knives and Forks
Laboratory Equipment
Lathes
Lavatories
Lighting Fixtures
Locomotives
Lumber
Lubricators
Macerating Machines
Machine Shop Tools
Millwork
Mixers
Mixing Machines
Mixing Tanks
Nailing Machines
Nitric Acid Units
Nitrators
Oil Separators
Oil Storage Cabinets
Oil Storage Tanks
Pans
Paper Balers
Parers
Pillow Blocks
Pipe Cutting Machines
Pipe Threading Machines
Plates
Plumbing Fixtures
Pots
Power Equipment (Electric)
Power Equipment (Steam)
Presses
Presses (Hydraulic)
Pressure Regulators
Pulleys
Pumps
Push Trucks
Pyrometers
Rams
Reaming Machines
Rectification Units
Retorts
Sand Blast Machines
Sash
Saws
Saw Sharpeners
Saw Tables
Screw Cutting Machines
Screw Jacks
Searchlights
Shafting
Shevlin Screens
Sinks
Slicers
Soldering Machines
Spoons
Stabbing Machines
Stacks and Breeching
Steam Power Equipment
Steam Separators
Steam Tables
Steam Traps
Stocks, Taps and Dies
Stokers
Storage Battery Locomotives
Storage Battery Trucks
Storage Tanks
Sulphuric Acid Units
Sweetie Kettles
Switchboards and Panels
Tanks
Temperature Control Apparatus
Telephone switchboards
Toilets
Tools
Tool Racks
Transmission Equipment
Trimmers (Metal)
Trucks (Hand and Rail)
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BALL GAMES.

In The New York Times tomorrow baseball experts will describe the games between the Yankees and Boston at the Polo Grounds; between the Giants and Philadelphia at Philadelphia; between Brooklyn and Boston at Boston.—Advt.

CROWELL RESIGNS FROM WAR OFFICE

His Work in Demobilizing Industrial Munitions Enterprises Practically Completed.

PRAISED BY THE PRESIDENT

Successor as Assistant Secretary of War Not Yet Announced by Mr. Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Benedict Crowell has resigned as Assistant Secretary of War, to take effect at the end of the present fiscal year on June 30. Announcement of the resignation was made by Secretary of War Baker, who said:

"Mr. Crowell came into the service as a Major of Ordnance during the war and devoted his time and talents as an engineer to the creation of facilities for the production of cannon and other arms. Later, as Assistant Secretary fo War, he took charge of the munitions program, and since the armistice has supervised the industrial demobilization of munitions making enterprises and the settlement of war contracts and claims. His work has been of the highest value to the Government, and he generously resisted the pressure of his private affairs until his war work, with its consequences of intricate and varied contracts and claims, was practically cleaned up.

"Mr. Crowell told me some months ago of his desire to leave the public service as soon as it could conveniently be brought about. Neither he nor I have been able to find a time earlier than the first of July when his services could be spared.

"Mr. Crowell's successor will, of course, be appointed by the President and the announcement made by the White House."

His Task Completed.

Mr. Crowell's letter of resignation was submitted to President Wilson on June 23, and was, in part, as follows:

"When you honored me with an appointment to this office we were in the midst of the great mobilization which our participation in the world war entailed, and I was happy to leave my private concerns to help wherever I could under your leadership in that great undertaking.

"The peculiar responsibilities of the War Department which have fallen to my lot have been in connection with munitions since the armistice, with the intricate relationship created by the War Department with industry. These tasks are now practically completed. I have conferred with the Secretary of War, and he agrees that my resignation at this time will not embarrass him.

"It has been a great privilege to be associated with your Administration during the past three years, and I thank you for the opportunity it has given me and for the generous support which I have constantly had from you, both in my own office and as Acting Secretary of War, when I have been called upon so to act."

Accepted by the President.

President Wilson, in accepting the resignation of Mr. Crowell, replied in part as follows:

"It is most gratifying to know that the great business of the War Department in the procurement of munitions and supplies has been so satisfactorily handled and closed up.

"Undoubtedly, the resumption of normal business in the country was stimulated and expedited by the speed with which the industrial and financial resources which had been mobilized for our war making were released after the armistice. The effect of the speedy adjustment of claims and contracts has not only given certainty to men seeking to engage in new enterprises, but has saved time and money to the Government by being carried out, at least in large part, by the men who negotiated and supervised our war contracts.

"It has been a pleasure to have your active and zealous work in the War Department, and in congratulating you upon your success I beg leave to express my appreciation and best wishes for your welfare."

TRIBUTE TO G. W. PERKINS.

Palisades Interstate Park His Monument, Trustees Declare.

At a joint meeting of the New York and New Jersey Palisades Park Commission, held yesterday and presided over by Richard V. Lindabury, a minute was adopted on the death of George W. Perkins, who was President of the New York Commission since it was founded, which says in part:

"The Palisades Interstate Park as it now exists was the conception of Mr. Perkins and it was he and he alone who raised the money for its acquisition and development. It is fortunate that Mr. Perkins lived long enough to witness the beginning of the fulfillment of his dream and to see the Palisades Interstate Park visited by more people in a given time than any national park on the continent, and that, too, by persons young and old to whom it afforded the only place for rest or recreation within their reach.

"He is worthy of all the tributes that are being paid to his memory, but the Palisades Interstate Park will stand as his monument, grander and more enduring than any which could be fashioned by the hand of man."

GIRL SCOUTS TO SEE ROPING

Frontier Riding Feats by "Miss Wyoming" for 15,000 in Park Today

At the Girls Scouts' Field Day in the Sheep Meadow in Central Park this morning, Miss Helen Bonham, "Miss Wyoming," who arrived here on Wednesday with an invitation to Mayor Hylan to attend the Frontier Days in Wyoming, will entertain the children of the city with riding and roping feats. She will be assisted by Morgan Chaney, a cowboy, and Dorotny Stone, daughter of Fred Stone, who is an adept with the lariat.

Mrs. Jane Deeter Rippin, National Director of the Girl Scouts of America, said that a great majority of the 15,000 girl scouts in greater New York would attend the exercises today.

Mrs. Von Tilzer Discharged.

Word was received by Magistrate Robert C. Ten Eyck in the West Side Court yesterday that Mrs. Estelle Von Tilzer of 204 West Ninety-fourth Street, who was committed to Bellevue Hospital for observation, had been found mentally sound and discharged. The Magistrate accordingly dismissed the complaint of her husband, Jules W. Von Tilzer, who is in the music publishing business, and who alleged that his wife annoyed him by numerous telephone calls and threatened to end her life and that of her dog.

Held for Selling Siberian Maps.

TOKIO, June 23.—A law student named Sekizawa has been arrested on a charge of selling war maps, and an alleged accomplice, whose name is Oyama, is also being detained. The maps the men are said to have sold concerned Siberia, where Oyama was employed by a Government surveying party.

POLISH CABINET FORMED.

Socialists and Workingmen's Party Refuse Their Support.

WARSAW, June 24 (Associated Press).—The new Cabinet formed by Ladislas Grabski, former Minister of Finance, to succeed that of Premier Skulski, which resigned June 10, was announced today. The Ministry follows:

Premier and Minister of Finance—M. GRABSKI.
Minister of War—General LESZNIEWSKI.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—Prince EUGENE SAPIEHA.
Minister of Food—STANISLAS SLIVINSKI.
Minister of Railroads—M. BARTEL.
Minister of Posts and Telegraphs—M. TOLOCZKO.
Minister of Education—M. LOPUSZANSKI.
Minister of Commerce and Industry—ANTONY OLSZEWSKI.
Minister of Public Health—M. CHODZKO.
Minister of Public Works—GABRIEL NARUZOWICZ.
Minister of Agriculture—Professor BUJAK.
Minister of the Interior—M. KUCZYNSKI.
Minister of Justice—JOHN MORAWSKI.

The Ministers of Labor, Fine Arts and for Posen have not yet been named. Prince Sapieha, who takes the Foreign Ministry, has up to the present been Polish Minister in London.

The new Government is known as an official expert Cabinet. Premier Grabski, former Minister of Finance, is a member of one of Poland's best known and wealthiest families. Announcement is made that the Cabinet is non-political in character and will be directed by resolutions accepted by the Diet.

General Joseph Leszniewski continues as Minister of War, and five other members of various departments relating to interior affairs continue as chiefs. The Socialists, who for months have insisted upon peace and upon being recognized in a new Government, have already announced their lack of confidence in the new Cabinet, while the National Workingmen's Party is also opposing the Ministry. The Cabinet crisis lasted fifteen days, several leaders, including former Premier Skulski, having failed in their efforts to bring about a reorganization.

BRITISH MERCHANTS RETURN

Give Dinner to American Friends After Tour of Country.

The British merchants who came to this country to study retail drygoods stores and the American methods of trade as representatives of the Drapers Chamber of Commerce of the United Kingdom, will sail for home today on the White Star liner Baltic. On their arrival in New York they were entertained at dinner by the National Retail Dry Goods Association, and last evening the drapers gave a dinner in the Waldorf Astoria to their friends in the United States.

The visitors crossed the continent to San Francisco where they attended the convention of the National Retail Dry Goods Association in San Francisco early in June. They journeyed East through Canada.

WAR TABLET UNVEILED.

Work of Harlem Hospital Unit Reviewed at Exercises.

A bronze tablet, bearing the names of the officers, nurses and enlisted men of Unit F of the Harlem Hospital, was unveiled at that institution last night. It was a gift from the Ladies' Auxiliary of the hospital.

The tablet bore gold stars opposite the names of Thomas Pryer, Peter McHugh and William Carrella, enlisted men who died overseas. Dr. I. S. Haynes reviewed the history of the unit, which was one of the first emergency organizations called from New York City. Among the other speakers were Dr. L. K. Neff, organizer and commanding officer of the unit, and Dr. J. F. Connors, both of whom were cited by the French Government.

Plague Suspects in Argentina.

BUENOS AIRES, June 24.—The Minister of the Interior has been informed that several cases of suspected bubonic plague have been reported in a jail in the Pampa Territory. The National Department of Hygiene has been instructed to take charge of the cases.

EXECUTORS CONTEST MRS. SHONTS LEGACY

Resist Widow's Effort to Collect $100,000 Bequest Made in Financier's Will.

SAY HE OWED WIFE NOTHING

New Tangle in Estate Complications Revealed in Hearing Before Justice Cohalan.

The present representatives of the estate of Theodore P. Shonts are unwilling to pay the $100,000 left to Mrs. Milla D. Shonts in her husband's will. This was made known yesterday before Surrogate Cohalan when Martin Conboy, who has been retained to press the interests of Mrs. Shonts, argued her application to compel the Guaranty Trust Company, temporary administrator, to pay the $100,000. The will said the testator owed the money to Mrs. Shonts and asked that it be paid within twelve months. Mr. Shonts also admitted the obligation in the separation agreement in 1917.

Referring to the answer of the trust company, in which one of the officers said that the trust company had no knowledge of the claim, and an affidavit by Delancey Nicoll, one of the executors, disputing the claim on the ground that it purported to be for "advances" made by Mrs. Shonts to her husband, Mr. Conboy said:

"It is infamous for the trust company and the executors to make such an assertion, because they are familiar with the provisions of the will which they are seeking to have probated. They have the effrontery to come here and question our claim when they know it is for loans made by Mrs. Shonts to her husband out of the money she inherited from the estate of her father."

Outerbridge Horsey, representing Mr. Nicoll and Edward J. Berwind, the executors, replied that they knew what they were talking about. "Mr. Nicoll drew up the separation agreement," he said. "For ten years prior to Mr. Shonts's death his wife piled up enormous debts which the husband was called on every year to liquidate until he could stand it no longer. When the agreement was signed in 1917 he agreed to settle $80,000 of her debts, and it is Mr. Nicoll's contention that he was not indebted to his wife for $100,000 or any other sum."

When Mr. Horsey intimated that he could tell the real cause of the alleged indebtedness, Mr. Conboy jumped to his feet to reply, but Surrogate Cohalan interjected:

"What difference does it make what the debt was for? He asknowledges in his will that he owes his wife $100,000 and whether it is for advances or not, it is the same kind of money."

Mr. Horsey said that Mrs. Shonts has sued in the Supreme Court to set aside the separation agreement on the ground that it was exacted from her by fraud and duress, to which Mr. Conboy replied:

"That is not true. She is suing Mrs. Amanda C. Thomas for alienation and Mrs. Thomas in her answer grabs at the separation agreement to defend herself. She holds that this separation agreement was equivalent to giving Mr. Shonts a license to consort with any woman he saw fit. Mrs. Shonts contends that the agreement was extorted from her but she is not seeking to set it aside."

Mr. Horsey replied that in 1910, Mr. Shonts settled any claim she might have had for loans from her father's estate when he paid her more than $300,000, which, due to good investments, represented more than the advances she made to him.

The Surrogate reserved decision.

WOMEN TELL OF SWINDLE.

Seven Face Quartet in Kansas City —Two Lost $66,000.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 25.—Two Kansas City business women, who said they had lost approximately $66,000 in the operations of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Samis and Mr. and Mrs. Sam Tranin, in alleged get-rich-quick investments, testified today at the trial here of the State against Mr. and Mrs. Samis, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses.

So successful was the plan, the State charges the group with using—that of paying back with huge interest original borrowings to be invested in business deals, to pave the way for larger loans—that, according to one of the alleged victims, she acted as a voluntary agent for them and induced friends to invest.

One of those who claimed to have lost on the Samis transaction, Dr. Grace Patrick, declared that Mrs. Tranin exercised a "psychological influence" over her.

Announcement of the intention to arrest another woman who was subpoenaed as a witness, but failed to appear, was made by the State Attorney's office today. Evidence was given to show that the missing witness, acting as an agent for the "investors," induced fifteen stenographers to invest $13,000, which was lost.

The nine witnesses questioned today, all alleged victims, and seven of them women, represented types from successful business women willing to make a financial "plunge" to working women, seeking means to multiply their savings.

PUGILIST'S BROTHER SLAIN.

Thomas Guyer Shot by Unidentified Man in Brooklyn.

Thomas Gayer, 29 years old, of 37 Dixon Place, Brooklyn, a mechanic, employed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, was shot in the back and almost instantly killed yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in front of a house at 740-A Union Street, Brooklyn, occupied by Salvatore Delduco. Gayer had gone to the house, accompanied by his mother and sister-in-law, Mrs. Gladys Gayer, to get some clothes which the sister-in-law and her husband, "Bobby Gair," a pugilist, had left there when they occupied rooms in the house. This was Gayer's second visit on the same mission during the afternoon. He was not admitted and a heated argument ensued.

According to the police, Gayer started across the street when he saw four or five men, who had been standing on a corner a block away, approaching the house. One of the number, the police say, shot Gayer, threw the revolver away and ran. Assistant District Attorney Reuben Wilson is in charge of the investigation. He said last night that the police were looking for a resident of the neighborhood who disappeared immediately after the shooting.

Vain Cabinet Parleys in Vienna.

VIENNA, June 25.—Attempts to form a new Cabinet have thus far been utterly futile. The United Christian Socialist and German parties refused to participate in a new Ministry when they failed to gain the promise of the portfolios of the Interior and Education.

Rumanian Prince in Tokio.

TOKIO, June 23.—Prince Carol of Rumania, who will make a formal visit to Japan, arrived here today and was received with royal honors.

Start Omaha-N. Y. Flight Sunday.

OMAHA, Neb., June 25.—John M. Larsen, owner of the all-metal plane which brought a party of wedding guests here from New York, said today that the proposed non-stop return to New York will be undertaken Sunday. The flight will start an hour before sunrise.

ROBBED AND THROWN FROM HER OWN AUTO

Police Seek Two Men Accused by Widow of Drugging Her in Van Cortlandt Park.

LEFT IN ROADSIDE BUSHES

Chance Acquaintance Introduces Companion on Pretense of Renting Car.

Detectives under Captain Andrew Wines of the Bronx Detective Bureau yesterday were searching for a clue to the identity of two men who are alleged to have drugged and robbed Mrs. Helen McHugh, a widow, 38 years old, while they were riding with her in Van Cortlandt Park at 10 o'clock Thursday night, and then threw her out of the car at a lonely spot in the park, opposite West 236th Street.

Policeman McGrath of the Wakefield Station found Mrs. McHugh, who is the widow of a saloon keeper, in a dazed condition in a clump of bushes in the park early yesterday morning. She was suffering from burns about the face, and while awaiting the arrival of an ambulance from Fordham Hospital Mrs. McHugh told him that on Thursday evening two men called on her by appointment at her apartment in the Endicott Hotel to arrange for the renting of her automobile.

One of the men, known to her as "Adams," she said, met her at the French Line pier a few days before and sold her a ticket for Europe when she was unable to buy one at the company's office.

Mrs. McHugh explained that she informed "Adams" that she was in a quandary as to what to do with her automobile while she was in Europe. The man told her, she said, that he had a friend in the moving-picture business who was anxious to rent a car, and he agreed to bring his friend, whose name he gave as "Berry," to Mrs. McHugh's apartment Thursday night.

When "Adams" introduced her to "Berry," Mrs. McHugh declared, the latter said he would have to have the car demonstrated before he agreed to rent it. She said she volunteered to accompany the men on a trip to Van Cortlandt Park and while "Berry" operated the car she sat in the tonneau with "Adams."

Mrs. McHugh said she wore a diamond lavalliére, four diamond rings, a diamond barpin and her wedding ring. She also had in a purse $25, she said, besides her life insurance policy. At a lonely spot in the road, she alleged, "Adams" suddenly placed a handkerchief over her face saturated with a strong-smelling fluid, which soon put her to sleep. As she was losing consciousness, she said, she felt "Adams" lifting her from the seat, and the next thing she recalled was waking in bushes a few minutes before the policeman found her. She said she believed that "Adams" stripped her of her jewelry and money before he threw her out of the car.

She was treated for the burns on her face and then taken to the hotel.

MARTENS REPORTS SALE.

Says Canadians Supply Food and Machinery to Soviet.

A contract is reported to have been signed yesterday by Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, unrecognized Russian Soviet "Ambassador" here, and Boyer, Sloan & Co., Canadian and English manufacturers' agents, Montreal, for several million dollars' worth of Canadian foodstuffs and machinery.

This contract was said to be a result of the recent visit to Canada of agents of the Soviet Government, conducting preliminary trade negotiations.

Special banking arrangements in Canada and England already have been made for handling this kind of contract, the Canadians proposing to follow somewhat the same methods as adopted by Swedish merchants in their recent shipments to Reval, it was stated. In that case the Soviet government shipped gold bullion to the banks in Stockholm to establish credits sufficient to cover contracts. A report received here states that these contracts now are being filled, goods being shipped to Reval from Sweden.

It is said that the first shipment from Canada will consist of a cargo of flour, and that this will be followed quickly by a cargo of railway equipment, agricultural machinery and other supplies.

RYAN COMPLAINT DELAYED.

Bill in Stock Exchange Suit May Not Be Filed for Three Weeks.

No bill of complaint was filed yesterday by Stanchfield & Levy in the suit which was to have been started by Allan A. Ryan against the New York Stock Exchange. Notice of suit was served on the Exchange some time ago and according to the allowance of twenty days in which to file the bill of complaint, it should have made its appearance in normal course yesterday.

It was explained at the offices of Mr. Ryan's attorneys that it might be three weeks before the complaint was filed, agreement having been made for this extra period.

Rex Beach's Name Forged.

Paul Dair, 32, of 358 West 124th Street, formerly confidential secretary to Rex Beach, author, of 480 West 116th Street, was locked up last night on a charge of forgery. Dair is alleged to have cashed a check for $500, forging Beach's name, on Dec. 6 last. Dair was arrested while visiting his wife, who is ill, at Otisville, N. Y.

Woman Burned to Death at Work.

While preparing dinner on a gas range last night, Mrs. Anne Christianson, 59 years of age, was burned to death at the home of her daughter, 731 Seventy-ninth Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Christianson was the wife of a barge captain, who, it is said, is at sea.

Aiding Housing

WE have been helping the housing situation by aiding in the construction of small houses.

We have on hand to sell to investors now 322 mortgages running in amount from $1600 to $3000.

These mortgages are guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company to net you 5½%. If you wish a secure investment and a high rate of interest and to help housing conditions, buy some of these mortgages.

As we sell the mortgages we turn back the money into new mortgages and finance the building of additional houses.

Title Guarantee & Trust Co.

Saks & Company
BROADWAY at 34th STREET

Offer
Remarkable Values in a Pre-Inventory

SALE of
Women's and Misses'
Pumps *and* Oxfords
at below cost to us

$6.95

Former prices were
$10, $11, $12, $14.50

Wide range of models, developed in Black, Brown and White Kidskin, Patent Leather, Black, Brown or Grey Suede, and White Canvas. All have Louis XV heels, with the exception of the styles in Canvas, which have low Cuban and Military heels.

None sent C. O. D. or on approval. All sales must be final

Picking A Man To Beat Harding

"Bryan might swallow McAdoo, but he won't swallow Cox or Edwards. Cox is both able and popular; he would probably poll a larger vote than McAdoo, who has aroused opposition among the business interests of the country. If there is a deadlock at San Francisco a 'dark horse' may be nominated. John W. Davis has been mentioned as a possibility. Senator Underwood, of Alabama, altho he comes from the 'Solid South,' would make an ideal president"—thus the Birmingham *Age Herald* presents a bird's-eye view of the situation at San Francisco. And these are not the only men who have a chance, according to the American press.

Should there be a strong provision in the platform endorsing the League of Nations, with or without reservations? Should the platform contain a "wet" or a "dry" plank? Should there be an appeal to the labor vote?

In THE LITERARY DIGEST for this week, June 26th, the Democratic platform and the various planks that it should contain, as proposed by Democratic editors, is discust, as well as a summary of the chances for nomination of various men who have been put forward.

Other important articles that will interest you in "The Digest" this week, are:—

"Sizing Up" Harding

An Epitome of Newspaper Opinion of All Shades of Political Thought Upon the Republican Nominee for the Presidency

Labor's Disappointment at the Republican Platform
State Socialism Constitutional
Postal Pay Raise Criticized
What to Do for Armenia
What the German Election Forebodes
Turkish "Watermelon Intellects"
Persia's Test of the League
How Europe Views Harding
Shall We Mend the Liberty Bell?
The War's Cost—Forty Million Lives
The Grape is Still Lively
Why Iron Rusts
Fallacy of Our Literary Bolsheviki
American Statues for France
A Summary of the Trade of Canada
American Musical Triumph in Paris
Plea for "High-Brow" Plays
The "Reds'" Challenge to the Church
Opening the Door to German Missionaries
The Sinfulness of the City
Best of the Current Poetry
Lessons in American Citizenship
Obregon, the New Hope of Mexico
Moonshining in North Carolina and in other Dixie Lands
Government Prepares to Round Up Draft Dodgers
Bringing the Brook Trout Up on Buttermilk
Topics of the Day

Many Interesting Illustrations Including the Timeliest Cartoons

June 26th Number on Sale To-day **News-dealers 10 Cents—$4.00 a Year**

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

SAYS SAVINGS BANKS CAN AID HOUSING

Loans on New Construction Is Solution of Problem, Asserts Walter Stabler.

WOULD HELP DEPOSITORS

Meeting of State Bankers' Group to be Called—Committees Discuss Labor and Materials.

It is up to the savings banks of New York State to decide whether they want their depositors to be forced to the streets by the housing shortage, or whether they want their depositors to pay rents that will consume their savings in the banks, was the way Walter Stabler, Controller of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, summed up the relation of the savings banks to the housing situation at yesterday's joint meeting of the sub-committees on investment capital, building materials and builders of the Mayor's Housing Conference Committee.

The way out of the dilemma, Mr. Stabler continued, was the framing of a policy by the savings banks that would indicate a disposition to lend money to the extent of their ability on new housing construction exclusively, or nearly so.

Mr. Stabler said that he could not too strongly impress on the members of the sub-committees that the present housing situation would be better served by the savings banks than by any other single factor, so far as financing was concerned.

"The savings banks are peculiarly responsible for helping save the situation," he added, "for their depositors are working people, who are worst hit by the present housing shortage."

He said that in Albany recently he spoke to officials in a number of banks of the necessity for savings banks to lend money on new housing construction, and he was of the opinion that they were impressed with the seriousness of the New York City situation, and that they would put money into the New York mortgage market.

To Call Meeting of Bankers' Group.

Other members expressed the hope that it might be possible to persuade all the savings banks in New York State to adopt this view. In line with this aspect of the discussion Henry A. Schenck, President of the Bowery Savings Bank, agreed to call together the officers of Group IV. of the State Bankers' Association that they might have an opportunity of taking up the subject with aview to submitting the suggestion to the entire membership of the association. The meeting will be held at the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company on July 8.

One of those present asked Mr. Stabler whether the savings banks would lend money on new construction at 5½ or 6 per cent when they could realize 7 per cent. Mr. Stabler replied that his organization was desirous of availing itself of the opportunity of obtaining 7 per cent. for its money, but that it believed that its duty to its policy holders required it to put the money out at a lower rate and sacrifice something in order to push housing construction, and he felt that the banks should look at the problem in the same way.

"The situation is exceedingly grave, and unless we do something it will grow steadily worse," he declared.

The first meeting of the afternoon was held jointly between the sub-committee on Builders, of which E. A. MacDougall is Chairman, and the sub-committee on Manufacturers of Building Materials, of which Wright D. Gross is chairman. Then followed the joint meeting between Mr. MacDougall's committee and the one on investment capital, headed by Mr. Stabler.

Labor and Material Discussed.

The uncertainty of the labor market and the high price of materials entering into the construction were the dominant topics at the first meeting, and the means for raising the money was the chief point raised at the second meeting.

Mr. Goss reported that labor, both in the manufacture of materials and in the transporting of materials, was the big factor which sent the prices of material skyrocketing. The transportation tie-up he laid at labor's door and pointed to the high prices demanded because of the transportation situation. The increased cost of coal also he laid to labor troubles. Mr. MacDougall said he had the impression that more coal has been mined recently than ever before but that it was being diverted to industrial concerns that promised to pay higher prices for it, and therefore it reacted on the housing situation by diminishing the possibility of manufacturing materials.

Mr. MacDougall read a letter from a large manufacturer of lime who said that, while he had contracts with coal operators calling for the delivery of coal at from $2.80 to $4.90 a ton, he was not receiving any at that price, but that he could get all he wanted if he paid from $5.50 to $11 a ton. This necessitated charging $2 per ton more for lime, which item influenced the high cost of construction.

The lime manufacturers accused the coal operators and distributers of profiteering from 200 to 500 per cent. and charged that coal would soon go to $15 a ton, an unnecessary figure.

It was pointed out that the uncertain market had caused builders to add a large item on their bills for expected increases in labor and material. This item was said to be as high as from 70 to 80 per cent. above the usual cost. One member said that while lumber was apparently scarce he could get all he wanted if he paid a bonus of $3 a thousand feet so that the lumber might be sent to New York from the South on a barge.

Mr. Stabler said he had been informed that brick might be brought to this country from Belgium for $20 per thousand, a great saving on the present cost, and that cement might be brought in at a saving of $1.50 a barrel.

It was the opinion of the financial men that the rent profiteering laws have unnecessarily frightened builders and kept them from erecting dwellings. Clarence H. Kelcey said that in a short time the builders would realize that the laws have proved futile and would begin building.

ADVERTISEMENT.

CUSTOMS FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Who among us would say to-day, "I never use a Dentifrice, I never have to?"

Yet Fifty years ago, odd as it may seem, not one person in 1,000 used a Dentifrice—or even a tooth brush.

So to-day, after more than 30 years of persistent publicity of Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic Powder for the Feet, not many well-turned-out people care to confess, "You know I never have to use a Powder for the Feet!"

More than One Million five hundred thousand pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.

The reason is this: Incasing and confining the feet in Leathe or Canvas Shoes is bound to create friction, more or less. Allen's Foot-Ease removes the friction from the shoes, and freshens the feet. It is this friction which causes smarting, callouses, corns and bunions. You know what friction does to your motor-car axle. Why not remove it from your footwear by Shaking into your Shoes *to-day*, Allen's Foot Ease, the cleanly, wholesome, healing, Antiseptic powder? Get the habit, as millions now have it, who inhabit our, as yet, imperfect world.

NEWBERRY'S APPEAL READY.

Long List of Errors Claimed in Conviction of Michigan Senator.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 25.—A bill of exceptions and assignment of error filed for Senator Truman H. Newberry and sixteen others convicted last March on charges of corruption in the 1918 Senatorial election has been approved by Judge Sessions in Federal Court, and the case will go to the United States Supreme Court as soon as the printing is completed.

Senator Newberry was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in Leavenworth and fined $10,000. All the convicted men have been at liberty under bond pending perfection of the appeal.

The assignment of errors cites a long list of points on which the court is claimed to have made incorrect rulings. It protests Judge Sessions's action in holding the enactment of certain provisions of the Corrupt Practices act of 1910 as within the powers conferred on Congress by the Constitution. Objection also is made to the alleged dismissal of many prospective jurors on motion of the Government without their first having been questioned by the defense.

Admission of certain testimony, the sustaining of certain Government objections, the Judge's charge to the jury, and the denial of motions for new trials and arrests of judgment also are alleged to be in error.

NEW HAVEN TRAIN DERAILED.

Engine and Car Overturned at Norwood, but Nobody Hurt.

NORWOOD, Mass., June 25.—A New York bound express on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad was derailed near the Winslow station in this town today. The engine and baggage car overturned. No one was injured, although the train banged over the ties and tore up the roadbed for a distance of 700 yards before it came to a stop.

The train had just passed over the Washington Street bridge. Had the engine and baggage car fallen to the left instead of the right they would have rolled down a steep embankment.

The cause of the derailment has not been ascertained. The train left Boston for New York via Hartford and Waterbury at 1:20 A. M., standard time, and was running express through Norwood.

MAKING STATE DRY PUT UP TO SHEVLIN

Shift Ordered by Washington Takes Jurisdiction from Boston District.

GRAND JURY INVESTIGATES

O'Connor Waives Immunity and Testifies in Seizure of Rum in Hollis Hotel.

A change has been made in the territorial jurisdiction of James Shevlin, Federal supervising prohibition enforcement agent, it was announced yesterday. Mr. Shevlin now has jurisdiction over the entire State of New York, while Rhode Island and Connecticut, formerly included in his territory, have been transferred to the Boston district. Heretofore Mr. Shevlin's activities in New York were confined to this city and several nearby counties. Up-State New York was in the Boston district.

When the change was ordered a few days ago by Commissioner Kramer of Washington the men operating in this State under Prohibition Agent McCarthy of Boston conferred with Mr. Shevlin, and several were selected to continue operations in the district. Yesterday Mr. Shevlin assigned seventy agents to up-State cities, including Syracuse, Albany and Buffalo. He went to Washington in the afternoon to confer with Commissioner Kramer on the new plan of operation. Before his departure he announced that steps had been taken to insure closer co-operation by the various municipal, county, State and Federal legal departments in the prosecution of liquor law violators.

Legal Support Satisfies Shevlin.

"I am getting very satisfactory support from various law enforcement branches, including the District Attorney's office and local police forces, throughout this district," Mr. Shevlin said. "When my office is working smoothly under the new plans it will aid arresting officers and the various legal departments immeasurably, for the reason that much of the red tape which has hampered the work in the past will be done away with."

Mr. Shevlin said the report that prohibition agents had been taken out of Brooklyn was erroneous. He said a branch office in Brooklyn had been closed, under the new plan of operation, but the same number of men would be detailed to the Brooklyn territory, reporting directly to headquarters in Manhattan. He said the District Attorney's office in Brooklyn was rendering valuable aid in prosecuting cases against prohibition violators.

"I want it known," Mr. Shevlin continued, "that my office is in charge of enforcing the prohibition law. I do not claim that it is impossible to obtain liquor in my district, but I can safely assert that the lid is being tightened from day to day."

The Federal Grand Jury in Brooklyn has begun an investigation into the seizure of nearly 500 cases of Bacardi rum and other liquors at Holliswood Hall, a hotel at Hollis, Queens, last Friday and Saturday. The police seized 193 cases of rum being transported, it was said, from the Bacardi Corporation, 207 West Broadway, Manhattan, to Holliswood Hall, owned by John E. Tench. This was on Friday. On Saturday United States Marshall Power found 303 caseas of Bacardi rum and other liquors in the cellar. This was seized and the proprietor arrested.

O'Connor Before Grand Jury.

Tench says the rum was moved under a permit issued by Prohibition Director O'Connor. He said he was a stockholder in the Bacardi Corporation, which was going out of business. As the rum could not be sold, it was distributed among the stockholders.

Mr. O'Connor was a witness before the Grand Jury, having waived immunity before he took the stand. Later he admitted having issued the permit for the transfer of the liquor. The Government, he said, had no right to seize the liquor and, therefore, there was nothing to do but turn it over to the stockholders. He said his action had been approved in Washington.

The Grand Jury will continue its investigation next, Wednesday. It is understood that Moses Rosenthal, O'Connor's assistant, has been asked to appear before the Grand Jury and that one or more officials from Washington might be called. In the meantime District Attorney Leroy W. Ross will question stockholders of the company, it is understood, and will also confer with Mr. Shevlin when he returns from Washington.

Judge Thomas I. Chatfield, in the District Court, Brooklyn, signed an order directing Marshal Power to hold all liquors seized in Brooklyn raids conducted by William D. Allen, while acting as the head of the Brooklyn Enforcement Squad. The liquor will be kept for evidence. The order will prevent its transfer by Mr. Shevlin, or any one else.

Chauffeur Is Arrested.

Thomas McMorrow, 27 years old, a chauffeur of 149 East 126th Street, was held in $1,000 bail by Magistrate William Sweetser in Harlem Court yesterday for examination on Monday. He is suspected of having stolen a barrel of whisky, valued at $1,000, from the cellar of James Quinn, a dealer of 2,226 Lexington Avenue, on Thursday. Detective John Shields told the Magistrate he had traced the whisky to an undertaking shop on Tenth Avenue.

The two prohibition agents assigned by Mr. Shevlin to ascertain where Henry Humphrey Parsons, wealthy Yale man and lawyer, who committed suicide at the home of his aunt at Purchase, N. Y., Thursday of last week, obtained "at least five drinks" of whisky the night before his death, reported that they were "making progress."

John J. Quigley, assistant to Mr. Shevlin, declined to disclose what evidence the agents had found, but he said some important information relative to Parsons's movements on the last night he was alive, would be obtained. He said that no announcement of the evidence discovered would be made public until the investigation had been concluded.

FALL MODELS KNEE LENGTH

Skirts Should at Least Fall Below Waist, Says Mr. Figg.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Conservation of cloth at the expense of womonly modesty will not be indorsed by the Government, representatives of the National Garment Retailers' Association were told today by Howard Figg, assistant to the Attorney General in charge of the campaign to reduce prices.

The retailers presented for Mr. Figg's inspection three living models dressed in knee length gowns designed as the extreme in women's wear for next Fall. Mr. Figg declined to indicate what he considered a proper length for skirts, but declared after viewing the extreme styles that skirts should "at least come below the waist."

The retailers approved Mr. Figg's suggestion that coming styles should be changed as little as possible so that women might get the full wear out of their clothes and not feel compelled to refill their wardrobes frequently because of the differing modes.

UNITE FOR REVOLUTION.

Two Communist Parties Join to Foment Armed Insurrection.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Evidence of the formation of a united Communist party by the consolidation of the Communist Labor Party and the Communist Party, with the avowed purpose of fomenting a revolution against the existing Government, was received today at the Department of Justice.

Steps were being taken, officials said, to guard against the spread of the propaganda.

Communist publications in the hands of the department announce the formation of the new party at a secret convention attended by delegates from the two organizations.

"The program of the party," the publication says, "declares that the final struggle between the workers and the capitalists, between exploited and exploiter, will take the form of civil war, and that it is the function of the United Communist Party systematically to familiarize the working class with the necessity of armed insurrection as the only means through which the capitalist system can be overthrown."

HAIL WRECKS BUILDINGS.

Stones as Big as Apples Crash Through Roofs in Wyoming Town.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 25.—Hail stones as large as apples crashed through roofs at Hillsdale, twelve miles from here, last night and reduced two farm buildings near there to kindling wood, according to telephone reports early today. No casualties were reported, but searching parties were sent out from Hillsdale to the storm-swept area.

Some of the hail stones were said to have been eighteen inches in circumference. Motorists caught in the storm crawled beneath their machines, the tops affording no protection, the reports said.

An airplane piloted by Captain C. A. McKenzie of Cheyenne last was reported at Pine Bluffs, near the storm district.

Legion Warns Against Impostor.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 25.—Former service men are warned against giving money to a man reported to be collecting funds under a pretext of conducting an individual membership campaign for the American Legion, in a statement issued from national headquarters here today.

"Happiness in Every Box"

Another "Happiness" Store OPENS TODAY

Broadway bet. 35th and 36th Sts.

HERE'S more "Happiness" for New York—this time in the heart of the great shopping district centering on Herald Square.

A new United Candy Store opens today on the West Side of Broadway—No. 1343, between 35th and 36th Streets. This store is most conveniently located for the thousands who daily visit the big department stores in the Herald Square section, and for the Long Island and Jersey dwellers who commute by way of the Pennsylvania Station and the Hudson Tubes.

Come in and pay this new store a visit. You will find it a worthy companion of "The World's Largest Candy Store" on West 42nd St., of our beautiful "Jewel Box" downtown in the Hudson Terminal Building, and of our "First Uptown Store" at Broadway and 80th St. We promise you a hearty welcome and pleasant service—and, of course, the usual delightful selection of United Candies.

Special Today to Celebrate

The opening of the new store we are offering the the following five candies at a Special price for today (Saturday). All Stores.

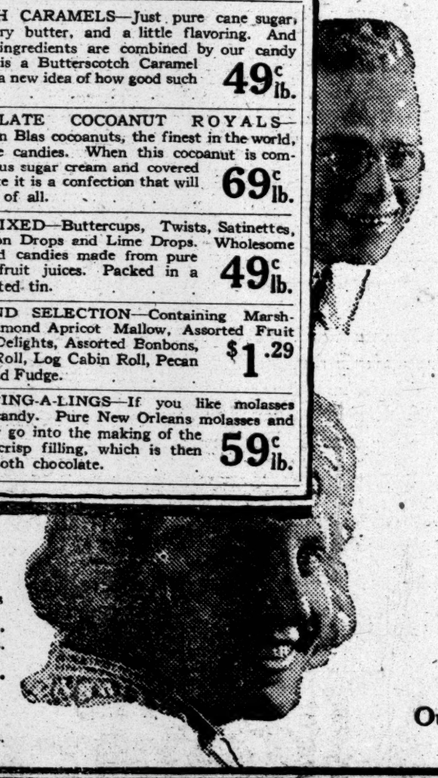
BUTTERSCOTCH CARAMELS—Just pure cane sugar, the creamiest dairy butter, and a little flavoring. And yet, when these ingredients are combined by our candy chefs, the result is a Butterscotch Caramel that will give you a new idea of how good such candy can be. **49c lb.**

MILK CHOCOLATE COCOANUT ROYALS—Fresh shredded San Blas cocoanuts, the finest in the world, are used for these candies. When this cocoanut is combined with delicious sugar cream and covered with milk chocolate it is a confection that will delight the taste of all. **69c lb.**

SPARKLING MIXED—Buttercups, Twists, Satinettes, Fruit Rock, Lemon Drops and Lime Drops. Wholesome and delicious hard candies made from pure cane sugar and fruit juices. Packed in a beautifully decorated tin. **49c lb.**

2-LB. WEEK-END SELECTION—Containing Marshmallow Fudge, Almond Apricot Mallow, Assorted Fruit Jellies, Mexican Delights, Assorted Bonbons, Almond Nougat Roll, Log Cabin Roll, Pecan Apricot Mallow and Fudge. **$1.29**

CHOCOLATE TING-A-LINGS—If you like molasses you will like this candy. Pure New Orleans molasses and fresh dairy butter go into the making of the most deliciously crisp filling, which is then covered with smooth chocolate. **59c lb.**



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Candies

FULL WEIGHT—16 ounces of CANDY in every pound box

ASSORTED DAINTIES—Wholesome, delicious hard candies made from pure cane sugar in a variety of flavors and packed in a beautifully decorated hinged tin box. . . . . **60c lb.**

NURSERY ASSORTED CANDIES—Just the candies for the kiddies. Pure sugar, molasses, and pure fruit flavorings are the only ingredients used. Packed in a decorated tin which will make a serviceable lunch box. . . **60c lb.**

HOME MADE ASSORTED FUDGE—The old fashioned creamy chafing dish kind. Made of pure creamery butter, cream, cane sugar, in vanilla and chocolate flavors, both plain and with chopped walnut meats . . . **60c lb.**

MILK CHOCOLATE PEPPERMINTS—These candies, always a favorite, have a cream center made of cane sugar, the best dairy butter and cream, flavored with peppermint and covered with fine milk chocolate . . **75c lb.**

MILK CHOCOLATE CHERRIES—A delicious ripe maraschino cherry centered in pure sugar cream and heavily coated with chocolate makes this one of our most popular candies. **75c lb.**

OLD FASHIONED VANILLA CREAMS—This old fashioned candy, made in a new way of sugar cream, flavored with vanilla and covered with a coating of pure chocolate is one of our candy makers' many surprises for you. **59c lb.**

SUPREME BONBONS AND CHOCOLATES—A pleasing assortment of chocolate covered nougats, caramels, cocoanut, marshmallows and creams and truly delicious bonbons of various flavors . . . . . **1.00 lb.**

CLUB CHOCOLATES—Fruits, nuts, caramels and cream centers. An assortment of fine chocolates which will satisfy every desire and meet any social requirement where only the finest candies would be appropriate . . . **80c lb.**

Our New Store—1343 Broadway—Between 35th and 36th Streets

UNITED RETAIL CANDY STORES

Cape Cod and the Mountains

While a guide book is useful to the vacationer, books treating of the human side of summer resorts are needed to round out the pleasure of a stay, brief or protracted, in such places as Cape Cod, the Catskills or the Adirondacks. The new visitor to Cape Cod, for example, wants to know the Cape's geography, but if he has read Thoreau's Essays or "Cape Coddities" the physical charms of Provincetown and environs are little more than a setting for keener joys.

In the Catskills—*by J. Burroughs*	$1.84
The Catskills—*by T. M. Longstreth*	2.22
Cape Cod—*by H. D. Thoreau*	1.48
Cape Cod New and Old—*by Agnes Edwards*	1.84
Cape Coddities—*by D. and M. Chatham*	.99
A Guide to the White Mountains—*by M. F. Sweetser*	2.59
Chronicles of the White Mountains—*by F. W. Kilbourne*	1.84
The Adirondacks—*by T. M. Longstreth*	2.22

Give A Thought To Books!

Macy's—Book Department, Main Floor, 35th Street.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

One Night of Comfort to Colorado

—to air like wine, mountain scenery beyond description, trout-filled streams, flower-clad fields—to the unforgettable charm, the health-giving glories—of Colorado.

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Leaves Chicago from the North Western Terminal every day at 6:05 p. m.; arrives Omaha 8:05 a. m., greets Denver at 9:35 p.m. the next day.

Full comfort equipment includes Buffet-Observation Car, Open Section, Drawing Room and Compartment Sleepers, Reclining Chair Car, Diner.

Two other full-equipped trains leave at 10:30 a.m. and 11:20 p.m.

The Excursion Fares are now in effect.

Colorado expects to entertain a record-breaking number of visitors this year, this train meets the consequent demand for increased travel facilities.

For complete information ask A. R. Gould, Gen'l Agent, C. & N. W. Ry., 280 Broadway. (Tel. Worth 771), or J. B. De Friest, Gen'l Agent, U. P. System, 280 Broadway, (Tel. Worth 1757).

114-A

ZELWOOD looks so well on so many different types of men that it has become one of the most popular styles in the history of collar-making.

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EARL & WILSON TROY, N. Y.
Collars & Shirts

The greatest thing in garters—the broad soft band that fits snugly but never binds nor slips.

At all dealers

Manufactured only by The Thos. P. Taylor Co., Bridgeport, Conn.

E.Z. GARTER
WIDE FOR COMFORT

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Black pocketbook containing unindorsed drafts and express checks to value of about $1,000, on sleeper from Boston, night of June 23. Liberal reward and no questions asked for return to Captain R. B. Libby, care Barber Steamship Line, Inc., 17 Battery Place, N. Y.

LOST—On Boston express train, or in Grand Central Station last Sunday night, gold cigarette case with name Richard H. Hunt engraved on inside cover. Reward of $50 and no questions asked if returned to Marcus & Co., 544 5th Av.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, June 20, 1920, either at Pelham Heath Inn or Gedney Farm, platinum Lucite bracelet with diamond and emeralds; liberal reward for its return. Wood's, 19 West 70th, City.

LOST—WILL LADY WHO FOUND DIAMOND RING AND CLEANER'S TICKET IN SMALL PURSE, 125TH STREET, 2 WEEKS AGO, KINDLY COMMUNICATE WITH FORD, AUDUBON 1200.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, between Larchmont, N. Y., to 125th st and Broadway, Friday morning; reward if returned to R. H. Goffe, Jr., 1 Liberty St. John 2034.

LOST—Between Battery and Hudson Terminal Chief Mates Steamboat License, discharge and personal papers; liberal reward. F. O. Wilmann, 39 West 42d St., Bayonne, N. J.

LOST—Sunday, June 20, 1430, Broadway or Palace Theatre, gold fob initialed B. B. on black ribbon; reward for finder. Benjamin Barrabini, 259 Broadway. Plaza 9with 885.

LOST—5th Av. bus, June 24, brown suit case, marked B. if. C., containing clothes and camera; liberal reward; no questions. J. G. Hopkins, 38 West 37th st.

LOST—Neighborhood of 23d St., Monday, June 21, U. S. A. discharge; issued to Arthur C. Tucker. Please return to Company I, 7th Regiment Armory. Reward.

LOST—On Morningside Drive, maid covered satchel, containing private letters and dress. Very liberal reward if returned to 2,807 Broadway or call Schuyler 7544.

LOST—Brown moire silk bag containing gold watch, money and Prince George hotel key. Kindly call Mandel & Watt, 70 West 36th. Greeley 2100.

LOST—Package of keys in black leather case in Weller's Boot Shop, 1,580 Broadway, or between 49th and 48th on Broadway; Friday afternoon; reward.

LOST—At Brighton Beach, diamond engagement ring, 1¼ carat, platinum setting; $100 reward; no questions asked. Phone Watkins 5224.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire bar pin, about six inches long, somewhere in Penn station Sunday; suitable reward. Phone Gramercy 4760.

LOST—On upper Broadway, large diamond ring; fancy setting, with small emeralds; liberal reward. J. Bernheim, 170 Broadway.

LOST—Wallet marked "Jack." Return to information desk, care Retail Research Association, 225 5th Av. Reward. Jackson.

LOST—Lady's silver mesh bag, from Strand Theatre via Broadway, 42d St. car to West Shore ferry. W. E. C., Rector 8267.

LOST—Wallet containing money and diamond bracelet in subway or vicinity of 42d St.; very liberal reward. S 166 Times.

LOST—Gold locket with monogram and date; liberal reward. E. B. Sachs Co., 239 East 57th. Phone Madison Square 1065.

LOST—Friday, sum of money between 57th West End Av. and 66th St.; reward. Phone Schuyler 5823.

LOST—Book American Bankers' travelers checks signed H. V. Darling; reward. D 257 Times.

LOST—Friday, rhinestone bowknot pin, vicinity 45th St. Phone Vanderbilt 9720.

LOST—Folder, 5th elevated, money, pass cards; reward. B 1051 Times Harlem.

LOST—Black and blue silk purse, gold chain, taxi; liberal reward. Lenox 951.

LOST—Bank book No. 47747. Address B 808 Times.

$75 REWARD

for return of gold cigarette case, monogramed "A. B. D." lost June 1, between N. Y. C. and Westchester, N. Y., I. H. and B. H. Wulnberg, 805 5th Av.

$50 REWARD

for return of small oblong gold watch, left at ticket window Grand Central Station about 5 o'clock; return to 42 West 126th, Apt. 12; no questions asked.

$75 REWARD

for return of onyx and diamond bar pin lost June 10 vicinity of 624 St. and Madison Av. Udall & Bailou, 574 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Will young woman with child who picked up fur neckpiece, Broadway and 140th St., Wednesday evening, communicate with 610 West 141st, Apt. 45. Phone Audubon 8364. Reward.

LOST—Reward $25 for green Burberry coat left in taxi at French Line pier. Call Room 959, Fifth Av. Bldg. Gramercy 4195.

LOST—Red fox neck piece, between 6th Av. and 14th St. and West 23d St. Ferry; $15 reward. Telephone Mary Sullivan, Chelsea 6875.

LOST—Fisher fur in taxi, between Savoy Hotel and East 9th St.; reward. Inquire Ferle Heller, 36 West 57th.

LOST—Cohan's Theatre, Saturday night, small ankle neckpiece; reward. Miss Farson, Red Cross, 23 West 43d. Vanderbilt 5750.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—POLICH DOG; LAST SEEN CENTRAL PARK; NAME ON COLLAR, ANABEL DAISE HENDERSON, 344 WEST 72D; GENEROUS REWARD. HENDERSON, 143 EAST 83D. PLAZA 9057.

LOST—From 300 West 89th, small piped Persian cat, white feet; collar with "317 West 82d"; reward. Phone Goldmark, 5725 Barclay.

LOST—Pekingese dog, female, white breast, strayed from 78 East 54th St.; reward. Plaza 5855.

LOST—Brown and white collie; $50 reward. J. Prady, Liberty Theatre.

PERSONAL.

CANDY STORE AT 1,449 2D AV. IS SOLD; creditors should call before June 26, 1920.

A DOUBLE PAGE OF THE BASEBALL STARS.

Among the etchings in this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL of players conspicuous in the leagues this season are the following, shown in action: Bob Maranville, Edward C. Foster, Bob Meusel, Dave Bancroft, Frank Frisch, Bernie Neis, Arthur Fletcher, Jimmy Johnston, Dick Rudolph, Heinie Groh. There are 80 etchings in the number—big world news, sports, drama, Irish civil war, also portraits for a frame of Harding and Coolidge; news stands today.—Advt.

SWANN SEEKS LIGHT ON TRAVIS CHARGES

Brooklyn Editor Asked for Information Based on Criticism of State Controller.

BOND PURCHASE UP AGAIN

Friends of Travis Name Committee to Make Inquiry in View of His Candidacy.

District Attorney Swann sent a written request yesterday to the editor of The Brooklyn Times for information relative to any charges which may be based on a criticism published in that newspaper concerning Eugene M. Travis, State Controller, in which it was alleged that municipal bonds had been purchased by the Controller's Office at a price in excess of the market quotations. Mr. Swann, who intimated that the subject had been called to his attention, said:

"Copies of newspaper charges against the State Controller's Office have been called to my attention and I have asked for any legal evidence which could support them. I am doing this without any preconceived notion of guilt or innocence of any one and without any bias whatsoever. If evidence is placed before me which warrants such action I will bring the matter before the Grand Jury.

It is said that the Brooklyn authorities have declined to take any notice of the controversy, and because of this the Manhattan prosecutor has been appealed to.

The bonds referred to included some of the New York City issues and were purchased for State investment for the sinking fund. Mr. Travis has several times defended his action regarding this bond purchase, stating that better terms were obtained from private sellers than could have resulted from advertising for offers of sale, which probably would have advanced prices. He declined to make any further comment last night other than to say this:

"Everything in the State Controller's Office is open to the public for ascertaining the facts."

Comptroller Travis is one of the leading Republican candidates for the nomination for Governor. Some of his friends, believing that the criticism of his office was being used against his candidacy, asked County Chairman Livingston to appoint a committee to make an inquiry. This committee, consisting of six disinterested citizens, is to have its first meeting on Monday.

CAILLAUX'S LAWYER IN DUEL

Bloodless Encounter Breaks Embargo on 'Meetings' Since the War.

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Special Cable to The New York Times.

PARIS, June 25.—The armistice between all duellists which was declared during the war is at an end. This morning, for the first time since the peace was signed, two duellists met at a lonely spot outside the walls of Paris and in the technical phrase "exchanged bullets." One of them was the well known Corsican Deputy, de Moro-Giafferi, who was the leading counsel for the defense of Caillaux. The other was a certain M. Torres, who had the temerity to differ in opinion from the Corsican, whose eloquence is equalled only by his fiery temperament. The meeting was arranged for 6:30 A. M., and the place was a little hill which dominates the racecourse at Vincennes.

It was a fine morning for any excursion, and apparently everyone enjoyed it, for the experiness of the duellists' shooting was not such as to cause any unpleasantness. They exchanged bullets without effect; that is to say, neither was hit, and the doctor in attendance packed up his little bag and went home without having had to display his professional skill.

The fact that the pistol practice was bad had, however, one unfortunate consequence. The two duelists are not yet reconciled. Possibly they will spend the Summer vacation improving their shooting.

EAGER TO GREET ALFONSO.

Even Separatists Express Pleasure at His Coming Visit to Barcelona.

BARCELONA, June 24.—Enthusiasm in all quarters is increasing as the visit of King Alfonso approaches. Alfonso has not been in Barcelona in fourteen years and now is coming on his own initiative.

The King will travel on the ordinary night train on which a sleeper has been reserved for himself and his suite and will arrive here Sunday morning. All the local and provincial authorities, with representatives of the garrison, will meet the royal party at the railway station.

Even pronounced Catalonist partisans are expressing pleasure at the visit and are declaring sentiment of loyalty to Spain and the monarchy. Every precaution has been taken against untoward incidents, always possible in a city containing extreme elements, but it is generally believed that the visit will pass normally with much display of loyalty.

The King's visit is really of a private nature. He will reside at the Captain General's Palace as the guest of the veteran General Weyler. Today many further invitations from societies of all tendencies were received by the civil Governor, who spent a great deal of time convincing the delegations of the impossibility of the King's accepting them.

Man, 75, Killed by Auto.

Frank Cromley, 75 years old, of 1,319 Second Avenue, was killed last night by an automobile as he was crossing Park Avenue at Sixtieth Street. George Gallop, 28 years old, of 423 West 144th Street, a mechanic, owner and operator of the automobile, was arrested by Patrolman William Semolt, of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station, on a charge of homicide.

WANTS ACTRESS RESTRAINED

Daughter Begins Lunacy Proceedings Against Mrs. Cummings.

Proceedings to determine the mental condition of Mrs. Minnie L. Cummings, a popular actress forty years ago, who is said to have originated the Actors' Fund of America, were started in the Supreme Court yesterday by her daughter, Mrs. Lillian L. Wolfe, 814 West End Avenue. She says her mother has had delusions of persecution for years.

Mrs. Wolfe said she left home when a young girl because of her mother's temperament and never became reconciled with her, although she aided for years to support her mother when the latter, because of her mental condition, was unable to realize an income from valuable property at Elberon and Long Branch, N. J. She said that her mother's house at Elberon, insured for $10,000, burned down several years ago and the insurance was never collected. Mrs. Cummings is unable to sell the property, the daughter says, because no one who knows her will deal with her, as a result of suits she brought against prominent officials at Elberon.

"She has a delusion that all the neighbors, town officials and people of note in the neighborhood have instituted an organized campaign of persecution," says Mrs. Wolfe. She believes she is impoverished, although she has property of great value. She lives in the most unheard of places, is undernourished and underclothed, and I am heartbroken by her actions."

Appointment of a commission in lunacy is sought.

MUSICIANS MAY STRIKE.

Fail to Reach Agreement with Managers on New Wage Scale.

The continued failure of the theatrical managers and the musicians to agree upon a new wage scale is not unlikely to result in a musicians' strike within the next few weeks. A meeting of the Producing Managers' Association was held on Thursday, at which a committee of musicians was received, but the two sides failed to reach an agreement. Negotiations have now been under way for several months.

The Musicians' Union met yesterday in its rooms in East Eighty-fifth Street, and it was following this meeting that strike rumors were heard. The managers have offered salary increases of 10, and in some instances 20, per cent., but the musicians are holding out for an average raise of about 50 per cent.

The American Federation of Musicians, the parent body, is now investigating the dispute, in the hope of effecting a settlement.

Maurice Moscovitch, Actor, Arrives.

Maurice Moscovitch, a Jewish actor who gained fame in London by his portrayal of Shylock in "The Merchant of Venice," arrived here yesterday on the Adriatic, accompanied by his wife. Mr. Moscovitch said he expected to appear in "The Great Lover" in London this Fall and had come to New York to confer with Leo Ditrichstein, who played the leading part in the production of that play.

"I have played in 'The Merchant of Venice' for more than a year and expect to appear on the New York stage in the same play next year," he said.

Mr. Moscovitch went to England two years ago after having been an actor in East Side theatres in this city for twenty-eight years. He attained fame over night by his portrayal of Scylock.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Arnold Daly will appear next season in a play to be produced by George M. Cohan.

"Nobody's Fool," a comedy by Alan Dale, will be produced next season by Augustus Pitou, with May Robson in the star role. The play will open in Stamford on Aug. 25, and will later be seen in New York.

"In Self-Defense," a melodrama by Myron C. Fagan, will be produced next month by Edgar J. MacGregor. In the cast will be Marion Coakley, Vincent Coleman, Frank Hurbeck, Charles Abbe, Joseph Allen, Walter Lewis and others.

Cartwell and Harriss will join the cast of "What's in a Name?" at the Lyric next Monday night. Billy Van and James J. Corbett are no longer with the show.

"Shavings," which closes at the Knickerbocker tonight, will reopen in Boston in August. Harry Beresford will be featured in the leading role.

Harry Fisher will play the title role in "Affar," the Moorish extravaganza which Morris Gest is bringing from London.

Michel Fokine will remain in America to stage the dances of "Mecca."

The Shakespeare Playhouse will give a series of outdoor performances at the Rosemary Theatre on the estate of Reland E. Conklin, beginning July 3. William Faversham will appear as Antony in the mob scene from "Julius Caesar."

NINE IN WATERBURY NEAR DEATH BY BOMB

Boarding House Patronized by Non-Strikers Is Wrecked by Explosion.

RUSSIAN NEIGHBOR HELD

Governor and Major of State Military Board Investigate—Will Call Troops if Necessary.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., June 25.—In an attempt, the police say, to kill the proprietor and six of his boarders who refused to obey the strike order, a bomb, hurled through a cellar window, today wrecked and set on fire the boarding house of Alpino Reabes, a Portuguese. None of the occupants were killed, but Reabes, his wife and a year-old baby were thrown violently to the floor and were struck by flying glass and plaster.

Mike Titol, a Russian living next door, was arrested in connection with the explosion. The police say he admitted having "slightly intimidated" Reabes, but he denied this in City Court this morning. He was sentenced to jail for six months.

This is the third bomb outrage within a fortnight.

Reabes recently received threatening letters, and a few nights ago several Russians entered his house, menaced him with a hatchet, and said they would chop off the heads of him and his boarders if they did not go on strike.

Governor Marcus H. Holcomb and Major Gen. Lucien P. Burpee, as President of the State Military Emergency Board, hurried to this city this afternoon by motor from Hartford to study the situation. They were in conference with Mayor William H. Sandland, Police Chief George Beach and local military authorities. Late this afternoon General Burpee and the Governor said that they were prepared to use the entire armed force of the State to restore and maintain law and order in Waterbury. The Governor told the Mayor the whole State was at his back at five minutes' notice.

The Mayor and the Governor have ignored appeals from labor organizations throughout the country to recall the military. Governor Holcomb and General Burpee, after having a long conference with Colonel Hennegan, who is in charge of the battalion of State Guards on duty, went to the State Armory where they reviewed the troops. The strike, apparently is no nearer a settlement than it was eleven months ago.

Counsel for the American Federation of Labor has been instructed to appeal from the decision of the police forbidding meetings. The union men claim their liberties are being curtailed and intend to fight the matter out in the courts if necessary.

Federal agents have arrived here to aid the local police. Chief Beach has in his desk a large stack of letters threatening loyal factory hands with death if they do not join the strike.

BOGUS DRY AGENTS ROB ALCOHOL STORE

Two "Arrest" Watchman While Another Escapes with $4,000 Worth in Automobile.

Three men approached Frank Styres, watchman in front of Joseph Ianuzzi's olive oil and alcohol store, at 587 First Avenue, at about 10:30 last night and, presenting shields, declared that they were Government agents and that he was under arrest. Styres protested that he was not the owners of the store. Nevertheless, two of the men took him to the Federal Building, while the third man was left in front of the store—the others said as a "guard."

Fifteen minutes after the men had left with Styres Patrolman Nolte of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station saw a big automobile truck being loaded with barrels in front of Ianuzzi's store. As he approached the truck drove away rapidly and the driver did not stop when he called, so he fired three shots in the air. The truck still did not stop and Nolte commandeered a passing automobile and went after it. His chase was in vain, for the truck had disappeared into a side street.

Styres was taken to the Federal Building, where the two men slipped away from him. He returned to the store to find that it had been robbed of eleven barrels of 199 proof alcohol, valued at $4,000.

DR. HAMMER CONVICTED OF MANSLAUGHTER

Jury Returns Verdict at 1 o'Clock This Morning After 4 1-2 Hours' Deliberation.

A jury before Judge Gibbs in the Bronx County Court at 1 o'clock this morning found Dr. Julius Hammer guilty of manslaughter in the first degree for causing the death of Mrs. Marie Oganesoff of 230 Riverside Drive through an operation. The verdict was returned after four and a half hours' deliberation by the jury.

The trial of the physician received added interest through the announcement on Thursday of Joseph L. Maher, one of the jurors, that an unidentified man had offered him a bribe of $1,000 to bring in a verdict for the defense.

According to the evidence Mrs. Oganesoff, who was the wife of a former attaché of the Russian Embassy in this country, became a patient of Dr. Hammer and underwent an operation on July 5, 1919. Five days later she died. It was alleged by Francis Martin, District Attorney of the Bronx, as a result of the operation.

Dr. Hammer's defense was that the operation was necessary and several physicians were called by his counsel to substantiate this contention.

Assistant District Attorneys Quigley and Cohn alleged that the operation was performed without the aid of a nurse and witnesses were called to prove that the patient was not in danger of losing her life when the operation was performed.

The verdict carries with it a penalty of not less than ten nor more than twenty years' imprisonment.

MARRIED BY CONTRACT.

Publicity Writer and Designer Put Document on Record.

A marriage contract by which Margaret Mary Walsh, a designer, of 60 Washington Square, became the wife of Harold Wallace Thirlkill, a publicity writer, was filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday. It was executed before Supreme Court Justice Ford, with Park E. Hanley of Bronxville and Adeline U. Moore of 3 Park Circle, White Plains, as witnesses.

Mr. Thirlkill declined yesterday to comment upon the marriage contract except to say that one of the reasons for it was Miss Walsh, his bride in that it was to avoid publicity."

CLOSED TODAY

TODAY begins our open season for closed Saturdays—but we are ready for you on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays with all those charming and distinctive things for which Ovington's is noted.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

TENT EVANGEL ACTIVITIES.

Plans to Hold a Bible Conference This Summer.

For forty consecutive years Tent Evangel, popularly known as the Gospel Tent, has been holding services in New York in Summer. In that period 4,000,000 persons have attended its services. It preaches to and aims to reach all creeds. The tent, which is holding services every evening, is situated at 110th Street and Amsterdam Avenue. Many celebrated evangelists have spoken under its canvas, and in 1889, when the tent stood at Broadway and Fifty-ninth Street, the famous evangelist Dwight L. Moody addressed large gatherings there.

This year a Summer Bible Conference is to be held at the tent when church unity, the Interchurch World Movement and similar religious movements will be considered. An effort will be made to have these questions taken up by clergymen of different creeds who will discuss them from different points of view. The meetings are under the auspices of the old Tent Evangel Committee which is interdenominational. H. C. Miller, Chairman, is an Episcopalian; Horace L. Day, Vice Chairman, a Baptist, F. T. Hopkins, Treasurer, a Presbyterian; Thomas J. Prather, Secretary, Reformed Church, and A. E. Fisher, Chairman of Ushers, is a Methodist.

Some evangelists who will address the meetings are: The Rev. William Allen, Metropolitan Tabernacle, this city; the Rev. G. W. McPherson, superintendent of the tent; the Rev. A. C. Dixon, late of the Spurgeon Tabernacle, London; Pat "Gypsy" Smith, the Rev. J. Stuart Holden, London, England, and the Rev. Mark A. Matthews of Seattle. The services will continue until Sept. 10.

MUSIC NOTES.

President LaGuardia of the Board of Aldermen will speak and Rose Pounselle will sing at tonight's gala opening of Summer concerts by the National Symphony Orchestra, led by Walter Rothwell, at the City College Stadium.

Nicola Zerola, tenor, having recovered from his illness of a week ago, has been reannounced by the Italian Lyric Federation for its postponed performance of Verdi's "Otello" this evening at the Lexington Theatre.

Mabel Garrison, Sophie Braslau, Lambert Murphy, Reinald Werrenrath and Jascha Heifetz were booked to sail from England yesterday for New York on the liner Olympic, which also brings home the New York Symphony Orchestra.

Otto Erbar will lead the Police Band tonight in Tompkins Square, where Patrolman Herman Eacher will play a solo for clarinet and Vent Warwick will sing "Smilin' Through." The Police Band will also play tomorrow afternoon at King's Park, Jamaica.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE Mat. T'dy 50c to $2.50. No Higher
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
ON THE ROOF, 7 O'CLOCK NIGHTLY
INCOMPARABLE RESTAURANT
ART HICKMAN'S ORCHESTRA
at ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
with EDDIE CANTOR.

LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE In "THE GOLD DIGGERS," by Avery Hopwood.

COHAN & HARRIS Th. W. 42. Mts. 2:20 Mts. Today & Wed. THE MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION HONEY GIRL

GEO. M. COHAN B'way, 43d St. Evs. 8:15 Mts. T'dy & Wed., 2:30. WILLIAM COLLIER IN HIS BIGGEST FARCE SUCCESS "The Hottentot"

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. JOHN GOLDEN presents FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN

CORT WEST 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. JOHN DRINKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43rd St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. HENRY MILLER BLANCHE BATES in "The Famous Mrs. Fair" By JAMES FORBES

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. "THE NIGHT BOAT" "IT'S A JOY RIDE"

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MEXICO'S REHABILITATION.

If General ALVARADO, Secretary of Finance, is listened to, Mexico will have a business administration after the national elections in September. President CARRANZA represented the type of Mexican who wanted to see his country developed by Mexicans, with the foreigners made to keep their distance. They were not to be encouraged to ask for concessions, and it was the policy of the Government to limit by excessive taxation the profits of Americans who had a valid title to oil and mineral lands. General ALVARADO knows that that way lies the decay of Mexico, its reversion to savagery ultimately. He would develop the country along the Diaz lines, but in a democratic spirit. He tells a correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES that the first step in reconstruction must be the rebuilding of the railways:

> For years no attention has been paid to the technical part of the railways. No experts have been employed. So, first, we must convert the debt and arrange to pay all indebtedness on the bonds. We must have reorganization, which will mean placing men of technical experience in charge of important departments of the railways. We must study means for the extension of the roads where needed, where possible build up and help regions that suffer from lack of transportation and divert the excess crops to regions where there is scarcity.

It may be asked, Where is the money to do all this to come from? There will be no difficulty about raising loans when once the Government is made stable and responsible. Mexico is a land of half-developed and untouched resources. Show American and British investors where they can get a handsome return for their money and they will lend it. The Mexican Congress will not be hostile to the railways under a Government of law and order. Moreover, no question of private ownership is involved. If it should be the policy of the Obregon Government to re-equip and expand the national railway system, and as a guarantee of good faith experts are called in, the work will be done as a public improvement. It is not likely to be hampered by laws contrived by demagogues to please constituents who war upon capital. Nothing would contribute more to Mexico's rehabilitation than the putting of her railway system in order and its operation on regular schedules, with rates to attract business and a good passenger service. But this transformation cannot be achieved without recalling Americans to executive positions on the operating staffs.

WHAT RUSSIA CAN TEACH.

The British labor delegates, stopping at Stockholm on their return from an investigation of conditions in Russia, were quoted by the cable on Thursday as saying that "Soviet Russia could teach Western Europe nothing. Socialism would prevail in Great Britain long before it would in Russia." It is a pity that their return journey had not extended as far as Scarborough, where the British Labor Party, holding its annual conference, adopted a resolution demanding recognition of the Soviet Government of Russia. Labor leaders are more convincing when they do not mix their economics and politics. At the beginning of this month the Bolshevist official organ estimated the deficit for the operations in 1920 of the nationalized industries at 23,756,700,000 rubles. That teaches nothing for the British Guildsmen or Whitley Councils to imitate, but the instruction would be useful regarding what to avoid.

The figures of the deficit are very interesting. Fourteen billions were lost by sales below cost of production, although the workers were driven at the rifle's muzzle. Salaries of nearly six billions to organizers were reckoned as waste, and more than a billion rubles were "spent on political measures which were found necessary to keep the workmen quiet," meaning the stationing of armed guards in disorderly shops. That is singular news to come from the administration of LENIN, who gave the labor delegates a letter exhorting British workers to revolution at home. LENIN was surprised that the British delegates were critical of the "Red Terror," and explained to them that it is the defense of the workers against exploiters. The dictator of the dictatorship of the proletariat was not pleased at the bourgeois sentiment of the laborite visitors, who found that he had nothing to teach them. That British labor is learning, despite the lack of a Russian teacher, appears from the cable message from Scarborough that the Labor Conference yesterday declined to affiliate with the Moscow International by a vote of 2,940,000 to 225,000.

ITALY'S NEW GOVERNMENT.

The return to power of GIOLITTI gives Italy a Prime Minister of CLEMENCEAU'S age. Now 78, the Italian statesman's career was thought to be surely finished five years ago. "If anybody had predicted in 1915," said a Deputy at Rome a few days since, "that in 1920 GIOLITTI would again "be at the head of the Government, "he would have been thought insane." The restoration, according to the same authority, is nothing less than the achievement of a "miracle-worker." GIOLITTI is hardly that. He is a veteran politician with a powerful "machine" ready to operate in his favor through the local prefects, the majority of whom are his own hold-over appointees. Moreover, he knew how to bide his time. He allowed the discontents with ORLANDO and with NITTI to heap up until the demand for a change became imperative. Then he offered himself as the one man of the hour.

His announcement of policy before the Chamber on Thursday shows that the old Parliamentary hand has not lost its cunning. The new Premier knows how to make skillful concessions in order to hold together the various political groups presented in his Cabinet. His promise of full Parliamentary control in the matter of making war and peace goes well with his pledge not to enter upon any new foreign policy without the knowledge and approval of the Chamber. This is in direct response to the protests against the secret negotiations concerning Fiume and the Adriatic. These, exclaimed the Idea Nazionale recently, were a betrayal of the country fully as bad as GIOLITTI'S dealings with VON BUELOW in 1915. The new Government's undertaking not to govern by royal decrees, save in "exceptional cases," also strikes at a present cause of popular dissatisfaction in Italy. It was one of the grievances against NITTI. All told, the new Italian Ministry begins its work amid many signs of public favor; but how precarious that is no one knows better than the old steersman once more at the helm.

PLATFORM OPPORTUNITIES.

Vice President MARSHALL'S dream of a short and plain platform, all of which could be printed on a postal card, will hardly be realized at San Francisco. Too many gentlemen with too many planks are already on the ground. Moreover, the pre-convention rumors are all about elaborate compromises in the platform. The Republican model was a bad one, except in a few details, yet it seems to be thought desirable at San Francisco to imitate it in point of spun-out ambiguities and studied non-committal. Party platforms, like speeches in the Senate, have grown long, are growing longer and ought to be shortened.

There are two theories of framing a platform. One is not to offend any group or section. The electorate is pictured as made up of many highly sensitive "votes," meaning groups or classes of voters, any one of which may be driven away by an unguarded phrase in the platform. So the exhortation is to the Committee on Resolutions to speak softly and not to carry a big stick. The triumph of construction, in this conception, is to put forth a set of party principles so vague as not to trouble the mind of a single mortal. Opposed to this idea of not frightening off any class of voters is that of making an appeal which may win new or hesitating voters. It is the plan of being positive and definite, instead of merely negative and cloudy.

To which theory the Democratic platform builders should incline this year there can be little doubt. They can hardly be blind to the fact that, in order to have a chance of success this year, they must look beyond the Democratic vote which nothing can dislodge. They have got to make gains among the independents and the unconvinced. This means that a program clearly constructive ought to be adopted. The Republicans have been depending upon inertia. The Democrats must seek to enlist energy. Their opportunity is especially to be strong where the Republicans were weak, and concrete where their opponents were vaguely abstract.

One such opportunity is pointed out in an address to the Committee on Resolutions issued by the Free Trade League. It is not now a question of free trade, but of laying down a positive policy for foreign commerce, as against the pitiful fumbling with that subject by the Republican platform. It is truly a condition and not a theory that confronts us. Our national self-interest now demands the opening of our ports to needed foreign products. In no other way can the debts due us by Europe ever be paid. This fact is so obvious that even the protectionists at Chicago did not dare to gainsay it. They could only hint helplessly of the need of protective duties in the distant future. Present policy they had none whatever to propose. This leaves a fine opening for the Democrats. They have a splendid opportunity to outline a plan of foreign trade which will mean not only a great and indisputable advantage for this country, but also a wise and humane endeavor to help the crippled peoples of Europe to struggle to their feet.

To seize all such chances left to them by the Republican platform is the indicated strategy for the Democrats. They will undoubtedly put a good deal into their platform which will be perfunctory, and much that is surplusage. But they ought to see to it that at least the critical planks are sharply cut. Only so can they create anything like real issues between the parties; issues on which vigorous campaigners can go out and make a strong appeal for votes.

INDUSTRIAL SELF-DETERMINATION.

The Secretary of the Federation of Labor argues that, since all the railway workers favor Government ownership and operation, such an example of self-determination ought to close the subject on that basis. That might be so if there were no others interested. But those who own and use the railways outnumber the railway brotherhoods some fifty-fold. Is there to be no self-determination for any but unionists? Even on that basis, is there to be self-determination only for Federationists and none for the Amalgamated Association? While the Federation was in session the Amalgamated Steel and Tin Workers resolved that they no longer would co-operate with the Organizing Committee of the Federation, because, according to Vice President DAVIS:

> We do not agree with their methods of organization and cannot continue with honor to co-operate with them. The committee would have us violate our contracts with the independent steel concerns, which we are in honor bound to respect.

The methods which the Amalgamated Association disapproves were those used in the attempt to assist the employés of the Steel Trust in self-determination respecting membership in the Federation, under the leadership of FOSTER.

The Unionists' idea of self-determination was also exemplified by the marching of armed bands to assist the coal miners of West Virginia to make up their minds about joining the United Mine Workers. Governor CORNWELL had his own idea of self-determination, and he repulsed the invaders of his State in a manner like their own. We never heard of any case in which non-unionists used clubs or guns or bombs to dissuade membership in trade unions, and it seems to us that freedom of self-determination is as much the right of non-unionists as of unionists. That there is more than one sort of self-determination is shown by the "outlaw" strikes and the secession from the Federation of more than one union. Among those which may be mentioned are the Electrical Workers' International Union, the Atlantic Coast Maritime Woodworkers' Union, and longshore unions in several cities. It will be remembered how in this city the International President was ejected from the longshoremen's meeting.

Are not such facts worth the consideration of the Democratic women who have prepared fifteen planks for the consideration of the Democratic National Convention? The first reads: "We affirm the right of collective "bargaining between employers and "employés through representatives "of their own choosing." Ought that to extend to bargaining collectively in the Federation's manner?

LOCAL TRANSIT TROUBLES.

The Board of Estimate recently amended the plans for lessening the "shuttle" inconvenience by altering the route of the Queens tunnel line from Forty-second Street to a diagonal under Bryant Park to Seventh Avenue and Forty-first Street. It is a welcome change in the contract, and even more welcome would be a change which would make the line profitable to the operating corporation and its partner, the city. But the city officials are adamant in the belief that the city is better off if it causes both the city and its partner to lose money for the benefit of those who ride for less than cost.

Subway riders who wish to change their routes at Canal Stre must now do so by leaving the subway and passing through the streets. The shuttle itself is not a greater discomfort than this Canal street transfer, due to the fact that construction has been delayed for years, piling up costs for the city and its partner, while passengers are grievously discommoded. The subways ought to have been completed before the war, and would have been but for mistaken opposition by those who think that passengers would rather ride in discomfort than ride faster and more comfortably for a penny or two more until the war's conditions have been overcome.

The purpose of mentioning the use of the street as a transfer route is to suggest that what is done at Canal Street would be a boon if done also at the transfer from the Fulton Street (Brooklyn) elevated to the Fourth Avenue subway across the bridge to Manhattan. This transfer privilege has been delayed for years, awaiting the completion of the Ashland Place link, and now it appears that the link could not be used if completed. The Brooklyn line is bankrupt, and cannot pay for the steel cars necessary for the subway. But the Canal Street method of transfer could be used during the years still to pass before the link can be built and the steel cars provided. To abandon the link or to delay it for another ten years would be an outrageous breach of faith.

The Long Island Railroad is practically a rapid transit road in some sections, and it is in much trouble. Last year it profited abnormally by the movement of troops and war freight to a total near $2,000,000. That traffic has disappeared, and costs of operation have largely increased, so that the present financial condition of the road is the worst in its history since the Pennsylvania rescued it from bankruptcy, at large cost to itself and greater gain to patrons. Just as the road faces this loss of $2,000,000 net earnings there is a demand that it shall reduce its passenger fares to the rate charged by the Pennsylvania where the loss on passengers is recouped by the profit on freight, the freight profits of the Long Island being as small as the Pennsylvania's are large. Also the State regulators are demanding that the Long Island shall build a bridge over Flushing inlet at a cost of $643,000, and shall depress its tracks at Far Rockaway at a cost of $2,500,000.

The Long Island does not dispute the necessity of the improvements, and is willing to make them, but thinks that the regulators might allow it to earn the money, and might consult the road about the economies of the plans. The regulators mean well, but the lot of railway operators is "just one thing after another." In the case of the subways the things pile up on each other, rather than follow one another, and it is an ever lengthening road to Tipperary.

LABOR AS FRANKENSTEIN.

It is perhaps best to pass lightly over Mr. WILLIAM FELLOWES MORGAN'S declaration that his present advantage in the port strike means the rigid enforcement of an open shop. Better far was LINCOLN'S counsel, when hotheads wanted him to fight England, in favor of one war at a time. If the second war is postponed, it has a genial way of not occurring. None the less Mr. MORGAN'S declaration is noteworthy as marking a new phase in the general situation. During the recent epidemic of strikes in basic industries and public utilities labor roused and inspired certain inert elements in the public life which, like the monster Frankenstein created, now have a power that may become dangerous to those who bring it into being.

That many of the dock strikers had a grievance has been freely granted from the start; but it does not follow that extreme measures were justified. Others in the body politic have grievances equally great. It is an imperfect world—in which there has lately been a war. If the strike had been, so to speak, successful, it would probably have meant the ruin of several of the coastwise lines, to the great loss not only of their owners, but of the workmen themselves. Strikes in which there are rights and wrongs on both sides have a way of being long strikes and to all parties disastrous. That, however, is a fact long familiar. The feature which distinguishes the present run of strikes is that not merely labor and capital are concerned, but the public as well—the long-suffering public that fought the war and is still paying for it. Wherever labor has tied up basic industries and public utilities—in Winnipeg, in London, in Kansas, in Paris, in Copenhagen and now in New York—members that have hitherto seemed scattered and lifeless have flown together into a mighty form which blocked the way of labor, quite as the monster confronted Frankenstein.

If the process is long continued, the monster may some day achieve a soul; then we shall have class warfare and with it the death of much that is oldest and most generous in the national tradition. That is a catastrophe which may be brought about as surely by the fulfillment of Mr. MORGAN'S forecast as by the continuance of these anti-social strikes. On both sides there is need for reflection and the larger vision. Fortunately, the wiser counsel seems gaining in influence. A recent "statement of principles" by the Committee on Industrial Relations of the Massachusetts Federation of Churches very ably voices an idea that is everywhere coming uppermost: "The primary needs of the public "have first claim over the interests "of any one class." And, again, "Industry is to be thought of as "primarily for the service of society, "and only secondarily as a means of "personal or corporate gain." Due regard for these principles in the more recent crises would have prevented the loss of untold millions in wages and in capital, and, what is vastly more important, would have brought us all many months nearer to the time when war debts will be wiped out and prosperity once more assured to all.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Two Banks That Now Become One.

That finance has its historic and romantic associations sometimes is a fact presented and emphasized in a particularly well-printed little book just issued by the Bank of the Manhattan Company. In it the story is told anew of this famous institution, from its founding by AARON BURR, soon after the close of the Revolution, and mingled with it is the story of the Merchants' Bank, which was ALEXANDER HAMILTON'S in the same sense that the other was BURR'S.

Just as the names of these two men are linked in our annals, so the two banks have carried on their highly important transactions side by side till now, through all the years of their existence. At last, only a few months ago, they were consolidated, and there is something strange, and in a way pathetic, in the circumstance that it is BURR'S bank that absorbs HAMILTON'S bank, and not the other way around, as would be demanded by what is called, for no known reason, "poetic justice."

But the Bank of the Manhattan Company never felt any ill effects from the connection with it of BURR'S sinister and ill-omened name. From the very beginning of its career its affairs were in the hands of the very best men moving in the commercial and financial circles of New York City, and the same thing is to be said of the men—often they were the same men—who managed the Merchants' Bank. The two organizations always were closely connected and were involved in practically everything that made New York what it so soon became, and what it remains—the chief city, not only of the United States, but of the Western World.

Bankers Then and Now.

In reading the history of the Manhattan and the Merchants' banks, one cannot but be struck by the great number of names appearing in it that also are familiar to every student of American chronicles. These bank Presidents, Directors and stockholders were more than men of money and dealings in money. They were men of action and achievement in many fields. There were statesmen among them, and soldiers, and by the dozens and scores they gained for themselves, in one way or another, places in the books that last.

Somehow or other they were different from their banking successors of the present day—not better nor wiser, probably, but more adventurous, though not more enterprising; more widely famous, though not more respected and trusted. The sums of money that passed through their hands were trivial in comparison with the financial transactions of these and of many another metropolitan bank today, and yet—well, to put the case cautiously, not as many of today's financiers are likely to get the same sort of historic and literary recognition as confers immortality on the men whose relations with the Manhattan and the Merchants' were but a small part of their busy lives.

The explanation of the difference, perhaps, is that this is the age of specialists—of concentration within narrow fields. That results in a like specialization and concentration of fame, and the penalty of it is that men of very high and real eminence remain practically unknown to more than a small fraction of their contemporaries. It was not so in the early years of the nineteenth century.

We Must Save Our Eagle.

Dr. WILLIAM T. HORNADAY, writing in Natural History, which is the journal of the American Museum, utters a grave, almost solemn, warning to the effect that our national bird, the so-called bald eagle, is doomed to speedy extinction unless immediate measures are taken to protect its surviving representatives.

Once numerous all over the country, and only thirty years or so ago often to be seen no further from New York than the Highlands of the Hudson, they are now more than rare all over the country except in Alaska, and even there they will not last long if the Territorial authorities keep up the present bounty of 50 cents, which in their unwisdom they are paying for the head of every eagle killed. The excuse for this incitement to ruthless slaughter—the bounty had been paid 5,060 times in the two years ended with last January—is that the big bird destroys salmon and game; but the excuse is poor, even on economic grounds, for most of the salmon killed by eagles are those that have already spawned and are going to die anyway, while game is safe enough from them except along river margins and on the seacoast.

The "ravages" of the "bird of freedom" are of little consequence—surely not sufficient to justify his extirpation in the country that chose him for national emblem away back in Revolutionary times, and still holds him in theoretical reverence. There long have been whispers, indeed, that in personal character the bald eagle was not above criticism—that he is something of a robber and brigand—but these charges are made only by people who extend human morals too far, and there is no doubt that our eagle looks to perfection the heraldic part assigned to him. Such an eye! such a nose! and such a noble sweep of pinion! perfectly at home on a flag or in a coat of arms, he earns his keep, anywhere, twenty times over.

Something Accomplished.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is very comforting to note that while our Congress may not be able to handle the treaty with Germany and the League of Nations matter they can function all right when it comes to a set of false teeth. It has been announced to the whole country that a special act was passed by Congress to pay for a set of false teeth. Who shall say we are not a great nation? Not I.

EDWARD R. HARDY.

New York, June 22, 1920.

A MODERN SONNET.

Clorinda, you're the girl for me!
I caught you Tuesday darning hose,
And even the dullest eye can see
Neat patches on your last year's clothes!
Your shoe-blacked hat, home-laundered blouse,
Your gloves with well-inked fingertips,
Your careful ways about the house,
Bring praises to a lover's lips.

I picture some safe inglenook,
A kitchenette, with you the queen.
I've heard you say you love to cook
The costly spud, the humble bean.
I've learned how simple are your tastes—
You're mindful of a poor clerk's purse;
Scorn her who coin on candy wastes—
Vow ices bad and lobster worse!

Ah, my Clorinda, heed these rhymes
Of one whose love will e'er prove true—
Who, in these fearsome, high-price times,
A treasure, girlie, sees in you!
Applied Domestic Science, pet,
Your household platform's chiefest plank;
Out of the salary I get
Each week a dime we ought to bank!

ELLA A. FANNING.

OUR RELATIONS WITH JAPAN.

Observations Suggested by a Recent Visit to the East in the Interests of Both Countries.

By HENRY W. TAFT.

I.

The Vanderlip party which recently visited Japan was organized by Mr. Frank A. Vanderlip on the invitation of the so-called Welcome Association, composed of a group of gentlemen prominent in the public and business affairs of Japan. One of the chief objects of that association is, by affording opportunities for the acquisition of exact information and by friendly exchange of views, to promote more cordial relations between Japan and America. The leading spirit in the Welcome Association is Baron Shibusawa, who is well known in this country. Although now 84 years of age and retired from business, he continues very actively engaged in promulgating liberal ideas, and is indefatigable in all kinds of good works designed to improve the welfare of the Japanese people. He and the large element of the people that he represents are strong advocates of peace among the nations of the earth. Recent criticism in America of Japan's national policy led the Welcome Association to invite Mr. Vanderlip to select a group of representative Americans to go to Japan and look into the facts. The Vanderlip party was, of course, unofficial. It came in close contact, however, not only with the American Embassy in Japan, but also with leading members of the Japanese Government. If it had had official functions it could not have received greater hospitality than it did from the social, business and official world of Japan, and it was afforded the most unusual opportunities to obtain information concerning all questions which are of mutual interest to Japan and America.

During our visit in Tokio a conference was held every morning for six days, at which subjects of international interest were discussed. These conferences were attended by all of the members of our party. Baron Shibusawa and Mr. Vanderlip were the joint chairmen. Viscount Kaneko usually presided, as he understood both the Japanese and the English language. Besides these, Baron Megata, Baron Sakatani, Mr. Fujiyama, President of the Chamber of Commerce of Tokio; Dr. Soeda, Mr. Sumoto and a number of other men prominent in public and business affairs in Japan, some being connected with the Government, were present. After our visit to Tokio, we visited Yokohama, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Nara and Nikko, and at these places, as well as at Tokio, members of our party came in contact with the leading Japanese citizens and freely discussed with them Japanese affairs. These included Prime Minister Hara, Viscount Uchida, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Prince Yamagata, Count Okuma, Baron Goto, Baron Mitsui and many others who are now influencing public sentiment in Japan.

It is the reaction which has followed the assumption by America of racial superiority that has caused more irritation than many of the other questions more important to us which have been the subject of international discussion. The Japanese feel that they have not only been treated as inferior to Americans, but to other people less advanced than they, who are permitted to enter the United States under restrictions milder than those imposed on them. There seems to be no expectation (or any very strong desire) on the part of Japan that we should change our Oriental exclusion policy. But we found a considerable amount of irritation on account of the manner in which California has been recently dealing with the land question in its effort to prevent Japanese residents of that State from acquiring agricultural lands. This question should not be confused with the general immigration exclusion policy of the United States, which is embodied in the "gentlemen's agreement," negotiated by Mr. Root, and which is being faithfully observed by Japan; nor does the complaint of the importation of "picture brides," who are soon to be entirely excluded, cut much figure. The Japanese are not a colonizing people—their love of their native land is too intense for that. Japan's statesmen seem to be willing at present to keep as many of her nationals as they can in the archipelago or in Formosa or Korea, or, if they must be colonized, to send them, as they are now doing, to those other parts of Asia which are near at hand and are being developed with Japanese capital.

But in California an effort is being made to prevent Japanese who are permanent residents, although not citizens, from acquiring control, through leases or by transfer to their minor children, of agricultural lands. The proposed legislation based on initiative petitions now in circulation, and the political agitation which it has aroused, have been marked by exaggerated and inflamed statements concerning Japan and the Japanese. It would seem clear that under the present arrangement with Japan there is no danger of a Japanese inundation, which, for one, I am clear should be effectively guarded against.

In the first decade of this century 8,785,000 immigrants arrived in the United States from all countries. Only 62,432 of these were Japanese, that is, about three-fourths of 1 per cent. of the whole. There are now about 100,000 Japanese in this country. Further immigration under the "gentlemen's agreement" is not a menace, for in the six years between 1908 and 1913 inclusive, when it was in effect, there were more departures of Japanese than arrivals. The California land situation does not seem so desperate as to justify a disturbance of international relations. The Japanese now own 28,000 acres of farm land in California and cultivate under lease or contract perhaps 250,000 acres more. However their competition may affect California farmers with whom they come in contact, certainly the presence in California of perhaps 40,000 Japanese, who have reclaimed much of the poorest land in the State and economically have been of great benefit to its commercial interests, is not a peril to the 2,615,000 Americans residing in a State having 29,000,000 acres of arable land.

The complaint is not that the Japanese are lacking in efficiency or character, but rather that they are so industrious, so frugal and so prosperous that American farmers are not able successfully to compete with them. In certain of the agricultural districts, and particularly in the Sacramento Valley, it is said that they are seeking to obtain a monopoly in desirable land, which they cultivate intensively, and that under the advice of American lawyers, in order to defeat the legislative policy of the State, they have purchased lands in the name of their minor children. They have probably been badly advised in pressing their legal rights against the current of public opinion, and as a result discriminatory legislation is now threatened. One of the proposed bills denies the right of any citizen to lease land for any purpose whatsoever to a Japanese under the penalty of confiscation. Another, in order to defeat the purposes of Japanese parents in putting land in the name of their children, proposes to remove Japanese children from the guardianship of their parents and force them under the guardianship of the Public Administrator.

The title to land, or any other matter of local administration or domestic interest, is, of course, primarily a matter for regulation by the State Legislature or by the people themselves. Many States of the Union and many nations, including, I believe, Japan, discriminate in matters of land titles against aliens, and this has always been regarded as sound public policy. But the complaint of Japan is that a single State of the United States, with much acerbity aroused by political discussion, is discriminating against the nationals of Japan alone, and that they are doing it where, legally speaking, the discrimination affects the rights of minor children who are by birth Americans and who, upon becoming of age, will be entitled under our Constitution to the free and untrammeled enjoyment of their rights of property. Some of the acts proposed to be submitted to a referendum have been couched in language implying with unnecessary vigor the inferiority of the Japanese race. These have been resented by leaders of liberal Japanese thought, who are, however, entirely sympathetic with an orderly effort to settle the Japanese land question in a way satisfactory to California.

Whatever the merits of the California land question, and however the Japanese residents of that State deserve the drastic legislation proposed by the referendum, the fact remains that a situation affecting a comparatively small number of California citizens is affecting, and threatening still more to affect, the friendly relations between two great nations. While the interests of the people of California must, of course, be sedulously protected, something also is due to the country at large so that an issue fraught with danger to our international relations may not be unduly pressed. What is needed is a fair hearing of both sides of the controversy before some tribunal authorized to investigate the facts as a basis for treaty provisions finally disposing of the matter. I have found considerable support (even in California) for the idea that such a tribunal should be a joint high international commission. The findings of such a commission, based on a thorough investigation, both in this country and in Japan, of all the facts, would have much weight. It might also become a suitable agency for settling other troublesome questions, such, for instance, as that relating to language schools in Hawaii. Oriental immigration generally, and any other matters which cannot be conveniently settled through the ordinary diplomatic processes.

It has been a common assumption in this country that the Oriental mind is mysterious and inscrutable. A closer acquaintance with Oriental people, however, has led me to the conclusion that their mental processes are not essentially different from ours.

If we would avoid international misunderstandings we should make a special effort to overcome the difficulties in the way of complete mutual understanding; and the California situation makes it particularly desirable that such an effort should be made, especially as it is difficult for the Japanese to understand how the local interests of a limited class in a single State of the United States can be permitted to threaten the friendly relations between the two nations.

Harding as Liberal-Conservative.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That Senator W. G. Harding, the compromise nominee of the leaderless Republican Party, recognizes the necessity of placating that large independent liberal element of the electorate in the present campaign, if he is to have a chance to win, is shown by his labored efforts during the last ten days to cater to and patronize certain progressive leaders by calling them into conference, as, for example, Herbert Hoover and W. F. Brown of Ohio. Obviously the nominee is trying to convince the people of his progressive attitude and sympathies. Can he succeed in this? Can he be both a conservative and a liberal at the same time? Can he please Lodge, Brandegee, Smoot and Fall, with whom he has also been recently in conference, and at the same time really support the liberal views of Kenyon, Lenroot, Capper and Johnson? Truly, such a thing is impossible.

The people know that Harding is a representative of the conservative wing of the Republican Party, and they cannot be deceived by a semblance of liberalism which Candidate Harding may put on for campaign purposes only. What they are interested to know is the real sympathies and beliefs of any man offering himself for the Presidency. In the light of Harding's record and political associations it is only too plain to see that fundamentally he has the narrow social viewpoint and reactionary tendency of the conservative group of Senatorial bosses to whom he owes his nomination. The people are not deceived by a straddling compromise campaign performance.

F. E. WOLFE.

Chicago, June 21, 1920.

Cars and Coal Prices.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article, "Coal Scarcity," you state that bituminous coal in Pittsburgh is selling for $15 a ton, which statement, I think, is misleading and is an injustice to the operators and miners. I am quite sure that if you will make an investigation you will find that practically the entire output of the large coal companies, such as the Pittsburgh Coal Company, the Consolidation Coal Company, and all companies having an annual output of a million tons or over, has been contracted for and sold at not over $4.50 a ton. Some few tons of coal may have changed hands in Pittsburgh at $15, as you state, but this price must have been obtained either by the middleman or by some of the very small mines, generally known as "wheelbarrow mines." And it is these latter mines that Mr. McAdoo had reference to when he made his last tirade against the coal interests during the last miners' strike.

The operators are only too anxious to fill their contracts and get out a larger tonnage, for at the contract price of about $4.50—when the mines are only operating at 45 per cent.—overhead charges and excess profits taxes eat up all margin of profit. And the miners, for their part, are anxious to work and produce coal, as it means their living; but they cannot do so, because there are no cars. You understand that bituminous coal cannot be stored, and unless the empty cars are on the sidings next to the mines in the morning before the men come to work no coal can be produced that day, and thus the mines remain idle and a whole day's production is lost. One hundred dollars a ton would not produce any more coal than is being produced today; only coal cars can save the situation.

ANDREW J. MILLER.

New York, June 18, 1920.

WOLFSON IS EVASIVE AT SCHOOL HEARING

Principal Who Charged His Freedom Was Hampered Gives Few Direct Answers.

OPPOSES RAIDS ON RADICALS

Superintendent Ettinger Hints That Professor's Resignation Will Not Be Accepted.

Dr. Arthur M. Wolfson, who has resigned as Principal of the High School of Commerce to go into business, appeared before the Board of Superintendents yesterday to explain and defend his assertions in his letter of resignation that he was hampered in his school work and deprived of the right of free expression of his views. He read a long statement, giving instances of what he considered interference with his freedom of opinion.

"I am not intellectually or emotionally so constituted," he said, "that I have yielded to the preachings of extreme radicals. I have never had, and I have not now, any faith in revolutionary doctrines. My determination to resign has grown up as the result of my experience since the United States entered the war. It is due to policies and actions which have been approved by the Board of Education. I am convinced that a sound educational system cannot be based on anything but the widest, frankest possible discussion of all matters, and all types of belief, free of propaganda, but searching for truth."

Dr. Wolfson's chief questioners were City Superintendent of Schools William L. Ettinger and Associate Superintendents John L. Tildsley and Edward B. Shallow. They seemed to be unable to obtain direct replies to the majority of their questions. Dr. Ettinger complained of this, saying: "I have not heard yet anything that is not evasive. We believe that you wish to give no direct answers."

To many of the questions Dr. Wolfson said they were answered in his statement.

Dr. Ettinger read a letter, written in February, from Dr. Wolfson to Dr. Tildsley in which Dr. Wolfson told Dr. Tildsley: "If certain developments take place in a business house, I shall hand in my resignation." When asked if his real reason for resigning was to go into business at a higher salary or because he was interfered with as a teacher, Dr. Wolfson said: "My determination to resign has grown up as the result of my experience since we entered the war."

"As to your feeling that you could not protest without endangering yourself," said Dr. Ettinger, "you have heard of Henry R. Linville of the Teachers' Union, who has made speeches and written to the newspapers protesting against certain things in the educational system, and that he is still in his school.

"I do not know what Dr. Linville has to do with this matter," said Dr. Wolfson.

Dr. Tildsley asked about the straw vote at the school for candidates for President, when one teacher and 340 pupils voted for Eugene Debs.

Dr. Tildsley explained that the objection to the use of Debs's name was not that he was a Socialist, but because he was a convicted man, with no civic rights. It was regarded, he said, as an insult to law, and the courts to permit the name of a man, convicted of a crime against the United States, to be so used.

"I do not want to say anything about that," replied Dr. Wolfson, "as I do not wish to involve any one else. I take the whole responsibility upon myself."

Dr. Tildsley asked if Dr. Wolfson could cite one instance where his freedom of action had been interfered with by Dr. Tildsley, and no instance was given.

"My personal views," said Dr. Wolfson, "on a number of controversial subjects, are not in accord with the action of the constituted authorities. I am, for example, opposed to military training for boys between 16 and 19 years of age. I am thoroughly opposed to the methods adopted by the Department of Justice in making wholesale raids on radical meetings. The question is, does a person holding such views belong in our school system? Suppose I were asked direct questions by pupils? Am I pledged to evade? I have never felt hampered in my desires to carry on purely administrative or pedagogical experiments."

Dr. Wolfson has asked that his resignation go into effect on Sept. 8. Dr. Ettinger said: "I have not accepted Dr. Wolfson's resignation and I do not know that I will." A statement about the matter, will be issued by the Superintendent later.

PROCLAIMS ALLIED UNITY.

Never Closer Than Now, Millerand Tells the French Chamber.

PARIS, June 25.—Most cordial relations exist between France and her allies, according to Premier Millerand. Questioned in the Chamber of Deputies today regarding "divergencies between France and the allied nations," the Premier declared amid applause from the entire House:

"Never has the union been closer than now between England, Italy and France."

André Tardieu, formerly French High Commissioner to the United States, defended ex-Premier Clemenceau's work at the Peace Conference in today's session of the Chamber.

France, M. Tardieu declared, had to resist her allies who demanded that there be no interallied occupation of the left bank of the Rhine; that French occupation cease after eighteen months; that France pay Germany for all public property in Alsace-Lorraine; that there be no cession of the Sarre mines, and that there be less than 40 per cent. replacement of the tonnage lost during the war.

WOULD ARBITRATE TESCHEN

Council of Ambassadors Suggests Substitute for Plebiscite.

PARIS, June 25.—The Council of Ambassadors today approved a communication to the Governments of Poland and Czechoslovakia, proposing to substitute arbitration for the plebiscite in settlement of the Teschen question.

WILL EXHUME ISLAY BODIES.

Relatives Want Return of Transport Victims' Remains.

PARIS, June 25.—The exhumation of the bodies of 489 American soldiers which were washed upon the rocky shores of the Island of Islay, off the Scottish coast, after the sinking of the transports Tuscania and Otranto in 1918 will be started July 1, it was announced here today.

The Scottish clan which inhabits the lonely spot has taken the most tender care of the graves and the Chief had given a pledge that the clan would look after the graves as if they were its own until the end of time. The Chief pleaded that the bodies be left on the island, but the relatives in many cases wished them to be returned and it was decided by the Graves Registration Service to remove them all.

The coast of Islay is so steep and rocky that the coffins will have to be carried down trails cut in the rocks or lowered by ropes and tackles to a waiting barge, which will convey them to a transport off shore.

JOHN A. WEEKES WED TO ELSA SCHREITER

President of New York Historical Society Married in Chantry of Grace Church.

MISS M. E. EVANS, BRIDE

Maker of Candy, "Mary Elizabeth," Marries H. D. Sharpe of Providence at Her Mother's Home.

Miss Elsa Adele Schreiter, daughter of Mrs. Henry Schreiter of this city and the late Mr. Schreiter, and John Abeel Weekes, lawyer, were married yesterday at noon in the Chantry of Grace Church by the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery. Only relatives witnessed the ceremony. Later Mr. Weekes and his bride left for the White Sulphur Springs.

Mr. Weekes, who was a widower, is President of the New York Historical Society. Mrs. Schreiter's father was a prominent patent lawyer of this city for many years. After their stay at the White Sulphur Springs, Mr. and Mrs. Weekes will go to his place at Oyster Bay. His city home is at 46 West Forty-seventh Street.

Thirkield—Harris.

Miss Constance Ingham Harris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Harris, and Eden Buckley Thirkield of Boonton, N. J., were married last evening at the home of the bride's parents, 935 Central Avenue, Plainfield. Bishop Wilbur Patterson Thirkield of New Orleans, uncle of the bridegroom, officiated.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Rae M. Harris, as maid of honor, and Miss Katherine Brooks of Mount Vernon and Miss Amy Powell of Oberlin, Ohio, as bridesmaids. Dwight J. Harris of Germantown, Pa., brother of the bride, was best man, and the ushers were Gilbert Thirkield and Wilbur Thirkield of New York, cousins of the bridegroom.

The bride is a graduate of the Oberlin Conservative of Music, Oberlin, Ohio. The bridegroom is connected with the Bankers Trust Company, New York.

Sharpe—Evans.

The marriage of Miss Mary Elizabeth Evans, daughter of Mrs. Fanny Riegel Evans, and Henry D. Sharpe of Providence, R. I., took place last evening at 6 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, 247 Fifth Avenue. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Church of the Messiah, assisted by the Rev. Augustus M. Lord of Providence.

Miss Evans was attended by her sisters, Mrs. Carlton Stringer of Boston and Miss Fanny R. Evans. Zechariah Chafee, Jr., of Cambridge, Mass., was best man for Mr. Sharpe. Only immediate relatives of the bride and bridegroom and a few intimate friends attended the wedding.

The bride is the maker of the candy which bears her Christian name, Mary Elizabeth, and recently published a book on candy making which attracted much attention. She is a granddaughter of the late Judge Henry Riegel of Syracuse. During the war she offered her shop on Fifth Avenue as an experiment station for the Government in solving food problems, and also went to France as a Red Cross worker.

She was only 15 years old when she began making candy in Syracuse. Mr. Sharpe is a member of the Brown & Sharpe Machinery Company of Providence and a Director of The Providence Journal.

Bertelli—Morse.

Miss Josephine Morse of this city and Paris and C. F. Bertelli, a newspaper correspondent, were married yesterday in Paris. The bride is the daughter of the late Samuel Morse, owner and editor of The Indianapolis Sentinal and later Consul General in Paris. Mr. Bertelli is the Paris correspondent of The New York American. He was born in Italy and educated there, also in England and France. He became a naturalized citizen when he came to this country, and before the United States entered the war he joined the Italian Army.

Miss Kutz to Wed Capt. L. T. Ross.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Brig. Gen. Charles W. Kutz, U. S. A., and Mrs. Kutz announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marion Elizabeth Kutz, to Captain Lewis Tenney Ross, U. S. A., son of Major and Mrs. Ross. The announcement was made this evening, when General and Mrs. Kutz celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage with a family dinner party at their home in Q Street. Miss Marion Kutz has had no formal presentation to society, as she only completed her school days this week. Captain Ross is now on duty in Washington.

Stoddard-Hovey Engagement.

Mrs. Lewis Stoddard of Greystone, Winsted, Conn., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Margaret Louise Stoddard, to Otis Wadsworth Hovey, son of Mr. and Mrs. Otis Hovey of 431 Riverside Drive, this city. Miss Stoddard is a graduate of the Teachers College of Columbia University. Mr. Hovey was graduated from Dartmouth and the Thayer School of Engineering.

Engaged to Lt. C. Maywood Styles.

Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln Clifford Cummings of Brookline, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rosamond Clifford, to Lieutenant C. Haywood Styles, U. S. A., 13th Infantry, now stationed at Camp Devens.

Miss Cummings is a graduate of Miss Masters School at Dobbs Ferry. During the war she was active in Red Cross work and served two years, with her sister, Miss Gwendolyn Cummings, of the Major Willard House at Camp Devens.

Lieutenant Styles served with the 12th Aero Squadron and received four citations. He was shot down behind the German lines and taken prisoner shortly before the armistice. He was officer in command of the guard of the Soviet Ark on its recent trip to Russia.

Lady Geddes to Sail on July 1.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25. — Lady Geddes, wife of Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, will sail for England on the Mauretania from New York on July 1. It is expected that Lady Geddes will return here in October, accompanied by her five children. The Ambassador and Lady Geddes's family consists of three boys and two girls, the eldest of whom is a boy of 13 years. They remained in England when Sir Auckland and Lady Geddes came to the United States.

Miss Margaret Jenks Betrothed.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah W. Jenks of 36 Gramercy Park announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaret Jenks, to Stanley Doty Brown. Miss Jenks served as a canteen worker with the Y. M. C. A., in France. Mr. Brown was a Captain of field artillery overseas and is now a member of the law firm of Sackett, Chapman & Stevens. Mrs. Jenks and her daughter are sailing on Monday to spend the Summer in Europe.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Gustave E. Kissel is sailing for England today on the Baltic, on which Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth Wickes are also passengers.

Prince and Princess Albert Radziwill have come from Washington and are at the Hotel Plaza.

Mrs. J. J. Brown, who has been at the Ritz-Carlton, has sailed for Europe, accompanied by her niece, Miss Helen Tobin, and Mrs. William Harper. After a short stay in London, where Miss Tobin is to be presented at Court, Mrs. Brown will cruise for a month in English waters before returning to Newport.

Charles F. Neave, who is to marry Miss Helen Campbell Palmer today in Morristown, gave his farewell bachelor dinner last night at his home, 133 East Sixty-second Street.

Adolph Lewisohn is to entertain a large party at dinner tonight at the Claremont, taking his guests afterward to the first of the Stadium concerts at the College of the City of New York.

Miss Estelle Brim entertained Miss Doris Thornley, who is to be married to Theodore H. Smithson next Wednesday, and her bridal party at luncheon yesterday at the Columbia Yacht Club, followed by a yachting party.

Edward Roscoe Mathews is giving a dinner and dance tonight at the Turf and Field Club, Belmont Park, to introduce his daughter, Miss Esther Mathews, who arrived recently from Paris.

Mrs. Colgate Hoyt is giving a luncheon next week at her house at Oyster Bay in connection with the work of the committee of society matrons who are assisting the needy Serbian children.

Washington.

Mrs. Newton D. Baker, Sr., who has been visiting her son, the Secretary of War, has left for Caldwell, N. J., where she will spend some time with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Baker, her son and daughter-in-law.

The Washington friends of former President and Mrs. Taft have received invitations to the wedding of their daughter, Miss Helen Herron Taft, to Frederick Johnson Manning, on Thursday, July 15, at noon, at the Murray Bay Church, Point à Pic, Canada.

The Secretary of Labor and Mrs. Wilson left yesterday for their home, in Bloomburg, Pa., where Mrs. Wilson and her daughters will remain through the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wood Bliss, the former late of the American Embassy in Paris, and now attached to the State Department, have purchased as their permanent Washington home The Oaks, in Georgetown, the estate of the late Henry F. Blount. The Oaks is second only in size to the famous old Tudor place, now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Armistead Peter 3d. Mr. and Mrs. Bliss, who have rented a house in Georgetown for the Summer, will make extensive improvements on their new property.

Newport.

The members of the naval social colony gave a dancing picnic last evening at the old Mallory estate on Kay Street. It was an informal get-together party that was arranged in a hurry, but proved to be a very enjoyable one.

Mrs. William G. Weld is making an inspection of her estate and is at La Forge Cottage. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Chapman of New York and Ralph Ellis of New York are at the same place.

Mrs. Henry Dertic of New York, formerly of Paris, is making a short Newport visit and is at La Forge Cottage.

Miss L. R. Edgar has registered at the Casino for the season.

Colonel H. Anthony Dyer of Providence, who spoke at the Rogers High School graduation yesterday, was the guest of Governor Beeckman during a part of his short visit.

Former Commodore Edwin D. Morgan of New York, during his visit in Newport in connection with the yacht races, is a guest at the Muenchener King.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Hoffman of Chicago, Mrs. and Mrs. A. A. Hicks of San Francisco, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Jeers of New York, J. W. Jewell of Springfield, Mass., and Mrs. A. Chapman of Brooklyn were registered at the Muenchener King yesterday.

Miss Dorothy Bigelow of New York is the guest of her niece, Mrs. J. Francis A. Clark, at Wrentham House.

Mrs. Charles A. Childs of New York is to return to Newport this Summer, having rented Mrs. E. J. Herrick's cottage.

Mrs. T. Shaw Safe and her son, Kenneth Safe, are sailing for Europe on July 3 for a visit of six weeks with Mrs. Shaw Safe's sister, Lady Herbert.

Mrs. William Alexander is the guest of Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James are expected from New York today.

Mrs. Eugene S. Reynal has returned to New York after a visit in Newport.

Mrs. O. H P. Belmont is the guest of Mrs. Charles Moran at her Catherine Street home, while making an inspection of her estate.

Lenox.

Mrs. Carlos M. de Neredia returned to Wheatleigh tonight from New York. She has her sister, Mrs. Clinton D. MacDougal of Auburn, N. Y., and Mrs. John Nicholas Brown of Newport as guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Nigel Cholmeley Jones of New York are spending a part of their honeymoon with Mr. and Mrs. Rodman Dekay Gilder in Tyringham. Mr. Gilder's sister, Miss Rosamond Dekay Gilder, is to sail from Paris for New York, July 4.

At the Aspinwall Hotel are Mrs. Dwight Arben Jones, Mrs. Frederick R. Hutton; Mrs. Frederick S. Coolidge of New York and Mr. and Mrs. Francis R. Jones of Boston.

Miss Heloise Meyer is staying with her sister, Mrs. George Von L. Meyer at Hamilton, Mass.

Miss Sarah S. Lawrance, Mrs. Arthur Mason Jones and her sister, Miss Julia L. Waldo of New York, are at Orchard House in Tyringham.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sinclair Armstrong, Mrs. John J. Staples and Mrs. Gardiner Gayley of New York and Mr. and Mrs. James S. Lee of Boston are at Curtis Hotel.

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

The revived sport of trap shooting is being indulged by the sojourners at the Greenbrier and among those visiting the grounds yesterday morning were Mrs. M. H. Mahool and her cottage guest Mrs. J. Stuart Frame and Captain Laurence Higgins.

New York arrivals yesterday were Mrs. Morie Corey, Miss Elizabeth Rand and Fred H. Rand, Jr., and Charles W. Luke.

Mrs. Charles Wortham, of Richmond, Va., has taken a cottage for the Summer.

Miss Nancy Read will return today to Washington after several weeks' sojourn at her home Beauregard.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. McIver were among the motor groups that went to Lewisburg yesterday.

Hot Springs, Va.

Lieut. Col. Andrew Thorne of the British Embassy and Mrs. Thorne motored yesterday to White Sulphur Springs on their way to Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Park have as house guests at Boxwood Farm Mrs. Charles Adams and Miss Mary F. Adams of New York.

Mrs. Festus J. Wade arrived at the Homestead yesterday from St. Louis to join her son, Festus J. Wade, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Howard Colket and R. C. Colket of Philadelphia motored over from White Sulphur Springs yesterday for luncheon at the Homestead.

Colonel Jacob M. Peters of Philadelphia started last night for Colorado Springs and will later go on horseback into the Rockies.

Arrriving at the Homestead yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. T. Russell Powers, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Adair and Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Stone of Atlanta, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Deever of Pittsburgh, W. F. Barrett of Richmond and George E. Martin of Cleveland.

Dr. and Mrs. Harvey C. Debrun, who are here from New York on their honeymoon, drove yesterday to the Cascades and Healing Springs.

TOTAL POPULATION PUT AT 105,000,000

Estimate for Continental United States Is Based on Figures for 1,406 Cities.

13,000,000 GAIN A POOR ONE

Rate of Growth Drops from 35 to 26 Per Cent.—Grand Rapids Gains 25,063.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The population of Continental United States is estimated at 105,000,000 by J. A. Hill, chief statistician of the Census Bureau. His calculation is based on the combined populations of 1,406 cities and towns for which statistics have been announced.

The increase over 1910 is placed at about 13,000,000, showing the growth of the country has not kept pace with that of the previous decade. Almost complete cessation of immigration during the war is the chief reason assigned for the falling off in growth. Other suggestions were the two influenza epidemics, return of aliens to their native lands and death of soldiers abroad and at home during the war.

The aggregate population of the cities and towns on which the estimate was made is 41,029,354. This is an average gain of 26 per cent. compared with 35 per cent. in the previous decade.

The following figures were announced today:

Fall River, Mass., 120,485, an increase of 1,190, or 1.9 per cent.

Grand Rapids, Mich., 137,634, an increase of 25,063, or 22.3 per cent.

Reading, Pa., 107,784, an increase of 11,713, or 12.2 per cent.

Vincennes, Ind., 17,210, in increase of 2,315, or 15.5 per cent.

Leominster, Mass., 19,745, an increase of 2,165, or 12.3 per cent.

Attleboro, Mass., 19,731, an increase of 3,516, or 21.7 per cent.

Methuen, Mass., 15,189, an increase of 3,741, or 32.7 per cent.

Cumberland, R. I., 10,077, a decrease of 30, or 0.3 per cent.

Donora, Pa., 14,131, an increase of 5,957, or 72.9 per cent.

Populations of Des Moines, Iowa; Taunton, Mass.; Eugene, Ore.; Wichita Falls, Texas; Butte, Mont., and Mannington, West Va., will be announced tomorrow.

NINE STOWAWAYS ESCAPE.

Some May Have Drowned—Of the 13, All Negroes, Four Are Retaken.

Thirteen negro stowaways on the steamship Coamo of the Porto Rican Line, which berthed at the foot of Summitt Street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning, at midnight this morning escaped from the brig of the vessel, after overcoming one of two guards detailed by the captain of the ship to watch them.

One of the guards left his post to bring one of the stowaways a drink of water. When he was out of the way the thirteen negroes broke down the door of the brig and knocked down the remaining guard. Then the stowaways dashed to the gangplank leading to the pier. Nine of them jumped overboard, and some of them are believed to have been drowned.

A call was sent for the reserves of the Hamilton Avenue Station. On their arrival the four remaining stowaways were found among the freight on the pier. Launches from the Harbor precinct at Pier A were sent to the scene to search for the men who jumped overboard.

ARREST MOTOR TRUCK HEAD

Leonard B. Orloff of Detroit Is Charged with Embezzlement.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, June 25.—Leonard B. Orloff, head of the motor truck firm of that name, was arrested this afternoon on three charges of embezzlement preferred by the Continental Guarantee Corporation of New York. While the specific sums named in the complaint total $2,800, the police assert he will be involved in amounts exceeding $50,000. It is further alleged that more than 200 Detroiters are victims of a gigantic swindle in which Orloff is said to have been connected for more than a year. The accused is said to be a Russian Count.

Warrants for the arrest of Orloff were issued on the application of William W. Love, traveling agent for the New York company. According to the detectives who made the arrest, Orloff's scheme was to sell old and new trucks to men on receipt of a small deposit. He would then sell the contract signed by the purchaser to guarantee companies and other concerns. According to Love, a man was then sent out by Orloff to collect the remaining installments on the truck, and the money was paid to Orloff instead of to the man who purchased the contract. As a result, when the buyer believed he had paid for his truck he would still receive notices to meet installments due to the purchaser of the contract, it is asserted.

Orloff came to Detroit from Russia, where he was said to hold a title. He married Miss Julia L. Stott, daughter of David Stott, millionaire Detroit flour manufacturer.

CALLED TO FIGHT LOCUSTS.

All Available Men Summoned to Combat Spain's Plague of Insects.

MADRID, June 24.—Reports were received from various places today stating that dense clouds of locusts have devastated the fields in the districts of Almagro, Bolanos and Torralba.

From Toledo came reports of immense damage by insects to newly sown fields, olive orchards and truck gardens. The military and civil authorities have asked all available men to aid in fighting the plague of insects.

ACTOR IS SHOT BY KITTY GORDON

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

poured down the grease paint on Griffith's cheeks.

"Whew," he whistled, "if that bullet had got me it would have caught me in the back of the head or between the shoulders. I've been burned several times when Miss Gordon fired too close. We always told her to shoot between us."

The pistol and a box of blanks as well as some ball cartridges found in Wilson dressing room were taken by the detectives. They tried to find out who put the bullet in the revolver. Griffith said he couldn't imagine. Wilson declared he had loaded the weapon with nothing but blanks.

Chief Gharrity ordered all the principals to his office to be questioned.

So Kitty Gordon was escorted by detectives to the City Hall. Her daughter and Griffith accompanied her.

Miss Gordon Explains Shooting.

"Why, really, I don't know much about it, except that I fired the revolver and it burned my hand," she said. "I dropped it. It never burned me like that before. I'm dreadfully sorry about the whole thing, but I really didn't know anything had happened except that the gun jumped and it burned me. That's all I can tell you."

Wilson admitted he reloaded the revolver today.

"You see," he said, "I carry that gun sometimes to protect Miss Gordon's jewelry. After the show I load the gun with real bullets and before every performance I break it and reload it with blanks. Max Vasold, the stage manager, saw me reload it today."

"Yes," agreed Vasold, "I watched him fix it, and both of us thought all the bullets were out. One must have stuck."

Wilson intimated he carried the gun also for protection against some one whom he or Miss Gordon feared.

"Yes," agreed Vasold, "I was found that the bullet had passed through Hack's right arm, between two ribs, and emerged from the back under the shoulder blade. Physicians say they do not believe the lung was punctured.

Hack says he intends to sue Wilson for criminal carelessness when he recovers.

Kitty Gordon is the widow of the Hon. Henry William Walter Horsley Beresford. He was killed in the war and she subsequently married Wilson, her vaudeville partner. She was formerly well known as a musical comedy star, but in recent years has been seen principally in vaudeville and moving pictures.

CHAUFFEUR RETURNS GEMS.

Taxi Driver Finds $75,000 Jewels in Car and Restores Them to Fare.

The recovery of jewels valued at from $50,000 to $75,000 belonging to the Marquis Duquesne, a Cuban stopping at the Hotel Netherland, which disappeared between a Ward Line pier and the hotel on the day of the Marquis's arrival Wednesday, was reported last night at the East Sixty-seventh Street Police Station.

According to Detective John McGuire, the missing jewels were returned by Joseph Cahill, of 197 Congress Street, Brooklyn, the taxicab driver who took the Marquis, his wife and their maid from the pier at Wall Street and East River to the hotel. Cahill, so the police say, found the case containing the jewels in his taxicab when he returned to the garage.

According to the detective, the Marquis and his wife got out of the taxi at the Hotel Netherland and left five pieces of luggage in care of the maid, who found the jewel case missing when they reached their apartment.

ON MISSION FOR MEXICO.

Yglesias Calderon Going to Washington to Seek Closer Relations.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, June 25.—Fernando Yglesias Caldron, head of a Mexican Mission sent to this country by President de la Huerta to bring about friendship and closer relations between the United States and Mexico, passed through here today on his way to Washington. He said that no steps were being taken by the present de facto Government of Mexico, looking to the recognition of the new Government by other nations, but this would come as a matter of course within a short time. He felt that recognition was not essential to the establishment of permanent peace and the rehabilitation of Mexico, and that diplomatic relations with other countries had been mostly suspended and could be resumed at any time.

The efforts of the new Government, he added, were being directed toward eliminating graft in high places, and it was hoped to put the Government on a firm financial footing without increasing import duties or revising the present revenue law.

RED CENTRE IN MEXICO.

Latin-American Branch of Moscow Internationale Reported There.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Establishment of the Latin-American branch of the Third Internationale of Moscow at Mexico City to spread Bolshevist propaganda in North and South America is reported by Excelsior of Mexico City, copies of which have been received by State Department officials.

According to Excelsior, the Mexican capital is the centre of Bolshevist activity on this continent, and it is from there that Soviet propaganda in the United States, as well as in the Latin-American countries, is being directed.

The Mexican police authorities, Excelsior says, have begun arresting active agents of the Moscow Soviet Government. At various times in the last two years Soviet agents, plentifully supplied with money, credentials and documents, have arrived in Mexico from European ports and the United States, and they are said to have built up a strong organization. Nationalities represented include Russians, Rumanians, Germans, Hindus and Americans.

Some of the Americans fled from the United States to escape the draft. Excelsior says the leader of the organization is a Russian named Gruesenberg, who with two others is now on his way to Moscow to obtain a fund of $18,000,000 to finance the work of the Bolsheviki in the Americas.

MORE MEXICANS ON STRIKE.

Protest to Calles on Arrest of "Proletarian Defense" Leaders.

MEXICO CITY, June 25.—Four thousand members of the Society for Proletarian Defense of San Pedro de las Colonias have gone on strike for higher wages, according to newspaper dispatches today.

The President of the Society telegraphed General P. Elias Calles, the War Minister, that farmers and soldiers had arrested the Presidents of the labor groups and sent them to Torreon. General Calles ordered the commander at Torreon to investigate, adding, "The right to strike is sacred."

Union workers at Puerto Mexico, in the State of Vera Cruz, have declared a general strike in sympathy with the petroleum strikers, and the trainmen on the Mexican Railway at Orizaba, Vera Cruz State, have called a strike for back pay, according to Excelsior.

ALL PARTIES FOR OBREGON.

Chamber Ratifies Date of Sept. 5 for Presidential Election.

MEXICO CITY, June 25.—All the political parties have agreed on the Presidential candidacy of General Alvaro Obregon, according to El Democrata today.

General Pasqual Ortiz Rubio has received leave of absence from his post as Minister of Communications and Public Works to resume the Governorship of the State of Michoacan during the local elections to be held July 4, El Democrata says.

The Chamber of Deputies today ratified the dates for the general elections, fied the dates for the general elections—5 for the Presidential election.

General Enrique Estrada has been named Military Commander of the States of Colima, Guanajuato, Jalisco, Auguascalientes and Zacatecas.

Chihuahua Stops Emigration.

JUAREZ, Mexico, June 25.—Mexican immigration officials today were ordered to forbid Mexican laborers crossing into the United States to accept work in that country. The order was said to have been given by the Governor of Chihuahua. Three hundred Mexicans crossed into the United States yesterday, completing a movement of 1,000 through this port in a week.

SILK MILLS CUT WORK TIME DOWN

Several New Jersey Plants Closed and Others Running at Half Capacity.

THOUSANDS ARE AFFECTED

Passaic Woolen Mills Operating Only Four Days a Week Owing to Surplus Stock.

Several of the North Hudson and Paterson silk mills have shut down and others are operating on a part-time basis. The manufacturers say they are closing down for the purpose of taking inventories and for general repairs necessary in their plants, but in some quarters it is believed that the underlying reason is probably due to overproduction and lessened demand. Another cause, it is said, is that the market has been flooded with a large quantity of inferior material. The silk dyeing establishments in Paterson, employing about 10,000, have not been affected.

In the North Hudson section, it is reported, three mills have been closed for periods of from ten days to two weeks and others are expected to follow next week, while three others have suspended operations on account of labor troubls. It is expected that between 3,000 and 4,000 silk workers will be affected by the shutdown in Hudson County.

The situation, according to reports, is worse in Paterson, where about 5,000 workers are on part time, 1,500 to 2,000 laid off, and from 1,000 to 3,000 on strike. About twenty mills are affected.

In a statement last night, Louis Magnat, business agent of the United Textile Workers, said: "The outlook is anything but promising, and I believe the trouble will soon spread to other mills. The situation probably will not be straightened for some time."

Several of the larger woolen mills in and about Passaic are also working four days a week, instead of five, due it is said to an overstocked market. There have been reports during the last few days that some of these plants were about to take inventory, which might mean they would be closed for a few days, or possibly a week, but officials of none of the mills would admit last night that any such move was contemplated.

In Passaic and Garfield, where the biggest woolen mills in this section are located, several thousand men and women are already feeling the financial effects of the short week.

CO-OPERATIVE PLAN GROWS.

Two Incorporations in Brooklyn to Deal in Merchandise.

The rapid spread of the co-operative movement in Brooklyn was indicated yesterday by the filing of certificates of incorporation of the Fort Hamilton Co-operative Society and the Bay Ridge Co-operative Society in the Brooklyn County Clerk's office.

The organizations have been created for the purpose of engaging in, producing and manufacturing of merchandise. The societies are capitalized at $10,000 each, in 2,000 shares of $5 each.

In the last few weeks there have been organized in Brooklyn the Navy Yard Co-operative Society, the Putnam Co-operative Society, the Stuyvesant Co-operative Society and the McDonough Co-operative Society, and similar organizations are contemplated in Manhattan, Queens and other boroughs.

Obregon Leaves the Capital.

MEXICO CITY, June 25.—General Alvaro Obregon left the capital last evening for Sonora, intending to make the trip by the way of Guadalajara and Manzanillo.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. LINA POLACHEK, mother of Victor H. Polachek of The Sun and New York Herald, died yesterday in the Post-Graduate Hospital at the age of 69. Her residence was at 535 West 135th Street. Other children surviving are Arnold, Julian and Gizella Polachek and Rose Burt.

CHARLES HUGH DICKSON of the Advertising Department of the Journal of Commerce, with which he had been connected for 41 years, died yesterday of heart disease at his residence, 52 Summit Avenue, Jersey City. He was born in Albany in 1864, his maternal ancestor, Thomas Fry, having come to Rhode Island from England in 1632.

MURRAY C. LEIBERT, head of the wholesale hardware firm of M. C. Leibert & Co., died yesterday, aged 31 years, at his home, 1,488 Union Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ELLEN TEMPLE HUNTER, widow of George Hunter, died Thursday at her residence, Barack Matif Farm, Salisbury, Conn. Services will be held at half past two tomorrow afternoon at St. John's Church, Salisbury.

Captain JOHN C. JENSEN, a retired master of steamships and inventor of machinery for making wire baskets in use as containers for papers in offices, died at his home in Sheepshead Bay on Thursday. He was born in Arndall, Norway, eighty-eight years ago.

Mrs. EMMA F. CARMAN, widow of Dr. George Pell Carman and a former resident of Brooklyn, died at her home in Yonkers, N. Y., on Thursday. Her husband, who died in 1912, was a former President of the Brooklyn Academy of Medicine and for fifteen years house surgeon of the Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary.

HERMAN L. KAUFFMANN, 72 years old, a retired restaurant proprietor and a former President of the Brown Trading Stamp Company, died at his home, 104 Highland Place, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was a long Democratic Captain of his election district.

Mrs. SARAH E. CULLEN, widow of Patrick J Cullen, formerlyy head cashier for A. T. Stewart & Co., died of pneumonia on Wednesday at the home of her daughter, 81 Cornelia Street, Brooklyn, aged 68 years.

Mrs. ELLEN BAKER AMES GRISWOLD, wife of Frederick J. Griswold, a jeweler, and daughter-in-law of the late Congressman Stephen M. Griswold, died at her home, 178 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Thursday from Bright's disease. She was born seventy-eight years ago in Bridgeport, Conn., of old New England ancestry.

PHILIP LANDGRENDORFER, 85 years old, formerly the owner of a transportation and trucking business in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 415 Seventy-fourth Street, Bay Ridge.

THOMAS A. CARR, Senior Past Master of Delta Lodge, No. 453, F. and A. M., of which he had been a member for forty-five years, died in his sixty-seventh year on Thursday at his home, 545 East Twenty-sixth Street, Flatbush. He was also a member of Franklin Council, No. 253, R. A.

FREDERICK MILLER, 52 years old, who served for several months as a secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in France during the war, died in the Nassau Hospital on Thursday. He was a native of England and for many years had died at Sea Cliff, L. I.

PETER S. EBBERT, for thirty years chief engineer of the dry goods store of James A. Hearn & Sons, died of apoplexy on Tuesday at his home in Glen Rock, N. J. Mr. Ebbert had been Vice President of the Store Improvement Association since its organization and was a member of St. Albans Lodge, No. 56, F. and A. M., of Brooklyn.

JOHN D. JONES, a merchant in this city for fifty years, died Thursday night at the age of 73 at his home in the village of Cedarville, N. Y., of which he was an organizer.

Mrs. GLORINDA JAMES, 74 years old, died at 342 West Twenty-fourth Street, close to the site of the farm on which she was born.

GEORGE C. SHERMAN, a paper manufacturer, died yesterday at his home in Watertown, N. Y., aged 84.

Mrs. KATHERINE A. WEIR, wife of Highway Commissioner Weir of Rye, died at her home in Port Chester yesterday, aged 64.

JAMES HECTOR LEE, Treasurer of H. W. Miller, Inc., died yesterday at his home in Bayside, L. I., after an illness of several months, at the age of 64.

Mrs. SARAH GODINE HENDERSON died yesterday at the age of 80 in Port Chester, where she had been President of the Ladies' Hospital Association.

JAMES O'KEEFE of 311 Third Avenue, manager for ten years of the John McFadden Co., died Wednesday at his home, aged 58 years.

EDMUND J. O'CONNOR, a son of the late Police Captain John F. O'Connor, died Thursday in St. Francis Hospital, Brooklyn, aged 22 years. He lived at 97 St. Mark's Avenue.

JOHN K. CHESTNUT, an engineer with the Brooklyn Water Department, died Wednesday night.

JAS. H. ROBERTS DIES AT 95.

Father of Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury Was Once an Eminent Lawyer.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 25.—James Henry Roberts, father of Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Chestnut Hill, at the age of ninety-five.

Mr. Roberts had made his home for several years on the Chestnut Hill estate of Mr. and Mrs. Stotesbury during the Spring and Summer months. He occupied a house of his own on the grounds. He spent the Winters in Florida.

Mr. Roberts in earlier years was a distinguished attorney practicing in Chicago. He retired from active practice about thirty years ago. During his career as an attorney he was closely associated with Melville W. Fuller, former Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, and it is stated that he was considered with Chief Justice Fuller when President Cleveland made the appointment in 1888 to succeed Justice White.

Mr. Roberts is also survived by two grandsons, both of whom are sons of Mrs. Stotesbury, Oliver Eaton Cromwell 1,721 Locust Street, and James H. R. Cromwell, who is now traveling around the world on a honeymoon tour, having recently married Miss Delphine Dodge, of Detroit.

Edward Ford.

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 25.—Edward Ford, founder of the Edward Ford Plate Glass Company, owner of the Ford and Dime Savings Bank Buildings in Detroit, and President of the Michigan Alkali Company of Wyandotte, Mich., died at his home here last night after a long illness.

He was born in Greenville, Ind., Jan. 21, 1843, and promoted the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company at Creighton, Pa., in 1881. He came to Toledo in 1899, when he founded his own company, which has grown to one of the largest of its kind in the country.

Mr. Ford returned recently from Florida, where he went in the hope of improving his health.

Joseph Conyers, Actor.

Joseph Conyers, who toured the country for many years in the play "Our New Minister," died yesterday morning in a private hospital, following an operation for an intestinal ailment. His real name was O'Connor and he was born in County Mayo, Ireland sixty years ago. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. John O'Connor, live at 792 President Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Conyers played character parts successfully for many years, appearing in many Broadway productions. He was a member of the Players' and Lambs' clubs.

Justice Lawson M. Harvey.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 25.—Lawson M. Harvey, 62, of Indianapolis, a Justice in the Indiana Supreme Court, died here today following a brief illness. Justice Harvey was stricken with apoplexy while at his office Tuesday afternoon. He had been on the Supreme Court bench since 1916.

Born.

NIMICK—Mr. and Mrs. Alexander K. Nimick announce the birth of a daughter, Beatrice Arnold, June 21st, at Stamford, Conn.

SIMON—To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Simon of 137 West 25th St., a son.

Engaged.

FELD—SCHWARTZ—Mr. and Mrs. David Feld, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Frances, to Mr. Jack Schwartz, Brooklyn.

GRANT—GARRETT.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Greene Garrett, 246 Boone Av., Winchester, Ky., announce the engagement of their daughter, Martha Allison, to Mr. Donald Kneass Grant of Orange, N. J. They will be married quietly at home on July 10.

Married.

KELLER—MARTINE—On Thursday, June 24, 1920, at Scarsdale, by the Rev. Father William C. O'Rourke, at the rectory of the Church of the Immaculate Heart of Mary, Elmer H. Keller of White Plains, N. Y., and Emilie R. Martine.

LEAD—YOUNG—On Friday, June 25, at 866 President St., Brooklyn, N. Y., by the Rev. James M. Farrar, Elizabeth Young, daughter of Mrs. Chas. T. Youn, to David Irving Lead of Lake Waccabuc, N Y.

TEITELBAUM—GREENBERG—Ruth Greenberg, daughter of Mr. Greenberg, married June 24 to Gustave Teitelbaum, son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Teitelbaum.

WEEKS—SCHREITER—On Friday, June 25, 1920, at Grace Church Chantry, by the Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Elsa, daughter of the late Henry Schreiter, Esq., to John Abeel Weeks.

Anniversaries.

PORGES—Mr. and Mrs. Max J. Porges announce the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding on Saturday, June 26, at Waldorf Bungalow, 6 Bay Court, Sheepshead Bay, N. Y.

Card of Thanks.

POSHUTMAN—I desire to publicly express my thanks to the Superintendent, his subordinates and the entire surgical and medical staff of Beth Israel Hospital for the many courtesies and the attention given to me while a patient in that splendid institution. Aaron Poshutman, 59 Jefferson St., City.

Died.

ABRAMS—On Friday, June 25, 1920, Louis M. Abrams, beloved husband of Clare and devoted father of Louis, Charles and Estelle. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ABRAMS—Louis M., beloved son of Bertha and the late Henry, devoted brother of Otto, Ida, Ruby and Cecilia (Braems). Funeral notice later.

ALTMAN—Sarah, beloved mother of Samuel W., Berdie, Ernestine Altman and Mrs. H. F. Wallach, June 25. Services The Funeral Church, Broadway at 66th St., on Sunday, June 27, at 10:30 A. M.

BENDIT—June 25, in her 6th year, Bernice H., darling daughter of Edward and Tina Bendit. Funeral from her late residence, 450 Audubon Av., on Sunday, June 27, 10 A. M.

BUCKLEY—On June 25, 1920, Peirce Buckley, beloved husband of Catherine M. (nee Hamilton), native of New Inn, County Tipperary, Ireland. Funeral from his late residence, 233 West 107th St., on Monday at 10 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

BUNZ—On Wednesday, June 23, John Bunz, in his 68th year. Relatives and friends and various societies of which the deceased was a member are respectfully invited to attend the funeral service at his late residence, 833 Kinsella St., Van Nest, Saturday at 8 P. M. Interment Sunday at 1 P. M.

CARMAN—At her home, 1,063 Warburton Av., Greystone, Yonkers, N. Y., on Thursday, June 24, Emma F. Carman, wife of the late Dr. George Pell Carman, formerly of 300 Franklin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral service at her late residence Saturday, June 26, at 8 P. M. Interment Plainfield, N. J.

CARPENDER—At New Brunswick, N. J., Thursday, June 24, Charles Johnson Carpender, in his 73d year. Funeral services will be held at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, New Brunswick, N. J., on Saturday, June 26th, at 2:30 P. M.

HARVARD 'VARSITY OVERWHELMS YALE

Sturdy Crimson Oarsmen Lead Rivals to Line by More Than Eight Lengths.

ELIS FINISH IN DISTRESS

..le Crew Near Collapse After Trailing Entire Distance of Thames Race.

YALE JUNIOR EIGHT WINS

Defeats Cambridge Second Boat by Length and Half — Nickalls's Freshmen Also Victorious.

RESULTS OF THE RACES IN HARVARD-YALE REGATTA

'Varsity Race—Won by Harvard, time 23:11; Yale second, time 23:46.
Junior 'Varsity Race—Won by Yale, time 10:03 2-5; Harvard second, time 10:06.
Freshman Race—Won by Yale, time 10:06 3-5; Harvard second, time 10:10.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 25.—The strong, sturdy oarsmen of Harvard scored a sensational victory on the Thames this evening, leading a badly beaten Yale crew to the finish line by more than eight lengths. Rowing a smooth stroke backed by a world of stamina, the cedar craft of the Crimson swingers cut through the rippled waters of the river at a pace which, in the last half mile, completely demoralized the Eli eight.

With the Blue a ruling favorite at 10 to 7, the Harvard procession came as a great shock to the thousands of Yale partisans who had flocked here today to gloat over another victory. Earlier in the day, the Yale junior 'Varsity and freshman eights defeated Harvard, and the big 'Varsity event was just what Yale needed to complete a perfect day.

Harvard [illegible] to the front in the big race and was never headed. As Yale, for the first two miles, trailed a length in the wake of the Crimson shell, the thousands of Yale rooters on the long-observation trains and on the fleet of pleasure cra[illegible] were not discouraged. Yale was to make her rush in the last two miles. But when Kit Carson, the Blue coxswain, barked out to signal for Yale to hit up the pace, Harvard was not caught unaware. For a time after the navy yard was passed Yale gave signs of carrying out her plans and the Yale craft, propelled by a higher beat, began to creep up on Harvard.

Yale couldn't stick. The going was too hot. Harvard held the lead steadily and shook off the Blue pursuers.

Yale in Agony Near Finish.

The finish was one the spectators will never forget. The Harvard crowd will look back with a thrill at that moment when Reggie Jenney, with the men behind him working like a well-oiled machine, fairly lifted the boat over the line and then sat there erect, with plenty of reserve power left, and witnessed the agony the Yale oarsmen went through in the last few hundred yards.

Church Peters, who has stroked many a victorious Yale boat, and who led his craft home ahead of Harvard last year, was near collapse. His oar slipped from his grasp and there was a hitch in the Eli boat. With head bowed over, he vainly reached for the oar handle and couldn't grasp it. Kit Carson, the coxswain, grabbed the two rudder ropes in one hand and with the other splashed water into the white face of the stroke oar. Then he pushed the oar handle back where Peters could reach it.

Once his fingers were curled around the handle, Peters came back. It was nothing but sheer gameness. He swung back into the stroke with the others and was still rowing when the boat went over the line. Peters's chin fell to his breast and Driscoll in the bow doubled up like a jackknife.

Carson splashed all those he could reach, but there was no one to splash Driscoll. Yale died hard. Every last ounce of stamina in Guy Nickalls's pupils went into that gruelling four-mile battle. When the race was over the crew was done for.

In the Harvard shell there was another picture. Joy was written on the smiling faces of Captain Davis's crew. All eyes were turned on the stroke oar in the Harvard boat. "What a little fellow!" everybody gasped. He was little. Reggie Jenney weighs only 136 pounds, although the statistics have stretched it a lot and have him down as 150. Never in his life has he weighed that much.

Was Formerly a Coxswain.

When Jenney was in prep school he was so light that he was a coxswain. He was a coxswain during his freshman year at Harvard. He wasn't satisfied with that, for his ambition was to pull an oar. Never in his wildest dreams did he believe that he would be heavy enough to sit in the stroke berth in the 'Varsity shell. But he kept on trying. Exercise and lots of milk and eggs and outdoor life put pounds on little Jenney, and there he was this afternoon, sitting up as big as life, the lightest oarsman who ever stroked a 'Varsity crew over the long stretch of Harvard-Yale regattas. From Coxswain to stroke oar is a big jump, and Jenney is the only man who ever did it. Do you wonder the spectators looked at him and said, "Gee, what a little fellow!"?

Two fathers watched that race with deep, silent emotion. The dad of Peters, the Yale captain, came all the way from Seattle to see his son's last race in a Yale shell. The dad of Captain Davis ran up from New York to see his boy's crew. Peters, semper, was deeply grieved, but he had the satisfaction of seeing the Yale captain row as gritty a race as a boy ever pulled in a boat. He saw him stick to his oar until the last bit of human endurance was gone. No boy can do more. Two coaches looked upon that race with mixed emotions also. Bill Haines, Harvard coach, didn't show how he felt. He just kept puffing away at his black pipe and didn't say a word. Guy Nickalls, the Yale crew coach, who sails away to England tomorrow, watched the Yale crew for two miles, saw it spurt and fail, and then turned his head away and viewed the rolling green [illegible] countryside which slopes down to the banks of the river.

Hubbub of Other Days Missing.

This was a different kind of regatta than New London ever saw before. The artificial exhilaration, the ear-splitting noise, the tooting of horns, the wild yells and hubbub of the wet joy-carnivals of other days were missing.

The close harmony of the hilarious student and the jubilent chorus of the [illegible] graduates were not there to [illegible] days are gone but not forgotten. When the old graduate bumped in the lobby of the Crocker or the Mohegan, the cry of greeting was, "Well, old boy, how are you?" It used to be, "What'll you have?"

The dry regatta has brought about a keener and a more sincere spirit of sport for sport's sake. The thousands came here today to see the boat race and they talked about nothing else but the boat race. The race itself has come into its own and the cheers and the shouting which echoed over the river today came from the heart.

There were more yachts and motor boats along the lanes of the race than ever before. The observation trains on both sides of the river were longer, and such an outpouring of women and girls New London never saw. Mamma was there in all her glory, and she rooted with papa and the girls. There were pretty daughters in pretty frocks in all the colors of Joseph's coat and the hatless, grinning undergrads with them have mostly gone over to wearing golf suits. The college folks and their own had the regatta all to themselves. Friend public didn't make the fuss about the race that it has in days gone by. New London town received its visitors with its accustomed hospitality, and the town criers distributed blue and crimson balloons and blue and crimson feathers for those who like to appear all decorated like a sore thumb.

Harvard Jumps Into Lead.

The 'Varsity race was rowed upstream, starting at the railroad bridge. Like all boat races, it was a quarter of an hour late in getting started. When the crews got away Harvard, rowing a 38 stroke, went out in front. Yale was completely outjumped in this phase of the race and before the crews had gone up through the lane of yachts a hundred yards, the Harvard shell was more than half a length ahead. At the half-mile Harvard had settled down to a 30 stroke, while Yale was pulling 34.

"Open water," yelled the Harvard crowd on the long, snakey moving stands as the crews went past the mile flags with Harvard taking it easy and more than holding her own. There was still open water between the Harvard stern and the cedar nose of the Yale's bont when they approached the Navy Yard at two miles.

It was here that Yale was expected to make her race and go to the front.

The bank of the Yale cheer swept across the river from one train to another as the Yale boat began to move up. Perhaps the Yale crew had planned the battle just right and would spurt into the lead. Eddie Pierson, the Harvard coxswain, anticipated such a move on the part of the Elis. He was wide-awake, Eddie was, and when the Yale boat went up to 36 and Yale began to close in, Pierson shouted an order through his megaphone and the Harvard boat moved faster. On came Yale. The crowd from New Haven was in an uproar as the Eli shell began to cut down that big lead.

Then suddenly, just as the Blue was coming up in a dangerous challenge, the beat went down to 32 again and Harvard again increased the lead. Yale was hanging on for dear life. She allowed Harvard that one length margin, but refused to give more. It was so right up to the three-mile flags.

Harvard Rows in Perfect Unity.

'Going into the last mile, the Harvard crew was a sight to delight the eye of any one who knows anything about rowing. The bronbed bodies swung forward and backward with perfect unity. The Crimson boat almost seemed to come out of the water as the power behind each drive sent it forward.

"Those lads look as if they were rowing down hill," yelled a Harvard admirer, and it did look that way.

That fourth mile which was coming was the one which tests the hearts and muscles of oarsmen.

Through many many weeks of gruelling training these boys have prepared themselves for this last trying drive. The Harvard crew shot into the final mile as if they enjoyed it. Yale pulled into the same last lap of the race with their boat responding sluggishly to the call of tiring muscles. Yale was a length and a half behind as Harvard hit out for home.

Yale tried to lift the beat to 36 in one final desperate effort. They were calling for something to which nature itself couldn't respond. The Yale oarsmen were trying to slug, and as they dug the oars into the water the shell didn't streak to the front as they had expected. Yale was gone.

Shell Skims Over Water.

The whistles on the Harvard yachts began to screech on Harvard's homeward journey. The boat fairly skimmed over the surface of the river. They were going like clockwork, these Harvard lads, and every pull of the long sweeping blades instilled more life into the vibrating hull of the long, frail shell.

Every stroke sent Harvard further ahead at the finish. At the end of each swing the Harvard oarsmen were erect and vigorous. The Yale oarsmen were doubled up and their strength was ebbing fast in the long battle.

Harivard shot over the line with such impressive smoothness that it seemed to peel the varnish off the sides of the boat. Thirty-five seconds after Harvard finished the Yale shell staggered between the finish flags.

Over the line, the Yale crew folded up. Carson stood up in the vanquished shell and called for a cheer for the victors. The chant of the defeated was not a soft and quiet response because they wranted to take anything from the victors. It was not heard through the waves of Harvard cheers, because the defeated oarsmen hadn't even one good cheer left in them. One by one, Kit Carson, still standing up in the Yale shell, threw to the victorious crew the trophies of defeat—the rowing jerseys of the Yale oarsmen.

Yale Wins Morning Races.

Yale swept the river in the morning races. The Freshman eight got away at 10:52 at the starting mark near Bartlett's Point. Harvard had the butter of the start and went into the lead. For more than a mile the crimson youngsters held their advantage and going past the mile flags the Harvard shell was almost a length in front of the Elis. In the last half mile of the race Yale hit up the stroke and in a plucky drive cut down the Harvard lead and for a few strokes rowed alongside of the crimson. Then up went the stroke again and Yale went out in front. The Eli cubs were about a length in front when they shot over the finish line. It was a pretty race, but Yale had the punch.

Harvard got away in front in the junior 'Varsity race, which followed the Freshman event. A high stroke kept them slightly in front of Yale for about a quarter of a mile, when Yale began to move up and caught the leaders. Yale had plenty of reserve power, and when the crews went past the mile flag the Yale shell was lapping Harvard's by half a length. As the crews approached the mile and a half flags, Harvard hit up the stroke and began to pull up on the Yale shell. Harvard came on with a rush and in a fine spurt. Harvard drew up almost on even terms with Yale. The race was too hot for the Crimson and Yale, shooting almost smoothly, again began to pull away from the faltering [illegible] end and Yale's fine finish carried them over the line a length and a half in front of Harvard.

Records of Harvard-Yale 'Varsity Races, 1855 to 1920

Year.	Winner.	Time.	Year.	Winner.	Time.
1855	Harvard	....	1892	Yale	20:48
1859	Harvard	19:18	1893	Yale	20:01⅘
1859*	Yale	19:14	1894	Yale	22:47
1860	Harvard	18:53	1895	Yale	21:30
1864	Yale	19:01	1899	Harvard	20:52⅕
1865	Yale	17:42⅘	1900	Yale	21:12 4-5
1866	Harvard	18:43	1901	Yale	23:37
1867	Harvard	18:13	1902	Yale	20:20
1868	Harvard	17:48⅘	1903	Yale	20:19 4-5
1869	Harvard	18:02	1904	Yale	21:49⅘
1870	Harvard	Foul	1905	Yale	22:33
1876	Yale	22:02	1906	Harvard	23:02
1877	Harvard	24:36	1907	Yale	21:10
1878	Harvard	20:44⅘	1908	Harvard	24:10
1879	Harvard	22:15	1909	Harvard	21:50
1880	Yale	24:27	1910	Harvard	20:46⅕
1881	Yale	22:13	1911	Harvard	22:44
1882	Harvard	20:47	1912	Harvard	21:43⅕
1883	Harvard	24:26	1913	Harvard	21:42⅗
1884	Yale	20:31	1914	Yale	21:16
1885	Harvard	25:13⅕	1915	Yale	20:52
1886	Yale	20:41⅘	1916	Harvard	20:02†
1887	Yale	22:56	1917	No race on account of war.	
1888	Yale	20:10			
1889	Yale	21:30	1918‡	Harvard	10:58
1890	Yale	21:29	1919	Yale	21:42⅘
1891	Harvard	21:22	1920	Harvard	23:11

*Two races were rowed in 1859, on July 20 and 27, the second a "citizens' regatta." †Record for Thames River course. ‡The 1918 race was an informal contest at two miles on the Housatonic at Derby, Conn.

Boating follows:

HARVARD 'VARSITY.

		Age.	Hgt.	Wgt.
Bow	W. Davis	21	6.1	158
No. 2	F. B. Lathrop	21	6.0	170
No. 3	J. A. Burden	22	6.2	178
No. 4	L. B. McCagg, Jr.	22	6.4	192
No. 5	N. Terry	20	6.4	184
No. 6	M. A. Olmstead	19	6.0	184
No. 7	R. K. Kane	19	6.1	178
Stroke	R. E. Jenney	22	5.7	166
Cox.	E. Pierson	20	5.4	107
	Average	20	6.1	173

YALE 'VARSITY.

	Position. Name.	Age.	Hgt.	Wgt.
Bow	B. G. Driscoll	23	6.1	160
No. 2	J. S. Moulton	21	6.0	170
No. 3	Phil Allen, Jr.	24	5.10	170
No. 4	S. Y. Hord	22	5.11	175
No. 5	John H. Flagg	22	6.2	175
No. 6	J. J. Schieffelin	22	6.2	175
No. 7	C. C. Ellis	20	6.2	175
Stroke	C. C. Peters	22	6.1	172
Cox.	R. Carson	21	5.6	116
	Average	22	6.0	170

YALE SECOND 'VARSITY.

Bow.	C. W. Whitney	21	5.10	159
No. 2	J. L. Carmer, Jr.	21	6.0	164
No. 3	G. M. Walker	23	6.2	193
No. 4	E. S. Janeway	19	6.0	165
No. 5	B. Robinson	23	5.11	175
No. 6	B. L. Lawrence	24	5.11	175
No. 7	H. J. Mali	22	6.1	165
Stroke	Ward Cheney	20	5.11	162
Cox	H. Hadden	20	5.7	117
	Average	21	6.0	167

HARVARD SECOND 'VARSITY.

Bow	S. Damon	20	6.1	162
No 2	M. Bradlee	20	6.1	165
No. 3	G. Appleton	21	5.9	169
No 4	C. H. Batcheider, Jr.	21	6.0	171
No. 5	H. Atkinson	20	6.0	159
No. 6	S. A. Duncan	21	5.11	171
No. 7	T. T. Pond	20	6.1	168
Stroke	H. Brown	20	6.2	152
Cox.	F. S. Williams	18	5.7	124
	Average	20	6.0	164

YALE FRESHMAN.

Bow	A. M. Wheeler, Jr.	20	5.11	165
No 2	J. B. Platt	20	6.0	160
No. 3	N. R. Trowbridge	19	6.0	174
No. 4	C. M Trowbridge	18	6.0	167
No. 5	G. B. Gates	22	6.4	183
No 6	B. B. Felly	19	5.10	167
No 7	R. Russell	18	5.10	137
Stroke	J. Freeman	19	5.11	146
Cox.	B. W. Chase	18	5.8	114
	Average	19	6.0	165

HARVARD FRESHMAN.

Bow	H. Garland	19	6.0	160
No. 2	W. O. Clark	17	5.8	162
No. 3	A. H. Ladd	18	6.1	173
No. 4	H. S. Morgan	19	5.10	167
No. 5	B. B. Kunhardt	20	6.0	182
No 6	J. M. Cooper	19	6.1	185
No. 7	W. K. Shaw	20	6.0	169
Stroke	G. Horton	19	6.0	143
Cox.	S. C. Badger	18	5.5	116
	Average	19	6.0	168

CREWS ELECT CAPTAINS.

Hord to Lead Yale 'Varsity Eight Next Year, McCagg Harvard.

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 25.—Stephen Y. Hord of Terre Haute, Ind., tonight was elected Captain of the Yale 'Varsity crew for next year. Hord rowed at No. 4 in today's race. He prepared for Yale at Phillips-Andover Academy.

Coach Guy Nickalls of Yale made the following statement after the race: "Harvard is to be congratulated on a splendid victory, which was well deserved."

Captain Peters of the Yale 'Varsity crew, said: "It was a good, hard race. They jumped us at the start. We rowed a hard stroke, but they beat us cleanly."

Louis B. McCagg of New York was chosen as Captain of next year's Harvard 'Varsity. He prepared at St. Paul's School and rowed No. 4 in the race today.

William Haines, coach of the victorious Harvard oarsmen said tonight: "I am greatly pleased by the result of the big race. Yale had a good crew and proved a worthy foe."

LOSE SIXTEEN STRAIGHT.

Athletics Still Slipping — Senators Win by 4 to 2 Score.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The Philadelphia Athletics suffered their sixteenth consecutive defeat today, Washington winning the opening game of the series, 4 to 2.

The score:

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Judge,1b	4	0	1	9	0
Milan,lf	3	1	0	2	0
Rice,cf	4	0	2	2	0
Roth,rf	3	1	1	0	0
Shanks,3b	3	1	1	0	2
Shannon,2b	3	0	0	1	7
O'Neill,ss	3	0	1	2	4
Gharrity,c	3	0	0	10	0
Shaw,p	3	1	2	0	3
Total	29	4	9	27	10

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Thomas,3b	4	1	0	3	2
Myatt,rf	4	0	0	2	0
W Ilker,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Dugan,2b	3	1	1	4	2
Strunk,cf	3	0	0	1	0
Perkins,c	2	0	1	3	0
Griffin,1b	3	0	0	4	1
Burrus,1b	1	0	0	1	0
Galloway,ss	3	0	0	4	0
Naylor,p	4	0	2	0	5
Total	33	2	4	24	13

Errors—Perkins, Galloway, Naylor, Roth, Shannon.

Washington	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	3	0	x—4
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0—2

Two-base hits—Shaw, Perkins. Three-base hit—Shaw. Stolen bases—O'Neill, Thomas (2), Myatt, Dugan (2), Perkins, Shanks. Sacrifice hits—Shanks, Roth. Double play—Thomas, Dugan and Burrus. Left on bases—Philadelphia 9, Washington 4. Bases on balls—Naylor 1, Shaw 5. Struck out—By Shaw 8, Naylor 4. Wild pitches—Shaw (2). Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Friel. Time of game—One hour and fifty-four minutes.

BROWNS DEFEAT TIGERS.

Get Four Runs in Eighth and Take Game, 10 to 6.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 25.—St. Louis rallied in the eighth today and defeated Detroit, 10 to 6, after the visitors had driven Wellman from the box and overcome a six-run lead.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,rf	4	2	0	2	1
Gedeon,2b	5	2	3	1	4
Sisler,1b	4	2	3	9	0
Jacobson,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Williams,lf	2	2	2	4	0
Austin,3b	3	0	3	2	1
Gerber,ss	5	0	1	1	7
Severeid,c	3	1	0	2	0
Wellman,p	3	0	0	0	1
Shocker,p	0	1	0	0	0
Total	33	10	13	27	13

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Young,2b	3	1	0	2	5
Bush,ss	4	1	1	2	3
Flagstead,cf	5	0	1	0	1
Veach,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Heilman,rf	4	3	1	2	0
Ellison,1b	4	1	2	12	0
Pinelli,3b	4	0	3	4	2
Ainsmith,c	2	0	0	1	0
Manion,c	1	1	1	0	1
aShorten	1	0	1	0	0
Woodall,c	0	0	0	0	0
Ehmke,p	4	0	2	0	3
Ayres,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	37	6	13	24	15

a Batted for Manion in eighth.
Errors—Williams, Ainsmith.

St. Louis	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	4	...	—10
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	— 6

Two-base hits—Gedeon, Ellison, Bush, Flagstead, Williams (2), Sisler. Three-base hit—Austin. Stolen bases—Gerber, Williams. Sacrifice—Austin. Double plays—Gerber, Gedeon and Sisler (2); Young and Ellison. Left on bases—Detroit 6, St. Louis 9. Bases on balls—Off Ehmke 6, Ayres 2, Wellman 2. Hits—Off Wellman 11 in 7 innings (none out in eighth), Shocker 1 in 2, Ehmke 11 in 7 (none out in eighth), Ayres 2 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Ehmke (Shocker). Struck out—By Ehmke 1, Shocker 1. Winning pitcher—Shocker. Losing pitcher—Ehmke. Umpires—Messrs. Nallin and Connolly. Time of game—Two hours and two minutes.

INDIANS LOSE TO CHICAGO.

Sox Defeat Coveleskie for First Time This Year, 6 to 3.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Chicago defeated Coveleskie for the first time this season today, winning from Cleveland, 6 to 3. The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,rf	3	1	1	2	1
E.Collins,2b	3	1	1	2	2
Weaver,3b	3	0	1	2	0
Jackson,lf	3	1	2	1	0
Felsch,cf	3	1	0	4	0
J.Collins,1b	3	1	1	6	0
Risberg,ss	2	0	0	5	2
Schalk,c	2	1	1	5	0
Williams,p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	25	6	7	27	7

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evans,lf	5	0	2	4	0
Chapman,ss	2	1	0	2	2
Speaker,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Wood,rf	2	1	0	1	0
Gardner,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Wamb'nas,2b	4	0	2	5	3
Johnston,1b	4	0	1	8	1
O'Neill,c	4	0	1	3	3
Coveleskie,p	2	1	1	0	2
aBurns	1	0	1	0	0
Faeth,p	0	0	0	0	0
aNu'maker	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	3	8	24	14

a Batted for Coveleskie in seventh.
b Batted for Faeth in ninth.
Errors—E. Collins, Williams, O'Neill.

Chicago	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	x	—6
Cleveland	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Evans (2), Speaker, E. Collins, Wambsganss. Three-base hits—Schalk, Leibold. Sacrifice hits—Chapman, Felsch, Risberg, Weaver. Double plays—Risberg, E. Collins and J. Collins; Wambsganss, Chapman and Johnston. Left on bases—Cleveland 7, Chicago 2. Bases on balls—Off Coveleskie 2, Williams 4, Faeth 2. Hits—Off Coveleskie, 7 in 6 innings; Faeth, none in 2. Struck out—By Coveleskie 1, Williams 4, Faeth 1. Losing pitcher—Coveleskie. Umpires—Evans and Hildebrand. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

Southern Association.

New Orleans, 4; Chattanooga, 2.
Little Rock, 6; Atlanta, 5.
Nashville, 7; Mobile, 6. (10 innings).

RUTH MAKES TWO, BUT YANKEES LOSE

Babe's Pair of Homers and Another by Peck Fail to Stop Red Sox, Who Win, 6 to 3.

HOOPER'S BAT RESPONSIBLE

Outfielder Leads Assault with Circuit Drive and Double—Pennock Deserves Victory.

The Yankees came back to the Polo Grounds and a rousing welcome yesterday. Close to 20,000 fans, the largest crowd that the Brush Stadium has held in years for a single game, except on Saturday or Sunday, gave the Huggins pennant chasers a reception in keeping with the work of the team during the recent Western swing. The Yankees did not fully respond to the expectations of the big assemblage, but that did not serve to kill the joy of the fans. They saw Babe Ruth in another great batting outburst and learned from the big scoreboard that the White Sox were scalping the Cleveland Indians. What more does one want to assuage a 6-3 defeat? It was a well deserved victory for the Red Sox and Herb Pennock.

Ruth extended his home run total for the current season up to the twenty-second notch with two of the hardest thumps that he has propelled in a string of long-distance drives. Facing Pennock in the opening inning with two out, Ruth crashed into a southpaw slant and gave the ball the longest and highest ride that a ball has ever had within the Polo Grounds inclosure. Down where the right field bleachers bend into the centre field section the bulb finally descended. It was the fourth home run Ruth has made into the right field bleachers and this landed further from the foul line and deeper in the section than any of the others.

The homer by Babe was the third to be made in the first inning and it put the Yankees in the lead. Harry Hooper had started the game with a slam into the upper right field stand, but Peckinpaugh matched this run by hitting into the left field bleachers to start the home half of the inning. The score was deadlocked when Ruth toed the plate and his tremendous thump put the Yanks in the lead.

Pennock Walks Ruth.

From the first inning to the ninth the Yankee dreadnought did no damage. In the fourth inning Pennock walked him on four pitched balls, and thereby drew down on himself the jeers and taunts of the big crowd. The hooting was resumed when Pennock walked to the Boston dugout at the close of the inning and [illegible] went on with his place at bat in the fifth. Ruth was on his way to another walk in the sixth, or might have got one with a little patience, but he took a swing at a ball and it rolled weakly along the infield. Walters got the ball over to McInnis in time to get the decision of Umpire Moriarty.

In the ninth, after the Red Sox had picked up enough runs to put the game on ice, Ruth was the first Yankee hitter to face Pennock. The four-run lead gave Herb some confidence in his ability to tame the slugger and he put one over within the reach of the lithe fifty-four-ounce bat which Babe swings as lightly as the average human being manipulates a fly swatter. Ruth took his full swing, bat and ball met perfectly and the sphere took another journey that was featured by height, speed and distance. The ball hit the top frieze, just below the grand stand roof, and only a few feet from the easterly end of the stand. But for the interruption the drive would have carried far into the runway to the "L" station exit, where hundreds of fans had lingered to get another look at the mighty slugger. The ball bounded to the field after hitting the top deck.

While Ruth's colossal clouting overshadowed all else, all the honors of the day did not rest with the big gun of the Yanks. This was one game that the Hugmen did not deserve to win, as baseball is figured. Herb Pennock, after a start that would have shaken the confidence of many a flinger, handed out an assortment of pitching wares that had the Yankee sluggers helpless, and if ever a pitcher was entitled to victory the Boston southpaw was entitled to that of yesterday. From the first inning, which produced the two circuit clouts, until Babe Ruth smacked his second home run in the ninth, Pennock yielded two singles and walked two men. These were the only openings the Yankees had, and no team has any license to win against such pitching.

Hooper's Timely Batting.

While Pennock was succeeding so well in keeping the Yank maulers in subjection, Harry Hooper was pounding away as successfully in driving the Red Sox to the front. Hooper's home run started the Sox on their way, his double in the third paved the way to the second Boston run, and his sacrifice fly in the fifth put the Sox in front. Ruth and Peck finally equaled Hooper's individual contributions, but before the third New York run arrived a single by McInnis and a triple by Scott had put the game out of the Yankees' reach.

Huggins relied on Jack Quinn to give the welcome home a happy finale, and it was no fault of the veteran spitballer that the Yanks did not win. He was outpitched by Pennock, but he yielded only five hits in the eight innings that he occupied the mound. Jack was removed to let Vick bat in New York's half of the eighth, and it was against Herb Thormahlen, Quinn's successor on the hill, that the Sox put over what proved to be their margin of victory. Only four runners got as far as second base during Quinn's tenure, and three of these were able to complete the journey.

Hooper wasted little time in sending the Red Sox to the front. With two strikes against him, Harry connected solidly, and the ball sailed into the upper deck of the right field stand, where it was caught by one of the spectators. The next three batsmen went out in order, and then the Yanks did some home running.

Makes Record Hit.

Peck put the crowd in good humor by smashing a ball well into the left field bleachers about five yards from the foul line. After Ward and Pipp had been retired, the crowd cut loose with the cheer that it had been saving up. Babe Ruth was on his way to the plate, and that crowd of 20,000 was all keyed up by this time with home-run fervor. Babe obliged with the longest home run that he has yet manufactured at the Polo Grounds, and the stands turned into a bedlam as he jogged his way around the cushions.

"Twenty-one and eight to go to tie that record," was the cry of a fan behind the New York dugout when the noise subsided enough for one voice to be heard. Babe had realized the fact as soon as the ball started on its way. The Sox tied the game in the third. With one out, Hooper whizzed a double along the right field foul line, Vitt skied to Meusel, and Menosky's single to right sent Hooper across with the run.

In the fifth the Red Sox went to the front. Al Walters started the inning with a hit to right centre for two bases. Pennock sacrificed his battery mate to third, and Hooper sent a fly to left. Ruth came in for the catch, but his throw curved away from Hannah at the plate and Walters scored.

In the ninth Thormahlen handed a pass to Schang and Wallie stole second, being helped along by a short passed ball. McInnis's hot grounder bounced off Pratt's shoe and rolled to right field for a single, scoring Schang. Foster struck out, and Scott hit to deep left centre for three bases, scoring McInnis. Scott finished his journey.

Then Ruth slapped one against the top of the stand.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper,rf	3	2	2	1	0
Vitt,2b	4	0	0	1	4
Menosky,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Schang,cf	5	1	0	4	0
McInnis,1b	4	1	1	8	0
Foster,3b	4	0	1	1	2
Scott,ss	4	1	1	4	3
Walters,c	4	1	1	6	1
Pennock,p	3	0	0	0	0
Total	33	6	7	27	11

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
P'k'p'gh,ss	4	1	2	1	3
Ward,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Pipp,1b	4	0	0	15	2
Ruth,lf	3	2	2	1	0
Meusel,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Bodie,cf	4	0	0	0	0
Pratt,2b	3	0	2	2	3
Hannah,c	4	0	0	5	0
Quinn,p	2	0	0	1	4
aVick	1	0	0	0	0
Th'mahlen,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	6	27	17

a Batted for Quinn in eighth inning.
Errors—Peckinpaugh, Meusel, Quinn.

Boston	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	—6
New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—Hooper, Walters. Three-base hit—Scott. Home runs—Ruth (2), Peckinpaugh, Hooper. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh, Schang. Sacrifice hit—Pennock. Sacrifice fly—Hooper. Left on bases—New York 5, Boston 3. Bases on balls—Off Pennock 2, Thormahlen 1. Hits—Off Quinn 5 in 8 innings; Thormahlen 2 in 1. Struck out—By Quinn 3, Thormahlen 1, Pennock 3. Passed ball—Hannah. Losing pitcher—Quinn. Umpires—Dhill and Moriarty. Time of game—Two hours.

SKEETERS DROP TWO GAMES

Akron Takes Both Ends of Double-Header, 12 to 10 and 3 to 1.

Dick Hoblitzel's Akron team inaugurated a six-games series in Jersey City yesterday afternoon with a double victory, the rubber boys pulling out the initial battle after Donovan's athletes had jumped into a six-run lead in the second frame. Akron finally carried off the bacon by 12 runs to 10. The second game went thirteen innings before Akron won, 3 to 1.

Jersey City had all the best of the hitting in the opener, but lost its early advantage through the poor work of Kane and Kingston

AMERICAN DOUBLES TEAM WINS MATCH

Johnston and Tilden Defeat French Davis Cup Pair at Wimbledon, 3 Sets to 1.

SCORES 6-2, 6-0, 4-6, 9-7

Gobert and Laurentz Fight Hard Against Opponents' Brilliant Tennis—Royalty Again Attends.

WIMBLEDON, Eng., June 25.—(Associated Press.)—William M. Johnston of California and William T. Tilden, 2d, of Philadelphia, the American Davis Cup pair, defeated André Gobert and William M. Laurentz of the French Davis Cup team, in their doubles match today in the British championship tournament. The Americans won 6—2, 6—0, 4—6, 9—7.

The greatest interest of today was centred in this international doubles match, which was expected to provide an index to the Davis Cup tie, to be played off at Eastbourne by the French and American teams. King George, Queen Mary, the Duke of York and Princess Mary again appeared to see the Americans play. The match was held back twenty minutes in order to give the royal group a chance to see the opening. Immediately upon the arrival of the party, play was started.

Johnston and Tilden, playing brilliantly, took the first set from Gobert and Laurentz, 6—2. Johnston opened the service, and in the first four games of the initial set, the American pair overwhelmed its opponents with drives of outstanding brilliancy and unplayable force. Then Gobert came to the front in magnificent style and was chiefly instrumental in taking the next two games for the French pair, capturing Johnston's service to love in the one and winning on his own service with beautiful lobbing in the other. The Americans, however, came back in winning style, Johnston appearing to have found his temporarily lost drive, while Tilden played the cleverest sort of game, mixing hard drives with perfect tosses to the base line, the overseas pair winning the set, 6—2.

Second Is Love Set.

Johnston and Tilden showed even better in the second set, both flashing numerous unplayable cross-court drives, and Tilden especially mixed sharp returns with perfect tosses and skillful lobs. His overhead kills and hurricane drives were a pleasure to witness, such strokes never having been seen in the centre court before. There were some exchanges of the most rapid sort at the net in which all four players participated, but either Johnston or Tilden would inveriably finish the rally, and the set went to them, 6—0.

In the third set the French pair caused a sensation by rapidly carrying the score in games to 3—0 and ultimately winning by 6—4. One of the American teams on the side lines ventured the opinion that Tilden played "a little lightheartedly" in this set, but was no disparagement of the decidedly brilliant work by the Frenchman. Gobert serving admirably and Laurentz scoring by skilful lob volleying, despite a number of wonderful drives by the Americans.

The Frenchmen at this period of the match were standing up well to the fiercest hitting, playing most gallantly. They took the lead in the fourth set, 4—2. Then the Americans came on, both Johnston and Tilden killing returns across the court at shoulder height, until the games reached 4—all. Thence the games went with the service until, with the finish of Tilden's service in the fifteenth game, the set stood 8—7 in favor of the Americans. Johnson and Tilden then won the match by capturing Laurentz's service, the Frenchmen winning only one point in the final game.

There was general agreement among the experts that the match was the most magnificent spectacle ever seen at Wimbledon. Gobert and Laurentz declared, after it was over, that they had never before stood up to such fierce hitting. The verdict of the tennis sharps was that the ordeal was the greatest ever experienced on a tennis court anywhere in the world.

Williams Wins Easily.

Richard Norris Williams, 2d, of Boston, won his match in the fourth round of the singles championships today. He defeated J. Brugnon, the brilliant young French player, in straight sets, 6—0, 6—2, 6—2.

Williams had been in rather erratic form in this tournament, but his play today more than fulfilled the promise of yesterday when his game revealed a recovery to very near his old standard. Williams reproduced much of his best prewar form. He was remembered by the crowd, owing to his visit to Wimbeldon in 1913. He was a popular figure because all his strokes were models, executed in a polished and finished manner. It was expected that Brugnon, after his defeat of Laurentz, would extend Williams, but he failed signally.

Williams seldom made errors today, his driving being most steady and sometimes killingly forceful, both in his fore and backhand play. He found the corners beautifully and sometimes won a point by sensationally smashing the second service far harder than the first. Although Brugnon fought pluckily, the result never was in doubt.

Garland in Good Form.

C. S. Garland of Pittsburgh also won his way through the fourth round. He met A. S. Drew, an English player, and scored a comparatively easy victory in straight sets, 6—4, 6—2, 6—1. Garland played a sound game, revealing a form greatly in advance of that which he displayed at the Queen's Club tournament last week. He missed very little off the ground, and occasionally, when in a tight corner, brought off an exceedingly speedy forehand drive which scored cleanly. His game generally was regarded by the experts as excellent, his greatest need, they considered, being additional forcefulness.

By his victory Garland made his way among the last eight survivors of the singles. In the play among these eight Garland will meet C. R. Blackbear, the 20-year-old South African, who has been one of the surprises of the championship play. Blackbear arrived from South Africa a few weeks ago quite unheralded, but yesterday he beat G. Dodd, the former South African champion, and a member of this year's South African Davis Cup team.

In the second round of the mixed doubles championship, Gerald L. Patterson of Australia, the present holder of the British singles title, and Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen of France, winner of the British woman's championship last year, defeated the American pair, C. S. Garland and Mrs. Franklin Mallory, (Mrlin Bjurstedt), 6—0, 6—3.

In the third round of the women's singles, Miss Elizabeth Ryan of California, beat Mrs. Beamish of England, 9—7, 6—4.

The next opponent of R. Norris Williams will be the winner of the match between T. M. Mavrogordato, who is to represent Great Britain in the coming Davis Cup contests, and Norton of South Africa. In the next round of the men's doubles Tilden and Johnston will be opposed by the South African pair, Charles Winslow and Louis Raymond.

Arthur J. Balfour, Lord President of the Council of the British Cabinet, who witnessed the men's doubles event today, declared, when the match was finished, that it was one of the finest displays he had ever seen. He said international visits of this character from the United States must have a great and lasting effect in cementing firmer than ever Anglo-American relations. He was especially keen over such visits from America, because in his opinion they could do nothing but good.

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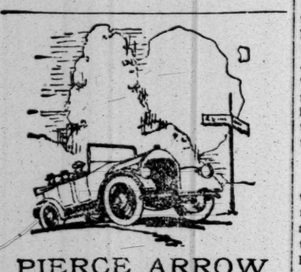

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Ruth's Two Homers on Same Day Set Up Another Record

In making two home runs at the Polo Grounds yesterday Babe Ruth surpassed his 1919 mark for hitting for the circuit twice in the same afternoon. Three times last season, while compiling the total which now stands as the major league record, Ruth got two homers on the same afternoon. The feats were performed on July 5, July 18 and Aug. 24. Yesterday's performance was the fourth of the current season for the Yankee mauler. On May 11 he got home runs off Wilkinson and Kerr of the White Sox. On May 27 Harper and Karr of the Red Sox yielded home runs to Babe. On June 2 he hit homers off Zackary and Carlson in the first game of a double header with Washington, and for good measure hit another in the second game off Snyder. On this date last year Ruth had made six home runs. He got his twenty-second homer last season on Aug. 24. He is about two months ahead of his 1919 record.

OLYMPIC TRYOUTS TO BE HELD TODAY

Four Cities, Including Philadelphia, Will Be Scene of Sectional Track Trials.

With more than 200 crack athletes entered, including many holders of national and sectional championship titles, the Eastern Olympic tryouts on Franklin Field, Philadelphia, this afternoon promise a series of stirring competitions. The meet will bring together the leading track and field men of this city, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Washington and Buffalo in the first sectional track and field tilt to determine the members of America's Olympic team. Upon the performances registered in this afternoon's meet largely will depend the competitors from this section in the final tryouts at Harvard Stadium on July 16 and 17. This latter meet will be open for all athletes who entertain Olympic ambitions, and the results today will determine the stars of the Atlantic seaboard most eligible for consideration at Cambridge.

Simultaneously, sectional meets will be held in three different sections of the country this afternoon. The Middle West tryouts will be held at Chicago, the Western trials at Pasadena and the Southern events at New Orleans. Two-thirds of the material for the American team is expected to be provided by the Eastern section of the country, however, so that the Quaker City events will attract particular attention.

The Metropolitan district will be represented by a team of more than fifty stars, eager for the battle against the pick of the New England and Middle-Atlantic districts. Every topnotch athlete in the local district, with few exceptions, will be among the competitors striving for recognition as a prospective Olympian. Mike Devaney, Millrose A. A. miler, and George Bronder, New York A. C. javelin thrower, will probably be among the missing. Devaney is nursing an injury to his right leg and Bronder still favors his right arm, which he injured recently in a fire. Both athletes plan to nurse their injuries until the decisive tests at Cambridge.

The New York A. C. will nominate a stronger collection of athletes than any other club in the meet. A list of thirty-four wearers of the Mercury Foot are scheduled to test their speed and strength against the other aspirants for Olympic berths. The Morningside A. C., Mohawk A. C., Paulist A. C., Pastime A. C., Loughlin Tyceum, St. Christopher Club and Salem-Crescent A. C. are other local clubs which will be represented.

MISS WAGNER IN FINAL.

Will Play Mrs. Raymond for Ardsley Tennis Trophy Today.

Miss Marie Wagner and Mrs. Edward Raymond are the finalists today in the women's invitation tennis tournament at the Ardsley Club, Ardsley-on-Hudson, and will meet for the trophy at 2:30 P. M. The former put out Miss Helene Pollak, national indoor and Middle States champion, yesterday, while Mrs. Raymond eliminated last year's winner of the tournament, Miss Clare Cassel. Both matches were exceedingly one-sided, Miss Cassel capturing only one game, while Miss Pollak took two in each set.

The winners played the fastest tennis of which they are capable, while both of the losers seemed somewhat below form. Miss Cassel obviously suffered from the old trouble in her right arm, and was unable to get sufficient speed into her shots to make the returns difficult for the steady Mrs. Raymond. The latter ran her opponent back and forth along the base-line until she was thoroughly weary, and made practically no errors.

The summary:

Singles—Semi-final Round—Miss Marie Wagner defeated Miss Helene Pollak, 6—2, 6—2; Mrs. Edward Raymond defeated Miss Clare Cassel, 6—0, 6—1.
Doubles—Third Round—Mrs. Raymond and Mrs. B. F. Briggs defeated Mrs. Albert Humphries and Miss Bessie Holden. 7—5, 6—3.

MATHEY AND JOHNSON WIN.

Reach Final Round of Tourney for Delaware Tennis Title.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 25.—Dean Mathey, New York, and Wallace F. Johnson, Philadelphia, will meet in the final round tomorrow for the lawn tennis singles championship of Delaware. In the doubles, Johnson and Stanley W. Pearson will play Joseph and Alexander Thayer, Philadelphia, for the title.

In one of the semi-final rounds of singles today, Mathey defeated Paul Vanneman, Philadelphia, 6—3, 6—3, while Johnson disposed of his doubles teammate in the other, 6—2, 6—4.

The Thayer brothers eliminated Edmond Levy and Wallace Bates, University of California, in one of the doubles semi-finals, 4—6, 7—5, 9—7. In the other, Johnson and Pearson won from Joseph Horty and Andrew Morgan, Philadelphia, 6—0, 6—1.

JUNIOR TITLE FOR DAILEY.

Wins North Side Tennis Honors in Four-Set Match with Shellwood.

Louis B. Dailey, Jr., became the North Side junior tennis champion yesterday afternoon when he defeated his dark horse rival, C. Shellwood, in three out of four sets, 4—6, 6—1, 6—4, 6—3, at the University Heights Club. The loser began well, and showed a surprisingly strong game for his age, which cannot be more than fifteen. But he weakened after Dailey began to steady his hard hitting, and had not enough endurance to stand the pace to the finish. It was an exceedingly brilliant exhibition of junior tennis.

COBB TO RETURN JULY 7.

Will Rejoin Tigers in New York—Injuries Healing Rapidly.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 25.—Tyrus R. Cobb, who has been at his home here for ten days, on account of injuries received in a game at Chicago two weeks ago, stated tonight that he would join his team in New York July 7, and expected to be in condition to play by July 15.

Cobb says there are three ligaments torn in his knee, but that they are rapidly healing. He denied reports that he would be out of the game permanently.

VOSHELL TO MEET KUMAGAE IN FINAL

Defeats Washburn in Metropolitan Tennis—Japanese Beats His Compatriot.

S. Howard Voshell will defend his title of metropolitan tennis champion at 3 o'clock this afternoon against his old rival, Ichiya Kumagae, on the courts of the New York Tennis Club, 238th Street and Broadway. These two great left-handers are the survivors of a field of 160 players that started a week ago, their victims in the semi-finals yesterday being Watson M. Washburn and Seiichiro Kashio.

While the two Japanese experts put up a brilliant battle in the lower half of the draw, the closer match of the day was that between Washburn and Voshell in the upper section, which went to three sets, scored 6—1, 8—10, 6—4. The Brooklyn southpaw looked like an easy winner up to 5—2 and 30—15 in the second set, but at this point Washburn staged a wonderful rally and showed by his heady and courageous tennis just why he won a place in the first ten last season. He pulled up to deuce games, and eventually, after several alternations of service, broke through and tied up the match at 10—8. He turned the rubber into a practically even battle, losing by a single break in service.

Voshell, however, proved yesterday that, if he is not in the first ten, he ought to be. While he was unable to maintain the pace that would have given him a decisive victory in straight sets, he had enough in reserve to keep him on top to the finish, and throughout the match his game was more impressive than Washburn's. Service was, as usual, an important factor in Voshell's success, and he scored with great regularity on his puzzling delivery. His volleying supported his serves admirably, and on ground strokes he quite held his own.

Washburn also served well and came to the net when he could. But in general he depended more on his deep court passing shots, and on court tactics which were calculated to draw his rival out of position. There was a smoothness and a style to his game that Voshell's lacked, but it did not have the necessary punch for making sure of the crucial points.

Voshell Charges the Net.

Voshell was a whirlwind in the opener, charging the net at every opportunity, and never giving Washburn a chance to get started. He ran five games in a row before the loser scored, and then it was only in a long-drawn deuce game. The champion cleaned up the set at 6—1 on his terrific service.

He continued his forcing tactics in the second session, taking two games before losing another deuce affair, and then making his lead 3—1 with the loss of only one point. Washburn won his next service with difficulty, and Voshell made it 4—2 and then 5—2 with another break. Then he seemed to have the match won, but Washburn rallied magnificently and pulled the game out of the fire. He won his own delivery with ease, and then broke through for the tying game with a display of dazzling tennis, going into the lead at 6—5 on service.

They fought it out on even terms until, at 8-all, Washburn took his service once more and then upset Voshell for a love-game and the set, 10—8. The rubber was a toss-up to 2-all, when Voshell broke through for the decisive game. He made it 4—2 on his service, and simply maintained this lead to the finish, his final margin of victory being 6—4.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

	Total Points.	Games.
Voshell	44444844—32	6
Washburn	22002102—18	1

SECOND SET.

Washburn—	22616314444343404 4—59	10
Voshell—	44444542112515241 0—52	8

THIRD SET.

Voshell	34447524044—37	6
Washburn	51615342 41—32	4

Kumagae's Impressive Victory.

Kashio has always given Kumagae a good battle, chiefly because he is not at all overawed by his countryman's reputation. But he found him in better form yesterday than in any of their previous meetings and had to be content with holding him close in one set, without ever having a real chance for victory. In fact, judging by the tennis that Kumagae has been playing all week, it should be almost impossible to deprive him of his second metropolitan title.

Kashio took the opening game of the match, but the left-hander then started on an orgy of free hitting which quickly brought him five games in a row. Apparently outclassed, Kashio made a gallant stand at 1—5, and by taking three games in a row he came within one of tying the score. Kumagae, however, was not to be denied, and closed out the set, 6—4, with a love-game on service.

He started the second set in equally brilliant style, and again led at 5—1 in short order. Kashio put in his last bid with a well-played service game, but had no chance when the delivery changed hands, the set and match going against him at 6—2.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

									Total Pts.	G.
Kumagae	5	4	5	4	4	4	1	1	1 4—33	6
Kashio	1	7	1	3	2	2	4	4	0—29	4

SECOND SET.

Kumagae	4	0	5	4	4	4	1	4	2—28	6
Kashio	0	4	3	2	1	1	4	1	6—18	2

Kumagae was also a winner in the doubles yesterday, in partnership with Elliott H. Bunzen, the pair triumphing once more over J. H. Steinkampf and Carl Jolliffe in straight sets. Other winners in the fourth round were Washburn and Voshell, Hartmann and Bassford, Letson and Anderson, and Hammett and Henderson.

The summaries:

Singles—Semi-final Round—S. Howard Voshell defeated Watson M. Washburn, 6—1, 8—10, 6—4; Ichiya Kumagae defeated Seiichiro Kashio, 6—4, 6—2.
Doubles—Third Round—Rosenbaum and Baggs defeated Yard and Emmitt, 6—3, 6—0.
Fourth Round—Washburn and Voshell defeated Oakley and J. G. French, 6—4, 6—1; Hartmann and H. H. Bassford defeated Hathaway and Planisani, 9—7, 6—4; Hammett and Henderson defeated Keyes and Faust, 6—2, 6—4; Letson and Anderson defeated Rosenbaum and Baggs, 6—3, 6—0; Binzen and Kumagae defeated Steinkampf and Jolliffe, 6—4, 6—4.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,400; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Mabe: G. 100 pounds, Luke Dillon 105, Hereafter 107, *Ace of Aces 110, Gipsey Queen 112, Herald 112, Lady Luxury 112, Camouflage 115.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,400, for two-year-olds, maiden fillies; five and a half furlongs. Acclaim 112 pounds, Countess 112, Millersburg 112, Peri 112, Miss Chuckles 112, Bettina 112, Tawasentha 112, Lady Champ 112, Bit of Green 112, Fair Florin 112, Alberta S. 112, Marjorie McK. 112. Also eligible: Dromore 112, Martha Gray 112, Lough Storm 112, Golden Autumn 112, Grace King 112, Cozette 112.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,300, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Free State, 100 pounds, *Durella 102, Mab 102, *Jellison 110, Rafferty 110, Gourmond 110, Truant 112, Counter Balance 112, Plantarede 112, Trooper 112, Tom Saunders 112.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,400, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Frivolity 95 pounds, Dance To-a-lon 107, Deced 110, Sam Ren 110, *Out the Way 112, Linden 113, Dr. Carman 115, Bon Jour 115.

FIFTH RACE—$5,000 added, the Enquirer Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Salil Curci 93 pounds, East Indian 97, Brookholt 103, Cobwebs 97, Atta Boy 2d 104, Pastoureau 106, Miss Jemima 108, Ginger Ice, Woodtrap 111, Bent Pal 111, Mintoo 111, Dr. Attie 112, Leochares 114, Regalo 117, Be Frank 119, Jack Horner, Jr., 119, Minto 2d, 120, King Gorin 125.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,900, for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Last Rose 107 pounds, Mammy o' Mine 109, Black Servant 110, North Elkhorn 110, East Side 112, Monsoon 115, Runzaf 115, Ben Valet 118.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,000, claiming for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Cortland 100 pounds, *Frank W. 100, *Albena 105, Bulldoze 105, Queen Blonde 105, Omond 105, *Stevenson 112, Captain Rees 114, Harvest King 114.
*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear, track fast.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Sisler, St. Louis	60	239	47	102	.427
Speaker, Cleveland	50	225	57	88	.391
Jackson, Chicago	55	220	34	86	.391
Milan, Washington	53	219	37	79	.361
Johnston, Cleveland	57	209	25	75	.359

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	59	239	44	93	.389
Daubert, Cincinnati	52	204	34	69	.338
Roush, Cincinnati	52	192	30	64	.333
Smith, New York	35	106	6	36	.333
Robertson, Chicago	47	179	23	59	.330

ROBINS DIVIDE TWIN BILL WITH BRAVES

Brooklyn Takes Opener, 5 to 1—Eighth Inning Rally Gives Boston Second Game, 4-2.

BOSTON, June 25.—The Robins came to the Hub today, played two fatiguing games of baseball and were no better off when they finished than when they left Flatbush on Thursday evening. The long and short of the day's activities was that the Brooklyn clan divided a double bill with George Stallings's Braves, the visitors taking the first half of the double attraction and then turning right around and losing the second bit of pastime. The first game was a 5 to 1 triumph for Robinson's men, and Boston took the second to the tune of 4 to 2.

The Dodgers seemed fairly well on the way to a double killing, until they ran straight up against a battering rally by the Braves in the eighth inning of the second battle. Up to that period Jeff Pfeffer had held the Hub crowd well in hand and was on the long end of a 2 to 1 score. With only two frames in which to work, the Braves placed the game carefully on the shelf in the eighth by means of a triple, two walks and a timely single by Ford into the left pasture. Two runners raced over on the latter blow, sending Boston into the lead, 4 to 2. This was the score at the end of the game.

The first game was a simple affair for the Dodgers. Behind the stalwart pitching of Leon Cadore the Flatbush troupe romped off without being molested. Cadore held the Beneaters to seven bingles, one more than his own mates amassed, but the difference lay in the timeliness of the blows. Brooklyn bunching their efforts at the critical junctures. The seventh canto was the end of the Braves and also of Maranville, who kicked so strenuously on a play on Kilduff that in the eighth the umpires chased the Hub short fielder from the lot.

Fillingim Yanked Early.

Pete Kilduff began the first game in a hostile fashion by coaxing a walk out of Fillingim, who was on the mound for Boston. Johnston sacrificed, sending Kilduff to second. Griffith and Wheat also walked, filling the bases, and Fillingim was yanked after he had pitched two bad balls to Myers. Hearne took up the reins, and Myers drove a sacrifice fly to Powell, sending Kilduff over with the first tally.

In the third the Robins added another run. Johnston walked and went to second on Griffith's sacrifice. When Myers singled to centre Johnston rode home with the second run. The Braves started things on their own account in the fifth, when Sayrs doubled to right with one down. Cruise got on when Myers dropped his fly, but Sayrs was held at second. Holke forced Sayrs at third, Cadore to Johnston, but Boeckel singled to right and Cruise scored. Holke was out between third and home on an attempted double steal.

The Dodgers settled the issue beyond a doubt in the seventh by scoring two runs on three hits neatly bunched. Krueger started by hitting safely to right. Cadore flied out but Kilduff came through with a single, sending Krueger to second, whence he raced home on Johnston's safety to centre. Kilduff went to third on the throw home, Neis, batting for Griffith, tapped to Maranville, who trapped Kilduff between third and home. When Boeckel failed to touch the Brooklyn second baseman with the ball Kilduff reached home in safety with the fourth run of the game.

The last run was a gift from the Braves. Ford throwing wildly to first on Myer's grounder. The latter got to second on the misplay and scored on Koney's sacrifice and McCabe's infield out via the pitcher.

Again Take Early Lead.

Following their traditional custom, the Robins also jumped into the lead in the second part of the afternoon's bill. Kilduff again inaugurated the hostilities by doubling to right in the opening frame. He completed the round trip when Griffith singled to right. In the third the Dodgers lengthened their advantage still further by scoring another marker. Kilduff, the perennial, walked on four bad balls and was sacrificed to second by Jimmy Johnston. Kilduff went to third on Griffith's infield out and cashed in at the plate when Wheat beat out a slow-rolling bounder to Pick.

The Braves came to life in the seventh and advanced to within striking distance by shoving over a run. Holke singled but was forced at second by Boeckel, who later came all the way home on Ford's triple to deep left. Pfeffer expunged the rally by forcing Christenbury and Powell to pop up.

It was the fatal eighth that settled the Dodgers' hash. Sayrs walked, and tallied on Cruise's triple to centre. Boeckel was intentionally passed and stole. When Ford drove a single to left Cruise and Boeckel scored. Ford ended the inning by being thrown out on an attempted steal. The Robins went out peacefully in their half of the ninth.

The score:

FIRST GAME.

BROOKLYN (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Kilduff,2b	4	2	2	0	5	
Johnston,3b	4	1	1	6	0	
Griffith,rf	1	0	0	4	0	
Neis,rf	1	0	0	1	0	
Wheat,lf	3	0	0	2	0	
Myers,cf	3	1	1	1	0	
Konetchy,1b	2	0	0	7	0	
McCabe,ss	3	0	0	2	1	
Krueger,c	3	1	1	4	1	
Cadore,p	4	0	1	0	3	
Total	28	5	6	27	10	

BOSTON (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Powell,cf	5	0	1	5	0	
Pick,2b	3	0	0	3	3	
Sayrs,lf	4	0	2	1	0	
Cruise,rf	4	1	1	3	0	
Holke,1b	3	0	0	9	1	
Boeckel,3b	4	0	2	1	4	
Mar'ville,ss	3	0	0	1	3	
Ford,ss	1	0	0	0	0	
Towdy,c	4	0	1	4	4	
Fillingim,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Hearn,p	3	0	0	0	2	
aChris'bury	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	35	1	7	27	16	

a Batted for Hearn in ninth.

Errors—Myers, McCabe, Ford.

Brooklyn	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hit—Sayrs. Sacrifice hits—Griffith, Myers, Konetchy, McCabe. Left on bases—Brooklyn 6, Boston 9. Bases on balls—Off Cadore 2, Fillingim 3, Hearn 3. Hits—Off Fillingim none in 1-3 inning; Hearn, 6 in 8 2-3. Struck out—By Cadore 3, Hearn 1. Losing pitcher—Fillingim. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and O'Day. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Powell,cf	4	0	0	1	0	
Pick,2b	4	0	1	2	2	
Sayrs,lf	2	1	0	1	0	
Cruise,rf	4	1	3	3	0	
Holke,1b	3	0	1	11	0	
Boeckel,3b	3	2	0	1	0	
Ford,ss	4	0	2	0	6	
O'Neill,c	2	0	1	5	0	
Gowdy,c	0	0	0	3	0	
Scott,p	2	0	0	1		
aChris'bury	1	0	0	0		
Total	29	4	8	27	9	

BROOKLYN (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	o	A
Kilduff,2b	3	2	1	2	5	
Johnston,3b	3	0	0	3	3	
Griffith,rf	3	0	1	0	0	
Wheat,lf	4	0	1	0	0	
Myers,cf	4	0	1	5	0	
Konetchy,1b	4	0	0	10	0	
McCabe,ss	4	0	0	1	3	
Miller,c	4	0	1	1	2	
Pfeffer,p	3	0	0	2	3	
Total	32	2	5	24	13	

a Batted for O'Neill in seventh.

Errors—Pick, Boeckel, Ford.

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	. .	—4
Brooklyn	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Kilduff. Three-base hits—Ford, Cruise. Stolen bases—Griffith, Boeckel. Sacrifice hits—Johnston, Holke. Left on bases—Brooklyn 6, Boston 6. Bases on balls—Off Pfeffer 3, Scott 2. Hot by pitcher—By Pfeffer (Sayrs). Struck out—By Pfeffer 1, by Scott 3. Umpires—Messrs. Day and Quigley. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes.

Eastern League.

Albany, 2; Hartford, 1. (12 innings).
Bridgeport, 8; Pittsfield, 0.
New Haven 4; Springfield 1.
Waterbury, 3; Worcester, 2.

American Association.

Indianapolis 2; Columbus, 1. (14 innings).
Louisville, 2; Toledo, 1.
Other teams not scheduled.

WAR MASK TAKES HANOVER HANDICAP

Johnny Dundee's Uncertain Performer Wins Close Decision at Aqueduct Track.

Johnny Dundee's War Mask, which, through an uncertain performer, occasionally takes the measure of some real good horses, ran one of his bang-up races at Aqueduct yesterday and lasted just long enough to gain a close decision in the Hanover Handicap at a mile. He got home a neck in front of M. L. Schwartz's Audacious, while War Marvel was third, about eight lengths back, but still some distance in front of S. C. Hildreth's Valor, an eagerly supported favorite.

It was a rather fortunate victory for War Mask, in spite of the fact that he was in front all through the last half mile of the journey. It was fortunate, because Audacious happened to receive a very badly judged and weak ride from Buxton, who was of no assistance to his mount whatever. With a more vigorous ride Audacious might have led his field home, but Buxton, after running into close quarters and then going to the outside, gave his horse practically no help at all in the finish.

War Marvel and Carnarvon broke in front but were quickly joined by War Mask, which soon drew out into a lead of a length and maintained this advantage all around the turn and into the stretch. Audacious, breaking from an outside position, was never able to get far enough in front of his field to cross over and get to the leader, and at the turn he was carried slightly wide and had to go around his field. Buxton made a run with him at this point and moved into third position by the time the horses straightened out for home.

Once Audacious reached the stretch he ran with fine courage and drew up on the leader until he was lapped with him a hundred yards from the finish, but Buxton sat almost perfectly still on his mount and could not close the small gap that remained between the two horses. The balance of the field was badly outrun in the stretch. War Marvel and Crystal Ford, only heads apart, were eight lengths back of Audacious, while Valor and Carnarvon trailed in behind them.

Valor proved a disappointment to his supporters and did not run anything like the race expected of him. He was well up with the field for the first six furlongs but could not follow the pace in the stretch and was badly beaten.

Sam Hildreth had one winner for the day, however, as his Dominique enjoyed a smart gallop in front of Sunnyland and Henry G. in the third race, at six and a half furlongs. It was the first appearance of Dominique as a three-year-old, and his presence evidently made a strong impression on owners of other horses that had been named for the race. Before post time six of the original entries had been withdrawn. Among those scratched were Thunderator and Watch, which were expected to provide the contention for Dominique. With only Sunnyland and Henry G. left to dispute the issue, Dominique was made a 1 to 10 choice. He ran as though he justified the price, for he never got out of a gallop to win by six lengths, with Sunnyland second.

Dominique appears to have come back this season a well-developed colt, with all the speed which made him one of the best of last season's two-year-olds.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-olds; selling; purse $1,000. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Ramsin	111	Turner	5-2	1st
Day Lilly	108	Nolan	16-5	2d
Crimson Rambler	108	Hamilton	20-1	3d
Superwoman	108	Kelsay	7-1	4
H'p of the North	111½	Rice	20-1	5
Queen Isabel	111	Sande	4-2	6
Eye Opener	111	McAtee	9-2	7
Episode	111	Buxton	12-1	8
Ballynew	108	Ensor	20-1	9
San Pablo	108½	Johnson	20-1	10

Time—0:59 1-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Ramakin, ch. g., by Olambala—Carinya; owned by R. T. Wilson, Jr., and trained by T. J. Healy.

SECOND RACE.

For maidens, three years old and upward; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Whisk	107	Barrett	4-5	1d
King Agrippa	112	Ensor	9-2	2d
Bar Coy	111	Sande	12-1	3d
Rinkavous	108½	Rowan	30-1	4
Double Eye	112	Miller	12-1	5
Larghetto	97	We

SWEETSER VICTOR IN COLLEGE GOLF

Scores Triumph Over Dean, 2 and 1, in Semi-Finals of Title Play.

WINNER PLAYS EASY GAME

Will Meet Ward Today in Final—Walker, the Champion, Eliminated in Morning Round.

The following telephone conversation was similar to many others last night.

"Hello! Is this the Nassau Country Club at Glen Cove, Long Island?"

"Yes; what do you want?"

"I want to learn about J. Simpson Dean's match in the intercollegiate championship this morning."

"Dean! Dean?" queries the voice on the Nassau end. "The name is familiar but I can't place him. He's not in the tourney any longer."

"Then tell me about A. L. Walker, Jr., please," persists the caller.

"Walker? Walker?" Again the voice is uncertain. "Seems as though I've heard the name before, but still I am not sure. At any rate neither Walker nor Dean has anything to do with the final for the championship. Good-by."

The inquirers then staggered from the phone booth, mopped their brows and were just as amazed as the several score of collegians and other spectators who were on the scene yesterday. Walker of Columbia, the defending champion, and Dean of Princeton, runner-up last year, both out of the tourney? It was preposterous!

The naked truth of yesterday's events will come as a terrible shock. Dean defeated Walker by 5 and 4 in the third round and stood a 20 to 1 favorite to clean up the final honors. But a slender, 18-year-old youngster with blond hair, who parts it in the middle, was waiting for just such a turn in events. This tender-aged freshman at Yale needs no introduction to New Yorkers. Jess W. Sweetser is his name. This same Sweetser, bashful, modest, but a thoroughbred golfer from the top of his head to the soles of his brogans, with just about the most natural stance and style a linksman could hope to cultivate, threw something yesterday and threw it hard. Maybe it was a monkey wrench into the tournament machinery or pepper into Dean's eyes. It makes little difference which. The important fact is that Sweetser had the audacity to humor the giant Princetonian along for the first nine holes, turning all square, but then going at Dean with a vengeance and beating him in the sensational semi-final match by 2 and 1.

Sweetser and Ward Today.

Today, starting at 10 o'clock and again at 2 o'clock, Sweetser will meet in the two-round final battle James Ward of Williams, who defeated J. A. Moss of the Tiger clan in the other semi-final by 2 up.

The Sweetser-Dean match will provide the topic for many a golf argument this summer. Without detracting one whit from the Ardsley youngster's remarkable game yesterday, the fact remains that Dean cracked. He was due for a reverse, for his golfing this Spring has been unquestionably better than last year, and he has been sailing along without a reef in his sheets. Golfers with such long strings of successes as Dean's are bound to be upset occasionally. Yesterday was his time. Sweetser, on the other hand, seems to be headed toward a sensational season. Last year he was a brilliant seventeen-year-old youth who gave promise of a great future. But he was not able to perform any tricks such as yesterday's. He failed to qualify at the national amateur at Oakmont, lost the final of the Victory Cup tourney to Ned Sawyer by 1 up in thirty-eight holes, and lost the final of the Arcola Invitation to Eddie Wild by the one-sided count of 9 and 7. Then, as evidence of his Wabbly golf, he defeated Woodie Platt, 5 and 4, in a Lesley Cup set-to.

In the morning third-round battle yesterday Sweetser had a walkaway. He eliminated his college mate, A. T. Buffington, by 9 and 7, after having won seven of the first nine holes and then the tenth and eleventh. One of the halved holes, the seventh, was the result of Sweetser pulling his tee shot out of bounds and he had to take a 5. Yet even with this hole in one over par he did the first nine in 34, four strokes under par. Spectators yesterday were afraid to think of what young Sweetser may do in the national amateur if he continues his phenomenal gait.

Makes Golf Look Simple.

It was a good thing that there were few, if any, beginners to see the Dean-Sweetser match. For a person who doesn't know the intricacies of golf Jess Sweetser is no man to watch. He makes golf seem ridiculously simple. In his hands the art of swinging a stick looks like child's play. When Sweetser wants to hit the ball he just steps up to it and, whang, away it goes. There is no twiddling of the feet or shaking of the club.

On the green he is one golfer in a legion. Perhaps he stands behind his ball to get a hurried appraisal of the lay of the land; perhaps he doesn't bother with this preliminary. But when he is ready to take his position he assumes it and putts the pellet, apparently with hardly any aiming at all. Dean is entirely different. This tiger terror, whose putting last season was his weak suit, has learned to take all the pains in the world. First he sizes up the line to the hole. Then he takes a preparatory stance, with his feet together. After a few seconds of planning, he gradually spreads his feet, at the same time doing a cross between a clog dance and the old-time buck-and-wing. Then he settles himself into position and putts.

Their match started off inauspiciously with a halve for the first hole in fives, one over par, when both needed three putts on the green. At the second they began their flirtation with birdie figures, and in the case of Sweetser, with eagles, for he had one of these rarities. Dean's tee shots were invariably longer but this availed him little because of Sweetser's dead-sure approaching. At the second, ninth and tenth Sweetser pitched out of rough grass and trouble with marvelous recoveries. For instance, on the second Dean used a cleek for his second shot and gained the green, whereas Sweetser was short. The latter chipped up to four feet from the cup and holed-out this distance for a halve. The third was also halved, Sweetser lofting out from a deep trap to short of the green and then chipping up dead. They halved the fourth but the first win was registered on the fifth when Dean smashed his second shot out of the rough for a distance of fully 175 yards to the green and holed out in a birdie 4, Sweetser taking three putts on this immense green.

Match Squared on Sixth.

On the sixth Sweetser had an approximate 3, two under par on this hole, which is 478 yards long. His second shot, played with a brassie, flew straight for the flag and stopped less than six feet from the hole. Dean pulled his second to the rough to the left of the green and then, probably unnerved by Sweetser's uncanny shot, flubbed his third into a sandpit. He picked up, conceding the Yale youngster the hole. This squared the match and they halved the seventh in fours.

At the eighth one of the true freaks of golf cropped out, which robbed Sweetser of a win. He laid his tee shot to the short 149-yard hole, across the pond, about twelve feet from the hole. Dean, undoubtedly nervous by now, landed short in the rough. He chipped out with a magnificent stroke, however, his ball rolling to about two inches from the cup. Sweetser's putt was headed straight for the hole when it hit Dean's ball, knocking it in. Instead of getting a birdie 2, therefore, Sweetser presented Dean with this gift and had to take a 3 for himself.

Sweetser pulled to the rough on the ninth, but chipped up dead to the hole and took a birdie 3, to Dean's par 4, squaring the match once more.

Few golfers can play as Sweetser did on the tenth. His second rolled into a sand trap and stopped between two bunkers. From this almost unplayable lie he chipped to within two feet of the cup and won the hole with a birdie 4. Dean had flubbed his second into long grass and was not on until his third. They halved the eleventh, but Sweetser went to 2 up by winning the twelfth with a par 4, Dean pulling into a trap and overrunning the hole on his second. Both needed fours on the par 3 thirteenth when neither drove the green. Dean won the fourteenth in birdie figures, but went to 2 down again when he pulled his short tee shot on the fifteenth to the trap and took four to Sweetser's tree. They halved the sixteenth in one under par, which made Sweetser dormie 2, and halved the seventeenth, ending the match.

Their cards follow:

Out—									
Par	4	5	5	3	5	5	4	3	4—38
Sweetser	5	4	5	3	5	5	3	4	3—36
Dean	5	4	5	3	4	6	4	2	4—37
In—									
Par	5	4	4	3	5	3	5	4	
Sweetser	4	4	4	4	5	3	4	4	
Dean	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	

Walker Eliminated in Morning.

Dean unquestionably was fatigued in the afternoon, for his morning match, which ended in a victory over Walker, the champion, by 5 and 4, was entirely different. Dean was out in 34, four strokes under par. "It wasn't that I was playing poorly," said Walker. "Dean was playing so much better." Last year at Merion Walker defeated Dean in the final for the title by 4 to 2, but said that had Dean's game of yesterday been played last year the Tiger undoubtedly would have won. On the second hole, for instance, Dean took a birdie 4, yet the ball on his tee shot burned itself in a patch of soft turf and his second was out hardly ten yards. He reached the green on his third and took one putt. On the third he holed out in 2 with a fifteen-footer. Walker won only two holes, the seventh, when Dean drove a tremendous ball which rolled on into long grass and forced him to play an uncertain second shot which landed in a trap, and the eleventh when Dean pulled his tee shot out of bounds. Dean was murderous on the greens, and on the thirteenth holed a twelve-footer for a birdie 2.

Their cards follow:

Out—									
Dean	4	4	5	2	4	4	5	3	5—34
Walker	5	5	5	3	4	6	4	3	4—39
In—									
Dean	4	5	4	2	5				
Walker	5	4	4	3	5				

Although Sweetser is favored for today's thirty-six-hole final, his opponent, Ward of Williams College, needs uncommon watching. This youngster has three times won the title of his home State, Missouri. He is a man of mystery, partly because his progress in the lower half of the draw did not force him to extend himself, since his opponents are the lesser known of the collegians. In yesterday afternoon's semi-final he ousted J. A. Moss, a Princeton man, but not a headliner, by 2 up, and his other victories have been over R. M. Rownd of Pennsylvania, D. H. Ankeny of Dartmouth and F. M. Bacon of Harvard.

The summaries:

Upper Half.

Third Round—J. Simpson Dean, Princeton, defeated A. L. Walker, Jr., Columbia, 5 and 4; Jess W. Sweetser, Yale, defeated A. T. Buffington, Yale, 9 and 7.
Semi-final Round—Sweetser defeated Dean, 2 and 1.

Lower Half.

Third Round—James Ward, Williams, defeated M. W. Littleton, Jr., Princeton, 7 and 6; J. A. Moss, Princeton, defeated R. M. Rownd, Pennsylvania, 1 up.
Semi-final Round—Ward defeated Moss, 2 up.

REACH FINAL IN GOLF.

Hoffner to Play Francine for Championship of Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—George Hoffner, the present titleholder, and Howard H. Francine, former champion, will meet tomorrow to decide the city golf championship over the Huntingdon Valley course.

Hoffner reached the final round this afternoon when he defeated J. Wood Platt, who made a country-wide reputation for himself in the nationals last year, on the eighteenth green. In scoring the victory Hoffner set a new record for the course. He went out in 34 strokes, which is two under par.. The city champion put over the triumph on the eighteenth green, when he sank a fifteen-foot putt for a birdie 3

Francine reached the final round by defeating Louis M. Washburn, the former Princeton player, 5 and 4.

Platt won his way to the semi-finals by defeating Pat Grant, Pennsylvania State champion, this morning, 3 and 2.

The results in the championship division:

Second Round—H. H. Francine, Huntingdon Valley, defeated Maurice Risley, Atlantic City, 2 and 1; Louis M. Washburn, Merion, defeated E. C. Clarey, Bala, 2 and 1; J. W. Platt, North Hills, defeated Pat Grant, Sunny Brook, 3 and 2; George Hoffner, Bala, defeated Paul Tewksbury, Aronimink, 3 and 2.
Third Round—Hoffner beat Platt, 1 up; Francine beat Washburn, 5 and 4.

MISS CONROY GOLF WINNER.

Captures Low Gross Honors in Richmond County Club Tourney.

Metropolitan linkswomen have no particular liking for hot weather and as a result of yesterday's conditions the field of one-day players slumped from several score to a scant fifteen who reported at the Richmond County Country Club on Staten Island. Miss Mollie Conroy, from the rival club at Fox Hills, carried off the low gross honors with a round in 102. The race for the next prize was a dead heat between Mrs. H. T. Eschwege of Englewood and Mrs. Lester Ketcham of Fox Hills. Mrs. Eschwege had 119—18—101 and Mrs. Ketcham 107—6—101. Miss M. A. Irving of the home club won the putting and approaching contest.

Hancock Wins R. I. Golf Title.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 25.—F. M. Hancock, Metacomet, won the State's amateur golf championship in a thirty-six-hole match over the Wannoimosett course today, defeating J. A. Cammonk, Wannoimosett. Hancock's score for the thirty-six holes was 160. Cammons played in 165.

Baltimore Club Fined $1,000.

AUBURN, N. Y., June 25.—The National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues today fined the Baltimore Club of the International League $1,000 for violation of the rule against playing with clubs harboring ineligible players or contract jumpers.

Giants Release Fred Lear.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—Fred Lear, utility infielder, was today released by the New York National League team. He goes to the San Antonio team of the Texas League.

Sleepy Hollow Golf Course To Work Overtime Next Week

One of the mysteries of the Spring golfing season in the metropolitan district concerns the complaisant, friendly, hospitable attitude which the officials of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club are showing. There is cause for wondering if the same smiles will be on the faces of the greens committeemen by this time next week. Whereas most clubs treasure their golf courses and see fit at best to allow only one tournament in a month, Sleepy Hollow has offered its links for three events in one week. On Monday the annual Father-and-Son fixture will be played; on Tuesday and Wednesday the Metropolitan Junior Championship tourney will be held; and on Thursday, Friday and Saturday Sleepy Hollow is to have an invitation event. Probably the fathers and sons will give the greenskeepers the most worries. Generally a good son has an erratic father, who leaves a path of torn and bruised divots in the fairway. But if Sleepy Hollow is satisfied, other clubs have no need for fretting.

SHAMROCK AGAIN IS AN EASY WINNER

Defeats 23-Meter Craft Over 25.4-Mile Course by More Than Thirteen Minutes.

RACE RESULTS, SHAMROCK IV. AND 23-METRE SHAMROCK

First Race—Won by Shamrock IV. (Course, triangular, with handle, about 28 miles.)

Second Race—Won by Shamrock IV. (Course quadrangular, about 25 miles.)

Special to The New York Times.

SANDY HOOK, June 25.—Shamrock IV., Sir Thomas Lipton's fourth challenger for the America's Cup, again defeated the international twenty-three-meter champion, Shamrock, off Sandy Hook today when she covered a 25.4 nautical mile course in thirteen minutes twenty-six seconds less actual time than the trial horse.

The contest called for all points of sailing and the breeze varied from fresh at the start to light, then fresh, then streaky, with treacherous soft spots and fresh again at the finish. Both yachts suffered from the streaks of calm and soft spots which partially equalized things, but if anything the challenger was the greater sufferer.

The course selected for the trial was from the black buoy off the point of the Hook, S. E. ¼ S., 3.7 miles, to and around the Scotland Light vessel, leaving it to starboard, thence S. x W. ¼ W. 6 miles to and around the Shrewsbury Rocks buoy, off the Jersey coast, leaving it to port, thence N. E. ½ N. 8.6 miles to and around the Ambrose Light vessel, leaving it to port, and thence W. N. W. 7 miles to the starting buoy off the Hook, or a total of 25.4 nautical miles.

Wind Bothers Yachts.

As originally planned this course, and the direction of the breeze, which was from the northeastward, would have given the pair of green racers a close reach to the first mark, a run on the second leg, then a beat and another reach to the finish. For the most part these conditions obtained, although on a few occasions, as the contest progressed, the breeze veered sufficiently to change the program slightly.

Both racing yachts were in readiness to proceed from their moorings inside the Horseshoe to the starting line by the time the steam yacht Victoria, with Sir Thomas Lipton and his guests, arrived from New York. Disdaining tows, both made out under their own sails.

The start was not by any means an impressive one, and the tugboat Susan A. Moran, with two empty mud barges in tow, was largely responsible for this.

Disregard the two racing yachts manoeuvring for the start, the tug and long tow proceeded across the starting line in the middle, with the challenger on one side and the meter yacht on the other.

The warning signal was set at 12:30 and the preparatory at 12:40, while the starting signal was given at 12:45. The challenger crossed at 12:45:39, while the older Shamrock got away at 12:46:55, or one minute and sixteen seconds later, which, considering the fact that she is the slower yacht by a large margin, made the contest a case of "follow the leader" from the very start. It failed to provide those aboard the challenger with any of that incentive which an endeavor to overtake provides.

As the pair started the sails did not appear to fit as well as yesterday, particularly the club topsail. Close hauled, however, they made quick time of it to the Scotland Lightship, which the challenger rounded at 1:09:39, while the 23-meter followed at 1:11:35, there being a difference of one minute and fifty-six seconds between them at that time. The challenger gained forty seconds on the leg.

Spinnakers Are Set.

Wearing around the light vessel sheets were eased and spinnakers set for the run down the wind to the Shrewsbury buoy. After they had been under way for a brief time the velocity of the breeze diminished most perceptibly, even to the extent of large soft patches becoming visible, and both yachts were caught in these powerless streaks.

At 1:45 the challenger jibed, and that move was followed soon after aboard the trial horse. The challenger tacked down the breeze to the second mark, while the meter craft set spinnaker and made a run of it on the other tack, the breeze having hauled a bit to the southward at the time.

Nearing the Shrewsbury mark jib topsails were taken in and smaller ones run up in their place for the windward leg to the Ambrose Light vessel. The challenger rounded the second mark at 1:59:42 and the contender followed at 2:03:48, showing a difference of 4 minutes 6 seconds between the two and a gain on the leg of 2 minutes 10 seconds.

The meter craft carried a diminutive baby jib topsail on the weather leg, while the challenger carried a bit larger one. Windward work is the challenger's strong point, just as it appears to be Resolute's.

The challenger began to open up the gap as soon as she started on the weather leg, and continued to do so as long as the breeze held.

Shamrock IV. rounded the Ambrose Light vessel at 3:18:37 and the trial horse's time was an even ten minutes later, which indicates that, in the 8.6 miles she had gained five minutes and fifty-four seconds. During this leg the breeze was anything but constant, having ranged from light to zephyrs and back to light again.

Then came that final and fluky leg to the buoy off the entrance to the Hook and the finish line. At first it seemed that the Victoria might not be able to get there in time to establish a finish line, for the strange green challenger, heeling till her lee rail was nearly awash, romped alongside of the steam yacht bearing Sir Thomas and kept gaining slowly but surely. Though her clean entrance gave no indication of her speed, every stitch of canvas was pulling.

However, it was not to be a walkaway, for again the god of breezes decided to be both stingy and obstinate. More soft patches, and of considerable area, were encountered by both, and the old trial horse was first to get a new slant of fresh breeze.

Last Faint Hope.

That gave heart to those aboard her, and for a time it seemed as though she might overhaul the challenger and cross the line in the lead, but such was not to be.

Another vagary of the baffling breezes gave the challenger what she needed and she crossed the finish line at 4:04:13.

By how much would she win? That was the big question that puzzled all on board the Victoria, so the Shamrock sweepstakes was suggested, and all hands made guesses at a dime each. Sir Thomas proved to be winner.

The sturdy old international craft, a marine beauty, romped across the finish line at 4:18:55 and received a loud and whistled salute in recognition of her game but losing stern chase.

An arbitrary handicap is usually decided upon by the amateur and professional skippers of the two racers, so that the crews of both yachts may have equal chances to win the prize money that goes to the winner. So far, although that allowance has been increased, the challenger has been able to more than hold her own.

The appearance of the sails of the challenger was much better toward the end of her spin today. The mainsail is perfect, but the club topsail and headsails did not quite satisfy Mr. Nicholson. That is to be corrected within the next few days however.

The yachts will race off the Hook again tomorrow, wind and weather permitting, and those who saw today's race were satisfied with the showing made.

The summary:

	Shamrock IV.	23 Shamrock.
Start	12:45:39	12:46:55
First mark	1:09:39	1:11:35
Elapsed time	0:24:00	0:24:40
Second mark	1:59:42	2:03:48
Elapsed time leg	0:50:03	0:52:13
Third mark	3:18:37	3:22:37
Elapsed time leg	1:18:55	1:24:49
Finish	4:04:13	4:18:55
Elapsed time leg	0:45:36	0:50:18
Total elapsed time	3:18:34	3:32:00

Shamrock IV. wins by 0:13:26 actual time.

RACING AT AQUEDUCT TO-DAY

$4,000 Hudson Stakes
$2,500 Queens Co. Handicap
2 Mile Steeplechase

AND 3 OTHER SUPERB CONTESTS
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., also from Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, at 12:30, 1:00, 1:30, 1:59 P. M. Special cars reserved for ladies on all Race Trains. Also via Brooklyn "L" to Greenwood Ave. Station.
GRAND STAND $3.30. LADIES $1.65
Including War Tax

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.
STRAWS A'PLENTY
AND AT THE RIGHT PRICES
A good SENNET for $2.40
High Grade hand finished straw $4.40
Genuine Panamas $4.80 to $10
Bankoks and Leghorns, $5.80

RESOLUTE-VANITIE RACE CALLED OFF

Failing Wind Causes Action—Committee Expected to Select Defender Today.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 25.—The boat that will defend America's Cup against Sir Thomas Lipton's challenger Shamrock IV., will, in all probability, be selected tomorrow afternoon following the termination of the twelfth and final of the elimination race series between Resolute and Vanitie, the two cup defense candidates.

William Butler Duncan, a member of the America's Cup Committee announced this afternoon through a notice posted at the New York Yacht Club station here that "the meeting of the America's Cup Committee will be held at the yacht club station Saturday immediately after the termination of the race."

No further statement has been made and this notice is taken to mean that the selection is to be made at the meeting.

The two big sloops started in what would have been the twelfth of the elimination series this noon, but, after sailing for about two hours and a half, the race was declared off by the Cup Committee. The reason for declaring the race off, according to the committee, was on account of changing wind conditions.

The wind at the start of the race had been blowing from the northeast eight to nine knots. By the time the boats had made the first round of the race the wind, while holding true, had dropped to five knots and it was continuing to drop, giving every evidence that it would be a drifting match between the two boats on the greater part of the second round. The Cup Committee, which was out on one of the destroyers, decided to call the race off when the boats were about half way to the outer mark on the second round.

The time for the first round follows:

	Start.	1st Mark.	1st Round.
	H.M.S.	H.M.S.	H.M.S.
Vanitie	12:00:39	12:53:11	1:07:37
Resolute	12:01:09	12:55:32	1:04:01

LEWIS AND HOVEY VICTORS.

Will Play for Connecticut State Golf Championship Today.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., June 25.—R. M. Lewis of Greenwich Country Club, former Connecticut State champion, and R. H. Hovey of Shuttle Meadow Country Club, present champion, will meet in the final round of the State championship golf tournament at Brooklawn Country Club tomorrow. Lewis defeated R. S. Miner of Weatogue, 1 up, and Hovey defeated C. P. Taft, 2d, of Pine Orchard, 3 and 2, in the semi-finals this afternoon.

The feature of today's play was Lewis's victory over Miner after being 3 up on him, Lewis losing the fourteenth, fifteenth and sixteenth holes, Miner playing them in par. The seventeenth hole was halved in par figures.

Miner hooked to the rough from the tee on the eighteenth and flubbed his iron shot, while Lewis was straight away from the tee and landed his iron on the green in two. Miner played a mashie niblick 150 yards from the rough dead to the pin only three feet away and appeared to have a sure half. Lewis laid his first shot stone dead and Miner's putt curled the cup, the Greenwich golfer winning the hole 4 and 5 and the match 1 up.

In the round before the semi-final Miner defeated W. Parker Seeley, 5 and 3; Taft defeated W. A. Jackson, 2 and 1, and Hovey defeated John T. L. Hubbard, 2 and 1.

BOSTON TEAM DEFEATED.

Miss Sigourney and Miss Bancroft Lose in Canadian Tennis.

TORONTO, June 25.—Miss Edith Sigourney and Miss Leslie Bancroft, both of Boston, were defeated today in the final of the Eastern Canadian women's doubles tennis championship by Miss F. Best and Miss A. McDonald of Toronto, 6—4, 6—2.

Miss Bancroft and W. L. Rennie, both of Toronto, were the survivors of the semi-finals today for the men's singles title, and Mrs. H. Bickle, the Canadian titleholder, and Miss F. Best of Toronto for the women's single title.

R. L. James of Saratoga, N. Y., was eliminated today in the singles by Baird in a well-contested match, 5—7, 6—1, 10—8.

MRS. BARLOW WINS ON SHAWNEE LINKS

Defeats Mrs. Stetson, 5 and 4, in Semi-final Round—Mrs. Knight Reaches Final.

SHAWNEE - ON - DELAWARE, Pa., June 25.—Two women, Mrs. Charles M. Knight of Garden City and Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of Merion, are left in the invitation tournament at the Shawnee Country Club, as a result of the semi-final round today. Mrs. Knight, who recently came to this country from England, beat Miss Edith Cummings of Onwentsia, while Mrs. Barlow eliminated Mrs. G. Henry Stetson of Huntingdon Valley, 5 and 4.

The final round match between Mrs. Knight and Mrs. Barlow tomorrow will no doubt attract a large gallery. The last named, who has won every Shawnee tournament for women so faar, and the Eastern title on no less than six occasions, is not playing as well as Mrs. Knight. The Garden City golfer, who ended her match on the sixteenth green yesterday, needed 5, 5 and 4 for an 85, which is good golf for a man at Shawnee.

Miss Cummings stood 1 up at the turn, having gone out in 42, to 43 for the other, but by the time the fifteenth had been played, Mrs. Knight stood 2 up. A fine 2 at the sixteenth hole, where she ran down a twenty-five-foot putt, gave Mrs. Knight the match, 3 and 2.

In the second eight Mrs. E. C. Betts of Philadelphia disposed of Sarah Meehan, 8 and 6, while in the lower half of the bracket Miss Helen Meehan won by 6 and 5 from Mrs. G. P. Williamson of Wyoming Valley.

The summary follows:

FIRST EIGHT—Semi-final Round—Mrs. Charles M. Knight, Garden City, beat Miss Edith Cummings, Onwentsia, 3 and 2; Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow, Merion, beat Mrs. G. Henry Stetson, Huntingdon Valley, 5 and 4.

SECOND EIGHT—Semi-final Round—Mrs. E. C. Betts of Philadelphia beat Miss Sarah Meehan, North Hills, 8 and 6; Miss Helen Meehan, North Hills, beat Mrs. G. P. Williamson, Wyoming Valley, 6 and 5.

EAST VS. WEST IN TENNIS.

Miss Gould and Miss Zinderstein Reach Clay Court Final.

DETROIT, June 25.—Miss Corrine Gould of St. Louis and Miss Marion Zinderstein of Boston won their way into the final of the woman's national clay court tennis championship here this afternoon. Miss Gould, defending champion, defeated Miss Florence Baillin of New York, 6—2, 9—7. Miss Zinderstein won from Miss Eleanora Tennant of Los Angeles, 7—5, 6—1. The final will be played tomorrow.

Miss Gould, paired with Miss Roberta Esch of Cleveland, also qualified for the final in the women's doubles. They defeated Mrs. Malcolm McLean and Miss Katherine Waldo of Chicago, 6—3, 6—2. Their opponents in the doubles final tomorrow will be Misses Tennant and Ballin, who won from Miss Zinderstein and Mrs. F. H. Godfrey of Boston in the semi-finals today, 3—6, 6—0, 6—4.

PIANISANI WINS AT NET.

Gains Unexpected Victory Over Ewing in Sunningdale Tennis.

Progress was slow but sure yesterday in the open tennis tournament of the Sunningdale Country Club at Scarsdale, with three players, Manfred Goldman, T. R. Keen and Dr. L. V. Robinson reaching out into the fourth round, all winners in straight sets.

There was a surprise in the second round when Fred Pianisani of the New York Tennis Club upset the Yonkers hitter, James D. Ewing, without the loss of a set.

The summary:

First Round—Embree H. Henderson defeated Harold Ewing, 7—5, 6—3.
Second Round—Fred Pianisani defeated James D. Swing, 7—5, 6—2; Paul Martin defeated A. L. Bruneau, 6—2, 6—2.
Third Round—Dr. L. V. Robinson defeated G. V. Little, 6—4, 9—7; Thomas R. Keen defeated R. Bermingham, 6—4, 6—3; Manfred Goldman defeated G. W. Helm, 6—1, 6—1.

Toronto Releases Catcher.

TORONTO, June 25.—The Toronto International League Baseball Club tonight released Catcher Walsh to the Pittsfield (Mass.) Club of the Eastern League.

ALL you've got to do is to smoke Camels to know they are the most wonderful cigarette ever created. You'll like Camels even better *when you compare them with any cigarette in the world!*

You realize then that Camels never have been approached in quality, in their expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos, and in the enjoyment they provide!

You'll quickly decide that Camels blend is a revelation—and that you greatly prefer it to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

My, but you have a lot coming your way in Camels smooth mellow mild body and refreshing flavor! You'll say "Camels are made to meet my taste". *And that's a fact!* Besides they'll never tire it!

And another thing about Camels you'll find *unusual*—they never leave any unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste or unpleasant cigaretty odor!

Man alive—listen!

You can smoke Camels till the cows come home without tiring your taste!

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N. C.

'NO FARE RISE; JAIL FIRST,' SAYS HYLAN

Rebuffs Staten Islanders Pleading for Restoration of Trolley Service.

TEN FRANCHISES REVOKED

Board of Estimate Session Marked by the Usual Craig-La-Guardia Tilts.

Mayor Hylan told a delegation of Staten Islanders, at City Hall yesterday, in a demonstration in favor of the restoration of trolley service in Richmond Borough, regardless of whether the fares were raised, that he would "see himself in jail" before he granted an increased fare to any of the traction interests.

"I have a plan in my head now which may serve to bring relief," the Mayor said, "but I dare not disclose it. If I did some Federal Judge would be sure to get out an injunction restraining me from thinking." Despite the opposition of the Staten Islanders, ten of the franchises of the Midland Railway Company were revoked by the Board of Estimate on the ground that the companies had failed properly to operate the lines.

The Richmond residents stormed a meeting of the Board of Estimate, bringing with them banners which bore such slogans as "Children Out of School Since January—No Trolleys," "Give Us a Square Deal—Cut the Red Tape," "Children Crying for Beaches—No Trolleys," "Our Beach Bungalows Are Vacant, While New York Swelters. Reason—No Trolleys." The placards did not jibe with the Mayor's idea of the decorum which should be maintained at Board of Estimate meetings, and as soon as he entered the room he said: "I think we will begin proceedings by eliminating those banners right now."

The Mayor read a memorandum which said that the delegation, of whom 300 were women, had been organized to protest against the stopping of the Midland trolley lines. "I knew that before I got this memorandum," said the Mayor, and ordered the calling of the calendar. The board then took up the regular routine business while the women waited for a hearing.

Residents Tell of Hardships.

When the other matters had been disposed of the Staten Island spokesmen told of inconveniences which they said they had suffered because of the shutdown of the Staten Island trolleys. A trained nurse said that she had been compelled last Winter to walk through snow up to her waist in order to reach patients. Mrs. Edward Wisely, wife of a practicing physician, said that while the people of Staten Island were reluctant to pay a higher fare, they would rather pay it than to ride than to be compelled to walk. "Let them charge 8 or 10 cents or what they will," said one woman, "but we want trolleys at any price."

The Midland Company suspended last Winter when the city rejected its plea for increased fares. City buses were introduced, but the Staten Islanders say that the buses are overcrowded and inadequate. The ten franchises revoked yesterday by the board cover about 50 per cent. of the trackage maintained by the company. The remainder are under franchises which do not contain the revocation provisions.

Coal Bill Is Blocked.

Old quarrels between members of the Board of Estimate broke out afresh during their action on the regular calendar. When the report of Controller Craig certifying for the payment of $12,442 to William Farrell & Son for coal supplied to Bellevue came up President LaGuardia explained his vote in the negative, which prevented payment of the bill. "In reading the report of the Controller," he said, "I am convinced that there is an utter disregard of the law in the appropriation of money."

"When the President of the Board of Aldermen has all the facts I think I know him well enough to believe he will act with the rest of the board on this claim," said Mayor Hylan. "The facts are that the fuel was badly needed for the hospitals and while the exact forms of law may not have been complied with it is an equitable claim."

Controller Craig remarked that "the President of the Board of Aldermen wants to see the patients suffer."

"Yes," said Mr. LaGuardia, "and the Controller wants Farrell & Son to get a lot of the city's money."

"Bellevue," said the Controller, "needed this fuel last Winter and the claimant furnished it. There was nobody else who would or could and it was the act of a good Samaritan. Now, by voting against it, the President of the Board of Aldermen will prevent any such relief if the good Samaritan is confronted by an adverse vote in this Board."

Mr. LaGuardia said that he intended to go to the bottom of the matter and find out about the Farrell Company's relations with the city. This provoked an assertion by the Controller that Mr. LaGuardia thought that "no Democrat has a right to live or to sell his wares to the city."

Further exchanges between Mr. La Guardia and Mr. Craig came during a discussion of the Court House bids. A motion was made to approve the $1,190,000 bid—the only one received—for foundation and plumbing and Mr. La Guardia opposed it on the ground that the specifications had not been changed. President Curran accused the administration of trying to build the Court House as "a monument to its efficiency."

"I do not agree with my friend Curran in calling this a monument," said Mr. La Guardia, "I should rather call it a grave, it has no roof on it and hence is of no value as a building. We should put flowers around it and I suggest that when the Controller goes out of office next Fall, we erect a tablet inscribed: 'Sacred to the memory of a short, but misspent public life.'"

The resolution to approve the bids was carried. The board also passed a resolution appropriating $305,150 for the completion of the two-platoon system in the Fire Department.

Wallstein Assails Project.

Leonard M. Wallstein, counsel to the Citizens Union, yesterday issued a statement attacking the Court House project.

"Apparently the Mayor has resumed his blind following of the Controller's lead," said the statement. "In so doing in this matter he makes an empty gesture of all his canned speeches to his Committee on Housing about finding a way of providing homes. Despite his statement to me this morning at the board meeting, I am credibly informed that his own committee on housing urged that the building of the Court House be delayed for the reason stated. Now that the Brooklyn Borough President helped to put through the building of the Manhattan Court House it will be interesting to observe whether he also is to be provided with a monument—or a mausoleum—at public expense in the shape of a Brooklyn Municipal Building which he has requested at an estimated cost of $6,000,000 and which, if allowed, will doubtless cost double that sum."

MIDLAND CARS RUNNING.

Revocation of Franchises Ignored—Mass Meeting Planned.

Despite the action of the Board of Estimate yesterday in revoking ten franchises of the Midland Railroad Company on Staten Island, cars of the company continued to be operated last night. It is believed the Directors decided to "stand pat" and await further action by the city.

Three of the seven main bus lines on Staten Island discontinued operation yesterday pursuant to an order signed in the Federal court, on the application of Receiver Edward Kuhn of the Richmond Light and Railroad Company, who alleged the buses were running in competition with the trolleys. Staten Islanders said last night the city's action in revoking the trolley franchises was taken to bar a possible plea to the Federal court that the buses be removed because they were in competition with the trolleys.

Residents of the Midland Beach section gathered last night at a mass meeting in the Casino Hotel and heard Matthew J. Cahill report on the visit of the delegation to Mayor Hylan. Indignation was expressed over transportation conditions, and offers were made to pay a higher fare for service.

Announcement was made that Mayor Hylan and the Board of Estimate had been invited to attend a mass meeting to be held at the same place next Friday night.

GO IN FOR PHYSICAL TRAINING

Armenian Youths Use the American Doughboys' Manual.

American football tactics will be used by the future generations of Armenians in tackling the problems of their country if they make anything of the physical training that is being provided for them in the Near East Relief orphanages in the Caucasus. The Armenians have been convinced of the advantages afforded the American youth, which were demonstrated by the achievements of the men of the American Expeditionary Forces in France. They were so impressed with American systems of physical development that they decided to adopt similar ones for the youth of their own country, and the manual of the American doughboy has been included in the courses of instruction that are being given.

At the large orphanage established at Alexandropol, the Armenian equivalent of "hit the line" is a familiar sound among the youngsters who are constantly at practice on their athletic field, famed as the largest of its kind in the Near East. The avidity of the Armenians for physical training is described in a bulletin just issued by the Near East Relief, which goes on to show that their determination to build the future on a firm educational foundation is equally as marked. The report adds:

"Instruction is given at all orphanages in the common school studies of the American public school and in religious and industrial training. Particular emphasis is laid on subjects that will help improve the sanitary conditions of the country. Vocational training includes carpentry, shoemaking and tinning for the boys, and sewing, knitting and similar work for the girls."

It is further pointed out that the Faculty, which numbers 130 in the orphan asylums scattered throughout the country, are paid salaries that may be regarded as liberal when the country's financial condition is considered. All teaching salaries are paid by the Government. With a few hours' extra work weekly, they range from about $700 to $1,350 a year. School terms at relief orphanages last from Sept. 1 to May 1 and the courses cover a period of six years.

LENT MISS WILSON DIME.

Now Bus Conductor Is Proud Possessor of White House Note.

The story of how Miss Margaret Wilson, the daughter of President Wilson, found herself on a Fifth Avenue bus without the necessary dime with which to pay her fare, and how a gallant conductor, unaware of her identity, lent her 10 cents, is told in Bus Lines, the magazine of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company. Conductor P. G. Lynch is now in possession of a note from Miss Wilson thanking him for his kindness.

Conductor Lynch's bus stopped at Thirty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue recently, northbound. One of the passengers to board was a pretty, demure young woman. She proffered Lynch a coin, which he took with a smile.

"Sorry, Miss, but this won't do! It is a penny, instead of a dime."

The young woman smiled, took the penny and looked in her purse. Her smile suddenly faded. She searched her purse in vain, but alas, it was bare except for the penny.

Visibly embarrassed, she closed her purse. "I guess I must get off," she said, "that penny is all I have with me."

"Remain where you are," said Lynch gallantly, "I will be very glad to advance you 10 cents. I am sure you will pay it back."

"You are very kind," smiled the demure passenger. "If you will give me your name and number I will be very glad to accept your help. I assure you I will return the loan."

So Lynch handed the young woman 10 cents from his own pocket and the passenger slipped it into the little register.

To the surprise of Lynch, a few days later he received this letter:

"The White House, Washington.

"To Mr. P. G. Lynch:

"Dear Sir: Please forgive my delay in sending you the enclosed dime, and accept my heartfelt thanks for having helped me out. Cordially yours,

"MARGARET WOODROW WILSON."

It was written in Miss Wilson's own handwriting, and is one of Conductor Lynch's most priceless possessions.

A NEW SCHOOL LAW.

It Provides for Compulsory Education of California Employes.

The California compulsory part-time school law becomes effective in September. It affects every employe in the State between the ages of 16 and 18 years. The law provides that all employers must arrange working hours so that all boys and girls between these ages (unless high school graduates or defectives) will be able to attend classes for four or more hours during thirty-six weeks between 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.

The Board of Education must provide classrooms, equipment and paid teachers. The employer may provide a classroom in a place of employment and suggest a course of study to increase efficiency of his employes in addition to the weekly course of instruction in citizenship.

The purpose of the law is to increase loyalty, good citizenship and earning power by equipping young people seeking a vocation, adding to the skill of those who already have one and to place those better fitted for other work.

Ends Life with a Razor.

Ignatz Maydala, 56 years old, a porter at the Historic Inn, Clason Point, the Bronx, ommitted suicide yesterday morning by cutting his throat with a razor. His body was found at noon floating in the East River near Riker Island, and it was at first thought that he had been murdered. According to the police, Maydala slashed his throat in a shack on Summit View Avenue, Clason Point Park, where he lived, and then walked to the river and again cut his throat. Maydala had been suffering from paralysis of the left side.

SAYS LATIN AMERICA OFFERS US WEALTH

Burnet L. Clark Emphasizes Opportunity for Americans in Southern Lands.

CAN GET EUROPE'S TRADE

Publisher Urges Development of Commercial Relations Which Will Be Lasting.

Many masters of finance and industry throughout the United States who are interested in the development of an overseas trade have entirely overlooked, in their eagerness to help devastated Europe, the more important fields of Latin America, according to Burnet L. Clark, President of El Comercio Publishing Corporation, who says that the people of the countries of South and Central America, Mexico, Cuba, Porto Rico and the West Indies "with outstretched arms are eagerly awaiting our friendly commercial invitation, and at our bidding this trade is ours."

Mr. Clark emphasizes the necessity for immediate negotiations, however, and urges that American business men take advantage of an opportunity to gain the trade formerly held by Great Britain, Germany and other European countries. In a recent article in the Old Colony Magazine he summarizes the opportunities for American business in Latin America as follows:

"Latin America, with an ever-increasing population of more than 90,000,000 souls, possesses a territory exceeding 9,400,000 square miles, fertile and rich in undeveloped natural resources of vast potential value to capitalists, merchants and manufacturers of the United States, probably affording them greater and safer fields for permanent investment than are offered by any other countries of the world—Europe not excepted; therefore we should give to the countries south of us first consideration. In other words, we should redouble our efforts to secure this trade, not next year, but now, when the way is clear, before Germany and the other European countries have a chance to retrieve lost ground. We should get our bearings without loss of time and thus become so firmly intrenched that we cannot be dislodged.

"Before the war the United States was in competition with the whole world, but at present the Europeans are mainly engaged in the reconstruction of their own countries, with little opportunity of reaching out. Hence we should make the most of our opportunities and 'strike while the iron is hot,' get the Latin American coming our way, and the trade will stay with us.

"To illustrate: During the war many important Latin American industries using German and other foreign-made machinery, &c., were seriously crippled or compelled to shut down on account of inability to obtain new machines or parts with which to renew those worn or broken, compelling them in many cases to come to this country for an entirely new equipment, which in the future will be added to and replaced by more machinery of United States make. As an example, a well-known German-made automobile, the most widely used of any in Latin America, was rendered useless to the owner because of inability to renew broken or worn parts, and what applied to this particular car is equally true of other European makes.

"The Latin American countries are coming to the front by leaps and bounds, and in their natural resources they are regarded among the richest in the world; our capitalist, therefore, will have a chance to do for the Latin American countries what the European capitalist did for the United States thirty, forty and fifty years ago, in the furnishing of money to develop our railroads, mineral and other resources. By the emulation of such an example, through sentiment and everlasting gratitude the Latin Americans will become our fast friends and ever after trade with us, for such would be the tacit understanding.

"With these facts in mind, the wisdom of cultivating this trade will be readily seen, but one's efforts must be intelligently directed, persistent and worth while; results will be sure to follow.

"If one is not willing to work in this field with a view to results to come in one, two, three or five years, then he had better leave it entirely alone. To count upon anything different, one might as well plant a fruit orchard and expect a paying crop the first year, or to build a fire under a boiler and attempt to start the engine before the steam is generated.

"In looking into the future, our universities, commercial colleges and other institutions should encourage the young men and women of Latin America to come to the United States for their education, for where this is done their parents will follow in preference to visiting Europe, as has been their practice heretofore. Naturally, if their sons and daughters—the future merchants, business and professional men and women of those countries—are educated in the United States and become familiar with our ways and customs they will by preference trade with us, for the way the twig is bent the tree will grow.'

"These are only a few of the many advantages to be gained by looking into the future.

"This association of the youth—the future business men and women—of Latin America with our young men and women will be of inestimable educational value to both in acquiring a knowledge of the English and Spanish languages.

"Recent Government statistics show a most gratifying growth in our trade with Latin America, totalling our exports and exports for 1919 of $2,328,741,917, an increase of 25 per cent. over 1918 and 190 per cent. over the year (1913) preceding the war.

"It is also interesting to note that, of the total imports into those countries for 1919, the United States controlled more than 31 per cent.

"Taken separately, our trade with these countries for 1919 was as follows: South America, $1,129,652,717, an increase over 1918 of 23 per cent., and 210 per cent. more than for 1913 and 369 per cent. more than for 1909. Our imports for the latter six months show an increase of more than 50 per cent. over the first six months of 1919.

"Our combined exports for 1919 to Central America, Mexico and the West Indies totaled $545,227,673, as compared with $375,125,346 for 1917 and $161,429,181 for 1913.

"It should be borne in mind that these exports comprised about everything, except war materials, that go into civilized countries, and had there been adequate shipping facilities our trade with Latin America would have vastly increased over the figures shown."

BUSINESS RECORDS

FAILURES OF THE WEEK—Bradstreet's reports 114 failures in the United States for the week, against 140 for the previous week and 112, 180, 290 and 278 for the corresponding weeks, 1919 to 1916. The New England States had 10, Middle, 40; Southern, 21; Western, 24 Middle Western, 5; Far Western, 4. Canada had 15, against 17 for the previous week. In the United States about 78 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 10 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

In Town.

UNIVERSAL BAKING COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Universal Baking Company, Inc., wholesalers, at 157 East 25th Street, by these creditors, Jaburg Bros., $2,076; Wood & Selick, $1,000, and The Blanton Company, $500.

"SAMUELS"—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph Brinkman, retail dealer in suits, &c., under name of "Samuels," at 59 Division Street, by these creditors: M. Turoff, $365; Sophie Weissman, $100, and William Nadall, $100. An assignment was also made to Morris Israel. It is stated that liabilities are $10,000 and assets $7,000.

HARRY JAFFE—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry Jaffe, jobber in silks, at 415 Fourth Avenue, by these creditors: Kalb-Locker Silk Company, $5,002; Louis Lazarowitz, $3,891, and Schwarzenbach, Huber & Co., $3,000. It is stated that the liabilities are about $100,000 and the assets about $5,000. A second petition in bankruptcy was filed against Harry Jaffe by the following named creditors: Albert Berger, $50; R. Siegel, $135, and L. Colin, $851. It was stated that liabilities are $80,000 and assets $2,000. Mr. Jaffe also made an assignment to Marcus Helfand.

BERNARD SMITH—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Bernard Smith, manufacturer of dresses at 243 West Twenty-fifth Street, by these creditors: H. Johnson, $1,065; P. Gould, $3,251, and Henry Greenstein, $4,156.

MILLER & SCHENCK—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isidor Miller and Sue Schenck, co-partners, trading as Miller & Schenck, retail dresses, at 58 West 125th Street and 2,196 Third Avenue, by these creditors: R. Siegel, $617; Cohen, $375, and A Berger, $213. Liabilities are stated to be about $6,000, and assets about $1,500.

STRACHER & WIEDER—Samuel Stracher and Samuel Wieder, co-partners, trading as Stracher & Wieder, manufacturing furs, at 232 Seventh Avenue, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $15,184, and assets of $10,688, consisting of stock, $8,088; machinery and fixtures, $300; accounts due, $21; claim for breach of contract, $1,500, and deposit, $32. Judge Mayer has appointed Henry Kaufman receiver in $2,000 bond. Nathaniel Roman and Greenbaum & Mintz are the largest creditors.

E. KOSINER, INC., gowns and hats, at 526 Fifth Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,306 and assets of $8,948, consisting of cash, $60; stock, $4,483; sketches, models, &c., $1,471; equipment and fixtures, $2,334; accounts due, $1,905, and deposits, $17.

MAX CASSILETTI—The petition in bankruptcy filed against Max Cassiletti, as a dealer in furs and skins at 129 West Nineteenth Street, on which he has been dismissed. He stated that he is a resident of 1,425 Carroll Street, Brooklyn, and on June 21 he filed a voluntary petition in Brooklyn.

47 EAST 61ST STREET CO., INC.—Seth Sprague Terry, who, on June 9, was appointed receiver of 47 East 61st Street Co., Inc., building operations has resigned the receivership and Percival Wilds has been appointed in his place in $10,000 bond.

DOMINION TRUCKING CO.—William T. Little has been appointed custodian of the Dominion Trucking Co., trucking, 499 West Broadway, by Judge Mayer. Assets of the company are said to consist of seven horses, two mules, four trucks and four sets of harness, worth in all $1,500.

H. W. COTTON—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in Brooklyn for H. W. Cotton, manufacturing machinist, with offices at 233 Broadway, Manhattan, and a place of business at the Bush Terminal, Brooklyn. The liabilities are $200,000 and assets $100,000. Jesse Watson was appointed ancillary receiver by Judge Chatfield. Among the petitioning creditors are Willett B. Morrell and William W. Cortland, each with a claim of $25,000 for money loaned.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 25.—William J. Hegel, a clerk, residing at 53 East Elem Street, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $10,741 and assets, $335.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the M. Nightingale Manufacturing Company, 426 Armour Avenue, manufacturers of phonographs, in behalf of the Cole & Dumas Music Co. and others, with claims aggregating $1,451. Liabilities and assets are not yet known.

BOSTON, June 25.—Samuel A. Freedman has been appointed trustee of the United Bedding Co. with bond of $500, and Herbert A. Whiting of Samuel Weinberg in bond of $1,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

Adler, Louis or Ludwig—H. Bloom....$356.91
Avedon, William—L. Korlath's Pastry Shop & Restaurant, Inc.....663.91
American Ry. Express Co.—L. Korlath.100.00
Boyd, Maxim B.—J. V. Campbell.....650.20
Boyne, Frank J.—M. Barrett.....191.10
Buckman, Kammie—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.....135.60
Conroy, Theda—K. M. Sherwood.....579.15
Costro, Joseph—Nat. Surety Co.....5,741.50
Davies, Doris, or Dora Lz or Dora D. Lz—W. Cohen 445.41
Derner, Louis— M. Auer et al.....225.41
De Leopold, Ludwig—A. H. de Leopold, costs 128.70
Edgar, Dr.—Thomas W.—P. T. Suff.....285.00
Elchner, Ethel and Nathan—M. Elchner.216.07
Faulkner, Marie B., or Mrs. R. J. Faulkner—M. J. Steinberg Hat & Fur Co. 277.60
Ferla, John—First Nat. Bank of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.....320.54
Farrington, Geo. A.—J. Markowitz et al.381.54
Gray, James—Thomas Sanders.....161.70
Glickman, David, and Frances Mason—T. Prince 275.41
Gregory, James (Auto Sales Guarantee Co.)—J. Mellame 213.20
Gibson, Beatrice P.—Peckham Co., Inc.158.18
Henderson, Ludwig H.—Acme Lumber & Molding Co., Inc.....204.88
Heinemann, Samuel—Schilling.....1,502.78
Interborough Rapid Transit Rys. Co.—F. Baer 3,131.83
Israelson, Harry (Economy Silk Mills) —J. Mosmar et al.....2,127.25
Knee, Louis, Prest.—J. Trachtenberg..275.20
Kenny, Thomas—H. B. Rubin.....345.20
Laber, Samuel and Henry—J. Telman et al.....1,958.38
Lindenberg, Lee—Century Leasing Co., Inc. 227.70
Landesman, Louis—Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.....1,008.40
Leslie, Lew E.—J. Beaumont, possession of property, costs, $91.15; damages, $262.50 .....753.65
Levey, Bernard—D. G. Van Der Water et al. 229.95
Mahoney, Daniel J.—A. A. Sarafan.....251.50
Martin, Clinton S.—L. B. Simmonds et al. 762.30
Moss, Charles A.—Brooks Bros.....243.40
Marshall, John B.—Chemical Engraving Co. 114.70
Morse, Benjamin W.—S. J. Bernstein..112.20
Metals & Chemical Corp.—A. W. Tessent et al. 4,479.94
Mirror Films, Inc.; Lambert Film Corp.—Clifford B. Harman and Harry Lambert—B. H. Gornto.....7,823.50
Humble Oil & Refining Co.....2,265.92
Neuwirth, Benjamin—P. Wright, costs.109.29
Neuwirth, Jennie—Same, costs.....109.29
National Statistical Bureau, Inc.—W. A. Thorn 1,320.70
O. & S. Dress Co., Inc.—Promenade Dress & Costume Co., Inc.....1,803.10
Powderly, George—Best & Co.....188.02
Portis, Max Co., Inc.—G. C. Heator.....263.20
Same—H. E. Griffin.....153.20
Rosenwein, Matilda—R. Hirsch.....1,483.70
Solomon, Jack—M. Goodwin.....451.76
Smith, Benson—Pure Cane Molasses Corp. 100.57
Siegel, Paul—B. Goldberg.....632.35
Somper, Maury B.—W. Weinstock.....815.20
Shoenfeld, Jacob—M. Davidson.....774.60
Sclorfritto and Filippo—Italo American Flour Co., Inc. 759.65
Silverman, Sam—Advance Rubber Co..127.80
Steele, J. Neveth, Jr.—C. Cone.....1,586.38
Schwartz and Sulzer—Joseph and Mary Sulzer (Schwartz & Sulzer)—Glickman.....787.27
Same—Same 592.77
Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregation of America—Davidson Press, Inc.....437.40
Valsey, Lucette—M. Karger.....217.80
Wenger, Paul—A. B. Leach & Co., Inc. 6,189.10
Wishnofski, Israel—M. Sonn et al..1,089.06
Zeller, Samuel—L. Siegel et al.....420.65

In Bronx County.

Brenner, Max—J Malfredi.....$90.72
Birkholz, Frederick—High Ground Dairy Co. 1,202.85
Collins, William—A. Golden.....25.23
Moumouris & Calomiris, Inc.—S. Moschiades 807.95
Same—Same 735.07
Sussman, William—City of N. Y.....348.95
Spodek, Morris—S. Spodek.....2,543.20
Wagner, Harry—City of N. Y.....459.16
Weinbaus, Samson—University Society, Inc. 44.91

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Monshekran, Edward—D. Solomon, Feb. 19, 1919.....$5,045.90
Edward Gribbon & Sons, Ltd.—Converse & Co., June 24, 1920.....6,769.73
Heilig, Solomon, and Isidor Hirsch—J. E. Murray, March 29, 1916.....948.71
Guggenheim, Siegfried and Emma—B. J. Grossman, May 15, 1920.....422.80
Burrows, Walter R.—T. F. Quinlan, Feb. 4, 1920 .....3,048.61
Schultz, Arthur—M. M. Schultz, April 28, 1920 .....124.65
Goldberg, Nathaniel M.—R. J. Coverdale, June 23, 1920, cancelled.....3,412.20
Bolino, Ruggero, Italian Press Pub. Assn, Inc.—P. Albino, April 2, 1920..217.40
Rhenania Realty Co., Inc.—Meyer Drucker Sinram Co., June 30, 1917.....792.41
Jacobine, Philip J.—E. L. Spellman et al., Nov 21 1911 .....140.13
Kenilworth Holding Co.—E. Friedman, April 19, 1918.....100.00
Lewis, Meyer, and John Nemecek—People, &c., June 9, 1920.....2,500.00
Gallant, Albert E.—M. Hoykendorf, July 25, 1916.....1,009.05
Masters & Co., Ltd.—M. E. Applebaum, Inc., June 14, 1920.....2,800.00
Same—Same, June 14, 1920.....2,325.00
Caskey, Adelbert W.—J. M. Willson, April 17, 1919.....131.80
Powell's—Brockway, Fitzhugh-Stewart, Inc., June 18, 1920, vacated.....3,645.76

In Bronx County.

Knepper, Sophie—A. Bernhart, July 25, 1916..... .....$107.72

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—6 per cent. for the best names. Thursday—6 per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Prices Weaken.

Lower prices in several directions and limited trading in cloths for immediate delivery featured yesterday's activities in the local market for gray goods. Sheetings sales included spot lots of 56-60, four-yard and 5.50-yard goods at 21½ and 15¾ cents, respectively. Printcloth sales were also limited, but among them were transactions in spot 39-inch 68-72s and 38½-inch 64-60s, both of which sold at 22½ cents. The former construction was also traded in, for July delivery, at 22 cents.

Opening of Underwear Lines.

According to an announcement made by the International Association of Garment Manufacturers, lines of men's athletic underwear for Spring, 1921, will be opened to the jobbing trade on July 7. This was decided at a meeting of the Athletic Underwear Manufacturers, an organization affiliated with the International Association. The manufacturers are at present completing the work of making up their lines for the coming season, and it was the consensus of opinion that these preparations would be completed on July 7, at which time the majority of buyers will be in the market.

Selling the Bargains.

Besides the practice of going "fifty-fifty" on cancellations, by which the seller agrees to take back half the goods if the buyer retains half, the old custom of offering a premium for the sale of goods in the shape of a "special" has returned in full vigor. If a buyer cannot be persuaded to place an order for an article because the price is too high the salesman will do some trading on the basis of so much of a bargain offering for so much of the regular merchandise ordered. A good deal of selling, for this reason, is being done by members of the firm who can make their own prices as they go along.

Jewelry Sales Service.

On July 1 the Bush Terminal Sales Building will open a floor devoted to a jewelry sales service. The floor will be in addition to the one now operated under the management of Norman Raudnitz. The new display will be started with the showing of lines by fifty manufacturers. A special showroom will be provided for those manufacturers who now keep their samples in safe deposit vaults. It is understood that about 300 lines are now kept in vaults, to which the salesman must go if he desires to show goods to customers. According to Mr. Raudnitz, the foreign demand for American jewelry is exceptionally good at the present time, partly owing to the depletion of stocks formerly made in Germany.

With the Silk Hosiery Drop.

During the boom on silk hosiery a great deal of machinery was turned to the production of such goods that would ordinarily be used in making other lines. Now that the demand for silk hosiery has suffered a setback, in well informed quarters it is thought that the possibility of a much larger supply of other lines is decidedly limited, owing to the speed with which the common variety of hose can be turned out, predictions are being made that large declines are to be looked for on the medium and cheaper qualities of goods. Manufacturers are not expected to shut down even in the face of a decline because of the necessity of keeping organizations intact.

Dress and Waist Prospects.

The situation in the dress and waist trades, as well as in other garment lines, has been much improved as a result of the stiffening of silk prices. Only a short time back, it was sometimes difficult for the manufacturers to get prices for finished garments sufficient to cover the cost of the materials used. Now that silks appear to be on the upturn, conditions have been changed for the better. At present, the tendency in these manufacturing lines is not to cut the goods until after the holiday, so that more may be known of the situation. For this reason, buyers are not finding an overabundance of special offerings.

Hard Coal Production Good.

Anthracite coal is being produced and distributed in a volume which, in prewar years, would have been considered well above normal for a Summer month. Saward's Journal will say today. In view of the present extraordinary demand, however, it falls so far below requirements as to give the impression of acute shortage. This condition would not be relieved right away if the output was suddenly increased to the extent of 25 or even 50 per cent. "It is impossible to tell at this time," the Journal will continue, "what effect, if any, the Interstate Commerce Commission's order regarding exports will have on the bituminous market. The general expectation is that curtailing exports will cause prices to ease off a little, but that no sharp break is to be looked for right away."

Could Be Recognized Easily.

This is the newest one they are telling in the jewelry trade: A woman entered a certain jewelry store one day and asked to see some diamond rings. She told the clerk that she wanted a stone of about 2½ carats, and laid particular stress on the point that she wanted a diamond of as "pure a ray" as they come. The clerk told her he had exactly what she wanted. He disappeared for a moment and came back with a ring which he handed the woman for inspection. She had scarcely looked at it before she handed it back with the assertion that there was a very marked flaw in it. To which the clerk replied: "No, Madam, pardon me. That is not a flaw. It is an identification mark. Now, if there had been a mark like that on any of the Caruso diamonds there would have been no trouble at all in recognizing them. You see—" But the woman had fled.

They Are Sorry Now.

The artificial scarcity of shoe leathers maintained until fairly recently by hide dealers and tanners in the hope of forcing prices still higher is now reacting on them to such an extent that they are said to be sorry these markets were not allowed to follow their normal course. Because of the fictitious "tightness" of the situation, many of the shoe manufacturers were unable to purchase either sole or upper leathers very far in advance, with the result that their stocks were kept low more or less automatically. Now that things have started to crack, the manufacturers are holding off of their own volition. Consequently, the tanners and hide men are in the position of being "holst by their own petard," and stuff that could have been sold to the shoe trade a few months ago at comparatively fancy figures is now declining almost daily.

Rug Prices Go Up a Little.

Price lists showing advances of 2½ per cent. over the figures named on Fall carpets and rugs on April 1 will be sent to carpet and rug buyers today by the Alexander Smith & Sons' Carpet Company. They will become effective on July 1 and will cover goods to be delivered during July, August and September. They are subject to change without notice, and orders will be accepted only subject to the mills' ability to deliver by Sept. 30. At that time all unfilled business will be canceled automatically. According to an executive of the Smith Company, the advances were made necessary by the increase in production cost that has taken place since the original Fall prices were named. Among the factors in this increase are a sharp advance in coal, wage increases of 10 to 15 per cent. throughout the mills, the higher cost of jute yarns and colors, and the probability of higher freight rates in the near future. Due to the inability to obtain enough experienced weavers, dyers, spinners, printers and other workers, production during the coming three months is not expected to exceed 60 per cent. of normal.

MUST CARRY CANAL FREIGHT

Commission Orders Central Railroad Service at Buffalo Terminal.

ALBANY, June 25.—A decision affecting shipping interests was announced today by the Up-State Public Service Commission. The New York Central Railroad has been directed to provide transportation service between the Erie Basin barge canal public terminal at Buffalo and shippers on its tracks, or shippers at other points with which it can interchange traffic.

The order was issued under a complaint by Superintendent of Public Works Walsh. It stipulates that the railroad shall provide rolling stock for all traffic in and out of the barge canal terminal, as well as spot, place and remove cars in the terminal. The railroad is to file a tariff within thirty days coverng charges for all service over its lines and connecting roads.

Physical connection of the railroad tracks and the State barge canal terminal has been provided by law, the commission's announcement said, and the order today holds that the connection is practicable, has been made with safety, and that the amount of business at the Buffalo terminal is sufficient to justify the outlay by the State.

Review of the Week In Dry Goods.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods has been much greater than during the corresponding week of last year or any preceding year. Orders from salesmen on the road were somewhat less in volume. There were appointments the same number of customers in the market. Collections are slightly below last year's standard."

PAN-AMERICAN SCHOOL.

Summer Sessions Begin In Washington on July 19.

A Summer school for the intensive study of Pan-American and other foreign commerce has been established by the Pan-American Union of which John Barrett is Director General. The school, fully equipped to prepare students for a better appreciation of the present-day possibilities of foreign trade careers, will open in Washington on July 19, and will close on Aug. 28.

The school has received the approval of the United States Chamber of Commerce, and of many of the foreign embassies. Director General Barrett is Chairman of the Advisory Board and Dr. R. S. MacAlwee, Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, will be one of the lecturers. Secretary J. W. Alexander of the Department of Commerce, and Senor Frederico A. Pezet, Peruvian Ambassador, will speak at the formal opening of the school.

It is proposed to meet the expenses of the school by voluntary contributions and a nominal fee, based on actual costs. The course will be opened to both men and women. All inquiries should be addressed to the Executive Director, Summer School of Foreign Commerce, 1000 Vermont Avenue, Washington, D. C.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

For immediate sale—Warehouse receipts for thirty-six hundred gallons Rum liquor in barrels; age about five years, located at Havana, Cuba; safely warehoused and insured; will ship for purchser if desired, to Mexico or Bimini, off Florida coast. Write W. M. Moran, Jr., Mattoon, Ill.

Milliner Wanted—Wide-awake milliner with established clientele to open new up-to-date store; interest in business; small cash investment required. Address S. K., 800 Times Downtown.

Department store, Brooklyn, will rent piece goods and corset departments on percentage basis; good opportunity for right party. D. S., 247 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Discount your accounts receivable; advance money on merchandise, notes and trade acceptance purchased. Room 401, 5 Beekman St.

Sales engineer will invest $5,000 and services in going business; highest references. D 212 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Wanted—Party with $50,000 to $100,000 in cash to invest in the automobile business; can assure large profit monthly; will give as security merchandise equivalent to double of investment; one month investigation allowed at place of business; personal services optional; our desire is to increase our capital and double our business; we offer an unusual opportunity for profit in sound, legitimate business; no brokers; principals only. J. S., 58 Times.

Wanted, active or silent partner with $5,000 in a going lumber business to open an office in this city; money secured by timber land and mill; this will stand strict investigation. P 413 Times.

Wanted, partner for pocket billiard academy; A1, up to date paying business; eight years on the same premises; section, northern part Bronx; $3,000 required. B 1045 Times Harlem.

The City of Samson, Ala., offers some wonderful opportunities for investment for the conservative investor; write for full particulars. Chamber of Commerce.

Wanted, an active partner with $20,000 capital by export house with large connections in West Indies. A 266 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Foreign Exchange Trader—Young man, experienced in foreign exchange line, desires connection with reputable brokerage house; references. G 765 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

BROKERAGE CONCERN.

LARGE INDUSTRIAL CONCERN DESIRES TO DISPOSE OF ITS TREASURY STOCK; LIBERAL PROPORTIONS MADE TO BROKERAGE CONCERN, OR MEN CAPABLE OF DISPOSING OF SECURITIES. CALL ROOM 1602, 171 MADISON AV.

Germany—I am willing to represent firms while traveling there. H 941 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—A1 garage, factory or loft; property 120x100; West 68th St.; build to suit; initial payment $50,000; balance easy terms. For Lease—Garage or factory, Broadway-133d Street, 133x100; corner plot; build to suit; year's security required; long lease.

For Lease—Garage or factory, West 50s; 60,000 sq. ft.; 60 cents sq. ft.; modern; also corner plot 11th Av. in the 20s; best commercial section; 125x100; 3 floors with hoists; ayenue Brooklyn commercial garage; established; profits $1,200 month; cheap; another Brooklyn commercial garage; a bargain; profits $800 month; other attractive bargains on long terms leases; come see us. PETERSEN-PEEBLES, 145 West 45th.

BALANCE OF LARGE SUBURBAN DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE.

About 400 lots located at New Brunswick, N. J

Working While You Sleep

Blazing street lights—symbols of civilization—are the visible evidence of your dollars working for you when invested in the sound securities of prosperous public utilities.

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THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE
Total Resources
28th February, over $440,000,000
New York Agency, 16 Exchange Pl.
Head Office—Toronto

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Rise of Rail Stocks Only Feature of Dull Trading—Gold Imports.

The only feature of a thoroughly dull and monotonous stock market session yesterday was an upturn which occurred in the railroad group. By no means all the rail issues were affected by a moderate wave of buying, but there were increases of large fractions to more than a point in case of Great Northern preferred, Missouri Pacific preferred, New York Central, Northern Pacific, Reading and several others. There appeared to be no explanation for the movement, other than the familiar one vested in efforts of professional traders to discover stocks which would make profits on a "turn." The general market was more firm than heavy, recovering before noon from an unsteady situation among the mining shares. Mexican petroleums stocks advanced in the last half hour, due to renewed discussion in Mexico City over capital quarters of steps to conciliate foreign interests south of the border.

Call money was not so scarce in comparison with borrowing demands as the day before, and in consequence the maximum rate did not get above 11 per cent. The renewal rate, however, was 9 per cent., the highest of the week, and this stiff quotation evidently acted to discourage trading throughout the afternoon. After ruling to 11 per cent. the rate eased off to 9 per cent. The high cost of demand loans in the last two days of the week (Saturday has no money market) was not encouraging as a forecast of the coming week's results. Next week the mid-year transactions incident to corporation disbursements to security holders will be put through, and on the eve of this event it is hardly likely that money easement will occur, in fact, a record of 8 to 15 per cent. call money at the same period last year might seem to indicate that rates will be higher next week than they were in the current week, which does not speak favorably of increased security market activity.

Steamships headed toward New York from Europe are bringing gold, South African metal bought at auction in London and consigned to local bankers. The amount was estimated yesterday at $2,000,000, and it is expected that considerable more will come in the near future. These shipments are not connected with British and French Government transactions, and, despite many rumors, it has not been established yet that any sound amounts are to be shipped in the near future for Government account. From what can be learned Great Britain has provided for at least half of the Anglo-French loan maturity in October, and it remains to be seen now how France will handle her end of the operation.

Cotton declined on good weather news and the grain markets were highly irregular. Sterling exchange displayed strength in the morning, but later the advantage was whittled down to a net rise of a half cent to the pound. The Continental exchanges were quiet, with small and insignificant changes of quotations.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, June 25.—Bar silver, 50¼d per ounce; bar gold, 103s 7d. Money, 4½ per cent. Discount rates—Short bills, 6¼ per cent.; three months' bills, 6 11-16 per cent. Gold premiums at Lisbon, 140.

PARIS, June 25.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 57 francs 87 centimes. Exchange on London, 47 francs 81 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 88 francs 25 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 12 francs 3 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

FRIDAY, JUNE 25.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
11	8	9	11

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....6@6½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATL.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days.....8½	Sixty days.....6
Ninety days.....8½	Ninety days.....9
Four months.....8	Four months.....8½
Five months.....8	Five months.....8½
Six months.....8	Six months.....8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—
12 days, 7; 16 to 90 days, 7

Liberty Bonds Victory Notes—
15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6

U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness—
15 to 90 days, 5½

Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days, 6

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6½

Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6½

Not eligible, 30 to 90 days.....6 @7

Commercial Paper.

3 to 6 months.....8

Other Names.

3 to 6 months.....8

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$3.97¼	$3.96¾	$3.97¼	+.00½
Cables	3.97¾	3.97¼	3.97¾	+.00½
Francs—				
Demand	12.00	12.10	12.00	—.05
Cables	11.98	12.08	12.06	—.06

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks	Cables
London	$3.96¾	$3.97¼
5.1813 Paris	12.08	12.06
5.1813 Belgium	11.46	11.44
5.1813 Italy	16.17	16.15
China—		
Hongkong	72.75	72.85
Shanghai	99.90	99.50
Peking	107.00	107.50
40.20 Holland	35.75	35.62½
10.50 Greece	12.75	12.80
5.1813 Switzerland	5.51	5.49
23.44 Less—		
Bombay	39.25	39.50
Calcutta	39.25	39.50
Straits Settlements	46.50	46.75
49.83 Japan—		
Kobe	51.25	51.50
Yokohama	51.25	51.55
19.30 Spain	16.65	16.73
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.50	49.75
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Copenhagen	16.55	16.65
Stockholm	21.90	22.00
Christiania	17.15	17.25
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Ayres	41.50	41.70
35.44 Rio	23.85	24.00
51.44 Russia (currency)—	Ind.	Ask'd.
500 rubles	1.65	1.70
100 rubles	1.80	1.85

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market: Cents for Kroneh. Checks. Cables.

23.83 Germany	*2.71½	2.73½
23.83 Poland	.65	.67
20.26 Austria	.12	.13
20.26 Jugoslavia	1.45	1.48
20.26 Czechoslovakia	2.60	2.65
19.30 Belgrade	5.70	6.15
19.30 Finland	4.04	4.09
19.30 Roumania	2.65	2.70

*Cents per mark. †Finmarks. ‡Lei. §Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers—	Commercial—
Nominal.	$3.91¾ $3.89½

Clearing House Statement.

Exchanges, $714,414,039; balance, $65,868,041; Sub-Treasury balance, $143,530; Federal Reserve credit balance, $60,296,861.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par.

Canadian Exchange.

Closing rate for New York funds in Montreal, $141.25 premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $125.77 discount per $1,000.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 50¼d; in New York, 99½c domestic, 99c foreign; Mexican dollars, 43¾c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$24,208,017	$317,808,629
Internal revenue:		
Income and profits tax	714,387,300	3,914,925,814
Miscellaneous	107,981,855	1,472,778,138
Miscellaneous rev.	33,770,728	528,367,469
Total	$875,588,108	$6,259,270,353
Excess of receipts over disbursements, exclusive of principal of public debt	559,955,999	12,162,795
Expenditures	299,892,828	5,791,146,495

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.
YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	82.31	82.25	82.68	+ .42
25 industrials	112.23	111.48	111.88	+ .26
50 stocks	82.54	81.85	82.28	+ .34

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
June 24	82.39	81.69	81.94	+ .13
June 23	82.04	81.31	81.81	+ .31
June 22	82.20	81.39	81.50	+ .73
June 21	83.01	82.14	82.23	— .30
June 19	82.81	82.28	82.53	— .09
June 18	82.89	81.52	82.62	+ .59

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

June.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1920.	83.30 June 12	80.85 June 8	82.28
1919.	89.50 June 4	82.56 June 25	87.44
1918.	75.37 June 27	68.74 June 1	72.47
1917.	84.45 June 23	81.14 June 20	82.51
1916.	89.49 June 12	80.56 June 29	86.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07 Apr. 8	85.56 Feb. 17	82.28
†1919.	89.50 June 4	69.05 Feb. 13	87.09
Full Years.			
1919.	90.50 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	79.18 Nov. 22	64.12 Jan. 15	73.59
1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	67.47 Dec. 20	85.98
1916.	101.59 Nov. 20	80.94 Apr. 22	86.22

BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change	
	Dec.	Jan.	Year
40 issues	68.22	—.10	+.40 —11.58

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

June 24	66.32 —.01	June 16	66.80 —.11
June 23	66.33 —.14	June 15	66.98 +.01
June 22	66.47 —.16	June 14	66.79 —.08
June 21	66.65 +.02	June 12	66.87
June 19	66.63 —.02	June 11	66.87 —.17
June 18	66.65 +.09	June 10	67.04 —.05
June 17	66.56 —.43	June 9	67.09 +.02

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1920.	72.51 Jan. 3	65.57 May 21	66.22
†1919.	79.05 June 2	76.00 Mar. 21	78.08
Full Years.			
1919	80.01 Jan. 3	74.05 Dec. 8	72.06
1918	82.86 Nov. 12	76.35 Sep. 27	78.73
1917	89.48 Jan. 29	74.24 Dec. 20	80.99

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

LINER BRINGS GOLD FOR KUHN, LOEB & CO.

Mauretania's $2,000,000 Shipment Was Bought in London Open Market.

INCREASED FLOW LIKELY

British Interests Are Sending Transvaal Metal to Meet Obligations Here.

The $2,000,000 gold which is expected to arrive today on the Cunarder Mauretania is consigned to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and represents gold purchased in the London open market last week. It was said in banking circles that probably a considerable additional amount would be received during the next few weeks. The metal is Transvaal gold and, so far as is known and believed, has nothing whatever to do with the settlement of the Anglo-French loan which matures in October.

Reports from London this week and last have mentioned that the gold arrivals from South Africa have gone mostly to "American bidders." This, it was pointed out yesterday, does not necessarily mean that American bankers have cabled instructions to their representatives in London to bid for the gold, in many cases, correct interpretation of the phrase would mean that British interests with obligations to meet in this country had purchased the gold for the express purpose of sending it here. The present movement, it was said, probably is of this latter sort.

There were rumors in financial circles yesterday that a steamer leaving England yesterday also had a large amount of gold aboard and the idea was widely entertained that this would be for the account of the British Government and be consigned to J. P. Morgan & Co. At the Morgan offices nothing was known of the alleged shipment, but elsewhere it was said that if the gold was in transit it, too, probably was Transvaal gold purchased in the open market.

LAFAYETTE TRUST VERDICT.

Former Stockholders Must Pay $211,100 to Depositors' Fund.

Verdicts aggregating $211,100 against former stockholders of the Lafayette Trust Company were returned today before Justice Benedict in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, in favor of Eugene L. Richards, who was State Superintendent of Banks at the time the trust company failed. The amount of the judgments will be placed in a fund for the benefit of depositors of the defunct institution. The judgments returned today do not include as defendants stockholders who paid in amounts totaling $240,000, the amount of stock they held.

Among the verdicts returned today were against Richard K. Haldane, $10,000; the estate of the late Magistrate E. G. Higginbotham, $5,000; Frank Jenkins, $17,000; Edward T. Jenkins, $10,000; John G. Jenkins, Sr., $80,000; John G. Jenkins, Jr., $20,000; Fred Jenkins, $10,500; Fred Kater, $10,000, and Katharyn Murphy, as executrix of the estate of John B. Murphy, $25,500.

The trust company was closed on Nov. 20, 1908.

Bonus for Liberty Bank Employes.

The Directors of the Liberty National Bank, at the regular meeting on June 21, authorized the payment of extra compensation to all employes, amounting to 20 per cent. of salaries for the second quarter of the year.

TO INCREASE CAPITAL.

Yonkers Trust Company Will Have Stock of $250,000.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 25.—A certificate was filed in the County Clerk's office here today for increasing the capital stock of the Yonkers Trust Company from $150,000 to $250,000. The certificate was signed by John J. Walsh, President, and Joseph Hasket, Secretary. A certificate was also filed by the Reichmann Chair Company of the Bronx for increasing its capital stock from $90,000 to $150,000.

ARGENTINA SEEKS WHEAT.

But Finds That Other Nations Have Bought Up Supply.

BUENOS AIRES, June 25.—The Argentine Government, having procured the enactment of a law imposing 4 pesos supertax on wheat exports in order to obtain funds with which to purchase wheat to manufacture bread and reduce the price to the public, is now confronted with the difficulty in obtaining wheat owing to the fact that most of the available supply appears to have been contracted for by England, France, Italy and other foreign Governments.

The Argentine Government is negotiating with these Governments through their Ministers here for the release of 500,000 tons, but thus far has been unsuccessful owing to inability to reach an agreement on the price. It was learned today that the Ministers set forth that the price proposed by the Government was considerably less than the price at which they contracted for the wheat and object to assuming this loss in addition to paying the heavy supertax on the balance of their contracts.

The negotiations are continuing, but Government officials intimate that President Irigoyen may decree complete prohibition of exportation of wheat in the event that a price agreement satisfactory to Argentina is not reached.

NEW CABLE TO BRAZIL LAID.

All America Company Reduces Rates from 85 to 65 Cents a Word

The All America Cables Corporation yesterday announced the opening of a direct cable system between the United States and Brazil. For more than fifty years the company endeavored to enter Brazil, but was consistently blocked by the exclusive concessions granted to foreign cable interests.

In May two cables of the latest type were laid to Santos and Rio de Janeiro, and the company is endeavoring to provide American-owned cable connections between all points in Brazil and the United States.

It was announced yesterday that rates over the All American cables from New York to Brazil will be 65 instead of 85 cents a word from now on.

"We have recently entered Bolivia, and cables from Colon to points on the north coast of Colombia are now being laid. After this extension is made the cable ship will at once lay a triplicate cable from Ecuador to Peru.

LAURENT A FINANCE EXPERT.

New French Ambassador to Berlin Has Had a Distinguished Career.

PARIS, June 24.—Charles Laurent, the new French Ambassador to Germany, has had a most distinguished career, principally as a financial administrator. He was educated at the Polytechnic School, served for some time as an officer of artillery and afterward entered the Ministry of Finance.

He was appointed by President Carnot in 1893 to organize the finances of Tonking, and in 1895 became Director General of Public Accounts, three years later being named Secretary General of the Ministry of Finance. In 1918 he was appointed by Premier Clemenceau to be financial counselor of the Ottoman Government. During recent years M. Laurent has been engaged in private business. He is 61 years of age.

ROADS MAKE KNOWN EQUIPMENT NEEDS

Representatives of Seventeen Lines Report to the Loaning Fund Committee.

SOME APPLICATIONS NOT IN

Association of Railway Executives Will Meet at Grand Central July 1.

Representatives of seventeen railroads appeared at the meeting of the Loaning Fund Committee of the Association of Railway Executives yesterday and told the committee just what their minimum equipment requirements for the immediate future were. The committee, it is understood, will make a preliminary report to the Interstate Commerce Commission on Monday which will contain recommendations as to the most equitable distribution of the funds recently appropriated for equipment, maturities, additions and betterments, out of the $300,000,000 revolving fund provided in the Transportation act.

Among the roads which were represented at yesterday's meeting were: The Boston & Maine, the Chicago & Ohio, Hocking Valley, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Rock Island, Minneapolis & St. Louis, Chicago & Western Indiana, Erie, Great Northern, Texas & Pacific, Wheeling & Lake Erie, Fruit Growers Express, Norfolk Southern, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Long Island, Central of New England, and the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville.

What the actual recommendations of the committee will be to the Interstate Commerce Commission is not known yet by the committee itself, as there were some applications for loans by individual carriers which did not arrive in time for their consideration yesterday. The members of the committee who met yesterday were: E. N. Brow, Chairman; H. E. Byram, Henry Wetters, L. F. Loree, Samuel Rea, A. H. Smith, and E. J. Pearson. In addition W. A. Colston, Director of the Bureau of Finance of the Railroad Administration also attended.

It was stated that the meeting had no connection with the member road meeting of the association to be held in the board room of the New Haven Railroad in the Grand Central Terminal on July 1. It is understood that the big meeting has been called for a discussion of matters which have developed since the preceding meeting held in Washington recently.

Erie Bond Issue Approved.

TRENTON, N. J., June 25.—The State Public Utility Commission has approved the application of the Erie Railroad Company for authority to issue $4,300,000 of 20-year 6 per cent. bonds, series B, under its refunding and improvement mortgage dated Dec. 1, 1916, to the Bankers Trust Company, trustees. The Board has directed that the proceeds shall be applied solely toward reimbursement for moneys actually expended for payment of equipment trust certificates from Jan. 1, 1918, to March 31, 1920.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Today's Bank Statements.

Unless all signs fail, today's statement of the Federal Reserve Bank should show some increase in member banks' borrowings. It usually happens that over a tax due date the first impulse is for members' borrowings to go down, and then, in the following week, to go up again. This is because, primarily, the banks gain on the due date by having their Treasury and tax certificates paid off promptly, while the checks drawn against them for tax payments are slow in coming through. Thus, if there is a substantial increase in borrowings at the Reserve Bank it should neither surprise nor alarm, unless, of course, it is excessive, in which case it may do both. What the Clearing House exhibit will show is as much a mystery as generally it is and by the same token whatever it does show should have no very great weight unless the Reserve Bank statement is unusually good or unusually bad for the Clearing House statement these days is mostly secondary.

***

High Renewals.

While call money only got to 11 per cent. at the highest yesterday, as against the 14 per cent. high of the day before, it may be pointed out that with three days in the renewal rate, that figure was made at 9 per cent., compared with 8 per cent. on all previous days of the week, with the exception of Monday, when the renewal was arranged at 7 per cent. This steady upward trend in renewals, which, after all, are the most important of all call money quotations, has served to put a decided damper on the enthusiasm of those who a short time back—a very short time back—were talking of the possibilities, even the probabilities, of cheaper money. "They," it is said, are predicting some ease after the turn of the month, but it is admitted, on further questioning that the unnamed but always potent "they" are also predicting that whatever ease there may be will be only for the briefest of intervals.

***

Bank of England Rates.

Apropos of the discussion of the probable trend of money rates, the report that the Bank of England minimum rate shortly will be advanced to 8 per cent is again up. This time it is not in the news dispatches, but in the confidential advices which some of the big local institutions receive from their London correspondents, and for this reason is receiving considerably more attention than it has been accorded previously. Ever since the present minimum of 7 per cent. was established on April 15 last there have been reports that another advance was imminent, but thus far nothing has come of the rumors. The last advance came right on the heels of the $50,000,000 gold movement, and those who like coincidences think there may be something in the twin rumors of more gold imports and the advance in the bank rate.

***

Savings Bank Funds.

With the approach of the end of the half year investment people are beginning to look to the savings banks for new business. On June 30 most savings banks make it a point to be "high in cash," and immediately afterafter many of them start looking for lucrative investment. This year both the bond salesmen and the dealers in acceptances are anticipating savings bank buying about the end of next week or early the week after. The maturing of the remaining $40,000,000 of Belgian acceptances on June 30, a good part of which is supposed to be in savings banks, is expected to result in more than the usual amount of bill buying by the savings institutions.

***

Mexican Oil Production.

Some idea of the potential value of the Mexican oil fields to the production of the world is shown by the announcement that the Transcontinental Petroleum Company, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, has just brought in a 100,000 barrel well in the Southern Mexican fields. Even as Mexican wells go this is an exceptionally big producer, and judging from the past the life of the well may be expected to continue for a number of years. Much has been heard recently of the Mexican fields going to salt water. This was true in certain areas, but the wells that gave way were those which had produced great quantities of oil, and as the theory of Mexican oil is that the petroleum is floated on water, it is quite in the course of things that the oil should eventually be exhausted and the water appear. The chief concern was not that some wells showed salt water, but that new drilling was not permitted to overcome the consequent decline in production. That has been remedied now. The new Standard well shows that there are still vast sources of oil to be tapped in Mexico, and a constantly increasing stream of oil may be expected to flow from that country for many years.

***

Corn Products Extra.

The Directors of the Corn Products Company yesterday declared the regular quarterly dividend of $1 a share on the common stock and an extra dividend of one-half of 1 per cent. The regular quarterly disbursement of 1% per cent. on the preferred stock was also declared. The common dividend is payable July 20 to stock of record July 6 and the preferred on July 15, to stock of record July 6. The extra dividend was no surprise. It has been confidently expected that the disbursement would be the same as in the preceding quarter. On the other hand it is known that Corn Products earnings are running far in excess of dividend requirements, so that an increase could have been made in the regular dividend had such a course been thought wise. Corn products is undertaking an extensive program of expansion, not only in this country but abroad, and large amounts of money are required to meet the expenditure.

***

Equipment Financing.

The question has been raised as to whether the equipment companies will not have to do some financing to carry on their constantly growing business. Were domestic construction the only factor such a course might not be necessary for provision is being made to care for equipment needs by the railroads and the Government so that long-term credits may not be necessary. On the other hand there is a big volume of foreign business awaiting American companies, and this in the nature of things abroad requires long-term credit in the majority of cases. With respect to moderate demands the financial position of the equipment companies is such that they could carry the load, for most of them have large resources and large working capital. Europe as a whole, however, is more in need of equipment than the United States, bad as is our plight here, and this business, in view of the world steel situation, is more likely to fall here than to any other country. Several leaders in the equipment field have been studying conditions abroad and it is understood that the question of financing is receiving close attention as a result. It may be that an equipment finance corporation to handle foreign business will be the eventual outcome.

***

The Oil Stocks.

It was about this time last year that the flare in the oil stocks was setting the pace for a bull market of record proportions. During all of last Summer the petroleum issues were to the fore, and it was not until Fall that interest lagged and declines followed. The output of so many fraudulent securities undoubtedly hurt the oil companies marketwise. There is this to be said of the situation, however, that the oil companies, in so far as business is concerned, are in a particularly favorable position, and the good issues, those of seasoned quality, are not lacking buyers, around current levels. Reports of last year in the oil industry show that in many cases earnings were unprecedented. This is especially true with relation to some of the Standard Oil companies. This business has not faded, but has increased, and all indications point to further expansion.

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Sinclair Consolidated 7½s, 1925
Chicago & Northwestern Ry. 7s, 1930
Seaboard Air Line Ry. 6s, 1945
Nevada-Calif. Elect. Corp. 6s, 1946
O'Gara Coal Co. 5s, 1955
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	278,279	1,208,752	415,210
Year to date	121,996,445½	137,856,117	72,983,838

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
63	65	200	Advance Rumely pf	63	63	63	63	— 2
1¼	1½	500	Alaska Gold Mines	1½	1½	1¼	1½	+ ⅛
2	2¼	400	Ala. & Janeau	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
34½	37½	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	37	37	37	37	...
113	113½	200	Am. Bosch Magneto	114	114	113½	113½	— ½
39⅝	40⅛	400	Am. Can	39⅝	40	39⅝	40	— ⅛
88½	90	100	Am. Can pf	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	— ⅛
133½	133¾	1,800	Am. Car & Fdry	133	133¾	132⅝	132⅝	— ¼
43¾	45	600	Am. Cotton Oil	44	44¾	43½	43½	— 1½
89	90	200	Am. H. & L. pf	89	89½	89	89½	+ ⅛
86¾	87	1,200	Am. International	86¾	87⅛	86¾	86¾	+ ⅛
97⅛	98¾	2,500	Am. Locomotive	97⅛	98¾	97⅛	98¾	+ ⅝
99	100	100	Am. Locomotive pf	99	99	99	99	— 9
103½	103¾	800	Am. Safety Razor	104½	104½	103¾	103¾	— ⅛
23⅞	24	200	Am. Ship & Com	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	...
58⅞	59	200	Am. Smelt. & R	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	...
91⅝	91¾	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	+ ⅛
74	78	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	74½	74½	74	74	— 2
38¾	38⅝	900	Am. Steel Fdries	38¾	38¾	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅛
88	89½	400	Am. Sumatra Tob	87	88	87	88	+ 1
93	95½	550	Am. Tel. & Tel	93	93½	93	93½	...
84½	86	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	84½	86½	86½	86½	...
54⅝	55	400	Am. Tex. Securities	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	...
96½	97¼	400	Am. Woolen	96½	97	96½	97	+ ½
42	43	200	Am. Writing P. pf	42	42	42	42	— ½
55⅜	55½	5,500	Anaconda Copper	55⅜	56⅛	54¾	55⅜	...
13	14	100	Ann Arbor	13	13	13	13	+ ⅛
70¾	71¾	1,200	Atch., Top. & S. F	70	71½	70¾	71¾	+ ⅝
73¾	73⅞	1,000	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	+ ⅛
181¾	183½	700	At. Gulf & West I	180	181½	180	181½	+ 1½
118⅝	119¼	18,600	Baldwin Loco	118½	119½	118¾	119	+ ⅝
32⅜	30⅝	2,100	Baltimore & Ohio	30¼	31	30¼	31	+ ⅝
40¾	41	300	Balt. & Ohio pf	40½	40½	40½	40½	— ⅛
50	60½	100	Barnet Leather	55	55	55	55	— 5
30	40	4	Barnsdall, Class B	39	39	39	39	...
147	148	1,500	Barrett Co	149	149	147¾	147¾	— ¾
1	1¼	500	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	1	...
20⅝	21	500	Bethlehem Motors	21	21	20⅝	20⅝	...
60	60½	3,100	Beth. Steel, Class B	60½	60⅝	58½	60	+ ½
107½	108	400	Beth. Steel 8% pf	107½	107½	107	107	...
8	8¼	100	Burns, Ter. & Ry. S	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
104½	105¾	500	Burns Brothers	103	106	104½	104½	— 1½
7⅝	7¾	100	Butte Copper & Z	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	...
21½	22	300	Butte & Superior	22	22¼	21¾	21¾	— ⅛
18½	18⅝	2,000	Caddo Cent. O. & R	17	18⅝	17	18⅝	+ 2½
67½	68	500	Cal. Packing	68¼	68⅝	68¼	68⅝	— ⅛
30	30½	700	Cal. Petroleum	29½	30⅝	29½	30⅝	+ 1½
112¾	113	1,100	Canadian Pacific	112¾	113	112¾	112¾	— ¼
16	16¼	400	Case (J. I.) Plow	17	17	16½	16½	— ⅛
65⅝	66⅜	1,200	Central Leather Co	65⅞	68⅞	65¼	66⅜	— ⅛
100½	101¼	300	Chandler Motor	100	100½	100	100⅜	— ⅛
51½	52¼	100	Chesapeake & Ohio	51	51	51	51	...
20¼	21	200	Chi. Gt. Western pf	20⅜	20⅞	20⅜	20⅞	+ ⅝
32⅝	32¾	400	Chi., M. & St. Paul	32	32½	32	32½	+ ⅜
48⅝	49¼	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	48¾	49¾	48¾	49	+ ¼
67¼	67⅝	300	Chi. & Northwest	67½	67⅝	67½	67⅝	+ ¼
36¼	36⅜	6,700	Chi., R. I. & Pac	36	36⅜	36	36⅜	+ ⅛
71¼	72¼	100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼	+ ⅝
62¼	100	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	61	61	61	61	...
15¼	15½	100	Chile Copper	15½	15½	15½	15⅝	+ ⅛
25⅛	25⅜	1,300	Chino Copper	30	30	29¾	29¾	— ⅝
22¾	23	300	Col. & Southern	22	22¾	22	22⅝	+ ⅛
54¼	54⅝	500	Columbia Gas & El	53⅜	54¼	53⅜	54¼	+ ⅞
29¾	29⅞	1,700	Columbia Graph	29¾	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
87¾	88	400	Consolidated Cigar	88	88½	87¾	87¾	+ 2¼
80⅝	80¾	100	Consol. Cigar pf	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	+ ⅛
78¾	79	400	Consolidated Gas	78	78¾	78	78¾	— ⅝
33⅜	33

SAYS RAILROADS ASK $386,000,000 EXCESS

Shippers' Counsel Contends Rate Demanded Exceeds 6 Per Cent. Return.

CHARGES OVERVALUATION

Interstate Commerce Commission Told Transportation Burden Would Be Increased Two Billion.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The billion-dollar freight increase asked for by the railroads is approximately $386,000,000 more than will be necessary to give the 6 per cent. standard return guaranteed by the Transportation act, Clifford Thorne, representing shippers, estimated today at the general rate hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

In support of his contention, Mr. Thorne said the "book value" of $20,-600,000,000 used by the roads in computing the return was excessive by several billion dollars. "We are asked to consider," he said, "the value of American railroads to be $3,000,000,000 greater than the total par value of all their stocks and bonds outstanding in the hands of the public."

In computing book value, he asserted, the railroad managers had not make any allowance for depreciation, and that such a method of appraisal had been specifically repudiated by the United States Supreme Court. He also said that it was proposed by the roads to capitalize the 146,000,000 acres of land granted to the railroads by the Government and the State of Texas, and to make the "public forever pay an annual tax to the railroads on its present value, a value which has cost them nothing."

The commission also was told that the roads in computing their needs had made full allowance for all increased expenses but had made no allowance for increased business. Mr. Thorne estimated that an increase in freight revenues of 18 per cent. instead of the 27.85 per cent. asked by the carriers would give the roads sufficient income to meet the 6 per cent. standard return.

He added that if all the present demands of the railroads for increased rates and their employes for increased wages were granted the increased transportation burden on the American people would be more than $2,000,000,-000, or twice as much as the total annual tax burden caused by the greatest war debt in the nation's history.

The employes were asking for wage increases of $1,000,000,000 and if these were granted the roads again would have to ask for increased rates as wage advances were not covered in the present application of the carriers.

"The issue in this case," he declared, "is not whether an advance in rates should be granted, but how much of an increase is justified. All of those for whom I speak want to see the railroads self sustaining. The public interest demands an adequate transportation service. Service is of the first importance, but the charge for that service is also of importance and the economic effect on our commercial life of such stupendous increases in the transportation tax as are here contemplated must be seriously considered."

Royal Dutch Petroleum Profits.

According to reports from London, the net profits of the Royal Dutch Petroleum Company for last year amounted to $40,-000,000, as compared with $29,020,505 in 1918. Joseph Walker & Sons in advices received by them, stated that Shell Transport and Trading, which is identified with Royal Dutch, reports net profits of £4,713,370 for 1919, against £2,771,903 in the preceding year.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Estabrook & Co., Merrill, Oldham & Co., and R. L. Day & Co., are offering $1,000,000 Portland, Oregon, Harbor development 5 per cent. bonds, due serially from 1923 to 1950, inclusive, at prices to yield from 5.15 to 5.55 per cent., according to maturity.

The Waring Hat Manufacturing Corporation has sold an issue of $1,000,000 cumulative 8 per cent preferred stock, convertible at any time into common stock at the ratio of one share of preferred for two shares of common. Merrill, Lynch & Co., will make a public offering of the preferred stock.

Wm. A. Read & Co. announce that the $5,000,000 Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co. 15 year 7 per cent. first mortgage bonds have all been sold.

Arthur W. McKay has been appointed Assistant Cashier of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank.

Edwin E. Lilly has been elected Secretary and Treasurer of the Ridgewood Trust Co.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle..6		Oct.21,'22	96	98¼	7.50
Am. Cot. Oil..6		Sept. 2, '24	89½	91	8.70
Am. T. & T..6		Oct., 1922	93¼	93⅝	8.75
Am. T. & T...6		Feb., 1924	91¼	92	8.65
Am. Thread..6		Dec.19,'28	92½	95	6.60
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1920	99⅝	100¼	6.25
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1921	99¾	99¾	7.20
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1923	99½	99¾	7.15
Anacon. Co...6		Jan., 1920	86½	87¼	8.05
A.-Am.O.,Ltd.7½		April,1925	99⅝	99¾	7.55
Armour & Co.6		1920-1924	97	99	6.00
Beth. S. Corp.7		July 15,'22	97½	98¼	7.95
Beth. S. Corp.7		July 15,'23	98¾	99⅝	8.30
Can. Pac. R.6		Mar. 2,'24	92¾	93¾	7.95
Cen. Arg. Ry.6		Feb., 1927	92	93	7.15
Chi. Pn. Tool.6		Oct., 1921	97	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.6		Oct., 1922	96	98	7.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.6		Jan., 1921	99½	100	6.00
Cuddahy Pack.7		July 15,'23	97	98½	7.55
Del. & Hud...5		Aug. 2,'20	99¾	100	5.00
Fed. Sug. R..6		Nov., 1924	91	93	7.60
General Elec.6		July, 1920	99⅞	100¼	5.35
Grif'h, R.F.C.7		Apr., 1925	94¾	95¾	8.15
Gt. Nor. Ry...6		Sep., 1920	99	99⅛	6.50
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1921	96¼	98	7.90
Hocking Val.6		Mar., 1924	88	91	8.40
Int. R. T....6		Sept., 1921	70½	71½	...
Kan. C. Ter..6		Nov., 1923	92	93	8.35
Laclede Gas..7		Jan., 1920	91¼	93	8.05
Ldg. & Myers.6		Dec., 1921	96¼	98⅜	8.05
N. Y. C. pf..6		Sept., 1920	99¾	99¾	7.15
Penn. Co. ...4½		June 15,'21	97	97½	7.10
Phila. Co....6		Feb., 1922	92¼	93	10.25
Proc. & Gam.7		Mar., 1921	99½	100	7.00
Proc. & Gam.7		Mar., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp.5		Mar., 1922	82½	84½	15.60
R. J. Reyn.T.6		Aug., 1922	93½	95¼	7.85
Southern Ry.6		Mar., 1922	91¼	91⅝	10.10
Swift & Co..6		Aug.15,'21	97⅝	98	7.35
Texas Co....7		Mar., 1922	97½	97¾	8.15
Utah S.Corp.6		Sep. 15,'22	84½	86	13.75
Wn. Elec. cv.7		Apr., 1925	98½	98¾	7.30

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Arg'tine (unlisted).5		Sep., 1954	69	70
Belgium (Regt'n)...5		1934	81½	8.½
†Belg'n Lin. of '20.5			84	88½
Belgium, 1-year...6		Jan., 1921	98	99
†British funding...4		1960-1920	278	288
*British Victory....4		1920	305	315
Brit. Nat. W. L...5		1922	388	396
Brit. Nat. W. L...5		1927	380	390
Canada 5½		Dec., 1922	85¾	87⅜
Canada 5½		Nov., 1923	84½	86¾
Canada 6		Dec., 1925	91⅞	94¼
French Victory....5		1932	70	73
†French Loan, '17..4		1943	58½	59½
†French Loan, '18..4		1943	59	62
French Loan, '20..5		1920	83	86½
Italy, Treas., 3-yr..5		1923	61	64
Italy, Treas., 5-yr.		1925	61	64
Russia 5½		Dec., 1921	28	31
Russia, ruble, bds..5½		Feb., 1926	27	32
Sweden 6		June, 1930	85¼	...
Switzerland 5½		Aug., 1920	84½	85

*Par £100. †1,000 francs.

EARNINGS.

EQUITABLE COKE CO. for May—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	$57,304	$90,220	*$32,916
Net after tax.	15,960	30,633	*14,673
5 mos.' gross.	333,976	372,651	*38,676
Net after tax.	82,773	85,064	*2,291

SUBSIDIARY UTAH SECURITIES COMPANIES for May—

Gross	663,220	540,051	87,178
Net earnings.	270,068	262,813	7,273
12 mos.' gross.	7,827,450	7,035,852	791,598
Net earnings.	3,871,500	3,710,216	161,284

S. S. KRESGE CO. for May—

Sales	4,027,289	3,350,108	677,084
5 months	18,127,523	15,182,216	2,945,307

*Decrease.

STEEL AND TUBE COMPANY for May—

	1920.	1920.
Gross operating profits	1,483,249	*3,378,072
Total income	1,520,044	*3,505,904
Gross earnings after Federal taxes	1,256,886	*4,926,251
Net earnings	1,206,878	*4,237,358
Month's proportion of preferred stock dividend	102,083	*510,416
Net earnings available for depreciation and common stock dividends	1,103,795	*3,726,941

*Five months ended May 31, 1920.

CITY TO GIVE ICE TO POOR.

Forty Thousand Persons Will Benefit Daily by Plan.

Plans for the distribution of free ice for the poor were announced yesterday by Chamberlain Philip Berolzheimer, Chairman of the Mayor's Ice Committee. The distribution, which will begin on July 1 and end on Sept. 15, will, in the Borough of Manhattan, be under the direct supervision of Deputy Chamberlain Charles Sweeney; in the Borough of Brooklyn under Commissioner of Parks John N. Harman, in the Borough of the Bronx under Commissioner of Corrections James A. Hamilton and in the Borough of Queens under Commissioner of Parks Albert C. Benninger. There will be thirty-five stations in the Borough of Manhattan, thirty-five in the Borough of Brooklyn, twelve in the Bronx and ten in Queens. The locations of the stations are in the poorest sections of the city.

"The contract for the ice," says a statement by the committee, "has been signed with the Knickerbocker Ice Company at a very reasonable price, through the courtesy of Wesley Oler, its President. They will supply the committee with eighty tons per day, which means that 40,000 persons will benefit daily by this supply of ice, in addition to those who will be furnished with ice in the Bronx by Commissioner Hamilton, who is going to give twelve tons daily from his plant on Hart's Island entirely free to the committee.

"The distribution of the tickets, for which a new scheme has been devised in the shape of a commutation ticket, which will be good for the season and which will be punched each day by the man in charge of the station, is in charge of the Vice Chairman, Mrs. Henry Zuckerman, Room 701, Hall of Records, and Major Jennie R. Ward of the Salvation Army. Any institutions desiring tickets should apply there now. Telephone number is Worth 3900, Extension 7."

I. R. T. LOAN EXTENDED.

Judge Mayer Authorizes Payment Dec. 31 on $1,000,000 Notes.

The six months' notes given by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company to the Interborough Consolidated Corporation last Winter for a loan of approximately $1,000,000, were extended yesterday by authority of Federal Judge Mayer until Dec. 31 next. The Consolidated Corporation is the holding company of the Interborough Company, and is in the hands of James R. Sheffield as receiver.

When the Interborough Company found that it could not meet its obligations maturing at the close of the year it borrowed the money from its holding company to keep it out of a receiver's hands.

Consolidated Cigar Dividend.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Consolidated Cigar Corporation yesterday, the Treasurer reported net earnings for the first five months of the current fiscal year of $1,134,101, which is at the rate of approximately $23 per share on the 90,000 shares of outstanding common stock, after allowing for the estimated amount of Federal taxes. In consideration of this showing the Directors declared a quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share on the common stock, payable July 15, thus placing the common stock on a $7 per annum basis.

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Forecast:

Ill.—Probably fair e. and s., unsettled in n. w. Sat. and Sun.; not much change in temp.

Mo.—Fair in s. Sat. and Sun.; unsettled in n. and w., with probably showers in n. w.; not much change in temp.

Wis.—Fair in s. e., probably showers n. and w., Sat. and Sun.; not much change in temp.

Minn., Iowa, N. and S. D., Neb., Wyo. and Kan.—Unsettled Sat. and Sun., probably showers; not much change in temp.

Mon.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun., not much change in temp.

N. C. and S. C.—Fair weather and mild temp. Sat. and Sun.

Ga.—Generally fair Sat. and Sun.

Fla. and N. W. Fla.—Local showers Sat. and Sun.

Ala. and Miss.—Generally fair Sat. and Sun., except local showers near coast.

Tenn. and Ky.—Generally fair Sat. and Sun.; not much change in temp.

Ind.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably local showers Sun.; mild temp.

Ohio.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun.; mild temp.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy Sat.; Sun., local showers.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy with probably local showers Sat. and Sun.

OIL FRAUD SUSPECT FACES NEW CHARGE

Van Riper, Freed on Bail Here, Arrested on Request of Philadelphia Authorities.

INDICTED THERE WITH SON

Accused of Cheating Patrons of Bucket Shop—Nine Others in Case Here Give Bail.

Lewis C. Van Riper, one of fifty persons indicted by the Federal Grand Jury on charges of using the mails to defraud investors in worthless oil stocks, yesterday provided $20,000 bail fixed by Federal Judge Grubb on Thursday, but before he was released Detectives Snydecker and McKettrick arrested him as a fugitive from justice on request from Philadelphia authorities. Van Riper and his son, Charles E., 26 years old, were indicted in the Pennsylvania city on charges of grand larceny in operating and maintaining a bucket shop and "conspiracy to cheat and defraud, larceny by bailee, and fraudulent sale of collateral."

Joseph A. Shay and Otto A. Glassberg, associated with Martin W. Littleton as counsel for Van Riper, tried to get some Justice of the Supreme Court or a Judge of the Special Sessions to fix bail guaranteeing Van Riper's surrender to the Philadelphia authorities, but were unable to do so. Van Riper went to Police Headquarters with the detectives and was placed in a cell. Mr. Shay explained that if Van Riper was released on bail he would go at once to Philadelphia, surrender, provide the bail demanded and thereby obtain his freedom.

Van Riper, a tall, stockily built man, about 55 years old, showed no signs of worry. He chatted with friends, but kept away from the newspapermen.

Nine others of the fifty indicted by the Federal Grand Jury appeared in court and were held in bail ranging from $2,000 to $20,000. B. X. Dawson, a stock broker, accused of selling stock of the Crown Oil Company fraudulently, was held in $10,000; Alexander R. Grossman of the brokerage firm of Grossman, Sherman & Co., which dealt in stock of the W. P. Williams Oil Company, and Charles R. Morton and John L. McLean of the brokerage firm of Curtis, Packer & Co., which dealt mainly in the stock of the Ranger Oil Company, and George A. Lamb of the brokerage firm of George A. Lamb & Co., which dealt in the stock of the Great Western Petroleum Corporation Company, were held in $5,000 each. Ashley L. Holbrook of the firm of Curtis, Packer & Co. was held in $3,000, and M. Klein, Charles Friberg and Samuel Newhouse, salesmen for the different firms, were held in $2,000 each.

Information obtained Thursday from the Federal prosecutors that Van Riper once had been private secretary to Thomas W. Lawson was inaccurate. In a telegram from Boston yesterday Lawson denied Van Riper ever had been employed by him, or that he ever knew him. Mr. Lawson's denial follows:

"I never knew Van Riper, never saw him until in court the other day, on trial of silver cases; have never had any business transactions with him, never saw or knew anything about any of the other indicted men; never had anything to do, directly or indirectly, with any oil corporations, syndicate broker or promoter."

JAIL PITTSBURGH STEEL MEN

Police Head Alleges Sale of Stock Through Fraud.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, June 25.—Lakin C. Taylor and W. C. Watkins, President and Secretary, respectively, of the Pittsburgh Tin Plate and Steel Corporation, were arrested today by city detectives on a warrant charging conspiracy to cheat and defraud and lodged in a cell in default of $25,000 bail each.

The Pittsburgh Tin Plate and Steel Corporation's main office is here, and it has a New York office at 160 Broadway. According to the company's literature offices are maintained in every large city in the country, and one branch is located at Singapore, Straits Settlement. Mr. Pritchard, Director of Public Safety, who has been investigating the concern, alleged today that Taylor and Watkins had sold stock worth $1,000,000 through misrepresentation. The literature of the company, according to Mr. Pritchard, states that the plants were not equipped with modern steel-making machinery. The corporation is capitalized at $12,000,000. Stock was sold at prices ranging from $10 to $14 per share.

At 12:30 this morning Van Riper was released on order of Judge McIntyre of General Sessions. It is understood some of Van Riper's friends furnished bail. Lieutenant Fogarty of the Detective Bureau said that he did not know the amount of bail given.

WANTS "BLUE SKY" PLANK.

Brogan to Ask Democrats for Law to Protect Investors.

Former Assistant District Attorney Edkard S. Brogan started for San Francisco yesterday for the purpose of asking the Platform Committee of the Democratic convention to incorporate a plank favoring a national blue sky law for the regulation and sales of stocks and other securities. Mr. Brogan has been active in the prosecution of persons charged with tempting the public to part with their money for worthless stocks.

PITTSBURGH OIL MAN HELD.

Two New York Firms Accuse Him of Conspiracy to Defraud.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, June 25.—Charged by the City Service Company and Henry L. Doherty & Co., two New York firms, in the first of which he is said to be a Director, with conspiracy to defraud, Jesse C. McDowell of this city is held for the September Grand Jury. Acting for the two companies, the defendant, it is alleged, purchased properties at prices lower than those quoted the firms he represented and kept the difference.

Two specific charges are said to involve $87,500 and $50,000, the amounts figuring in the purchase of oil and gas properties in Ohio and Kentucky. Proceedings were begun against McDowell by the companies on June 5.

McDowell is well known in local oil and gas circles. He has offices here as an oil and gas engineer and is Vice President and Director of the Crew Levick Company of Philadelphia and a Director in the Empire Pipe Line Company. At his home he was said to be in New York.

New Gas Field Opened in Texas.

The Texas Pacific Coal & Oil Company has opened up a new gas field near Thurber, Texas, from which it expects to supply gas to Dallas and Fort Worth. Three wells have been drilled and it is considered possible that the field eventually may open up an oil pool in the vicinity. Geologists are now studying the structure, and a test well is being put down in the hope of tapping the oil supply.

STREET CLEANERS THREATEN STRIKE

Men Who Worked Overtime to Clear Away Ice and Snow Have Not Been Paid.

APPEAL TO THE CONTROLLER

City Has the Money, but Commissioner McStay Is in Hospital and Hasn't Sent In Payroll.

Because they have not been paid for overtime work in January and February when the emergency arose and men were hard to get, the men of the Street Cleaning Department who operate motors, who drive carts, together with the stablemen, hostlers, loaders and boardmen, will meet tonight to consider whether they will go on strike. The men comprise local 918 of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and they will meet to take a strike vote in Central Opera House, Sixty-seventh Street at Third Avenue.

When the streets became clogged with ice and snow and the Mayor had to appoint a special committee headed by Dr. Royal S. Copeland, the Health Commissioner, to restore traffic, the Board of Estimate authorized the payment of overtime to the workers. These men, who worked all day and most of the night clearing off the streets, now assert that they have not been paid. Frequent appeals to Street Cleaning Commissioner McStay, they allege, have been without result. Now they propose to use the strike to force payment.

A committee of the men called upon Controller Craig yesterday and laid their case before him. Mr. Craig said that there was money for the city to pay its bills and this would be done as soon as Commissioner McStay sent in the payroll for the overtime. Commissioner McStay is in a hospital for an operation and, it was said yesterday at his office, no one there had authority to make a statement regarding the present situation.

THREAT TO OUST STRIKERS.

General Electric Manager Gives Men Until June 28 to Return.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 25.—An ultimatum was issued yesterday by the management of the General Electric Company to the striking molders and coremakers. The officials say the men struck without a grievance against the local plant. The workers went out several weeks ago because, they say, the organized molders in the brick works of the company are not recognized as a union and the by-laws of their international call for sympathetic action by the employes of every other plant of the company in such a case.

The notice issued by Manager Erban reads:

"Those who do not report for work on Monday morning, June 28, will be considered to have voluntarily left the employ of the company and their names will be removed from the payroll.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1920.

	1920.	1919	1918.
Day's sales	$11,658,950	$9,535,500	$9,311,000
Year to date	1,960,151,800	1,595,555,489	746,257,000

U S Liberty 3½s 1932-47
84.... 91.90
1.... 91.88
22.... 91.94
202.... 91.98
200.... 91.90
20.... 91.94
1.... 91.90
21.... 91.92
1.... 91.94
103.... 91.92
10.... 91.98
2.... 91.92
9.... 91.96
100.... 91.88
42.... 91.86

$900,000
1st conv 4s 1932-1947
3.... 85.70
24 4s 1927-42
4.... 85.24
5.... 85.06
34.... 85.30

$43,000
1st conv 4½s 1932-1947
7.... 86.10
2.... 86.04
1.... 86.10
50.... 86.06
1.... 86.14
14.... 86.04
5.... 86.00

$90,000
2d conv 4½s 1927-1942
320.... 85.56
2.... 85.58
10.... 85.50
80.... 85.40
2.... 85.42
111.... 85.40
6.... 85.44
152.... 85.40
21.... 85.38
41.... 85.36
2.... 85.40
2.... 85.38
1.... 85.36
55.... 85.36
1.... 85.34
1.... 85.32
41.... 85.30
8.... 85.36
50.... 85.32
84.... 85.30
50.... 85.34
50.... 85.36
1.... 85.38
7.... 85.32
10.... 85.34
25.... 85.30
10.... 85.32
85.... 85.34
55.... 85.32
18.8.... 85.34
143.... 85.36
2.... 85.34
51.... 85.30
27.... 85.32
5.... 85.30
10.... 85.24
25.... 85.26
11.5.... 85.30
1.... 85.32
17.... 85.30
10.... 85.20
25.... 85.28
50.... 85.30

$1,765,300
3d 4½s 1928
100.... 89.18
103.... 89.20
5.... 89.18
58.... 89.14
1.... 89.16
49.... 89.14
20.... 89.10
2.... 89.18
78.... 89.12
1.... 89.16
15.... 89.12
97.... 89.10
1.... 89.04
2.... 89.06
1022.... 89.10
60.... 89.08
9.... 89.14
30.... 89.08
10.... 89.10
2.... 89.06
6.... 89.08
20.... 89.12
3.... 89.10
1.... 89.12
1.... 89.08
5.... 89.06
5.... 89.04
10.... 89.02
30.... 89.06
40.... 89.04
10.... 89.00
15.... 89.06
3.... 89.00
2.5.... 89.12
13.55.... 89.00
5.... 89.02
16.... 89.00
41.... 89.04
1.... 89.02
8.45.... 89.00
1.... 89.00
7.... 89.04
3.... 89.06
1.... 89.00
1.... 89.12
5.15.... 89.10
1.... 89.02
1.... 89.04
38.... 89.08
10.... 89.04
1.... 89.06
1.... 89.08
20.... 89.04
1.... 89.00
21.... 89.04
1.... 89.00

$1,218,650
4th 4¼s 1923-1938
6.... 85.74
2.... 85.76
10.... 85.74
3.... 85.76
47.... 85.74
919.... 85.78
208.... 85.80
22.... 85.76
15.... 85.78
15.... 85.74
14.... 85.74
5.... 85.80
10.... 85.76
11.... 85.74
24.... 85.78
112.... 85.74
2.... 85.72
4.... 85.74
55.... 85.72
2.... 85.76
1.... 85.74
30.... 85.72
13.... 85.70
15.... 85.72
1.... 85.70
10.... 85.72
10.... 85.74
406.... 85.70
37.... 85.72
11.... 85.70
2.... 85.72
26.5.... 85.70
9.... 85.74
20.... 85.72
1.... 85.74
10.... 85.72
5.... 85.70
10.... 85.72
2.... 85.74

Vic Lib Loan 3½s 1922-28
163.... 95.62
50.... 95.58
10.... 95.54
30.... 95.52
30.... 95.54
20.... 95.52
50.... 95.54
51.... 95.56
171.... 95.54
100.... 95.54

$94,000
4½s 1922-38
2.... 95.60
40.... 95.62
24.... 95.60
8.... 95.58
2.... 95.56
14.... 95.54
34.... 95.52
7 lots
15.... 95.56
15.... 95.54
3.... 95.52
8.... 95.56
4.... 95.54
10.... 95.56
2.... 95.54
1.... 95.52
1.... 95.54
1.... 95.52
1.... 95.54
1.... 95.52
1

JULY TRADING MARKS DULL DAY IN COTTON

Option Fluctuates Irregularly in Forenoon, Then Firms Surprisingly Later.

REPORTS ARE PESSIMISTIC

Possibility of Another Squeeze Leads Shorts and Hedge Sellers to Buy, and Advance Results.

With the exception of the July option, which fluctuated irregularly in the forenoon and then firmed surprisingly later, yesterday's cotton market was a dull and heavy affair. There was nothing new to influence the price movement, but the old factors were enough to depress values. There were more reports of highly favorable weather, and on top of this there were pessimistic reports of the general business outlook both here and abroad and more talk of high credits and high money.

There is the possibility of another squeeze in the spot month, July, just as there was in December and again in March, when those months matured, and yesterday many of the shorts and hedge sellers were busy buying back their cotton, an operation which resulted in the advance of about 55 points in the afternoon, while the rest of the list never got above 25 to 30 points net gain.

At the low prices, which for the active far months were down 45 to 55 points on the day, the market was down about 250 points on the average from the close of last week. The direct influence in this slump has been the belief in substantial improvement of the crop, as indicated by private reports, but there have been plenty of indirect influences, such as high money, favorable weather and the sharp falling off in demand abroad. Reports from Manchester have been uniformly poor for several days and show no signs of improvement.

Prices for Southern spots have gone off during the week 50 to more than 100 points, the first material slump in the South's spot markets in some months. Spot cotton here is down about a cent a pound for the week.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Close.
July	35.50	36.20	35.50	36.05@36.10	35.65
Oct.	33.29	33.47	32.70	32.98@33.02	33.25
Dec.	32.05	32.30	31.61	31.82@31.85	32.05
Jan.	31.58	31.72	30.96	31.22@31.23	31.50
March	31.00	31.00	30.30	30.50	30.50
May	30.63	30.70	29.93	30.25	30.50

The local market for spot cotton was steady, up 30 points to 38.25c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 38.50c; New Orleans, 30.75c; Savannah, 41.50c; Augusta, 41.25c; Memphis, 40c; Houston, 39c; Little Rock, 30.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	5,183	6,525	29,624
Exports	4,530	851	28,498
Exports, season	6,140,410	6,164,960	4,853,844
N. Y. stocks	38,855	38,869	194,355
Port stocks	957,620	959,162	1,353,650
N. Y. arrivals	13		

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 23.53d, a decline; middling. Sales, 8,000 bales, of which American, 2,000. Imports, 1,000 bales, none American. Futures opened easy, 18 to 50 points lower, and closed steady; 7 to 32 points down on the day. Prices, July, 23.87d; October, 23.77d; December, 21.30d; March, 20.45d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull and easier.

JONES WARNS BRITISH.

Senator Says Refusal to Reinsure Our Ships Will Be Boomerang.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Refusal of British underwriters to reinsure American ships will prove a "boomerang," Senator Jones, Chairman of the Senate Commerce Committee, predicted today. Commenting on the reported decision of prominent London underwriters to refuse to accept American risks until certain provisions of the new Merchant Marine act had been adjusted, Senator Jones declared this was "just what we need to awaken our people to the menace of alien domination in important lines of business.

"This talk of embarrassing American business interests by withdrawing British marine insurance, he continued, will accomplish speedily just what we have hoped to accomplish, even though slowly and by great effort, under the Merchant Marine act of 1920."

TO WATCH T. F. RYAN CALLER

Intruder at Financier's Home Is Sent to Bellevue.

Jacob Vincent, 50 years old, of the Mills Hotel, Thirty-sixth Street and Seventh Avenue, was arrested yesterday when he called to see Thomas Fortune Ryan at his home, 3 East Sixty-seventh Street. The original charge of disorderly conduct, made against him by Albert Gower, butler in the Ryan home, was changed when he was arraigned before Magistrate Joseph Schwab in Yorkville Court, and he was committed to the psychopathic ward of Bellevue Hospital for observation.

Vincent, according to the butler, had been calling at the Ryan home for three or four months. The butler always turned him away with the explanation that neither the financier nor any of his family were in. Yesterday he requested that Vincent call later, when Mr. Ryan would see him. Patrolman Adolph Thompson was there when he called. Vincent would not explain why he wanted to talk with Mr. Ryan.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

The weekly trade reports indicate that no change has occurred in the general situation. There has been further development in the downward trend of prices, both wholesale and retail. In commenting on the situation, Dun's Review says, in part:

"That fundamental economic changes are in progress, differing at bottom from those which have been so frequent in previous years since the war's ending, is not only demonstrated by movements in some leading trades and industries, but also by the reversal of sentiment among both sellers and buyers, and by statistics of bank clearings and failures.

Bradstreet's says:

Despite some rather isolated reports of improvement in buying and a slight, but nevertheless noticeable, gain in tone in some lines of trade, the trend of trade and industry generally is toward the quiet, indeed, the dull side. For this tendency poor car service, conservatism, tight money and political and crop uncertainties are all cited as causes, and there seems little expectation of any uplift until the Summer is well advanced.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Silver	33	33	Majestic	18	25
Ariz. Ext	4	5	Mass. Metals	50	60
Belmont	1	1¼	Midway Mose	40	60
Black Hawk	67	75	Mojave Tung		1
Boston Mon	60	62	Monarch		40
Calaveras	75		Nat. Lead pf		100
Chief Con	3¾	3¾	New Dahlo	3	4
Con. Copper	3	3¼	N. Y. Doug	12	17
Crown Reserve	10	13	Nixon	5	10
Crystalline	36	38	Onondaga	20	26
Davis-Daly	1	1¼	Ophir	1	1¼
Eagle B. H	2½	3	Portland	85c	1
Forum		3	Rhode Isle	15	20
Gadsden	27	30	Seneca	1¾	1¾
Howe Sound	16	17	Silver King		1
Jim Butler	25	35	Tonopah		
Kerr Lake	6	6¼	Tonopah Belmont	6	7
Iron Cap	8	10	Tonopah Exten	1	1¼
Iron Colt	30	35	Tuolumne	30	31½
Jerome V	35	37	Utah Apex	2	2½
La Rose	20	25	Yukon	1	1½

GERMANS WANT MORE FLOUR

Bakers Demand That Government Remove Its Restrictions.

BERLIN, June 25.—That the heavy, unpalatable German bread is a distinct menace to public health and that the sole remedy lies in the free importation of foreign flour, is the conclusion arrived at by the Conference of German Bakers' Guilds, representing 70,000 master bakers, held in Berlin on Wednesday and Thursday.

Resolutions insisting on an immediate consultation by Government authorities with the bakers, millers and wheat growers with a view to the abolition of official control of wheat and flour, were passed by the meeting. Speeches complained that under official control the bakers were compelled to use deleterious substances, while the importation of foreign luxuries, such as chocolates and cigarettes was not restricted.

The Food Ministry has promised to investigate the matter.

Discontent is manifest by the working classes over the new wages tax of 10 per cent., which is to be collected at the source of income beginning today.

The Tageblatt points out that the measure has no critics except the Communists, who, it says, advocate repudiation of war debts and confiscation of private fortunes, yet balk at a practical suggestion for collecting revenue, without which the country cannot continue its existence.

SHIP LAUNCHED AT NIGHT.

Army Transport Aisne First Vessel Sent Down Ways After Dark.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—The old man in the moon looked down tonight on a sight he has seldom seen—the launching of a ship at night, when the United States Army transport Aisne glided gracefully down the ways at Hog Island by the light of dozens of 15,000 candlepower flares.

Mrs. William G. Haan, of Washington, wife of Major General Haan, who commanded the Thirty-second Division in France, crashed a bottle of champagne across the ship's bow in the christening ritual.

The Aisne is the one hundred and thirteenth vessel to be launched at Hog Island, and is the first ship whose keel block has been sawed at night. The launching was not only novel, but beautiful and impressive.

The transport was named in honor of the 2,889 dead of the 32d Division, composed of National Guard troops from Michigan and Wisconsin, whose greatest fatalities were suffered in the Aisne-Marne offensive in July and August, 1918.

EMIGRANTS PAY MILLIONS.

Revenue Agents Collect Large Sums from Tax-Dodging Aliens.

Internal revenue agents have collected between $9,000,000 and $10,000,000 from outgoing aliens who have failed to pay their full tax or who have failed to file returns, according to a statement yesterday by Colonel Daniel L. Porter, Supervising Internal Revenue Agent in this city. Forty-five agents on the piers and in other parts of the city have checked up data on aliens who have engaged passage. A special bureau has been established near the Courts of Special Inquiry at the Ellis Island station to listen to the boasts of the aliens of the money they have made in this country.

For February, March and April the reports show that more than $30,000 was collected at Ellis Island from alien tax dodgers, while three times that amount was traced to other localities and the collectors there notified. The amount collected in May is said to have been larger.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.66¾	1.64¼	1.64¼	1.77	1.73⅝
Sept.	1.68½	1.66¾	1.67¾	1.67¾	1.75⅝
Dec.	1.50⅝	1.47¼	1.50	1.49	1.73⅝

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.03¾	1.02	1.03	1.03	.69
Sept.	.85¼	.84½	.84½	.84½	.63⅞
Dec.	.81¼	.80⅝	.80½	.80⅝	.63⅞

In the local market cash oats were quoted as follows: No. 1 white, $1.33@$1.35; No. 2, $1.33@$1.35; No. 3, $1.32@$1.35; No. 4, $1.33@$1.35; Fancy, $1.38; ordinary, $1.35.

RYE.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.15½	2.13¾	2.14	2.14¼	1.48
Sept.	1.85⅝	1.83½	1.84	1.84½	1.46

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	20.30	20.20	20.22	20.32	34.12
Sept.	21.30	21.22	21.27	21.32	34.05
Ribs—					
July	17.90	17.87	17.87	18.00	27.85
Sept.	19.00	18.95	18.95	19.07	27.97
Pork—					
July	34.20	33.80	33.85	34.45	51.50
Sept.	36.10	35.50	35.85	36.25	49.45

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.	Last Year.
July	15.44	15.12	15.18	15.17	
Aug.	15.70	15.70	15.70	15.74	
Sept.	16.40	16.20	16.27	16.28	
Oct.	16.40	16.45	16.30	16.36	
Nov.	16.15	16.15	16.15	16.15	
Dec.	16.25	16.15	16.15	16.15	
Jan.	16.20	16.15	16.15	16.17	

COFFEE.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	14.20	13.95	14.20	14.00
Sept.	13.88	13.85	13.90	13.78
Oct.	13.88	13.88	13.88	13.77
Dec.	13.95	13.88	13.95	13.90
March	13.95	13.90	13.95	14.03
May	14.10	13.95	14.10	13.85

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—The receipts today were 17,023 packages. There was a fair trading, particularly in the highest grades, with values steady to firm. Secondary grades were plenty and slow. Considerable butter arrived, selling from 54@56c generally for Danish and 52@54c for Holland. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 59@59½c; extras (92 score), 58½c; firsts (90 to 91 score), 55½@57½c; firsts (88 to 89 score), 52½@53c; seconds to fair grades, 46@52c; dairy tubs, finest, 57@58c; unsalted, higher than extras, 62@62½c; extras, 60½@61½c; firsts, 55½@59½c; seconds, 49@54c; State dairy tubs, finest, 57@58c; good to prime, 53@56c; common to fair, 44@52c; factory, current make, specials, 45½@46c; ladles, current make, firsts, 40@44c; seconds, 41½@42c; lower grades, 40@41c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 42½@42½c; No. 2, 41c; lower grades, 37@40c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday were 29,247 cases. Really fine fresh eggs were wanted beyond the supply. Average finest qualities were fairly firm in demand. There was perhaps a little more inquiry for good medium qualities, but more seriously defective goods were still very plentiful at any reasonable offers. Very fancy nearby white eggs were firm, prices having the sellers' favor. Good to medium qualities were cleaning up at irregular prices. California prices were without material change. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 49@50c; extra firsts, 46@48c; firsts, graded, 42@46c; ungraded, 41@43c; seconds and poorer, 30@40c; dirties, No. 1, special packings, 53½@56c; regular packed, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 29@33c; checks, good to choice, dry, 32@34c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, nearby browns, extras, 50@53c; extra firsts, 53@55c; firsts, 50@52c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 50@52c; under grades, 42@48c; Pacific coast whites, extras, 50@52c; extra firsts, 48@50c; firsts, 50@52c; under grades, 46@48c; small, 44@46c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 46@48c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, nearby browns, extras, 48@49c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 49@50c; firsts to extra firsts, 46@48c.

NEW PORTRAITS OF THE PRESIDENT

Tomorrow's Rotogravure-Picture Section of The New York Times will reproduce two photographs of President Wilson, taken last Saturday at his desk in the White House. Each occupies a quarter-page.—Advt.

ARGENTINE SUGAR IS PURCHASED HERE

Of 60,000 Tons Available for Export at Least 21,000 Tons Will Come to New York.

FINDS SITUATION MENDING

Wholesaler Thinks There Will Be an Ample Supply for Canning Purposes.

It was learned yesterday that at least 21,000 tons of the 60,000 tons of Argentina sugar available for export from that country is destined to New York. This includes the 14,000 tons sold to the American Trading Company, which, upon its arrival at different times in varying quantities, will be distributed by the United States Government to the essential industrial and household consumers, according to an announcement in Washington by Howard Figg, Special Assistant to the Attorney General. At the offices of the American Trading Company yesterday it was said that the company would stand on the statement of Mr. Figg.

Llata & Co., importers, 80 Wall Street, bought 6,000 tons of sugar in Argentina, and of this 4,000 tons is now afloat and is expected to arrive here late in July. A representative of the company said yesterday that this sugar would be distributed in accordance with the instructions of the Government. E. C. Lourie of the firm is in Washington now conferring with Mr. Figg relative to its distribution, it was said. Within the next few weeks another shipment of 1,500 tons will leave Argentina. The importers have already sold 500 tons to R. C. Williams & Co., wholesale grocers, and Jaburg Brothers, and this will be shipped direct to the purchasers, it was said. The sugar is being offered here at 21 cents a pound, it was said.

Seeman Brothers, wholesale grocers, have contracted for 1,000 tons of the Argentina sugar, but none of it has been shipped yet, it was said at the office of the firm. It will be shipped in small quantities extending over a period of several months. A representative of the firm said that the sugar situation seemed to be improving. He said that indications were that there would be ample sugar for canning purposes later in the Summer.

Henry Borchers of Huntington, L. I., President of Henry Borchers, Inc., which operates a chain of grocery stores in Huntington, Babylon, Glen Cove, Northport and Bayshore, was held in $5,000 bail by United States Commissioner McCabe in Brooklyn yesterday on a charge of profiteering in sugar, for examination on July 7. There are 112 counts against him. It is alleged that Mr. Borchers caught sugar at 18½ cents a pound and sold it for 26 cents. He is said to have distributed 30,000 pounds of sugar among his stores.

Henry Vetta, a grocer, of Babylon, L. I., was held in $2,500 bail for examination July 7 by Commissioner McCabe on a charge of selling for 30 cents a can of sardines which he bought for 18½ cents.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company	Rate	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Consol. Cigar	$1.75	Q July 15	July 6
Cramp (Wm.) & Sons	1½	Q July 20	July 6
Corn Products Ref.	1	Q July 20	July 6
Do		Ex July 20	July 6
Do pf		Ex July 15	July 6
Keystone Watch Case	1½	Q Aug. 1	July 22
Liberty Nat. Bank	2	Q July 15	July 6
Nor. States Pow. pf.	1¾	Q July 20	June 26
Ottumwa R. & L. pf.	1¾	Q July 15	June 30
Pilgrim Mills	$5	Q June 30	June 26
Do pf	$2	Q June 30	June 23
Santa Cecilia Sugar	.25c	Q July 1	July 20
Do pf	1¾	Q Aug. 1	July 20
United Alloy Steel	$1	Q July 6	July 20
U. S. Smelt. R. M.	$1.50	Q July 15	July 6
Do pf	87½c	Q July 15	July 6
Ventura Oil	.50c	Q Aug. 2	July 15
Williams Tool pf	$2	Q July 1	June 19
West. States G.&E. pf	1¾	Q July 15	June 30
Wire Wheel pf	1	Q July 10	July 1

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	8.50	7.80
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.25
Buff., Roch. & P.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	7.50	6.87
Canadian Pacific	1920-'32	4½@6	7.80	6.75
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	7.40	6.40
C. R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	8.35	7.70
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.75	7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5	8.00	7.00
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.75	6.50
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.60	7.50
Grace Steamship	1920-'34	6	7.80	7.40
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	7.50	6.50
Inter. F. Steamship	1920-'34	7	9.40	7.50
L'ville & N'ville	1920-'23	5	7.40	6.60
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5	7.50	6.80
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5	8.00	7.00
Mo., Kans. & Tex.	1920-'27	5	8.00	7.00
N. Y. Central	1920-'32	4½@5-7	7.50	6.00
Norfolk & West.	1920-'24	4½	7.57	6.50
Northern Pacific	1920-'30	7	7.15	6.87
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	8.35	7.25
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	7.50	6.50
Penn. Gen. Fret'n	1920-'23	4	7.35	6.50
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.60	6.50
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'37	4½@5-6	8.50	7.50
Sinclair Refining	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.00
Southern Pacific	1920-'34	4½	7.40	6.75
Southern Ry.	1920-'28	4½@5	7.75	7.00
Union Pacific	1924-'35	7	7.90	6.85
Virginian Ry.	1920-'27	5	7.60	7.00
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.60	7.75

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	7.50	7.75	7.50	7.75
Quicksilver	$90.00		$90.00	
Aluminium	32.00	*33.00	*32.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2X all'n	49.05	50.05	49.05	50.05

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 18¾@19c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	83	5	0	84	10	0
Copper, futures	86	0	0	86	10	0
Tin, spot	246	0	0	247	10	0
Tin, futures	248	0	0	250	10	0
Spelter, spot	39	5	0	39	15	0
Spelter, futures	41	5	0	41	16	0
Lead, spot	21	10	0	22	5	0
Lead, futures	22	10	0	23	10	0

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.		DIVIDE.	
Alpha	.60	Alto	.02
Alta	.03	Belcher Exten	.03
Andes	.03	Dividend	.08
Best & Belcher	.13	Div. Tonopah	1.22½
Bullion	.12	Div. Extension	.03
Caledonia	.92	Florence	.11
Challenge	1.20	Gold Reef	.02
Dollar	.30	Harmill	.56
Com. Silver	.21	Hasbrouck	.02
Concordia	.21	Kernick	.02
Confidence	1.80	Knox	.05
Con. Virginia	1.00	Myra	.04
Exchequer	.02	Silver King	.02
Gould & Curry	.07	Verdi	.03
Imperial	.75	Victory	.04
Jacket	.40	Zone	.10
Kentucky Washington	.01	GOLDFIELD.	
Mexican	.19	Booth	.04
N. w. York	.08	Consolidated	.06
Ophir	.84	Crackerjack	.08
Overman	.42	Daisy	.05
Potosi	.10	Development	.06
Savage	.11	Extention	.02
Scorpion	.05	Jumbo Extention	.05
Seg. Belcher	.10	Lone Star	.04
Sierra Nevada	.04	Silver Pick	.09
Silver Pick	.15	Spearhead	.02
Union	.18	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Utah	.03	Arrowhead	.02
TONOPAH.		Big Four	.03
Cash Boy	.05	Bullwhacker	.38
Jim Butler	.15	Climax	.23
MacNamara	.25	Croesus	.38
MacNamara Cres.	.19	Goldfield	.01
Midway	.06	Packard	.05
Monarch	.04	Prince	1.20
North Star	.04	Rochester	.10
Oriental	.05	Round Mountain	.13
Rescue	.13	Simon	1.00
Tonopah Extension	1.00	Sterling	.06
Tonopah	.70	Sunset	.04
West End	1.21	White Caps	.65
West Tonopah	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	11¾	11¾	Isabella	3	4
Doctor	2¾	3	Mary McK.	3	3¼
Elkton	2	3	Portland	88	90
El Paso	11	12	U. Gold M.	10¾	12
Gold Cycle	75	80	Vindicator	18	27
Granite	1	11	Stone Nicol.	3	4

RULES FOR MEDICINE TAX.

Regulations Showing Method of Collection Issued at Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Interpretations of the new internal revenue regulations governing the collection of the tax on toilet articles and medicinal preparations were issued today by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. The interpretations apply to Article 5 of the revised edition of regulation 51, and are as follows:

"1 When a druggist breaks an original package of a proprietary preparation and uses the preparation or any part of it in compounding on a physician's prescription or otherwise, the druggist is the consumer within the meaning of the law and must affix the proper stamps to the original package, and pay the tax himself, on the basis of the full cost to himself of the original package.

"2 When a druggist breaks an original container of a proprietary preparation, to dispense it at a soda fountain or otherwise, as for example, bromo seltzer by the dose, the druggist is the consumer within the meaning of the law and must affix the proper stamps to the original package, and pay the tax himself, on the basis of the full cost to himself of the original package.

"3. When a druggist sells a proprietary preparation in the original container, but with a new label or with no label, either on a physician's prescription or otherwise, the purchaser is the consumer, and the tax must be collected from him; and proper stamps affixed to the container in which the preparation is sold.

"4. When a druggist sells all or a part of a proprietary preparation on a physician's prescription or otherwise in a container other than the original, the purchaser is the consumer and the tax must be collected from him and the proper stamps affixed to the container in which the preparation is sold.

"The tax is 1 cent. for each 25 cents or fraction thereof of the amount for which the article or preparation is sold for consumption or use."

America's Greatest Dreadnought.

Picturesque group of officers and men of America's great dreadnought, the Tennessee, makes a notable photograph in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	‡Acme Coal	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
100	‡Aluminum	22½	22½	22½
400	Amal Leath	16	16	16
300	Am Candy	7¾	8	8
100	‡Am Chicle	40	40	40
100	‡ Do pts	62	62	62
200	‡Auto F Sup	60	59	60
300	‡Bat. Pr. F	3	3	3
100	‡CentAtSug	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
6,500	‡Chi Nipple	3¾	3¼	3¾
900	‡Cleve Auto	62	62	62
100	‡Conley Foil	25	25	25
100	‡Com Motor	10¼	10¼	10¼
200	‡Empire Stl	20	20	20
100	‡ Do pf	73	73	73
1,000	‡Emp F & S	8¼	8¼	8¼
3,200	‡Gen Asph	73½	72½	73⅜
200	‡Goodyear	127	126	127
100	‡Godchaux S	58¼	58¼	58¼
200	‡Good T pf	88	87	87
2,800	Grape-Ola	2	1¾	2
7,400	Do pf	2¾	2	2⅜
500	‡Hercules P	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
200	Hydraulic S	20½	20⅜	20⅜
100	‡ Do pf	87	87	87
800	Indian Pack	9	8⅝	8½
300	‡ Do pf	21	21	21
2,000	‡KayCoGas	2	1⅞	1⅞
200	‡LibMcNLib	13	13	13
300	‡Liggett Int.	107¼	106¼	107¼
1,200	‡Lig-M Coal	2¼	2¼	2¼
100	‡Lin M. A	44	44	44

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

300	‡Ang-Am Oil	24	24
10	‡Sou Pa Oil	373	373

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

7,500	‡‡Allied Oil	26	24
6,100	‡Annah-Wyo	⅝	½
4,000	Arcadia Oil	1⅛	1¼
1,700	Ark Nat G	12¾	12
6,700	‡ Do rights	1¼	
100	‡Atl Gulf Oil	81½	81½
1,700	‡Boone Oil	3⅜	3⅜
8,000	‡‡Bos-Wyo	½	⅝
200	‡Cities Serv		
	BT Sh	35¾	35¾
100	‡ Do pf	65	65
200	‡Col Emer'd	5	4¾
4,500	‡Cushing Pet	1	¾
200	‡Domin Oil	10¼	10¼
100	‡DuquesneOil	3¾	3¾
1,000	‡Elk R Pet	7¾	7¾
1,000	Engin Pet	1¼	1¼
4,050	Esm O & G	¾	¾
500	‡Federal Oil	2¾	2¾
3,000	‡Glenrock Oil	2	2¼
100	‡Guffey-Gill	26	26
6,000	‡Harv Crude	⅝	½
100	‡H P of Den	1⅜	1⅜
1,500	‡Hanna Oil	¾	¾
300	‡Inter Pet	35	34½
1,000	‡InvincibleOil	33¼	34¼
100	‡Lone S Gas	25¾	25¾
500	‡Manhat Oil	6½	6½
700	‡Mexico Oil	23½	22¾
500	‡Merritt Oil	15½	15¼

MINING STOCKS.

3,000	Ala-Br C M	1½	1
3,000	‡‡Atlanta	2	2
2,700	‡‡Bel Div p	3	2¾
4,700	‡Bel Ext p	3½	3½
3,800	Big Ledge	½	½
2,500	‡Booth	6	6
2,000	‡Bos & Mon	61	60
3,000	‡‡Caledonia	24	24
500	Canada Cop		1
1,200	‡Candel Stl	¾	¾
2,700	‡‡Cashboy	6	5½
500	Cons Copper	3¼	3¼
8,500	‡Con Mer Mg	61	59
3,500	Div Ext p	23	22
2,300	‡Emma Stl	8½	7½
3,000	‡Esm Cr M C	⅞	⅞
870	‡Feola Mills	1	1
300	‡Forty-nineM	1	1
4,800	‡G Zone D	12	11
200	‡Golden Gate	½	½
2,200	‡Goldfield C	9¾	9
2,300	‡‡ Do Dev	7½	7
2,500	‡‡ Do M-rg	1½	1½
2,200	‡‡Gt Bend	2	2
870	‡Hecla Min	4¼	4¼
2,200	‡Hecla Butler	15	14
2,000	‡Jumbo Ext	6	5½
3,800	‡‡Kewanna	1½	1½
1,500	‡‡Knox Dev	5¼	5¼
1,000	‡Lone Cons	⅝	⅝
5,000	‡‡MacN Min	¾	¾
3,500	‡‡Marsh M	13	12

BONDS.

$15,000	‡Allied Packers 8s	72	70½
15,000	‡Am T & T 6s, 1922	94	93
1,000	‡Am Tel 7s	91¾	91¾
10,000	‡Am Cot 7½s, w i	90¾	90½
20,000	‡Belgian Gov 6s, 1921	88½	88½
8,000	‡Belgian 6s, 1925	94	93¾
20,000	‡Chi No W 7%, 30, w i	96¾	96½
100,000	‡French 5s	50	50
400,000	‡French	74	73
1,000	‡Inter Rapid Tran 7s	70¾	70¾
5,000	Goodrich 7%, 1925, w i	94½	94
5,000	‡Swiss Govt 5½s	85	84¾
15,000	‡Texas Co 7% notes	97¾	97¾
10,000	‡Western Electric 7s	98¾	98¾

GERMAN BONDS.

Marks.			
1,000,000	‡Berlin 4s	27	26
100,000	‡Greater Berlin 4s	25¾	25¾
100,000	‡Hanseatic 4s	27	26½
100,000	‡Frankfort 4s	30	29
100,000	‡German Gov 4s	26	25½
200,000	‡Hamburg 4s	28	26
100,000	‡Hanover 4½s	26	26

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
430	Cities Service	326	327	325	330
2,180	Cities Service pf	65	64¾	64¾	65¼
1,298	Cities Service pf. B	85	85¼	85	86¼
5,322	Cities Service, shares	36	35½	35¾	36¼
$47,000	Cities Service deb. C	95	92½	93	95

		Bid.	Asked.
	Adirondack Elec Power	10	11
	Adiron Elec Pow pf	70	72
	Am Gas & Electric	106	108
	Am Gas & Elec pf	87	89
	Am Light & Trac	128	130

DUANE SREET LOFTS FOR LAW OFFICES

Four Buildings Near Broadway Will Be Altered to Meet Demand for Space.

A SOUTH STREET DEAL

Garage to Replace Old Frame Structures — Other Transactions Involving Downtown Properties.

For the purpose of capitalizing the prevailing demand for law office space downtown an investing client of Clarence C. Moheman, attorney, has purchased from I. Blyn & Sons the four five-story loft buildings at 105 and 107 Duane Street through to 14 and 16 Thomas Street, the frontage in each case being 50 feet and the depth of the entire plot being 200 feet. This property was acquired in March by I. Blyn & Sons for use as a warehouse, but the firm has since acquired the building at 59 Warren Street for this purpose. Jacob Bloch, broker in the present transaction, has sold the property four times in the last four months. The land is owned by the New York Hospital.

The buildings are to be extensively altered, when existing leases expire, and arranged for the use of lawyers, who are actively seeking space in that locality. The property adjoins the Langdon Building at 309 Broadway, corner of Duane Street, which was purchased some time ago by the Broadway-John Street Corporation.

M. J. Thompson sold to I. & J. Kaufman 251 South Street, 25 by 160, running through to Water Street, covered by old frame buildings. The new owners plan a garage improvement for the site.

The same broker also sold in conjunction with A. Olsen 56 and 58 Lewis Street, two four-story tenements, with a five-story shop in the rear, 50 by 100, for the estate of Jacob H. Westheimer to the United States Metal Frame Company, which will use the property after extensive alterations are made.

Arthur Cutler & Co. sold for the Manport Realty Company to a client the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, 25 by 100, a four-story business property. The property was held at $125,000.

The Orphan Asylum Society in the City of New York sold to Max J. Breitenbach the two five-story loft buildings on plot 25.2 by 175.6, at 51 Warren Street, extending through to 51 Murray Street. Mr. Breitenbach also owns on the same block the two five-story similar buildings at 37 and 39 Warren Street.

George S. Runk sold for Charles Steel the 25-foot garage at 137 West Fifty-first Street. It was held at $55,000.

SALES IN BROOKLYN.

Demand for Diversified Kinds of Properties.

A. H. Howe & Son sold for the estate of Jasper W. Gilbert to James J. Fox the five buildings at the southwest corner of Pacific and Court Streets, and known as 144 to 152 Court Street. The property has a frontage of 100 feet on Court Street and 75 feet on Pacific Street.

Charles Partridge sold the two-story one-family dwelling 1,313 Pacific Street for Louise Borchardt to a client for occupancy.

William Liss, Inc., resold five new one-family houses, with garages, on the west side of East Twenty-first Street, 300 feet south of Avenue U, for the O. & S. Realty Corporation to the Mordard Realty Corporation. The sellers took in part payment a four-story house at 83 Kingston Avenue.

William E. Harmon & Co. sold on their Marlboro tract a thirty-foot plot on the west side of Sixty-first Street, near Twenty-third Avenue, to Mrs. Rosa Gardell; a plot on the east side of Sixty-fifth Street, near Twenty-third Avenue, to M. Levy; a plot on Avenue Q near West Second Street, to James J. Lee; a plot on the east side of Sixty-third Street, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third Avenues, to A. H. Dolder; two lots on Sixty-fifth Street, near West Second Street, to Gertrude Smith, and one lot on West Second Street, between Avenue O and Avenue P, to John M. Ryan.

Westchester County.

J. Clarence Davies has sold, in conjunction with Howell & Co., for Mrs. H. R. Mussey to Mrs. Theodora Hodgson of Newtonville, Mass., a brick and timber dwelling, with two and one-half acres of ground, at Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y. This property was held at $32,000. Mrs. Hodgson intends to occupy this house as her residence.

The property of Mrs. Frances W. Wilcox known as "Orchard Farm," on the Compound Road, Peekskill, has been sold to Chester A. Patterson, architect, of New York City. It contains a fine Colonial farmhouse and modern buildings, together with fifty-five acres of land. The property was held at $40,000. George Howe was the broker.

The Bronx Market.

M. L. & C. Ernst sold for occupancy to Augusta Bergeson, the three-story two-family house at 329 Concord Avenue, near 142d Street, size 20 by 80; E. Smith was the broker.

Douglas-Gretell sold the two-family dwelling at 2,433 Morris Avenue, on a lot 25 by 80, for Edward Hurley to Charles Groth.

E. Osborne Smith sold for the Burnside Avenue Realty Corporation the plot on the west side of Grand Avenue, 80 feet south of Burnside Avenue, to an investor.

Harry Cahn purchased from the estate of H. Justa and others the two two-story dwellings 452-454 Wales Avenue, near 147th Street. A. G. Bechmann was the broker.

Will Continue Lot Sale.

The I. Lincoln Seide Company will sell at auction the remaining sixty-five lots at Jamaica Junction, in the Fourth Ward of Queens Borough, this afternoon, in a large tent on the premises at the corner of Southern Boulevard and New York Avenue. At the sale two weeks ago fifty-five lots were sold. At today's session the last of the original 450 lots in the development will be liquidated.

Broker in Big Deals.

William A. White & Sons were the brokers in sale of the property at the southeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-third Street for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to the American Linseed Company.

George R. Read & Co. negotiated the long term lease of 23 East Fifty-sixth Street to T. M. & J. M. Fox, dressmakers.

Shoreham Estate Buyer.

Harvey Craw sold the waterfront home at Shorsham, L. I., owned by Albert Barnes to Arthur E. Hepbern of New York City. The property is immediately adjoining the Channing Pollock and John Hanna waterfront homes and commands an extensive view over Long Island Sound at its widest point.

COMMERCIAL LEASES.

Old Broadway Central Bar Will Be Candy Shop.

The café and bar of the Broadway Central Hotel, at Broadway and Third Street, has closed down and will be used as a candy shop. This space has been leased by Frederick Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr., for Jay G. Wilbraham, proprietor of the hotel, to a large candy company for a long term of years, and the improvements planned will cost about $30,000.

Opened in the old Lafarge House, the first hotel improvement on the site, this bar had been in existence almost three-quarters of a century. Subsequently the name was changed to the Southern Hotel, which was almost wholly destroyed by fire in 1868, nothing remaining but the marble front and bar. Completely reconstructed, the hotel was reopened in 1870 under the name of the Grand Central, and continued under that name until about twenty-five years ago, when it was renamed the Broadway Central. Mr. Wilbraham became proprietor of the hotel in 1915, and made extensive improvements.

Charles B. Van Valen leased for James Robertson the store and basement at 118 Pearl Street, at Hanover Square, to the Nova Tea Room. The lease is for twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of $150,000. This is the fifth downtown tea room opened by the Nova Company.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 1,600 Broadway to Lerner Stores, Inc.

Pease & Elliman leased for David Kramer the store at 82 Beaver Street to the Gem Fountain Company.

PRIVATE DWELLING BUYERS.

Homeseekers Continue to Acquire Manhattan Houses.

L. J. Phillips & Co. sold for Isaac Oppenheimer 31 West Seventy-fourth Street, a four-story dwelling, 20 by 102.2, near Central Park West, held at $45,000. The purchaser will occupy after extensive alterations.

Pease & Elliman sold the four-story dwelling, 25 by 85, at 158 East Forty-fourth Street, for Joseph L. Buttenweiser, to a buyer for business purposes.

Miss Elizabeth B. Sands sold the residence, valued at $80,000, at 31 East Sixty-fifth Street, a four-story structure, 21 by 82.

George W. Sasse sold for Dr. J. Douglas Malcolm 315 West 112th Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 16.8 by 100. The buyer will alter and occupy the building.

George W. Brettell sold for Edward S. Clinch, as executor, to Mrs. M. Brown 149 East 117th Street, a three-story dwelling, 16.8 by 100, for occupancy. This is the first sale of the property in thirty-five years.

Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., sold for the estate of Elizabeth Beck Sands, to a client of Robert M. Bush & Co., 31 East Sixty-fifth Street, a four story and basement dwelling on lot 21 by 82.5. The property was held at $80,000. The purchaser will occupy. No. 39 East Sixty-first Street was erroneously reported yesterday as the house sold.

CHILDREN'S AID BUYS.

Acquires East Side Dwellings for Examination Offices.

For the purpose of providing quarters for the examination of officers of its medical bureau, the Children's Aid Society purchased from Gustave E. Walter the two three-story dwellings at 150 and 152 East Forty-fifth Street, on a plot 37.6 by 100.5, between Lexington and Third Avenues. The transaction was negotiated by Maurice Wertheim and the Brown Wheelock Company.

Mr. Walter bought these properties last March from the Toumey and Bird estates, through Mr. Wertheim, to protect his holdings abutting on Forty-fourth Street, where he owns a plot 75 by 100. The resale to the Children's Aid Society was made subject to an easement over the rear of the Forty-fifth Street property to insure permanent light and air to his buildings in the rear.

Apartment House Sales.

The six-story apartment building, on a plot 50 by 100, at the northwest corner of Pinehurst Avenue and 178th Street, has been purchased by the Ferncliff Building Corporation from Lewis T. Knox, executor.

Isaac Modell and Solomon Lowenstein sold to an investor the six-story tenement, 42 by 100.11, at 247 to 251 East 122d Street.

The Dalton Realty Company resold to Samuel J. Sauer the two six-story flats, 45 by 102.2, at 207 and 209 West Eighty-fifth Street, near Amsterdam Avenue, bought recently from Jane L. Hays.

G. Tuoti & Co. have sold for M. Kohn to an investor the four-story flat at 165 East 108th Street.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd, agents for the Cleveland Apartments, at 126, 128 and 130 East Twenty-fourth Street, deny the reported sale of the property.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff sold for Carl F. Grieshaber a cottage on Dudley Avenue, South New York, to Frances A. Vernon of the Bronx, who will take immediate possession.

The same broker also sold for the Adriance estate the dwelling, on a plot 75 by 172, at 56 Castleton Avenue, at Tompkinsville.

The Scofield house and large tract of land adjoining St. John's Episcopal Church has been sold by the Cornell Real Estate and Auction Company to a New York client.

Westchester Sale Today.

Chauncey B. Griffin & Co. will sell at auction today 133 building plots, each 100 feet wide, in White Plains, N. Y., on Greenridge Avenue, Grand View, Long View, Davis, Lexington and Smith Avenues. The sale will be held on the premises under a large tent.

Real Estate Developers and Salesmen of Suburban Homes

would like to negotiate with some responsible company. M 731 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Absolute Auction

TO-DAY

on premises at 2 P. M., rain or shine

133 CHOICE BUILDING PLOTS

WHITE PLAINS

ON GREENRIDGE AVE.

Grand View, Long View, Davis, Lexington and Smith Aves.

70% on Mortgage for 3 years at 6%.

Chauncey B. Griffen & Co.

Real Estate, Auctioneers.

18 East 41st St., N. Y. C.

Convenient trains leaving Grand Central Station TODAY, Standard Time, 10 A. M., 10:35, 11:30, 11:55; 12:22 P. M., 12:48, 1:07, 1:35, 1:45. Daylight Saving Time is one hour earlier. Buses will meet all trains and take people direct to property.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Wilson's Point

On the shore between Darien & Norwalk

WITH A MILE OF

SHORE FRONT COTTAGE SITES

3 Acre Farm with Attractive Old House Near Shore

FINE SANDY BEACH—SAFE ANCHORAGE FOR BOATS

FIVE MINUTES TO THE STATION AND ONE HOUR TO N. Y.

Take New Haven Railroad to Norwalk, Conn.

Information and road maps from representative on the property, or

HARRIS, VOUGHT & CO.

569 Fifth Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 31

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Money

in sums up to

$500,000

FOR CONSERVATIVE APPLICATION

Choice location—good land value—conservative application. Prompt answer—reasonable charges.

Chas. F. Noyes Co.,

92 WILLIAM ST. PHONE JOHN 2000

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE

PRIVATE DWELLING

Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive.

82D STREET.

Four-story and basement; 14 rooms; possession Oct. 1.

84TH STREET.

Three-story and basement; 10 rooms, 4 baths, electric lights, parquette flooring throughout; immediate possession.

88TH STREET.

Four-story; 14 rooms; 3 baths; immediate possession.

S. L. PAKAS,

21 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 9755.

FOR SALE

with possession, 4 story high stoop and basement, 20 feet wide, pantry and bath extension.

43 EAST 67TH STREET

between Madison and Park Aves. Exclusive nighborhood; reasonably priced. For particulars

DR. G. G. WARD,

Seabright, N. J.

Price $36,000—Rentals $6,240

88th Street, 202 West; 10 families, steam heat and hot water; first mortgage $25,000. GISNEY, 28 Park Row, N. Y. Telephone 8702 Cortlandt.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale to Close Estate

Brooklyn Properties

Dwelling—No. 9 Clermont Avenue.
Dwelling—No. 88 Clermont Avenue.
Dwelling—No. 135 Clermont Avenue.
Dwelling—No. 137 Clermont Avenue.
Store and Flats—No. 175 Willoughby St.
Dwellings—Nos. 201-3 Concord St., 221-5 Gold St., "L-shaped."
Vacant Lot—No. 47 Coney Island Road.
Dwelling—No. 12 Willoughby Avenue.
Store and Flats—No. 378 Myrtle Avenue.
Store and Flats—No. 54 Myrtle Avenue.
Factory—Nos. 29 to 45 Hoyt-ey Street.
Factory—Cor. Kent. Ave. & North 8th St.
INVESTORS, ATTENTION! Brokers Protected. For further information look at properties and address

Young & Metzner Realty Co.,

355 Vernon Avenue

Long Island City, N. Y.

WELL WORTH SEEING.

One of the biggest bargains in Greater New York. New six-room houses, hardwood floors, steam heat, all modern conveniences. Terms to suit you. Long term Metropolitan mortgage; balance like rent. Ready for occupancy. Near cars and subway. Address D 223 Times.

LOTS ALONG THE SUBWAYS

Within 500 feet 22d Av. station, Sea Beach subway, I offer for sale 30 lots on sewered street on which are now building $20,000 houses. Otto Singer, 262 Kings Highway.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Small Country Place

MODERN CITY CONVENIENCES

Express Service—Easy Commuting

50 Minutes From Grand Central.

House contains 8 rooms and 2 baths. In the pink of condition. Glass enclosed sun porch, 30x12, fireplaces, window seats, copper screens and awnings. Spencer hot water heater, excellent water supply, automatic electric pump. Nearly 2 acres, with apples, grapes, asparagus bed, berry bushes. Garage for 2 cars with shower and washing apparatus. Modern poultry house and runs.

Price $16,000; terms reasonable.

J. F. McKEAN, 542 Fifth Ave. Vanderbilt 5375.

The BEST in WESTCHESTER

HOMES—PLOTS—ESTATES—FARMS

ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION

32 East 44th St. Murray Hill 7720

BARGAIN—COLONIAL HOME,

eight rooms, three baths, solidly built, well planned; parkway view, good neighbors; ready to move into; $5,000 cash, balance easy terms. MAXWELL SMITH, 19 Greenacres Av., Hartsdale, N. Y. Tel. White Plains—2350.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

$275 BUYS A LOT

All lots about 20x180 ft.

ELMHURST HILL TOP

Fronting New York & Jamaica Trolley

Corner Queens Boulevard and Old Mill Road. Other lots $400 per lot to $1,000 per lot. No higher priced lots except those fronting Queens Boulevard and corner lots. Terms $15 cash, balance $6 per month; title guaranteed by Title Guarantee & Trust Company. Polite agent on property. Look for our sign.

How to go: At 50th St., Queens Borough Bridge, take Jamaica trolley, get off 454 Queens Boulevard, Elmhurst Hill Top at the corner of Old Mill Road and Queens Boulevard. About one-half mile nearer to New York than Forest Hills and at the top of the hill. E. E. Meacham & Son, Owners, 18 Park Row, New York City. 38 years in the Real Estate Business.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Wilson's Point

On the shore between Darien & Norwalk

WITH A MILE OF

SHORE FRONT COTTAGE SITES

3 Acre Farm with Attractive Old House Near Shore

FINE SANDY BEACH—SAFE ANCHORAGE FOR BOATS

FIVE MINUTES TO THE STATION AND ONE HOUR TO N. Y.

Take New Haven Railroad to Norwalk, Conn.

Information and road maps from representative on the property, or

HARRIS, VOUGHT & CO.

569 Fifth Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 31

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY

4, 5 and 6 Room

New "Garden" Apartments

Jackson Heights

PLAN OF TENANT-OWNERSHIP

OF APARTMENTS

Is the Original Tenant-Ownership Plan

Based on the desire of the average family for a good home in a firmly established residential community at fixed rents that cannot be increased.

"Selected" resident owners enjoy tennis, golf, and all forms of recreational and social activities, and have playgrounds for children.

References Required. For further details call or write

The Queensboro Corporation

Manhattan Office
50 E. 42d St., Cor. Madison Ave.
Telephone Murray Hill 7057

Jackson Heights Office
Opp. 25th St. Subway Station
Telephone Newtown 2361

Take Queensboro Subway at Grand Central Station (Corona Line) direct to 25th Street Station.

22 MINUTES FROM 42d ST.

Buy a home in Arleigh

The New Home Colony

Colonial brick, with heated garage and private driveway; parquet floors, white enamel trim, hot water heat, tiled bath and kitchen; gas, electricity and sewers.

Fifteen Minutes from Grand Central Subway Station. Five Cent Fare.

100 Acres Under Development. Adjoining the New 60 Acre Million Dollar Water Front Park.

Take Queensboro Subway train from Grand Central Subway Station, direct to the property, one block from Ditmars Avenue Station.

Send for photographs, floor plans and particulars. Brokers protected.

100 Houses Now Building. Price $11,000 to $13,000.

Rickert-Brown Realty Co.

Tel. Murray Hill 1190. 52 Vanderbilt Ave.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Come To Garden City's Boulevard Section TODAY

Motor via Jericho Turnpike or Long Island R. R. to Nassau Boulevard Station.

20 NEW HOUSES far below replacement value. 3 bathrooms; about $20,000 each.

Garden City Development Co.

Office Adjoining Nassau Boulevard Station.

Phone Garden City 1154.

$175 BUYS A LOT

New Lincoln Heights No. 1

Fronting the Trolley.

Opposite South Ozone Park, corner Lincoln Avenue and Rockaway Boulevard; other lots from $200 to $375, except in blocks fronting on Rockaway Boulevard; public schools, stores, churches, &c., just across the street; terms $10 down and $1 per week; exceptional values; loans easily obtained; title guaranteed by Title Guarantee & Trust Co.; write for free birdseye view and photograph; go direct; take Fulton Street Elevated train to Grant Ave., change to Traction trolley, get off at Stop 180; agent on property. E. E. Meacham & Son, Owners, 18 Park Row, New York City; 38 years in the real estate business.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS

For rent furnished: New Colonial tapestry brick home. Frontage on entire block. Grounds beautifully landscaped. Two massive living rooms, spacious dining room, breakfast porch and sun parlor. Large airy kitchen with pantry and servants' dining room. Three master bedrooms with two luxurious baths and boudoir on second floor. Two large guest rooms with beautiful bathrooms and storeroom on third floor. Two-car garage contains two servants' rooms with bath. Apply Sage Sales Office on property or 'phone Forest Hills 6200

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Directly on the Ocean

West Hampton Beach

LONG ISLAND

For Rent

with Option to Purchase.

Beautiful four-acre estate fronting directly on the ocean. House completely furnished; six master bedrooms, four baths, four servants' rooms and bath; also two-car garage. This is one of the finest places in West Hampton; was leased by me early in the season; am now unable to occupy.

Phone Rector 9248 or address "Ocean View," P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York, N. Y.

AT SACRIFICE—MUST SELL AT ONCE

MODERN ALL-YEAR HOME

Practically New; Ready to Move Into.

Ideal restricted section; highest elevation in Flushing; 2 blocks from station, 18 minutes from Herald Sq.; beautiful architecture; marble stucco on tile, with garage; 10 rooms; every modern improvement; hardwood finish throughout; parquet floors; mirrored doors, two open fireplaces, 4 large glass and screened porches; hot water heating; planted garden; built by day's labor. Terms to suit; mortgage $15,000. Apply 11 to 6, Owner, 225 West 57th St., 3rd floor. Circle 5228.

BELLROSE

Semi-bungalow. Downstairs, large living room with immense open fireplace, dining room, sun parlor, tiled bath, two large bedrooms. Upstairs, two bedrooms and sleeping porch. Trim and floors oak, beamed ceiling; garage; corner plot; beautiful shrubbery. Only appreciated when seen. Price $14,000; terms to suit. Phone or write for appointment. Edmund D. Purcell, Tyson Building, Floral Park. Tel. 56-M or 125-J Floral Park.

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN

$8,900 buys beautiful $10,400 house; foreclosed site; fine surroundings; near station; half hour Manhattan; large plot; wide boulevard; parquetry, open fireplace, tiled bath, tiled kitchen, artistic decorations; $2,000 cash; easy payments; save brokerage. Telephone OWNER, 6515 Hollis.

WOODMERE, L. I.

Large house with beautiful grounds, corner of Broadway and Meadow Drive, opposite Golf Links, for rent for summer season. Reasonable terms to desirable tenants. Phone Bryant 3175 or apply to local brokers.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

Location exceptional—Building highest type

310 WEST 86TH STREET

Seven Well-Arranged, Spacious Rooms, Three Baths

Only eight will be sold, entitling each tenant owner to one-eighth ownership of entire land and building, with rent free

For full particulars apply

EARLE & CALHOUN

212 West 72nd Street Tel. 5116 Columbus

ENTIRELY NEW PLAN

Insuring increased ownership each year without any rent or assessments

"THE BROADVIEW," 606 WEST 116th ST.

12 Story High Class Apartment House

JUST WEST OF BROADWAY

4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms, $7,000 to $15,000

APPLY ON PREMISES, OR

EARLE & CALHOUN,

212 WEST 72ND ST. TEL. 5116 COLUMBUS

BUY AN APARTMENT AND STOP PAYING RENT

NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING

Just Completed

225 West 71st Street

Immediately West of Broadway

3, 4 & 5 Large Rooms

Ten Apartments have been sold.

No rent. No worries. Permanent.

Excellent Investment.

Apply on premises, or

EARLE & CALHOUN

212 West 72nd St. Tel. Columbus 5116.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GREAT NECK

Owner, going abroad, will rent his house to Oct. 1st. House has six bedrooms and 3 baths, garage, garden, sandy beach. Fronting on Long Island Sound. Immediate possession.

KEHOE & GILLIAR,

1476 Broadway.

Phone Bryant 706 and Great Neck 1.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

ANOTHER BARGAIN.—Am anxious to sell within the coming three weeks my fine Home Property, consisting of pretty house, Old English Architecture, of nine rooms and two tiled baths and two fine sleeping porches, all improvements, and half-acre plot, with fine lawn, garden, flowers and shade trees; easy commuting distance, in heart of Jersey's most beautiful suburban community; near express station and trolley line; $8,500, on easy terms, takes it complete; ready to move into; $5,000 now on first mortgage can remain. PROFESSOR, Post Office Box 1107, City Hall Station, New York City.

LEONIA HEIGHTS, N. J.

Frame house, 8 rooms, hardwood floors; excellent condition. Garage; trees, shrubs, etc.; $9,500. ALSO new house, 7 large rooms, decorated; screens, shades, hardwood floors, etc.; $11,500.

OLCOTT & EGGER,

51 E. 42d St., N. Y. Tel. Mur. Hill 2226

SUNDAY TEL. LEONIA 837

OUT OF TOWN REAL ESTATE.

OWNER MUST SELL

Desirable home in Port Chester, 45 minutes from Grand Central, on main line New Haven Railroad. Well built and finished home in good settled neighborhood on high ground; 10 minutes' walk to station or one-half block to trolley. Plot 52x210 feet, fully improved, nice lawn, shade and abundance of shrubbery; 7 rooms, quarry tile floor in living room and kitchen, tiled bathroom, 4 bedrooms, nice laundry in basement, steam heat, two fireplaces. Price $11,900. Terms arranged. Box P 396 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—For Sale or To Let.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

REDUCED RENTAL

for balance of season

(Open for inspection)

GREENWICH

RIVERSIDE STATION

One acre on water, modern house, fully furnished, 12 rooms, 3 baths; garage, 2 cars.

W. G. BUXTON,

206 W. 14th St., N.Y. Chelsea 2630

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LOFT 25 x 100

SUITABLE FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING AND OFFICE.

106 EAST 19TH ST.

Immediate Occupation.

LEVY & LEVY,

309 Broadway. Tel. 4310 Worth.

12000 SQ. FT. SPACE

All on one floor

Good Light. Mid-town Section.

Immediate Possession.

Principals Only. Apply to

THEO. C. YOUNG—AGENT.

16 E. 42nd St. Murray Hill 8500

45 E. 34TH ST.

For Rent or for Lease

Next to Altman's four lofts 25 by 100, light, airy modern elevator loft, offices for light manufacturing or jobbing. Apply Orange, 729 7th Ave. Phone Bryant 197.

STORES FOR RENT.

269 WEST 42D ST.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Long Term Lease.

JOHN J. MEENAN, INC.,

1966 BROADWAY COLUMBUS 4818

SHOE DISTRICT

DUANE ST.

2 LOFTS 8700 SQUARE FEET 4800 SQUARE FEET

Elevators, heat, excellent light, immediate possession, suitable salesrooms or manufacturing. Rent reasonable.

Durose Co., 156 B'way. Tel. 5180 Cortlandt

OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS TO SUBLET

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED

in Pennsylvania Building, northeast corner 7th Ave. and 31st St., opposite Penn. Station. Apply Superintendent, room 6.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

NEW 17-STORY BUILDING

ENTIRE BLOCK FRONT.

SEVENTH AVENUE

30TH TO 31ST STS., ADJOINING

PENNSYLVANIA STATION

NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE.

ABOUT 20,000 SQ. FT. PER FLOOR.

Unobstructed Light

FOR RENT STORES

OFFICES AND ENTIRE FLOORS

Ideal location for Executive Offices, Financial Institutions or Salesrooms.

NO MANUFACTURING.

Apply to Your Own Broker or

REGENT REALTY COMPANY

33 West 42d Street

OFFICES

Facing Times Square

Apply to Supt.

Putnam Bldg., B'way & 43d St.

or

THEO. C. YOUNG, Agent

16 E. 42nd St., Murray Hill 8500

BRONX.

FORDHAM ROAD

STORES BUILT TO SUIT.

Two blocks west of Webster Ave., south side. Busiest section. Corner Elm Place, 112x115 ft. Ready August 1st. Particulars.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,

149th St. & 3rd Ave. Melrose 3402.

BUSINESS PROPERTY—For Sale or To Let.

16 Story and Basement

Fireroof Building, 50x100.

Two Freight Elevators. Immediate Possession.

JOHN J. MEENAN, Inc.,

1966 B'WAY. COLUMBUS 4818

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Wanted 15-18 thousand SQUARE FEET OF SPACE ON TWO FLOORS

Store and Basement Preferable.

Century Paper Box Co.,

71 GREENE STREET.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MODERN FACTORY

20,000 Square Feet

Sprinkler, steam heat, electric light. For sale or lease.

NOAH CLARK, Inc.,

Specialist in Industrials

837 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn.

Tel. Greenpoint 2000.

NEWARK, N. J.

In the heart of automobile section.

14,200 Sq. Ft. in 3-story modern brick building reinforced by concrete and steel. Steam heat, large elevator (will hold any car); concrete floors, wired for power; fair light. Excellent for manufacturing, storage or garage.

Walter Baker Co. 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

100,000 SQ. FT. 5 story and light basement modern heavy mill constructed brick building, heart of Brooklyn's best labor district. Complete power plant, light all sides, sprinklered throughout; elevator. Convenient terms. Walter Baker Co., 756 Broad St., Newark.

WALTER BAKER CO.,

FACTORY BROKERS.

756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Factories, factory sites, with or without R. R. sidings and dock facilities, New Jersey, Brooklyn, Queens Borough and vicinity.

FACTORIES WANTED.

Wanted to Rent, Large Store Below 42nd Street

for storing and packing purposes, about three or four thousand square feet. S 138 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

39TH ST., 270-272 WEST.

Unfurnished apartments, 5 and 6 rooms, bath and shower; all improvements; electric light, steam heat and telephone; first floor being altered for light business. Inquire on premises or H. V. Mead & Co., 397 5th Av.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LUMBER BARGAIN.

2x4" new ceiling lumber, $35 per M; windows, sash, doors, roofing, pipe, screens; all kinds lumber very cheap.

LEWIS WRECKING CO.,

Westchester 1313.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Two family, 3-story and basement house, 11 rooms, 2 baths, 3 toilets, electricity; only high class tenants considered; rent $200; immediate possession. 250 East 72d. Phone Rhinelander 9837.

FOR SALE.

A little gem, 3-story and basement, with 3 baths, electric light, parquet floors, near West End Av., in the 70s. Earle & Calhoun, 212 West 72d St. Tel. 5116 Columbus.

A FIVE-STORY FLAT, TWO STORES; SITUATED AT 1,248 2D AV., NEAR 65TH ST.; WILL SELL CHEAP. APPLY SILBERSTEIN, 3 EAST 28TH ST.

REAL BARGAIN IN 4-STORY American basement dwelling, near West End Av.; 3-year mortgage; price $26,000.

HAYWARD, Broadway and 100th St.

EAST 61ST ST., $20,500.

17'x60', 4 story and basement, near Third. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 EAST 42D ST.

Brick house, 4-story. See owner, 243 East 81st St. No letters answered.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Absolutely finest two family house in West Bronx, near Fordham Road, 15 spacious rooms; beautifully panneled walls; electricity, parquet floors, steam heat, large porch; renovated and decorated; a perfect home and investment; possession; $6,000 cash, balance easy terms. Call 2502 Bainbridge Av., 2 to 5, or phone Circle 186.

One family, eight-room residence in first class condition; all improvements; on fifty-foot plot with room for garage on Hoe Av., near Freeman St.; exceptional value; price $11,500; agreeable terms. George J. Palmer, 220 Broadway.

NEAR CONCOURSE.

10 rooms, lot 50x100; 2 blocks from Jerome Av. subway or 6th or 9th Av. L, at Kingsbridge Road; garage. Call 2,641 Creston Av., near Kingsbridge Road.

An attached one-family frame dwelling, located in exceptionally good residential section; price $7,000, cash $2,500; possession at once. Alexander Buchwald, 488 East Tremont Av., Bronx.

A beautiful 7-room home; electricity, parquet floors; possession; about $3,000 cash; terms; see 2,448 Webb Av. today (near Fordham Road). Phone Intervale 7190.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

TENANTS TAKE NOTICE.

Group of 8 persons can purchase elegant home for $5,000; cash $1,500; mortgage $3,500; 7 rooms and bath apartment with all the latest improvements; choice location, within one block of the park; splendid transit facilities; any buyer not satisfied in 6 months, their money refunded. Full particulars La Mont & Nethercliff, 175 Sumner Av., Brooklyn. Phone 6055 Bushwick.

For Sale—Attractive pre-war built house and garage; plot 60 by 100; 10 rooms; all modern improvements; inclosed porch, parquet floors, tiled bathrooms, hot water and heat; finest location in restricted section; also some furniture, such as porch set (wicker) and Schonenger upright piano. For further information phone Bensonhurst 1144, 8,710 21st Av., Brooklyn.

2,500 DOLLARS

Will buy new stucco 6-room and enclosed porch one-family house; all improvements, parquet throughout, independent runway for garage; 1,137-1,139 East 13th St.; balance easy terms. Caretaker on premises or phone Cortlandt 3002.

Most beautiful home in Brooklyn, facing Prospect Park, double garage, lot 80x200, newest modern improvements, including Turkish bath room, vacuum system, &c.; must be seen to be appreciated; will sell for 50 per cent. less than building price. Telephone for details. Prospect 6471.

Absolute sacrifice, must sell quick, $10,500; 1,017 East 9th St., Brooklyn, completed new all stucco 7-room one-family detached houses, 2 toilets, latest improvements; open Sunday; week days by appointment only. Telephone owner, 172 Belle Harbor.

For sale or to lease at Sea Gate, N. Y., nine-room stucco house, latest improvements, best heating system, double porches and garage. A. Aronofsky, Laurel and Sea Gate Av., Sea Gate, N. Y.

Large list of one and two family houses; real bargain; near subway; auto service. OTTO SINGER,

Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway.

Six lots in Flatbush between Avenues K and L; plot 60x200; will sell entire plot for $7,000. Thomas A. Murtha, Mamaroneck, New York.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Two houses for sale or rent; immediate possession; 3 minutes from station; 1¼ miles from beach; one hour out; garage. E. Barckhouse, Annadale.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A MOST COMPLETE AND PERFECT HOME 35 minutes from City Hall; fare 10c. Every improvement; built by builder for his own use; fireproof steam-heated garage; large enclosed sun porch; mortgage $6,000; 3 blocks north Pyne Av. station Westchester & Boston Railroad or by auto, Pelham Parkway to Eastchester Road to Boston Post Road to Pyne Av. 5 blocks north; 704 So. 5th Av. Phone Mt. Vernon 687.

LAWRENCE PARK, NEAR STATION. White Colonial clapboard house, slate roof; living room, dining room, kitchen and pantry on first floor; four bedrooms and bath on second floor; two rooms and bath on third floor; all improvements; three porches; plot 75x90; price $16,500; terms to suit.

BURKE STONE, INC.

Bronxville, N. Y. Phone Bronxville 1480.

New Rochelle, N. Y. (Quaker Ridge Station) —Hollow tile and stucco house and garage; 10 rooms, 3 baths, sleeping porch, sun porch; highest class construction; built by owner 5 years ago; about 1¼ acre lot; fruit trees, &c.; $30,000; inspection by appointment only. Frank Hermes, Quaker Ridge, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Hastings-on-Hudson—Thirty-six minutes to Grand Central; 10-room house, native stone and shingle; freshly painted and decorated; beautiful views of river and Palisades; half acre plot; garden, fruit, roses in profusion; for sale at reasonable price; possession Oct. 1. Phone for appointment, Hastings 698.

WHITE PLAINS.

Exceptional opportunity to buy attractive home, convenient to station, with all modern improvements; spacious grounds, large shade trees, flower, vegetable and fruit gardens; price reasonable; terms to suit. 18 Mamaroneck Road. Phone White Plains 227W.

NINE-ROOM COLONIAL HOUSE ON PLOT 90x105; ALL IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING GARAGE; READY FOR OCCUPANCY BY AUG. 1; 32 MINUTES OUT ON HARLEM DIVISION; OWNER WILL TAKE FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE; PRICE $22,500. A 204 TIMES.

Artistic new houses now ready at Pelham Knolls, Pelham Manor, built under Title Co. inspection; prices $18,500 to $30,000. Herkimer, Inc., owner-builder, 25 West 43d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 789 or Pelham 1152.

ONE-FAMILY HOUSE FOR SALE, NEW; Seven rooms, bath, sun parlor, garage; all modern improvements; open fireplace; 10 minutes from Westchester Village, Throggs Neck, N. Y.; lot 50x100; price $10,500; easy terms. Telephone Westchester 1866.

TARRYTOWN, LARGE RESIDENCE. Nine master's rooms, 4 baths, electricity, gas, steam; solidly constructed; good repair; old shade trees, vegetable garden; tennis court; superb view; good location; accept 80% mortgage. Kennard, 541 Lexington Av.

Cottage, 5 bedrooms, hot and cold water, modern plumbing, good bathing and fishing, 2,000 feet elevation, at Mt. Pocono, to rent for month of September. Phone Midwood 5684.

Sherwood Park—Nine-room house, corner; all improv

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

ATTENTION!

New Rochelle—North Av. Section, several splendid plots ranging in size from half acre to two acres; situated in one of the finest residential parks, close to schools, churches, markets and railways; to close an estate these plots will be sold at a price positively below anything in the market, or that has been offered for years; don't overlook this unusual opportunity to offset the cost of building; full information on request.
BRYAN L. KENNELLY, INC.,
Department B,
149 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 1547.

BRONXVILLE.

Hotel Gramatan, country club are near this attractive Colonial clapboard residence; corner plot, 100x100; gas, electricity, vacuum vapor heat; living room 34 feet long, artistic brick fireplace; four master bedrooms; two tiled baths with built-in shower, maid's room and bath; 2 porches; 2-car garage; terms reasonable.
BURKE STONE, INC.
Bronxville, N. Y. Phone Bronxville 1480.

Eight room house with all modern improvements, electric and gas lights, hot water heat. Lot 50x100. Excellent location. Price $11,000.

New, modern, tile and stucco double house. Six rooms and tiled bath each. All modern appliances, electric lights, hot water heat and gas. Desirable location. Price $21,000. The Olivere Agency, 42 North Main St., Port Chester, N. Y.

AN ATTRACTIVE NEW RESIDENCE.

New attractive residence, with large living room, tapestry brick fireplace, dining, butler's pantry and kitchen on first floor, 4 master bedrooms and 2 baths, with built-in shower on second floor; third floor, maids' room and bath and storage room; lot 75x100; price and terms reasonable.
BURKE STONE, INC.,
Phone, Bronxville 1480. Bronxville, N. Y.

JUST COMPLETED AT HARTSDALE.

Only one house left; 6 rooms, 2 baths; 75x100. Greenacre Homes Corporation, 302 Broadway. Telephone Audubon 3525.

Riverview Manor, Hastings—Corner plot, 2½ lots; all improvements paid; ready to build on; sacrifice $1,500; easy terms. Kennington, 416 3d Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Beautiful bungalow sites at picturesque Oscawana Lake, inland from Peekskill; send for descriptive circular. James, 247 West 46th St., N. Y.

Yonkers—New house, seven large rooms; shade trees; restricted property; school nearby. Hall, 185 Lee Av. Yonkers 4737.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$70 PER MONTH.
Put Your Liberty Bonds to Work!
MAKE your savings bank deposit earn 20 per cent.

STOP PAYING RENT.

PAY ONE-THIRD CASH on your home and the balance in 15-year installments no more than rent. AN AVERAGE PAYMENT of $70 per month including principal and interest, will pay off the balance under the terms of the million dollar loan to us by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. IF YOU WANT A HOME do not fail to send for full particulars. Richert-Brown Realty Company, Tel. Murray Hill 1190, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

For Sale—Unusually attractive all-year home, new Colonial brick dwelling, with garage; first floor has large living room, dining room, kitchen; extra toilet and laundry in basement; second floor, 3 bedrooms, tiled bath; inlaid linoleum throughout; white enamel woodwork and mahogany-finished doors; parquet floors throughout; hot-water heat, gas, electricity; sewer, &c.; restricted section; no assessments; 5 minutes' walk to large park and bathing; one block express station, 15 minutes Grand Central, 5-cent fare; $3,000 cash required, balance on terms. For plan and photo call, write or phone J. S. Wyckoff, Jr., Jamaica, N. Y. New York, Room 1814. Phone Vanderbilt 7567.

Bargain—Pretty Colonial house on terrace, East Elmhurst, L. I., two blocks to trolley, short walk to elevated lines, restricted section; eight rooms, bath and extra lavatory; large sun porch, glassed, screened; open porch overlooking Flushing Bay; steam heat, instant hot water system; modern improvements; screens, storm windows; new one-garage; cement driveway; $14,000. Phone Newtown 1877J or Hanover 6027.

For Sale, at Farmingdale, L. I.—Two big bargains; two houses containing 6 rooms and all improvements; grounds 100x300, planted, fruit trees, 10 minutes from station; price $5,500 and $5,200; one has mortgage of $2,000, one has mortgage of $3,300. Address Box 13, Farmingdale, L. I., or telephone 102, Farmingdale. Can be bought separately.

AT FLORAL PARK,

30 minutes by electric trains; new, well-built Colonial type; six rooms and bath; water, electric heat, gas; steam fireplace; double floors; good location; four blocks from station; immediate possession; $8,800. A. H. Goldsmith, P. O. Bldg. Phone 259 Floral Park.

CLOSING OUT ESTATE.
BEAUTIFUL FLORAL PARK.

Eight-room house; honestly worth $16,000, can be bought for $12,500; modern conveniences; only 35 minutes from Pennsylvania station; refined neighborhood; fruit trees; flower garden. Please address administrator, B 1034 Times Harlem.

FOREST HILLS, $25,000.

Beautiful Colonial home, 7 rooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch; garage; large plot.
KEW GARDENS, $32,000.

Stucco home, large corner plot, 8 rooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch; garage.
Mrs. Dowd, Murray Hill 1429.

Sneciliff—Rent, nine large rooms, bath, extra lavatories and toilet; newly decorated and furnished; seven minutes station; ocean beach; large veranda, grounds; excellent commutation; $800 season. Telephone Glencove 1117.

For sale, elegant two-family, unfinished attic; steam, electric; porcelain plumbing; enclosed porches; screens and storm windows; garage; $15,000. G. L. Miller, 27 20th St., Elmhurst. Phone 2026M Newtown, Long Island.

AT BEAUTIFUL GARDEN CITY.

Only $5,000 cash required for this charming Colonial home, 7 rooms and 3 baths, open fireplace; best construction; large plot, trees, shrubs, flowers; 33 minutes to New York or Brooklyn. Telephone Mr. D. F. Miller, Vanderbilt 8873.

$2,500 cash and small monthly payment will buy my new Colonial home; 7 rooms, tiled bath, steam heat; plot 60x100, in restricted home section; 26 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; $12,500. Arthur Deam, 437 5th Av., Murray Hill 4857.

Modern house, all improvements; three minutes station, 30 minutes New York; beautiful surroundings. Apply Owner, Harvey Small, 865 West 118th St. Tel. 2734 Morningside.

ATTRACTIVE BARGAINS.

Beautiful homes, well built, nearly completed, located best section Jamaica, every improvement, price $10,500 upwards, terms. M. J. 1,465 New York Av., Brooklyn. Mansfield 4795.

A real home, 6 rooms, bath, extra lavatory; semi-bungalow construction; surrounded by beautiful homes; at electric station; 38 minutes from Broadway; occupancy Aug. 1; $9,000; $1,500 cash; opportunity of the season. D 179 Times.

KEW GARDENS HOUSE.

hollow tile, stuccoed, 9 rooms, 2 baths; inclosed porch, plate glass windows, bronze screens, oak floors throughout; large corner plot; immediate possession. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6896.

KEW GARDENS — CORNER HOUSE, WHITE STUCCO, NINE ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION; WILL BE COMPLETED AUG. 1. PHONE 4870 MADISON SQUARE.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

Small house for small family, stucco, tiled roof, 7-room, bath, screens, shades, telephone; immediate possession; $15,500. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6896.

Bargain, $13,500; Young estate, Westbury; new Colonial dwelling, 8 rooms, 2 baths; double garage; large grounds; strictly high class; open to inspect; Maple, near Ellison Av. Henry Pierson. Telephone 260.

Douglaston—Seven minutes' walk from station; eight rooms, three baths; two-car garage, bedroom and bath; one acre water front; fine trees, vegetables, flowers; for sale. Tel. 29 Bayside.

Good Ground—Ideal waterfront house, 16 large rooms, 4 baths; 13 acres; might divide. Thomas Nugent, 223 East 80th St., or your own broker.

$8,750—No. 3 Lewis St., Jamaica, 2-family brick dwelling, 11 rooms; all improvements. Nejer & Light, 363 Fulton St., Jamaica. Telephone 97 Jamaica.

Long Beach—Five-room furnished bungalow, improvements; rent $500. Call on M. Perlegy, N. Y. Av. and Beech St., West End. Bus from station.

Long Beach plot, Walnut St., Riverside Boulevard, for sale; reasonable terms; make offer. Owner, 715, 1,480 Broadway.

For Sale—Elmhurst, 2 houses, each on plot 50 by 100, in best section. Telephone Newtown 229 W.

ST. ALBANS—26 minutes to Pennsylvania Station; house bargains. Dellano-Smith Co., Inc. 437 5th Av., Murray Hill 4857.

Great Neck—Unfurnished house to lease for 2 years, $2,500 per year; 15 rooms, 4 baths, 2-car garage. Phone Great Neck 452.

Plot 60x100, prominent corner Kissena Park for sale at reasonable price. A 547 Times.

Dellano-Smith Co., Inc., 437 Fifth Avenue. Murray Hill 4857.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful Summer home in Kittatinnies, two hours from New York; 165 acres; boating and fishing; excellent for private home, Summer camp or tourist resort. For details write W. W. L., 100 Washington Square, New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

BUNGALOW.

Just completed at Lincoln Park, N. J., 35 minutes' ride on D., L. & W. R. R., built by architect for own use, of finest materials throughout, with all improvements on plot 100x167, at good elevation, with beautiful surroundings; an ideal home for small family. Particulars from owner, F. S. Quinn, Jr., at office, 245 West 36th St., New York City.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

$2,500 down buys new 6-room house and all improvements and driveway and garage space in restricted neighborhood only four minutes' walk from Lackawanna R. R. Station and thirty minutes from New York. Increased rent you're asked will pay for this house; your original rent will meet all carrying charges. C. C. Lurich & Co., 4 9th St., Newark, N. J., opposite Roseville Station.

AVON, N. J.

For sale, a bargain, immediate possession, twelve-room house, two baths, gas, electricity; laundry; hardwood floors; large veranda; portecochere; large garage, with five rooms; beautiful lawn, tennis court; lot 150x150 feet; one block from ocean. Inquire B. H. Obert, 711 Asbury Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

IDEAL HOME.

35 minutes ride on D., L. & W. R. R., built by owner at Lincoln Park, N. J., six rooms and bath, three good bedrooms and laundry; all improvements; an all year round country home; good elevation; beautiful surroundings; half-acre plot; particulars from owner, C. Quinn, Jr., at office, 245 West 36th St., New York City.

Lovely 6-room home, $2,000 cash, bal. $5,000, terms; heat, electricity, gas, parquet, sewers, paved street; near station, stores, &c.; 2 railroads; ½ hour Manhattan; 5c. commutation. Clara Henschel, 142 Overpeck Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phones 940J Hackensack, 5758 Rector.

CALDWELL, NEW JERSEY.

New 9-room servantless house ready for occupancy; located Marshall St., between Park and Smull Avenues; all improvements, including electricity, steam heat, open fireplaces, hardwood floors, sun porches. See Agent on premises, or call Caldwell 410 R.

Ridgefield Park, N. J.—Handsome home, corner, 100x100; finest and highest location; 8 minutes to station; 10-room house; modern improvements; garage, chicken house, fruit, grapes and shrubbery; bargain; $5,000 cash, balance easy terms. Schilling, 165 Bergen St.

Maplewood, N. J.—Attractive one family house; immediate possession; 10 rooms and 2 baths; high location; plot 60 by 150; all improvements; screens and awnings; good condition; must sell; asking $17,500. Address Owner, H. Cecil Berry, 189 Market St., Newark, N. J. Phone 4023 Market.

Monrose section, 90 Sterling Av., Orange, convenient to Mountain station, Lackawanna Railroad and Newark trolley; 11 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; residence, garage; immediate possession; terms if desired; $12,000; inspect today.

Montclair—Seven rooms, bath, attic, frame, plot 100x125; steam heat, hot-water heater; near schools and Lackawanna Station; $14,000; immediate possession; seen only Saturday, 2-5; Sunday, 10-5. 11 Gardner Place. Special appointment, South 7.

BERNARDSVILLE, N. J.

Sale remarkably fine house, excellent location, 12 rooms, modern improvements; large plot; will buy this estate $5,000 on cost of duplicate; terms, possession as desired. C. W. Alpaugh, Bernardsville.

Factory site for sale, 27,500 square feet, located in Jersey City, between two paved streets and Penn. R. R. of N. J. track; good soil, no piling, no surplus excavation; near freight depot. S 124 Times.

At Elberon—18-room dwelling; sell low close estate; furnished or unfurnished; 3 acres, garage, cottage. Executor, 150 Nassau St., Room 1110.

Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., 20 minutes Hudson Terminal; will sacrifice two lots in built-up section for quick sale. Phone Schuyler 9100. Apt. 409.

To Rent—Spring Lake, furnished 8-room cottage and bath, for season; garage; moderate rental. H. H. Moore, Spring Lake, N. J. Telephone 68.

Fine two-family brick house, on Boulevard; all improvements; $13,000; 15 min. walk from Summit Av. tube station. G. F. Foth, 3,269 Boulevard, Jersey City.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

At Redding, Conn.—10 acres land, brook, 10-room house with porch, studio, good-sized barn with space for car, chicken house, plenty of shade trees, 2¾ miles from station, $6,000. Address Harry A. Lounsbury, Redding, Conn.

Greenwich, Conn.—Rent furnished house; five master's rooms, two baths, two servants' rooms, bath, garage, garden, two sleeping porches. Telephone 948 Party R., Greenwich.

Commodious Shore cottage, bathing, boating, fishing; commuting. Phone Norwalk 1432. Mrs. W. Thomas, South Norwalk.

New Hampshire—For Sale or To Let.

Attractive and comfortable Summer or all year round home at Littleton, N. H., in the White Mountains, 7½ acres, large house, with all modern improvements, including large furnace, city water and electric light, garage, magnificent view of Presidential Range, Lafayette, etc. Descriptive pamphlet and information on application to Henry B. Newhall, 90 West St., New York.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted to buy a 7-room house, garage and some ground; good neighborhood, in Flushing, Jamaica, Hempstead or vicinity; prefer well-built old house which could be remodeled; must be a bargain. Answer full particulars. C. D. Froelich, 1,133 Broadway, N. Y. Phone Watkins 9700.

Wanted to Buy—Modern 7 or 8 room house, brick preferred, with efficient heating plant, conveniently located; Garden City, Hempstead or Westbury preferred. J. P. Davies. Phone Garden City 1454W.

Wanted to Buy—Seven or eight room house, brick or tile construction, with good heating plant, vicinity of Forest Hills, at reasonable price. Z 2082 Times Annex.

Private Dwelling wanted, north 60th St., east or west side; about $18,000; all cash, if necessary. McLean Paint Co., 411 West 41st St.

Wanted—Small building, two or three stories, for warehousing and manufacturing purposes; below 42d Street; good light and freight elevator essential. S 143 Times.

OUT OF TOWN REAL ESTATE.

For Rent—25,000 square feet of modern factory space, recently equipped with a new heating plant; plenty of light; open on all sides; two private sidings; Penna. and Phila. & Reading R. R.; can be rented at one-third the cost of factory space in New York. Henry G. Hodges, Reading, Pa.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

178 acres Columbia County fruit and stock farm for sale or exchange; what have you to offer? For particulars, address Small & Company, Inc., 452 5th Av. Phone Murray Hill 1779.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FIVE-ACRE POULTRY FARM

50 miles from N. Y.; situated in town of 6,000 population; variety of bearing fruit trees, barn, garage; one cow, 100 chickens; modern chicken house for 1,500 chickens; land all planted; 7-room house, all improvements; price $9,000, terms. Inquire Bakery, corner 19th, 7th Av.

For Sale—Commuter's farm, 7 acres, 9-room house; improvements; fruit; easy terms. R. Schmidt, Montvale, N. J.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Brooklyn.

$175 for entire Summer; quaintest, coolest spot in New York City; yard 130x130 feet, trees, lawn, flowers, garden; 15 minutes from Wall St.; 25 minutes from Coney Island; stores convenient; best section; 12-room frame house; fully furnished; all improvements; entirely window screens. Call Saturday, June 26, 5 to 8 P. M., 1,273 Pacific St., or phone Bedford 8521.

Westchester County.

Pelham Manor—Cool, comfortable suburban home, furnished; 6 bedrooms, 3 baths, piazzas 3 sides; dining, living and sleeping porches; 2-car garage with man's room above; one acre, lawn, shrubs, flowers and fruit; Summer season: $400 monthly. 959 Edgewood Av. Telephone Pelham 2137 or at office, Rector 4717.

Bungalows—4, 3 and 2 rooms; also furnished tents, 10x16, by the week or season; two minutes from station, 45 minutes to 42d St.; fishing, boating, outdoor sports. C. R. Blenis, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.

New Rochelle—For rent for Summer, seven-room house in residence park; well furnished; large screened porch, garage, garden, shade trees and lawn; ideal Summer house. Telephone 827-W New Rochelle.

New Rochelle—Seven-room cottage, completely furnished; July to Sept. 8; everything comfortable; convenient for commuter. Fenton, 11 Cleve Road. Telephone 228-W.

Scarsdale—House, 8 rooms, attractively furnished; garage. Telephone Scarsdale 280M. Kling.

Long Island.

To Rent—Part of 12-room cottage for housekeeping; separate kitchen and dining room; near beach and depot; ideally situated. Call 1 Hilton Av., Far Rockaway, or phone 279 F. R.

Bungalows, new, ocean front, 5 rooms and bath, modern improvements; near station; very reasonable. Phone Chelsea 7410, or call at South Beach 30th St., Edgemere, L. I.

For Rent—Nine-room house, furnished, for the season, $300; nicely located within stone's throw of Branchport Station; or will sell unfurnished. Wheaton, 127 Washington St., Long Branch, N. J.

For Rent at Great Neck, Long Island, for two or three months, 8-room house on 2-acre plot overlooking Manhasset Bay; sandy beach; 2 car garage. Telephone Great Neck 433.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Long Island.

FURNISHED HOME, 25 minutes from Penn. Station, North Shore, L. I.; four master bedrooms, two servants, three baths; large living and other rooms; two-car garage; five minutes from station; large grounds, wonderfully shaded; three months, $1,500; references important. Tel. Beekman 7936 for appointment.

New furnished bungalows for rent at Neponsit, L. I.; large plot of ground; 6 rooms, bath, separate shower. Apply Neponsit Av., cor. 147th St.; 5 minutes' ride from Rockaway Park station, via trolley, or Brooklyn office, 133 Remsen St. Phone Main 1675.

For Rent—House completely furnished, with linen and silver if desired, by month or season; one mile from Roslyn, Long Island; commuting distance from Roslyn or Manhasset; 5 master rooms, 4 bathrooms, 2 car garage. Telephone 132 Roslyn, Mrs. James P. Curtis.

North Shore, Long Island—Colonial house furnished, large rooms, 3 baths, 2-car garage, garden, fruit, &c.; near station; half acre of land; within 20 miles of city; rent for July and August. Owner, Room 801, 30 Broadway, New York City.

Far Rockaway bungalow and garage; furnished; 5 rooms, bath, hot water, gas, electricity, for rent; just built; on ocean; Simmis Beach; desirable tenants sought. Seymour Realty Corp., 165 Beach 4th St. Phone Far Rockaway 4085.

East Rockaway—Large seven-room furnished house; improvements; screened-in porch; July-Aug.; $150 a month; near station; boating, bathing and fishing; no Sundays. S. G. Ryder, 56 Ryder Av.

Park, L. I.

Bungalows, furnished, six, seven rooms and bath, electric light; rent $450 to $700 season. Phone Lynbrook 728J. Write or call Effie Klein, Bay Front and New York Av., Long Beach, L. I.

RICHMOND HILL—Furnished cottage, fully screened; wide, shady lawn, garden, sleeping porch; near stations, trolleys, public golf course, tennis; till Labor Day, $200. 5,604 114th St. Phone 228-R Richmond Hill.

Bungalow for rent, 2 large rooms, overlooking ocean; Blue Point, L. I. For particulars write A. Schadow, 49 No. 3d Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

At Ocean Beach, Fire Island, furnished bungalow, directly on ocean; open fireplace; for July, $150; reference required. Wilcox, 984 Morningside, or agent, Ocean Beach.

New furnished house, beside ocean, corner Wyoming Av., West Long Beach; six rooms and bath; rent reasonable. Telephone Long Beach 9th Av.

Six-room house, beautifully furnished, near station; also a 4-room bungalow on beach; can be seen at Tweedys Court, Beach 109th St., Bungalow No. 3, Rockaway

GREAT NECK—Furnished 10-room house; screened porch; garage; convenient to station; $225 per month; July and August or August. Telephone Great Neck 486.

Long Beach—Charming bungalow, newly furnished; all city improvements; near station. 159 West Fulton St. Phone Long Beach 222.

BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, OYSTER BAY, furnished, for season, 12 rooms, 2 baths; garage; large screened porches; residential section. Tel. 267 Oyster Bay. Phipps.

Bungalow to sublet; 5 rooms and bath; on Shore Boulevard, Manhattan Beach; terms very reasonable. Address O. Greenberger, 368 Broome St. Tel. Canal 5370.

Comfortably furnished cottage, garage, half block from ocean; rent July 3 to Labor Day, $250; two blocks from Lacka wanna Station; rent $100 per month. Tel. Orange 5758-R.

Furnished, 5 large rooms and bath, screened porch, Passaic, N. J.; half hour New York; rent to October $225. Heron, 502 Clifton Av., Clifton, N. J. Telephone Bryant 9500.

Morristown—House, elaborately furnished; 12 rooms, five baths, library, billiards, electric; large lawns, gardens, orchard, all fruit; pasture. Doctor, 353 West 24th. Chelsea 1166.

Ridgewood, 180 Highland Av.; floor, 4 rooms, pantry, bath, improvements; garage, garden planted; $65. Phone Schuyler 9653.

ALLENHURST—Just purchased, modern 11 rooms, 3 baths; fully furnished; beautiful grounds; season, $1,500. Call, address Haffner, Cedar and Lake Drive.

DEAL BEACH, N. J.

Select accommodations for families, with board. Sydney Av., opposite Hathaway Inn. Box 348, Allenhurst, N. J.

Asbury Park—Well furnished, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, near ocean, July 15 to Sept. 15, earlier if desired; price $1,000. M. 723 Times Downtown.

Modern cottage, near ocean, lake and river; season 1920. A. Q. Coles, Avon, N. J. Phone 1741.

To married couple, will rent for month of July, beautifully furnished house in New Jersey; all conveniences; spacious grounds; rent $100. Phone Hackensack 1420-J.

To rent, until late Fall, delightful home, furnished, all conveniences, near golf club. Address George M. Denny, Denville, N. J.

Bungalows—3 rooms, furnished, Keansburg Beach, month or season. Phone 1077 Longacre.

Connecticut.

$475, July-August; Saybrook, Conn.; charming home overlooking Sound; 11 rooms; rugs; electricity; garage, garden. Converse, 20 Broadway.

New Hampshire.

Lake Shore Property for Sale—80 acres on a fine New Hampshire lake; pine woods; two houses, barns, boat house; ice and cut wood; under 5 hours by auto from Boston. A. W. Balsh, 1 Madison Av., N. Y. C.

Maine.

MOOSEHEAD LAKE, MAINE.

Summer cottage on lake shore, facing mountains; large, fully furnished seven chambers, bathroom, hot and cold water; spring water; bathing; through Pullmans to lake; trout, salmon and togue; daily mail and steamer service; to rent for $600 with privilege of purchase in September; rental may apply against purchase; rental includes canoes, dory, ice, fuel and complete equipment; references. Photographs and particulars, F. S. Snyder, 53 Blackstone St., Boston.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

55th St., 49 West—Basement for exclusive business, suitable for dressmaker or milliner.

To lease, desirable space, suitable for office, showroom and storage; about 8,740 sq. ft. Apply G. A. Miller, Inc., 64 Reade St., N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES TO LET.

Large and small, $30 and up; suitable for photographer, architect, lawyer's office, chiropodist, light manufacturing, manicuring parlor or show rooms; immediate possession; southwest corner of Broadway and Manhattan St. Apply to supt. on premises. Phone Morningside 9004.

TELEPHONE SERVICE FREE.

Rolltop desk in private office, $20; private office, $50 monthly; also room next to freight elevator for shipping; all conveniences, 59 4th Av., 4th floor, opposite Wanamaker's. Tel. Worth 260.

SMALL OFFICE, 315 SQUARE FEET, 43D ST. NEAR 5TH AV.; EXCELLENT LIGHT; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; ONE TO THREE YEARS' LEASE.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
51 East 42d St. (15). Vanderbilt 433.

Office for rent in highest class office building in New York City; best location downtown; every facility afforded; furnished or unfurnished; absolute references. A 737 Times Downtown.

800 square feet of space, suitable for office work or for manufacturing business; electric elevator; immediate possession; price reasonable for quick action. See Wm. H. Baltzell Co., 313 Broadway.

OFFICE FOR RENT.
Guarantee Trust Co.—New Building, 5th and 44th St.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 E. 42d St.
Phone Murray Hill 8513.

6th Av., 663 (Near 38th St.)—Building for rent for term of years; apply on premises. 466 7th Av., 4th floor, for term of years; apply on premises. Daylight lofts for rent, 464 6th Av.; apply on premises.

Light loft to let, facing two streets, 23x85 feet; steam heat, electric elevator; good for manufacturing; apply on premises. Nathan Engelhardt, 48 Canal St., N. Y. C.

Art studio, large room, nigh ceilings; suitable for picture gallery, antiques or scenario purposes. 637 Madison Av., corner 59th St. See Supt.

Small office to rent for desirable tenant; telephone and stenographic service. Room 1204, 280 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 738.

To lease—9,300 square feet, reinforced concrete building; centre of the Williamsburg labor market; good shipping facilities. Arthur B. Gratman, 212 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Desk room for rent in attorney's office; first-class office building on Broadway, near Cortlandt St.; desire quiet tenant only. M. 762 Times Downtown.

Beautifully furnished offices facing Bryant Park; also desks, stenographer, desk phones; every convenience. 720 6th Av., corner 42d.

Offices, beautifully furnished; two light outside corner rooms; 8th Av.-40th; stenographic service optional. Information, Murray Hill 1779.

OFFICE SPACE FIRST FLOOR UP, OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, 18 VESEY ST.

Loft, 36 x 80, 137 Grand St., immediate possession, manufacturing. Rhinelander 9637.

Light loft, 2,000 feet, 144 West 18th; elevator, heat. Bryant Park Leasing Co., 47 West 42d. Vanderbilt 654.

Office, 14x26, fronting on Broadway; rent $100. Apply Room 1526, St. James Bldg., 1,133 Broadway. Watkins 8815.

Large loft, light and airy; good for office or factory. Inquire R. Cascardo, 51 Little West 12th St.

Desk with telephone service downtown attractive cool office; reasonable. Room 218, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

Office space up to 600 sq. ft., suitable for any occupation. 11 East 35th St. Telephone Vanderbilt 8231.

Store for rent. 466 7th Av. Apply on premises.

Deskroom to let; Times Square. A 234 Times.

Stores and lofts to rent in desirable location. Hadden Smith, 460 Tremont Av., Bronx.

Light lofts, suitable engravers or business where light is essential. 42 Duane.

Offices, studios, all sizes; excellent; light and transit facilities. Watkins 5086.

Desk room, elegantly furnished office; best location downtown. A 736 Times Downtown.

Desk room in front office. Room 806, 1,482 Broadway.

Store, 17x85, southeast corner 51st St. and Broadway. Inquire in restaurant.

Store and lofts; immediate possession. 139-143 West 24th. Agent on premises.

40th, 66 West—Light basement for high class business or studio apartment.

Office sublet—599 Broadway, 2 years, $750. Call Room 1,211, Lenox or Franklin 4277.

Desk Room, corner office; seen to be appreciated. 109 Broad, Room 605.

Store and basement; very busy corner; 42 Duane, corner Lafayette. Worth 2516.

Office at 145 West 45th St. Particulars 503 World Bldg. Phone Beekman 8386.

Bronx.

STORES TO RENT, corner stores, 945 East 163d, corner Kelly, Supt. on Philip Meyrowitz, 198 Broadway, Corl. 3661.

Miscellaneous.

Parlor B for rent in the Grand Union Hotel, Saratoga Springs, for the entire racing season; entrance from veranda as well as from hotel lobby; suitable for broker's office or high class business. P. M. Freese, 251 5th Av., New York City. Phone Madison Square 4460.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted—Part store with show window; downtown section. Fox, 1200 Tribune Building.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., near 29th St. (4TH AV. HOTEL)—2 sunny rooms and bath, handsomely furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; SUMMER RATES: $15 weekly, $60 monthly.

12TH, 4 EAST—Three large rooms, large bath, kitchenette; vacant now. Apply janitor.

12TH ST., 4 EAST—Sacrifice Summer, unusual two rooms, bath, housekeeping facilities. Lenox.

15TH, 103 EAST—Five outside rooms; eastern-southern exposure; elevator, telephone. Apartment 84.

16TH ST. AND STUYVESANT SQUARE East, (9 Livingston Place)—5 rooms, all light, airy, overlooking square, $60 a month until October. See janitor.

19TH, 146 EAST—Private house, parlor floor, until November, two rooms, kitchen, bath, garden; $150 month. Stuyvesant 6374.

EAST ORANGE, N. J.—For rent, July, August and possibly September, beautifully furnished modern six-room apartment; cool, airy, quiet neighborhood; grand piano, Victrola; two blocks from Lackawanna Station; rent $100 per month. Tel. Orange 5758-R.

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27TH ST., 125 EAST—HOTEL SENTON—APTS 2 ROOMS AND BATH, FURNISHED, $50 MONTH; HOTEL SERVICE; BLOCK FROM SUBWAY; $17.50 WEEKLY.

27TH ST., 126 EAST—Housekeeping apartment, 5 rooms and bath; Summer, $100. Tel. Madison Square 6381.

29TH, 103 EAST.

Three rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished; southern exposure; very sunny; sublet to October with privilege of re-leasing.

30TH (Corner Lexington Ave., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $36 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 4 EAST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, quiet, cool, completely furnished, grand piano, immediate possession, $75. Phone Lenox, Madison Square 3967, or call.

37TH, 142 EAST—Until October, living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette, comprising entire floor. Apply housekeeper.

54TH STREET, 7 EAST.

Attractive large living room, bedroom, bath; maid, valet service; breakfast, piano, victrola; Summer or longer. Plaza 4998.

55TH, 37 EAST—Beautiful floor, large rooms, bath, kitchenette; seen any time.

57TH ST., EAST—Two-room, bath, kitchenette. Telephone Circle 4198.

58TH, 1 EAST—Apartment to sublet; furnished; July until October 1; reasonable; restaurant in house. Apt. 501.

58TH, 35 EAST—Summer; large, airy studio, bedroom, bath, private roof. Heustis.

60TH ST., 138 EAST—Beautiful two-room, bath and real kitchen for Summer months or longer. Phone Lenox 165.

61ST, 47—Between Madison & Park Avenues, three rooms, bath and kitchenette, to sublet furnished during occupancy; to October 1, 1920; rental, month $175. Apply Supt. on premises. O. Johnson or Z. D. Berry, tenant, 188 Montague St. Phone Main 486.

64TH, 103 EAST—Two bedrooms, hall, foyer, living room, kitchen, butler's pantry, and additional maids' rooms; exclusively furnished; will be sublet only to very reliable people who can submit references. Apply to Superintendent.

66TH, 64 EAST—Very cool; windows north and south; 10th floor; four rooms, apartment very well furnished; rent $175. Tel. Lenox 2766.

93D ST. (Corner Madison Av.)—Apartments; beautifully furnished corner suite, 2 rooms, bath; $50 per room, bath up. Hotel Ashton.

96TH, 111 EAST (near Park Av.)—4 rooms, all improvements; till October or longer. Phone Lenox 702. Richter.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON.

Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartments; 1 room and bath, $50 up; 2 rooms, bath, $75 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

APARTMENTS — ALL SIZES; PRICES RIGHT; SUMMER BARGAINS; OCTOBER LEASES. RAILING REALTY CO., 270 PARK AV. TEL. 7914 MURRAY HILL.

FIFTH AND PARK, IN 70S.

Co-operative apartments, $15,000. Six spacious rooms and three baths.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 E. 42D ST.

GRAMERCY PARK.

Acceptable tenant may enjoy exceptionally charming apartment and park. Summer, $150 monthly, less than unfurnished rental, by immediately telephoning Gramercy 6193.

GRAMERCY PARK.

Ideal for Summer; cool, convenient, complete. Telephone 6193 Gramercy.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

GRAMERCY PARK—Stud

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

40TH, 66 WEST—Large room for studio or living; references.

47TH, 106 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, with and without baths or showers; writing, smoking, lounge, billiard rooms.

48TH ST., 46 WEST—Suite for gentleman only in physician's private residence, $100.

51ST, 11-13 WEST—Double rooms; board optional.

52D, 8 WEST—Beautiful double room; running water; near bath; $16 weekly.

53D, 37 WEST—Single and double rooms; refurnishing.

55TH, 46 WEST—Large room, private bath; reference required.

55TH ST., 34 WEST—Light room, bath, kitchen privilege if desired; electric. Argersinger.

55TH, 59 WEST (Corner Broadway)—Large room; all conveniences; elevator apartment; 6th floor, west.

58TH ST., 31 WEST—Large, airy, comfortably furnished room; private family; gentleman.

59TH, 66 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY; $14-$12.

70TH, 219 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; BATH, ELECTRICITY.

70TH, 40 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR AND BEDROOM; TWIN BEDS; ELECTRICITY; KITCHEN PRIVILEGE; $20.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large, attractive room, private bath, electricity; business people; reference.

70TH, 130 WEST—Small room, hot water, adjoining bath; high class; gentleman or business woman.

70TH, 236 WEST—Large room, running water, adjoining bath; by day or week. Phone Columbus 251.

70TH, 214 WEST—Attractive room, running water, electricity; business people; references.

70TH, 200 WEST—Nicely furnished rooms; also suite of two rooms; business people only. Apt. 1S.

71ST, 278 WEST—Two bright, pleasant single rooms, fully furnished; convenient location.

71ST ST., 37 WEST.

Select house; large, cool rooms; private baths; modern furnished; single; lavatories; electricity.

(71ST), 237 WEST END AV.

BEAUTIFUL ROOM, BATH, SHOWER; SUITE; FRONT ROOM; REASONABLE.

71ST, 61 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SINGLE ROOMS, $7.

71ST, 324 WEST—Modern single room, bath, shower, $10; private home; gentleman.

71ST, 273 WEST—Opportunity to obtain large or small room; private house.

72D (Near Central Park West)—Private family will rent large, exclusively furnished room, with private bath and shower; suitable married couple or business people; also single room. Phone Columbus 5289.

72D, 245 WEST—Beautiful, large rooms, splendid location, refined surroundings; Summer rates.

72D, 312 WEST (Riverside Drive)—Room, bath, shower; telephone; woman; $10. Schwartz.

72D (West End)—Large rooms; suite, $60-$75; gentlemen. Telephone Columbus 806.

73D, 152 WEST.

Newly furnished and redecorated, exceptionally large rooms, high ceilings, hardwood floors. Oriental rugs, private baths, for bachelors.

73D ST., WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, ATTRACTIVE FRONT ROOM WITH BATH, SPACIOUS CLOSETS; LARGE PRIVATE HOUSE; ELEVATOR, &C. BREAKFAST. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 658.

73D, 140 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, $12; SINGLE ROOM, $7.

73D, 167 WEST—Large light airy room for one or two; breakfast.

74TH, 57 WEST—Medium front room; large room; one flight; private bath.

74TH, 116 WEST—Large and small room; private house; gentleman only.

74TH, 45 WEST—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SINGLE ROOM, $5.

74TH, 145 WEST—Large room, private bath, suitable two; plenty closets; references.

74TH, 144 WEST—Sublet large room, for one or two; running water.

75TH, WEST—Choice, attractive, front room or small two-room suite, private apartment, all conveniences; references. Columbus 1714.

75TH, 102 WEST—Handsomely furnished, really comfortable; box springs, hair mattresses; running water; elevator; Summer rates. Apt. 61.

75TH, 102 WEST—Attractively furnished, cool room, lavatory; reference. Wheeler, Apt. 72.

75TH, 2 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, ELECTRICITY; $10 UP.

76TH, 56 WEST—Attractive room, one with bath, electricity; reasonable; reference.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive cool rooms, running water, refined surroundings.

77TH, 116 WEST—Large cool room, suitable two or three; select house.

78TH, 327 WEST—Large room, with private bath; will serve breakfast. Phone 8746.

78TH, 112 WEST—Large front room, bath adjoining; private house. Schuyler 4093.

80TH, 150 WEST—Large, sunny room for couple or two business women; all conveniences; kitchenette privilege; references. Apt. AD.

80TH, 122 WEST—Large airy room; all modern conveniences; quiet surroundings; gentleman.

80S (West End)—Elegantly furnished, large connecting rooms; private baths. Schuyler 5605.

80TH, 128 WEST.

Vacancies.

81ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms with use of bath for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

81ST ST., 123 WEST—One and two rooms and connecting; furnished or unfurnished.

81ST, 135 WEST—Desirable large and medium rooms, running water; 1, 2; telephone.

82D, 24 WEST—Medium, cool, comfortable rooms; electricity; refined surroundings; references.

82D, 157 WEST—Neatly furnished rooms; private baths; electricity, telephone; Summer rates.

83D, 106 WEST—Two front rooms, separate beds, electricity, all conveniences. Hughes.

83D, 5 WEST—Delightfully cool, large, small rooms; excellent table; every convenience.

84TH, 53 WEST—Beautiful floor, double or single rooms, bath; Summer prices.

86TH, 139 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOM; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; $14 UP.

86TH, 132 WEST—Attractive basement room, bath, kitchenette privilege; large room, bath.

86TH, 125 WEST—Single room; private residence; electricity; gentleman only; exclusive location.

86TH, 337 WEST—Nicely furnished, large, clean front room, running water; reference.

86TH, 329 WEST (near Riverside)—Comfortable, airy room, $12.50 week. 6082 Schuyler.

86TH, 206 WEST (6-East)—Well furnished single room; modern, elevator; gentleman.

86TH, 202 WEST—Rooms; Summer rates; wonderful location; 4 car lines. Rolfe.

88TH, 206 WEST—Handsome suites, 3 and 4 rooms (housekeeping), $100. Freeman.

88TH ST., 338 WEST—Attractively furnished front parlor, also medium size room.

87TH, 48 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, BAY WINDOW, ONE FLIGHT; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING, DISHES, LINEN, SILVER.

87TH, 340 WEST—Cool, attractive parlor suite, private house; references; reasonable.

(88TH ST.), WEST END AV., 580—Large and small, airy rooms, adjoining bath; private house; reference. 4372 Riverside.

88TH, 335 WEST—Beautiful, large room; parquet floor; electricity; bath; gentlemen; reference.

89TH, 70 WEST—Elegantly furnished large front room, private bath; also single room; Summer rates; electricity.

91ST, 130 WEST—Living and bedroom, next bath; electricity, telephone. Apt. 2-W.

91ST, 304 WEST—Attractive suite 2 medium rooms; water, electricity; references; $16.

91ST, 39 WEST—Exceptional parlor rooms; bath; also single room; Summer rates.

91ST, 251 WEST—Large corner room, nicely furnished, cool; very reasonable. Barnes.

92D, 40 WEST—Large double front room, dressing room; all conveniences.

93D (2,491 Broadway)—Large room, 2 beds; gentleman or couple; kitchen privileges; reasonable; elevator. 3677 Riverside. Apt. 6.

93D, 38 WEST—Parlor, alcove, adjoining bath; one flight; telephone, electricity; board optional; references. Ferguson.

93D, 265 WEST—Nice single room adjoining bath; constant hot water; gentleman.

93D, 119 WEST—Large and small well furnished rooms, all near bathroom.

94TH (694 West End Av.)—Beautiful, large, cool room and running water; large closet; twin beds; adjoining bath; also smaller rooms; private house; references; Summer rates.

94TH, 59 WEST—Owner's residence, large attractive room, running water, two closets, electricity, adjoining bath; kitchenette privileges; couple.

96TH, 310 WEST (Apt. 6D)—Large cheerfully furnished room, hot and cold running water; all conveniences; private French family.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

97TH, 61 WEST—Medium size front parlor; piano; quiet person; others; Americans.

97TH ST., 64 WEST.

Large double room; also single room.

98TH, 254 WEST—2 large front rooms, with lavatory and next to bathroom; fifth floor; elevator; well furnished; business couple, gentlemen. Apt. 9.

98TH ST., 254 WEST—Large and small, newly furnished rooms; running water; private lavatory adjoining bath; reference. Sands.

99TH, 155 WEST—Furnished room, bath; private apartment; suitable business lady. Morrissey.

102D, 249 WEST—Large, airy rooms, with or without bath; Summer rates.

103D, 2 WEST—Front room, facing park, $7; business man; phone, Robinson.

104TH, WEST—Front, back parlor, well furnished; piano; next bath. Academy 4238.

106TH, 28 WEST—Room, adjoining bath; private house; gentleman; phone, 1090 Academy.

105TH ST. (near Broadway) — Comfortable room to gentleman; reference required. Academy 1779.

108TH, 261 WEST—Attractive front room; shower; family two. Apt. 47.

108TH, 211 WEST—Light room, private family; piano; references. Call Sunday. Abt.

112TH, 542 WEST (8-C)—Attractive front room, overlooking Hudson; gentlemen. Cathedral 9088.

113TH, 324 WEST—Large, nicely furnished front room, second floor; running water.

113TH, 536 WEST—Double and single rooms; twin beds; lavatory. Apartment 21.

113TH, 546 WEST—Large room, suitable for couple; private house.

113TH, 541 WEST—Attractive medium-size room, bath adjoining; gentleman. Apt. 3.

114TH, 351 WEST (Corner Manhattan)—Cheerful two-windowed bedroom, phone, elevator. Nelson.

115TH ST., 601 WEST—Large outside room with private bath. Fleet.

118TH, 419 WEST—Clean, light, single and double rooms; elevator. Apt. 41.

118TH, 401 WEST—Large room, facing park; gentlemen; call evenings. T. V. Dickson.

121ST, 501 WEST (Morningside Heights), Near Columbia University—Cool, attractively furnished rooms, all exposures, one to five windows; some with alcove; $7 to $19 weekly; suite of sitting room, alcove and kitchen, $30; reception rooms; dancing; references required. Mrs. Young, Morningside 4686.

121ST, 523 WEST—Desirable rooms, near Columbia, single or suite; housekeeping. Seller.

124TH, 31 WEST—Large single room, elevator apartment; $6. Apartment 4W.

126TH, 155 WEST—Large, light front rooms, also large front parlor; conveniences.

127TH ST., 71 WEST—Large room, twin beds, clean; refined house.

128TH ST., 28 WEST—Room to let to business lady; use of apartment. Phone Harlem 8235, Apt. 1.

136TH, 615 WEST—Beautifully furnished rooms; very reasonable; business people. Apartment 15.

140TH ST., 600 WEST (Apt. 9)—Large, cool, single, double rooms, running water, adjoining bath; gentlemen, couple. Audubon 4436.

142D, 547 WEST—Beautifully furnished front room; twin beds; facing Broadway; elevator, subway; all conveniences. Barr, Apt. 12.

143D (Near Broadway)—Large, bright room, twin beds, business couple or two gentlemen; elevator apartment. Telephone 4970 Audubon.

145TH, 355 WEST (corner St. Nicholas Av.)—Large corner room; elevator; private. Robinson.

145TH, 349 WEST—Large room, water, electricity; business couple, gentlemen; Summer rates.

150TH, 400 WEST—Large corner room, washroom; business women, gentlemen. Bachrach.

157TH, 551 WEST (subway station)—Comfortable room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment; private family; gentleman only. Baxter, Audubon 5223.

160TH, 555 WEST—Large front bedroom for rent; elevator apartment 40; reasonable.

164TH, 548 WEST—Comfortably furnished room, adjoining bath, suitable one or two; telephone, electricity, congenial, elevator. Apartment 5B.

175TH, 507 WEST—Two clean rooms, all improvements; private family. Apt. 22.

184TH ST., 662 WEST—Outside room, adjoining bath; private family; $5. Clarke.

BROADWAY, 3,132 (Cor. 124th St.)—Cozy living room, connecting bedroom; immaculate; modern conveniences. Millard's bell.

BROADWAY, 2,783 (107th)—Attractive room, cultured home; gentleman. Apt. 5 North.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 225—Beautiful, furnished 3 rooms, kitchen privileges; overlooking bridle path, lakes; immediate possession. Schuyler 968.

Opposite Van Cortlandt Park—Bright, airy rooms; private family; business man or woman; $40 month. Phone 532 Kingsbridge.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 102 (82d)—Beautiful parlor suite, private bath; breakfast; private residence.

WEST END AV., 265—Attractively furnished large private room and bath; also a number of finely furnished small rooms without bath.

WEST END AV., 416—Attractively furnished large private rooms, electricity, adjoining bath; single or double. Duncan.

WEST END AV., 818 (100th)—Two connecting rooms, together, singly. Tel. Riverside 4909.

WEST END AV., 347 (76th St.)—Commodious, handsomely furnished room, kitchenette; electricity; piano.

WEST END AV., 826—Large room; kitchen privileges; bath; for Summer. Livingston.

WEST END AV., 896—Beautiful, large front room; running water; single room.

237 WEST END AV. (71ST).

BEAUTIFUL ROOM, BATH, SHOWER; SUITE; FRONT ROOM; REASONABLE.

Bronx.

HARRISON AV., 2,101 (Apt. 5D)—Suite 3 rooms, exceptionally furnished, bath, or one large room, use of kitchen; block University Av., sub. and L.

Brooklyn.

Sea Gate—Furnished room, private cottage, for the season. Coney Island 1486.

Elegant bungalow room; reasonable; gentleman only. D 231 Times.

Long Island.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Furnished rooms with privilege light housekeeping in private cottage on Sheridan Road. Phone Far Rockaway 692.

BEAUTIFUL rooms; select neighborhood; large grounds; between station and beach; conveniences. 2,216 Cornaga Av. Phone Far Rockaway 3756.

Far Rockaway—2 large, comfortable furnished rooms, all conveniences, private family; near station; suitable for bachelors. Tel. Far Rockaway 2552.

Four nicely furnished rooms, garage, ocean block; small family or bachelor; Belle Harbor, L. I. Z 2106 Times Annex.

Elegant rooms, private residence, one housekeeping suite, convenient neighborhood, week-end accommodations. 2,360 Cornaga Av., Far Rockaway, N. Y. Phone Far Rockaway 3780.

Long Beach, West—Ocean view, congenial home accommodations for two, season $150 each; electricity, piano, modern cottage, private family. 237 Nebraska St., corner Beach.

In one of the most beautiful spots on Long Island, a suite of rooms for July and August; breakfast if desired; hotel a block away. Phone 810R Bayside.

Nicely furnished rooms at Rockaway Park, select neighborhood, near beach and R. R. station. Inquire Mrs. Hellpern, 172 Beach 120th.

Rockaway Park—One, two large rooms with or without kitchen privilege; reasonable. 433 Beach 120th St. Phone Belle Harbor 2387.

ROCKAWAY PARK—One, two rooms, season; near beach; beautiful section; with, without kitchen privilege. Phone Belle Harbor 1738.

Rockaway Park—Large clean rooms; one block from ocean; five minutes' walk to station. Phone 2610 Belle Harbor.

Far Rockaway—Select furnished rooms, kitchenette privileges; season; garage. Far Rockaway 2340.

HOLLYWOOD AV., 1,347 (Far Rockaway)—Elegant room, private house; near station, beach; season, month. Phone 3578.

Manhattan Beach—Furnished 1-2 rooms; modern improvements; private beach. 129B West End Av., Manhattan Beach, L. I.

Two furnished rooms for rent in select private home, in Rockaway Park; adults preferred. Phone Bell Harbor 74.

Arverne, L. I.—Private family have 2 large rooms to rent for season. Call Murray Hill 7242.

120TH ST., 174 (Rockaway Park)—Furnished rooms near beach and station; adults preferred. Phone Belle Harbor 1971-J.

Edgemere—Nicely furnished rooms, exclusive section; near station, beach, tennis court. Friedman, Edgemere Av., corner Beach 34th.

Rockaway Park—Several rooms; private house; select neighborhood. Phone 2488R Belle Harbor.

Belle Harbor—Two large, airy rooms, connected if desired; private family; exclusive, ideal Summer location. 431 186th St.

LONG BEACH—Large room, adjoining bath, suitable for three; near station; bathing from house. Telephone 372 Long Beach.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Two rooms, private residential section, southern exposure. Phone Belle Harbor 958.

Seagate—Large, airy, elegantly furnished room; adults only. Phone Coney Island 1914J.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Long Island.

WAVECREST, Far Rockaway—Beautiful furnished rooms, with private bath; near ocean. 2,386 Brookhaven Av.

Sea Gate—Two rooms for season; near ocean. Call Coney Island 1945.

FULTON AV., 370 (Far Rockaway)—High-class furnished rooms, near beach. Miller.

New York State.

Come to the country; rooms, furnished or for housekeeping; modern conveniences; rent $30. Ask Manager, United States Hotel, Haverstraw, N. Y. Phone 330. Also The Coma "INN," Tompkins Cove, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Three handsome rooms with bath, also two rooms with bath; directly opposite Monmouth Hotel; reference required. Richardson, 207 Monmouth Av., Spring Lake, N. J.

Long Beach (Belmont Hotel), 252 Park St.; rooms; water, electricity; $250 season.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Wonderful room; after 1 daily all day Saturday, Sunday. Watkins 2948.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

307TH (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Room with meals, $17 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service; elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

63D ST., 1 EAST—Exclusive location; concessions to Summer guests; single rooms, 2-room suite; references required. White.

MADISON AV., 213 (Near 36th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST—Large room, with board; references.

54TH, 44 WEST—Double and single rooms, private baths; table the best.

69TH, 105 WEST—Large room; private bath; smaller room adjoining; bath.

71ST, 303 WEST—Desirable double room; private bath; other rooms; excellent table.

72D, 228 WEST—Electricity, steam heat; table guests; references; subway. Columbus 1045.

72D, 209 WEST—Choice room; English basement with bath; excellent table.

74TH, 149 WEST—Beautiful doubles, private baths; ideal location; absolutely pure food.

76TH, 9 WEST—Unusual two-room suite, bath; furnished, unfurnished; will divide; refined private boarding house; excellent cuisine.

76TH, 105 WEST—Large, small rooms; home cooking; table guests; Summer rates.

79TH, 114-132 WEST—Wide parked street; unusual and attractive; large parlors, tea room and lounge; steam heat.

80TH, 143 WEST—Large, cool room; adjoining bath; medium room; electricity; references.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

83D, 5 WEST—Delightfully cool, large, small rooms, excellent table; every convenience.

84TH, 53 WEST—Beautiful rooms, double, single; refined Jewish surroundings; Summer prices.

85TH, 327 WEST—Double room, exceptional home accommodations; $30; all conveniences; apartment.

86TH, 143 WEST—Desirable double room, adjoining bath; excellent meals; electricity; references.

86TH, 134 WEST—Back parlor, private bath; other rooms, with, without board.

87TH, 57 WEST—Attractive, large room; excellent board; telephone; electricity; Jewish house.

94TH, 16 WEST—Attractive rooms; board; near Central Park; telephone; references.

101ST, 308 WEST (Near Riverside)—Large front room adjoining bath; exceptional table.

141ST, 527 WEST—Large front room; also suitable for two; good board.

152D ST., 561 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large corner room; modern conveniences; home table.

227TH, 608 WEST—Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson, 24 minutes Grand Central; few adults accommodated. Tel. 104 Kingsbridge. Lesley.

BROADWAY, 2,880 (corner 112th St.)—Room facing Broadway; modern improvements; with private family; breakfast if desired. Deutsch.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76 (Heights)—Convenient both subways, large, small rooms; excellent table. Phone 1159 W-Main.

BOARD WANTED.

Board from Sept. 15 in refined house by Jewish family of 3 adults; would prefer 2 bedrooms and sitting rooms. Address A. A., Box 380 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

THE EVELYN LODGE—Swept by ocean breezes; 25 minutes' delightful sail from Wall St.; elegantly furnished; excellent cuisine; parlor, porch, lawns, comforts; weekly $20 up, with meals; capacity 75; booklet; 12 years under one management. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

Elberon, Long Branch, best part Jersey coast, within commuting distance, near Shadow Lawn and Hollywood Hotel, six acres grounds, garage, beautiful rooms, all comforts; season, $70-$120 for two per week; references. Phone Long Branch 1004.

Long Beach West—New house, newly furnished rooms to people of refinement; a few doors to restaurant; one block from ocean; bathing from house. Write now for July and August. Miss Lottie Vincent, Long Beach, L. I.

THE PEPPERDAY,

Main St. and Echo Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Superior family hotel. Open year round. 35 minutes Grand Central Terminal. Phone New Rochelle 2064-2065.

Montclair, N. J.—439 Washington Av.—Single, double corner rooms, twin beds, electricity, large grounds, spacious verandas, beautiful surroundings; home cooking. Phone 1285M.

Refined Jewish family has beautiful home at Edgemere, restricted neighborhood, can accommodate a few couples as paying guests, special rate for the season. Far Rockaway 4155.

Far Rockaway's best location in Wave Crest Park, near ocean and station; private surf bathing facilities; attractive rooms, three baths; lovely gardens; garage; table, appointments superior. 2,338 Brook Haven Av.

Boys, 6 to 16 years, find excellent board, careful supervision, help in studies in country parsonage; many outdoor amusements. B 97 Times.

Board, everything homelike, good table, improvements; auto, seashore and country. Mrs. William Voges. Phone Bay Shore, L. I., 115R.

Beechhurst, L. I.—Private family have two rooms, private bath; home cooking; bathing, boating, tennis; 30 minutes city; gentlemen only. Phone Flushing 3548W.

Staten Island, Halcyon Hall, 21 Howard Av., Grymes Hill—Double and single room; extensive lawns; vegetable gardens; high, cool ocean breezes; bungalow for gentlemen.

Edgemere, L. I. (544 Beach 43d)—Bright room, good table; private cottage; bathing, boating, fishing; references required, exchanged.

Far Rockaway—Beautiful rooms, running water; best Hungarian-American board optional. 610 Cedar, corner Franklin Av. Phone 3955.

Rockledge Manor Hotel—Large grounds; quiet suburb; refined clientele; pre-war prices. 124 Bruce Av. (Telephone 3344), Yonkers.

Far Rockaway—Alvin Cottage; open for refined guests; running water in each room; first class Hungarian cooking. 2537 Atlantic Av.

Edgemere—Beautiful rooms, ocean; good table; accommodate thirty. Straus (formerly Rockaway Park), 5 Beach 32d. 449 Far Rockaway.

39 Grove St., Far Rockaway—Elegant rooms, with all modern improvements, for year or season; table and service unexcelled; wonderful location; near station; reasonable.

Long Beach—Attractive house, near beach and station; home cooking the very best; double rooms only, $95. Mrs. Hempel, 270 West Walnut St.

Long Beach—Beautiful rooms and suites, with or without private bath; half block from ocean; cuisine and service unexcelled. For information phone Academy 280.

Large room for two or three people for the season; private house. 112 Euclid Av., Allenhurst, N. J.

Manhattan Beach—2 or 3 beautiful furnished rooms for season; private family; housekeeping privileges. S. P., 1,558 Broadway.

Long Beach—Room with twin beds, cottage, near station, beach; $350 season; also single room. B 525 Times.

Ponckhockie Health Resort, Kingston-on-Hudson, N. Y.; specialists nervous disorders; booklet free.

Few desirable guests may be accommodated at Long Beach for the season. Brant, 6 Front St. Tel. 242.

Attractive home, Wave Crest section, Far Rockaway; will accept few paying guests; reference. A 566 Times.

Few high class couples in private home. 210 8th Av., Asbury Park.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Week-end parties over July 4th accommodated at The White House, Beechhurst Whitestone Landing, L. I., the show place of the Sound; on private beach with large grounds: tennis court; billiard room; fishing; motoring, boating; refined atmosphere; excellent table; 30 minutes from Manhattan Phone Flushing 2030R.

Edgemere, L. I.—3 Far Rockaway Boulevard, 30 minutes Pennsylvania station, refined homelike Christian house, abundant table, open restricted neighborhood, near beach; parties accommodated Fourth July, weekends; boating, fishing, near station. Phone Far Rockaway 4124; reasonable.

Teacher has few openings in her Summer camp for girls to 15 years. K 298 Times.

Sea Cliff, north shore; golfing, tennis, bathing; excellent table. Glen Cove 444 M.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

By couple, small home farm, not boarding house; hour out; high elevation; Boonton preferred. M 745 Times Downtown.

Convalescing male invalid with nurse wants accommodations in small farmhouse; few or no boarders preferred. P 247 Times.

Country or seashore, pleasant room, congenial family for young lady, with diet fresh vegetables, eggs, puddings; commuting distance New York City for season; state particulars and rate. A. D. D., 14 Gouverneur St., Newark, N. J.

Couple wish comfortable room and bath at Long Beach, Manhattan Beach or Rye Beach with private family; breakfast only; best of references furnished; boarding house not wanted. Z 2179 Times Annex.

In New Jersey, gentleman wishes board in small family for self and child; commuting distance. K 368 Times.

Party would like board little girl 7 years old in the mountains or some healthy country place where she will be treated well; private family preferred. Mme. Georgette, 47 West 42d St.

Wanted—Good board and home for six year old boy; city or country. A 848 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

COMPANION to lady; educated, refined young woman, 25, desires position. Call Claridge Hotel, Room 608, Saturday or Sunday.

COMPANION to lady or governess on steamer to Europe; young college graduate; experienced with children. K 463 Times.

DENTAL HYGIENIST wishes position; ethical, experienced, reference. B 527 Times.

DRESSMAKER—Fifteen years experience remodeling and designing; $5 day. B 47 Times.

GIRLS, two, wish positions together or separately in city for housework. Call between 8 and 11 A. M. Stanton, 1,637 Lexington Av.

GOVERNESS—Young lady of refinement, a mother, with knowledge of education and care of small children, desires position as governess. Call, Saturday or Sunday, Claridge Hotel, Room 608.

GOVERNESS—Refined and competent; entire charge of children. A 561 Times.

LADY from Holland, aristocratic family, wishes to spend Summer at seaside with American family; will take care of baby, being experienced in nursing; can also teach music and French. Write Mrs. Graevestein van Heyst, Hotel Commodore, or take care Mechelaere Conrad, 24 South William St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, will substitute first two weeks in July; no Saturday work; $25 per week. Write G. W., 61 2d St., Hoboken, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position, preferably publication; location uptown. Phone Columbus 9181.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, high school graduate; two years' experience. M 698 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 17, beginner, desires employment; efficient; Christian; $16. A 851 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady, high school graduate; some experience. W. W., 99 Times.

YOUNG LADY, 25, refined, educated, knowledge of salesmanship, desires position in ladies' ready-to-wear or lingerie shop. C, Claridge Hotel, Room 608, Saturday or Sunday.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, with several years' public accounting experience, formerly auditor Technical Division Income Tax Unit, auditing returns of consolidated and affiliated companies, desires position with large corporation or firm of public accountants. A 749 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, 15 years' experience in corporate accounting, at present employed by the U. S. government, desires $3,600 per annum, desires to make change; prefer transportation corporation; no objection to foreign service. N 694 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Books systematized, audited, opened; tax specialist; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; corporation, partnership accountancy; reasonable. Greene, 1457 Hudson Terminal Building, Telephone Cortlandt 1378.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, New York, would entertain partnership arrangement with accountant having a substantial practice. Z 2178 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, audited; tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Collection 2200 Broadway. Telephone Worth 5088.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, 22, desires permanent position with account. A 277 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 31, experienced, desires position with Saturday off. H 950 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECT, thoroughly experienced, competent, reliable, progressive, open to situation or engagement soon. B 994 Times Downtown.

ARTIST, experienced letterer and designer. D 241 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager, 16 years' practical experience; complete charge of books, trial balance, financial statements, &c.; salary $40 start. A 753 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, four years' experience, complete charge, trial balance, controlling accounts; excellent references; $30. A 773 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Typist, 18; some experience; well recommended; $18. S. A., 115 E. Houston St. Telephone Orchard 8277.

BUTLER, 36, Swiss-Italian, wishes position; speaks French, Italian; any place; references; chauffeur's license. Hourird, 105 East 92d St.

BUTLER-VALET, single man, for gentleman only; can cook or run car; city or country; best references. Z 2065 Times Annex.

BUTLER-VALET, would like to take full charge of bachelor apartment; can cook. Z 2142 Times Annex.

CASHIER—Young man desires position with commercial or banking house; experience. H. Rundt, 313 East 11th St.

CHAUFFEUR—Mechanic, 15 years' experience; married; expert Cadillac man; private. Louis Rack, 183 East 70th. Rhinelander 9059.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 9 years' experience on best make cars; best of personal references. John Zimmer, 155 West 56th.

CHAUFFEUR, single man, long experience; any car; city or country; best references. Z 2064 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, experienced; private family; city or country. Green, Phone Morningside 8670.

CHAUFFEUR—Mechanic, 9 years' experience; best reference. G., 2,877 Middletown Road, City.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, single, 4 years' experience; excellent references. Muller, 126 West 91st St. Riverside 4427-J.

CHAUFFEUR, married, mechanic, careful driver. Murphy, 3,398 Bailey Av. Phone Kingsbridge 171.

CHAUFFEUR—Private; single, good character; best references; Packard, Mercer. A 275 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 21, wishes position private, own repairs; references. B 1044 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, 24, six years' experience, wishes position. Telephone Audubon 245. Walter Burke, 202 West 148th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, wishes position; private. Beisner, 156 West 83d. Schuyler 3900.

CHAUFFEUR, best of references; factory and shop experience. A 239 Times.

CHEMIST—College graduate wishes connection in perfume or allied line, or in import house. K 291 Times.

COUPLE, reliable, middle-aged, no children, wish caretakers' position. K 387 Times.

CREDITS—Collections, (34), experienced, excellent correspondent, of good education and training, seeks responsible position. A 670 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, single, private, experienced, competent; immediate engagement. Busanich, 494 9th Av.

EDITOR, experienced, wants job, technical or trade paper. H 978 Times Downtown.

ELECTICAL ENGINEER, with broad and detailed experience, desires part time work. B 524 Times.

ENGINEER, draftsman, technical graduate, four years' experience concrete, timber and steel industrial structures, seeks engagement with some outside duties. K 450 Times.

EXECUTIVE — Represented large Russian firm 21 years as import manager in New York; master English, German, French, Russian languages; knows markets; just returned from Orient; would be glad to connect with a good concern of promise; highest references. H 986 Times Downtown.

EXPORT—College graduate, age 29, three years' business experience, wants position with export house offering chance to learn business; salary secondary. D 214 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

FOREMAN wants a position in a coat shop; capable of running mail orders on readymade.; I have had 18 years' experience; can furnish the best of references. A 1271 Times Bronx.

GENERAL MANAGER — Keen, aggressive, American, 35; with broad and successful experience in construction, organization and operation of wide range of large industrial plants, would be interested in discussing permanent connection with progressive concern having difficult manufacturing problem or extensive development program; position must be one where initiative and ability will have outlet and be recognized in proportion to results obtained; minimum salary, $15,000, with bonus arrangement. A 564 Times.

HEAD WAITER, would like position in club, country preferred; good references. Z 2143 Times Annex.

MAN, college graduate, eight years' training as reporter and editor, seeks permanent position with business organization or trade publication; excellent references. B 75 Times.

OFFICE MAN—YOUNG MAN WITH SEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THE PRINTING LINE WISHES TO MAKE NEW CONNECTIONS AFTER JULY 15; EMPLOYED AS BUYER AND ESTIMATOR; GOOD KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING AND GENERAL OFFICE WORK. H 940 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE MAN, young, 3 years college, ex regular army officer; managed army exchange, also experienced in brokerage work; character and ability. A 227 Times.

SALESMAN—Young man, with a large acquaintance of retail druggists in Brooklyn, desires some line that this trade requires; candy, druggists' sundries, &c. Fred Pfeifer, 508 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, traveling, for Florida or Southern States, with years' experience; now resident of Florida. Apply to Henry G. Neubrand, 47 South Washington St., Tarrytown, N. Y.

SALESMAN, New England, New York, Pennsylvania States, large following with gents' furnishers, six years' experience. A 253 Times.

SALESMAN, employment manager, traveling, would consider position to appoint agents, &c.; salary or expenses agreement only. K 386 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, varied experience, wishes position, Manhattan, any capacity; best references. A 854 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, assistant, commercial high graduate, three years' experience, knowledge bookkeeping, Spanish; sterling references. A 772 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY 4 years; buyer factory supplies 3 years; age 24 years; $150 per month. Address "H. L.," 310 Lloyd St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, hard, competent worker, desires position. W., 41 Union Av., Rutherford, N. J.

STEWARD, would like position in country club; long experience; good references. Z 2141 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT, building construction, experienced new and alterations; highest references. D 201 Times.

TEACHER (high school) will give private instruction in Regents, college entrance, English to foreigners. A 1273 Times Bronx.

TUTORING — Experienced teacher; high school, elementary subjects; Latin specialty. 36 East 33d St., Bayonne, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, 21, clean-cut, with lots of pep and initiative, desires position where a conscientious and willing worker will be properly rewarded; has general capabilities in addition to being good typist. A 267 Times.

**YOUNG MAN, 26 years, ex

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. Per Agate Line.
(Minimum space two lines.)
Agents Wanted..... 60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 55c
Automobile Exchange..... 60c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 45c
Country Board..... 55c
Employment Agencies..... 65c
For Sale..... 60c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.. 45c
Help Wanted..... 60c
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Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 12c
Buyers' Wants..... 18c

HELP WANTED—Male.

DRAFTSMEN.
Mechanical draftsmen with thorough experience in laying out or checking along general machine or electrical lines; splendid opportunity for advancement; permanent work. 2126 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN WANTED; EXPERIENCED IN LOCOMOTIVE OR MACHINE DESIGN; GIVE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED; PERSONAL INTERVIEW WHEN TO SATISFACTORY APPLICANTS. 2101 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAUGHTSMEN, TOOL.
Several first-class, experienced on designs, jigs and fixtures, with large machine shop in Greater New York.
BOX 272, 209 CABLE BLDG.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced at designing and detailing structural and ornamental iron; state age and experience. P 418 Times.

DRUG CHECKER—Man thoroughly familiar with the wholesale drug business to check out general orders; good wages and steady employment. Address Roeber & Kuebler Co., 370 Plane St., Newark, N. J.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.
Prominent technical school has a permanent opening, commencing September, for a graduate engineer of a few years' experience, to teach elements of d. c. and a. c. machinery; location New York City; salary at start $2,000 more or less with ten weeks summer vacation and excellent prospects for advancement. State fully, education and experience, also age and religion. Specify salary expected; recent photograph desirable. Box 225, Temple Court, New York.

ELEVATOR BOY, colored, 18-19, good pay, steady position. Apply before 9 A. M., Landsay Bros., 23 West 42d.

ENGINEER—Refrigerating engineer, experienced in estimating and office needs, as assistant to manager. Address Ottenheimer Bros., 415 N. Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

ENTRY CLERK—Thoroughly experienced custom house; must be familiar with all details custom house and appraiser. Apply International Forwarding Company, 470 Greenwich St., N. Y.

ERRAND BOY—General hardware supplies. Apply Mr. Schulz, 374 Hudson St., N. Y. C.

ESTIMATOR wanted; one who is familiar with cement waterproofing and can superintend jobs; state qualifications and salary demanded; replies treated confidentially. S 340 Times.

FIREMEN
for N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad; experienced locomotive firemen wanted for service at Harlem River, N. Y.; this is not a strike-breaking advertisement; positions guaranteed. Apply to C. H. Mottsett, Superintendent, New York Division, 132d St. and Willis Av., New York.

INSTRUMENT MAN wanted, competent, for new plant instruction and inspection work. The M. W. Kellogg Co., 117 West 57th Av., Jersey City. See Mr. Watson.

LABORERS wanted; wages $4 a day. Apply 2010 Woodlawn Cemetery, 233d St. and Webster Av.

MANAGER—A thorough retail men's clothing man to manage clothing department of department store in city in Western Pennsylvania; only those having the necessary qualifications need apply. Address Z 2161 Times Annex.

MANAGER—Good and reliable real estate concern requires services of executive manager to take charge of suburban vacant property; only experienced party with A1 references need apply. Address Suburban, Box 242 Times Downtown.

MAN with experience to take charge of general management of factory shipping department, piece goods department, &c., to make himself generally useful all around in large children's dress house; good opportunity for bright, experienced, ambitious man; state all particulars. Box 276, 209 Cable Building.

MAN—College graduate, with training in the physical sciences and in microscopic, stenographic, chemical or biological, for position in laboratory of a manufacturing company. S 188 Times.

MAN wanted, about 35, to handle payroll and employ help in old established manufacturing business; steady position offered; state experience and give references in full. W 75 Times.

MAN, experienced, understanding the manufacturing of feed water heaters; factory located in Connecticut; state references, age, experience and salary. Heater, Z 2129 Times Annex.

MAN regularly employed may add $5.50 per day to his income by working Sunday's and holidays as guard 8 hours. 12 hours. Apply 66 W. 39th St., second floor.

MAN—Large export and import house desires a handy, all-around man to take care of shipping and receiving; only experienced need apply. W 638 Times Downtown.

MAN—Competent and thoroughly reliable man with millwright experience to take charge of New Jersey plant; references required. S 139 Times.

MECHANIC—First class all around man to take charge of paving company cars; good wages. Corvan, 124 West 44th.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.
EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN SET UP THEIR OWN WORK; 44-HOUR SHOP, WITH ALL MODERN CONDITIONS; PAY WORK IN PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT; WILL BE REQUIRED TO WORK FROM BLUE PRINTS. APPLY 8:30 TO 3.
MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO., PARK AV. AND HALL ST., BROOKLYN.

OFFICE BOY — Excellent opportunity and good pay to start is open for a young man to begin this career as an office assistant; this position offers a boy mechanically inclined an unusually good chance to learn to be a mechanical draftsman; no previous experience necessary. Ask for Mr. Keyes, Locomotive Superheater Co., 30 Church St. (Hudson Terminal Building).

OFFICE MEN AND LEDGER CLERKS wanted by large dry goods commission house; office men must be quick and accurate at figures; ledger clerks thoroughly experienced in statements, trial balance, checking remittances, &c.; state age, experience, salary desired. M 753 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young man, for clerical work, with Christian manufacturing concern; salary $14 to $16 for start; good opportunity for advancement. A. A., 547 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Young man for clerical work in wholesale grocery house; prefer with experience in this line; state age, reference; to start, $22. A 775 Times Downtown.

OFFICEMAN AND BOOKKEEPER to take charge of office; must be quick and accurate, one with experience in auto business preferred; state salary required. Renault Service Dept., 645 11th Av., New York.

OFFICE BOY WANTED; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY, STATE AGE, EDUCATION AND REFERENCES. H 953 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 17 to 18, required by large steel corporation; state age, education, experience and salary desired. W 672 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY by Christian export and import house; must be willing; prefer one with high school education; salary to start, $15. W 675 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS, large insurance company; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325 City Hall Sta., N. Y.

OFFICE BOY, about 16, in wholesale grocery business; state age, reference; to start, $18. A 774 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS, 3; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

OFFICE BOY—Hours 9:30-5. Apply Room 1438, 120 Broadway.

ORDERLY for operating room. Manhattan Eye, Ear Hospital, 210 East 64th St.

PACKER.
Understands packing notions. Address NOTIONS, Box 139, MADISON SQUARE.

PHYSICIAN—Licensed in New York State; for institutional position; salary $1,800 and maintenance. Address H. O., Box 28 Roseland, New York.

PORTER, white; must come with best of references; young man not over 35 or 40; good chance for man not afraid of work. Apply Room 623, World Bldg. Mr. Ryan.

SALESMEN.
We have openings for salesmen to travel as representatives of one of the special departments of "DOVE" undergarments in the large and medium sized cities. Salary basis. Make application by letter only, giving full details of yourself and experience.
D. E. SICHER & CO., INC.,
"World's Largest Makers of Lingerie,"
45-51 West 21st St., New York.

SALESMAN, SECURITIES, LARGE INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING CONCERN WITH ONE OF THE LARGEST PLANTS IN THE UNITED STATES, LOCATED IN NEW YORK; ENTIRE FUTURE OUTPUT SOLD; ONLY LIVE MEN WHO APPRECIATE AN OPPORTUNITY NEED APPLY; LIBERAL COMMISSION. APPLY DIRECT TO CONCERN. CALL ROOM 1602, 171 MADISON AV.

SALESMAN, shoes, for high class trade; Fifth Av. house; good salary; good chance for right man. Write qualifications to R. D. 240 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN—Mounting living and traveling costs necessitate increased incomes to overcome slackened demand; ambitious men are turning to profitable side lines; we offer the fastest, easiest selling line of popular-priced fountain pens manufactured by the world's largest leading maker; only highest class men traveling regular routes considered; bond or deposit required for samples which can be carried in pocket; commission basis. Gem Fountain Pen Corp., 59 Park Place, New York City.

SALESMAN—PROMINENT MANUFACTURERS BOYS' BLOUSES AND WASH SUITS WANT AMBITIOUS, ENERGETIC SALESMAN TO SELL ESTABLISHED TRADE, NEW YORK CITY AND SUBURBS; ONE WITH AUTO AND FAMILIAR WITH RETAIL TRADE PREFERRED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN; COMMISSION OR SALARY. CALL MADISON SQUARE 6350 FOR APPOINTMENT.

SALESMEN, electrical appliances, we have an attractive proposition in the electric line for one or two young men who wish to learn the fundamentals of selling by personal instruction and demonstration; position will pay either salary or commission after thoroughly trained, together with opportunity for advancement. Apply at 4,418 13th Av., Brooklyn. Sunset 7134.

SALESMAN, RESIDENT, WITH SHOWROOM IN THE UPTOWN MILLINERY SECTION, WHO IS WILLING TO CARRY A SIDE LINE OF CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' TRIMMED HATS; POPULAR-PRICED GOODS; COMMISSION BASIS; ONLY THOSE OF EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE NEED APPLY; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. W 636 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN, city and traveling, spare or full time, calling on druggists in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Delaware, Virginia, who can properly represent us to prospective clients and secure orders of liquors for permitted use; on commission basis. Call or write Room 301, 226 Lafayette St., New York.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED IN NOTION AND FANCY GOODS LINE; ESTABLISHED TERRITORY WAITING FOR THE RIGHT MAN; APPLY IN PERSON; STRAIGHT COMMISSION. O'DONNELL, WEISBERGER & CO., 512 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMAN by old established food product concern to call on grocery trade; this is permanent and straight salary will be paid; any live young man between 21 and 30 now employed preferred. Address application and full particulars to V722 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—To represent the International Correspondence School in jersey territory; can earn $60 to $80 a week; drawing account against commission; soliciting for scholarships and collecting. Apply A. M., T. A. Spearin, 605 Newark Av., Room 207, Jersey City.

SALESMEN—School teachers, male and female; spend your vacation in pleasant, profitable work; "THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE" offers you the opportunity; GOOD TERRITORY; LIBERAL COMMISSION. Apply to Mr. Findley, 7th floor, 2 West 45th St., New York City.

SALESMEN for Greater New York and vicinity wanted to sell glass and copper, sheet and rod from stock; must have previous experience; good opportunity for right man; salary or commission. Clifford Brass & Copper Co., 259 Front St. Beekman 8100.

SALESMEN—Several experienced food salesmen needed for dairy routes, selling dairy products, good salary and advancement; cash security $150 required. Apply Saturday, 8 A. M., Phenix Cheese Co., 345 Greenwich St., N. Y. C. Lispenard 6816.

SALESMEN—Middle Western, Northwestern, Southwestern salesmen, experienced, with first-class following, can connect with a permanent cloth hat and cap manufacturer; well-known line; commission and drawing account. W 536 Times.

SALESMAN—High-grade man to sell automobile bodies and Winter tops in local territory; one capable of driving car; when answering, state selling experience and references; strictly legitimate proposition; salary and expenses. T 94 Times.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced in selling toys to the wholesale trade; extensive acquaintance with manufacturers necessary; write fully, stating salary, experience and reference. J 176 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to sell as side line, on commission, Safe-Loc, the best self-vulcanizing patch on the market. National Rubber Products Co., 6 Peters St., Atlanta, Ga.

SALESMEN—Want 5 reliable stock salesmen immediately; overwhelmed with orders for phonograph records; more equipment necessary; liberal commission. Call 1,604 Broadway, Room 5, 9 to 10 A. M.

SALESMAN—Experienced on food colors and other bakers' supplies; must know the selling of the jobbers' trade thoroughly; commission basis. Address Salesman, Z 2173 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, to sell retail trade; also house-to-house canvassers; the "VAC-Q" non-breakable glass bottle; liberal commission. Answer by letter, National Vacuum Bottle Corp., 74 Cortlandt St., Suite 406.

SALESMEN—Residence; experienced; hosiery and underwear, for Baltimore and vicinity; also New Middle West; commission basis; must have trade; none other need apply. W 646 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to sell glue, excellent opportunity, salary and commission or commission basis, correspondence strictly confidential; state experience and full particulars, Box 186, 1626 St. James Bldg.

SALESMEN for well known line of motor trucks for New York and Brooklyn, 1 to 5 ton. Immediate delivery, drawing account against commission to experienced man. Call 604 East 19th.

SALESMAN to sell Stewart trucks and cars; liberal commission. Land-Over Auto Sales Corp., 1,641 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN—Photo-engraving house operating night force wants experienced salesman; salary or commission. Pioneer Engraving Co., 348 West 38th St.

SALESMEN to sell established line hair nets and veilings; experienced men preferred; exceptional opportunity for right men; commission basis. Box 171, 1626 St. James Bldg.

SALESMAN for bathing suits and sweaters in city on commission basis; good opportunity for permanent connection. S. C., 204 Times.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced on cotton sewing threads, wanted by old established manufacturer; salary and commission; write fully. Box 198, 206 Cable Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN; EDUCATION, CHARACTER, ABILITY, ADDRESS; UNEQUALED OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT TO EXECUTIVE OR SALES STANDING; MENTION MINIMUM SALARY AND RELIGION. V 698 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER—OFFICE ASSISTANT. Young man for salesrooms of a linoleum manufacturer; accuracy and reliability more essential than experience in this particular line of business. Address "Linoleum," B 496 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, man with executive ability, with real estate and insurance brokerage experience and can manage entire office; good proposition for right man. Bryant Business Ex., 206 West 42d.

STOCK SALESMAN.
National corporation, operating forty-eight branches, now opening branch distributing warehouses in the East, offers real opportunity to successful salesman with clean record; investment limited to $300; pays 100 per cent. yearly and sold only to retail merchants; be explicit as to qualifications and experience. Address T. E. Philbin, 202 Calder Building, Harrisburg, Pa.

STOCK CLERK.
Young man for stockroom; must have experience in hardware and tool supplies. Apply in person to Employment Department, AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO., 5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

SUPERINTENDENT, experienced in construction of buildings; must know building business thoroughly. Apply to Jacob Goell, 132 Sutter Av., Brooklyn, between 9 A. M. and 12 M., and between 5 and 7 P. M.

SWITCHBOARD AND POWER STATION DESIGNERS WANTED FOR ALTERNATING AND DIRECT CURRENT WORK; GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY WANTED; PERSONAL INTERVIEW GRANTED IF DESIRED. Z 2099 TIMES ANNEX.

TEACHERS, for boys' vacation school, July 1 to August 13; experienced men teachers only. Phone Bedford 6000 for appointment, educational department.

TEACHERS for boys' vacation school, July 1 to Aug 13; experienced men teachers only. Phone Bedford 6000 for appointment, Educational Department.

TIRE ADJUSTER—A man familiar with adjusting tires, to work in shipping department; liberal salary. Apply Horseshoe Tire Co., 211 West 76th.

TYPIST.
Experienced, rapid Underwood operator in the accounting department of a large organization; unusual opportunity for young man capable of development; state full particulars and salary desired. Address T. L. W., Post Office Box 780, City Hall Station.

VACATION POSITION—Teacher or college student, educational work; splendid experience; $315 for 90 days; bonus good work. Write K, Box 29, 125 East 84th.

WELDER wanted for automobile service station. Manhattan Motors Corporation, 256 West 19th St.

WINDOW TRIMMER and decorator, capable of producing first class work for department store in city of 100,000 population in Pennsylvania; excellent opportunity for right man. Address Z 2160 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN,
Knowledge of export shipments; accurate at figures; permanent position. E. De Grandmont, Inc., 20 West 37th St.

YOUNG MAN to assist branch sales office large manufacturing company; excellent opportunities; references required. A 660 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American, for drafting room of engineering office, capable of tracing and doing simple detailing; good opportunity for advancement. V 224 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, some mechanical experience, for repair work; call before 10 o'clock. Cincinnati Time Recorder Co., 9 Church St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MEN—Wanted, high school or college graduates by a large concern dealing in iron and steel products; several openings; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old-established house; experience unnecessary, but only recent graduates with good school records considered; state age, education; give references. V 723 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN—College graduates or undergraduates as camp leaders in Fresh Air Camp; pleasant outdoor Summer work; salary, living and other expenses; those interested in social welfare work preferred; work begins immediately; in replying state qualifications, salary expected, etc. V 701 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, high school graduates preferred, wanted to work in statistical department large insurance company; salary $75.00 monthly. Reply fully, giving age, experience and references. W 659 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN possessing high school education and business experience to act as office assistant; must be tactful correspondent and thoroughly capable of doing office detail; Christian firm. Z 2090 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, full of pep, for floor work; syndicate experience preferred; good salary and plenty of opportunity. Apply Manager, S. S. Kresge Co., 526 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN—Large export and import house desires young man, age 16 to 19, willing to learn the export and import business; good chance for advancement. W 640 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of stock and assist in shipping department; splendid chance for advancement; one who has knowledge of shoe business preferred. A. A., 546 Times.

YOUNG MAN
for clerical work; must be experienced. Apply in person to Employment Department, AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO., 5,520 2D AV., BROOKLYN.

YOUNG MAN—Stock clerk general hardware supplies. Apply Mr. Schulz, 374 Hudson St., N. Y. C.

YOUNG MAN, strong, to do bundling in book manufacturing business; $20. J. F. Tapley Co., 535 West 37th.

A well-known artist will be glad to compensate man or woman of wide acquaintance who will assist him in obtaining commissions for portraits. Artist, Z 2094 Times Annex.

Instruction.

UNDECIDED?
Are you still undecided as to what your right vocation is? If you have decided, are you sure that your decision is the right one? Find out now what your life work should be, by reason of your natural talents and abilities. Our trained analysts can, from the study of the face, determine the right job for you. This study is based on proven scientific laws. Come in and let us tell you about it. Booklet "K" on request. Merton Institute, Inc., 96 5th Av. (at 15th St.), New York. Tel. Chelsea 4054.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities; write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

AUTO INSTRUCTION
FOR OWNERS, CHAUFFEURS, SALESMEN AND MECHANICS; SPECIAL RATE; JUNE CLASSES; TRIAL LESSON AND BOOKLET FREE.
Y. M. C. A.,
1,147 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

ACCOUNTANCY—New Summer classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions. Write for helpful booklet, "Your Market Value," and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

Wanted, teacher of laboratory physics in a technical school. Apply by letter, giving experience and qualifications to Principal, 39 Stuyvesant St., New York Cit.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 303 West 57th.

Employment Agencies.

DOYLE AGENCY,
15 East 40th Street. 134 Nassau Street.
Cortlandt 7200. Cortlandt 7200.
Main Office Branch, 215 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
BOOKKEEPERS—$40-$35-$30-$25.
BOOKKEEPERS' ASSISTANTS—$30-$25.
STENOGRAPHERS—$25-$20-$18.
TYPISTS—$20-$18.
CLERKS AND OFFICE ASSISTANTS—$20-$18-$15.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

AUTOCAR, excellent condition, owner leaves town. 839 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Williamsburg 2290.

BIDDLE, 1918, 4-passenger speedster, 6 wire wheels, like new; mechanically perfect. Roman Motor Corp., 1,981 Broadway (67th).

BUICK 1920 Roadster.
CADILLAC 1920 59 Phaeton.
CADILLAC 1919 57 Suburban Sedan.
CADILLAC 1918 Limousine.
MARMON 1920 4-Pass. Touring.
PIERCE-ARROW Touring, 1920 Model.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
2,000 BROADWAY (67TH). Columbus 2000.

BUICK, 1918, 5 passenger, fine condition, sacrifice quick sale. 222 W. 83d.

BUICK, 1919, runabout, like new; must sell. 1,981 Broadway, corner 67th St.

BUICK Little Six runabout; excellent condition. Smith, 154 W. 124th. Morningside 176.

BUICK 1919 touring, perfect; new paint bargain. Scott. Circle 5222.

BUICK 1920 ROADSTER.
Brenner, 2,124 Broadway, 74th St.

BUICKS, 1919-1920 TOURINGS.
Roadsters. Flack, 238-240 West 54th St.

BUICK 1920 5-passenger; like new. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

BUICK 4-cylinder, 5-passenger; good tires; mechanically perfect. 110 West 56th.

BUICK, 7-passenger 1920 touring; condition new. B. Curry, 514 West 140th.

BUICK roadster; perfect condition; newly painted; $750. Salkin, 156 East 105th St.

CADILLAC, suburban sedan, 1920 delivery. CADILLAC, 1919, 7-pass. touring.
CADILLAC, 1919, 7-pass. touring.
PACKARD, 3-35 Fleetwood, French Broug'm.
PACKARD, 3-35 sedan. Dunham body.
PACKARD, 1919, 3-35 Fleetwood runabout.
OLDSMOBILE, 1920, 7-pass. touring.
OWEN MAGNETIC, 1919, touring.
WILLYS-KNIGHT, town landaulet.
DANIELS, 1918, 7-pass. touring.
MARMON, 1919, 7-pass. touring.
STUTZES, 1919, 4-pass. and roadster.
MERCERS, 4-pass. speedster and runabout.
LOCOMOBILE, 7-pass. tour., latest delivery.
MURRAY, 1919, 7-pass. touring.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE,
802 7th Av., Cor. 52d. Circle 1964.

CADILLAC 1919 Touring, 7-passenger.
CADILLAC 1919 Phaeton, 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 Amesbury Sedan.
CADILLAC 1917 Sedan.
PACKARD 1918 Touring, 7-passenger.
PACKARD 1918 Sedan.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood Town.
STUTZ 1919 Touring, 6-passenger.
PIERCE 1915 Touring, 5-passenger.
LOBELL-ABORN, 237 W. 55th St.

CADILLAC.
Model 55 town car, in fine condition; just overhauled and painted at cost of nearly $1,000; can now be bought for $3,000. A 1914 5-passenger touring for only $500.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow Distributers.

CADILLAC 1919 4-pass. sport.
CADILLAC 1919 runabout; wire wheels.
CADILLAC 1919 FF Victoria; metal back.
CADILLAC 24 series brougham town car.
CADILLAC 1918 touring; new paint.
Get our prices before buying elsewhere.
CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE,
Cor. 56th St. and 7th Av. Circle 5308.

CADILLAC 1917 Amesbury, newly painted, new top; like new; A1 condition; must be seen and demonstrated to be appreciated. W. J. Brainard, Birchill Drive, Scarsdale. Phone 538.

CADILLAC 1920 AMESBURY TOURING, 57 EE., practically new, run 3,800 miles; handsomest car in city; guaranteed mechanically perfect; will sacrifice; make offer. Iuppeth, Hotel Cumberland.

CADILLAC "57" SEDAN.
Fully equipped; new cord tires; special color; like new throughout; will consider trade. Brenner, 2124 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917, 7-passenger touring; overhauled and revarnished; cord tires; low mileage; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. River 1773.

CADILLAC 1917 roadster, just been revarnished, mechanically perfect, low mileage, cord tires; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th St., Riverside 1773.

CADILLAC, 1915 model; privately owned; mechanical condition excellent; good tires; recently overhauled; run 10,000 miles. Phone Academy 2310.

CADILLAC eight touring car; owner wishes to sell; can be seen Forest Hills Garage, Forest Hills, Long Island.

CADILLAC 1918 7-pass.; mechanically perfect. Roman Motors Corp., 1,981 Broadway (67th).

CADILLAC type 57 limousine; exceptional. Slocum, 1,926 Broadway, Room 604, cars Lawrence.

CADILLAC 57 MODE LIMOUSINE
second series; perfect condition; fully equipped. W. A. Trock, 411 West 55th St.

CADILLAC, 1919, double letter touring, bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC "57" runabout; excellent condition; make offer. 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC "57" Amesbury sedan; perfect; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th St., Meyer.

CADILLAC "57" town limousine; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. M yer.

CADILLAC 1918 7-passenger touring; exceptional bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC 1919, double letter, sedan; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC, 1917, 7 passenger, touring, just painted, will sacrifice. Calder, 2,444 B'way.

CADILLAC victoria coupe; wire wheels; like new. Kerrigan-Bowers, 808 7th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

CADILLAC 57 SPORT 4-PASS.
CADILLAC 57 TOURING 7-PASS.
CADILLAC 57 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 57 SEDAN.
CRANE SIMPLEX HEALY LIMOUSINE.
AUSTRIAN DAIMLER 4-PASS. SPORT.
CHANDLER 1918 DESPATCH.
MARMON, 1919 CHUMMY.
MERCER 1920 and 1919 Sporting 4-pass.
MURRAY 1918 SPORTING, 4-PASS.
NATIONAL 1919 SPEEDSTER.
OLDSMOBILE SPECIAL 4-PASS.
PACKARD 1919 FLEETWOOD COUPE.
PACKARD 1919 3-25 SPECIAL SEDAN.
PACKARD 3-25 FLEETWOOD ROADSTER.
PACKARD 8-25 LIMOUSINE.
PAIGE 1920 4-pass. Sport and Sedan.
PHIANNA 1918 4-pass. Sport and Sedan.
REVERE 1920 4-PASSENGER.
STUTZ 1920 and 1918, all models.
100 Other Cars on Display.
ALL CARS GUARANTEED 4 MONTHS.
BURRELLE'S AUTO SHOW,
1,680 Broadway, at 53d St. Phone Circle 5232
OPEN EVENINGS.

CADILLAC 7-passenger touring, late 1917, model 55; excellent mechanical condition; good rubber. Appointment phone Owner, Gramercy 1799.

CADILLAC 1919 TOURING.
BRENNER, 2,124 Broadway (74th St.)

CHANDLER—Just like new; sacrifice to quick buyer. 411 East 151st.

CHEVROLET—BIG BARGAIN.
Slightly used; new car guarantee; small payment cash, balance 10 months. M. S. Motor Corporation (Elgin Six Agency), 351 East 149th St., Bronx. Melrose 10062.

CHEVROLET 490 Sedan; in good condition. Hulett Motor Car Co., 12 West 62d St.

COLE "8," 1920, four-passenger, sport model; practically new; absolutely perfect in every way; substantial saving from list; immediate delivery. Smith, 250 West 63d.

COLE 1920 suburban sedan; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

COLE 1919 touring; immediate cash bargain. Inspect at 123 West 64th St. Meyer.

COLE-AERO "8" 1920 model, 7-passenger touring; sacrifice. Phone 589R Mt. Vernon.

CROW-ELKHART late 1918, Cloverleaf roadster; like new; exceptional bargain; $775. Morrison, 410 61st, Brooklyn. Phone Sunset 6286.

DODGE TOURING, $376;
balance $375 10 monthly payments; new car guarantee, 351 East 149th. Elgin Six Agency. Melrose 10062.

DODGE Roadster 1918; in excellent condition. Hulett Motor Car Co., 12 West 62d St.

DODGE, sedan, 4 door, almost new; driven 1,000 miles; open evenings. 216 West 58th St.

DODGE touring 1918; excellent condition; like new. 186 East 64th St. Plaza 4616.

DODGE, six cylinder, five passenger; good condition; $850. 203 West 128th St.

DODGE Touring 1918; in excellent condition. Hulett Motor Car Co., 12 West 62d St.

DORT truck, excellent condition, owner leaves town. 839 Bedford Av., Williamsburg 2290.

ELGIN SIX, LATE 1920;
new car guarantee, small payment cash, balance 1 year's time; free instructions given. Elgin Six Agency, 351 East 149th. Melrose 10032.

ESSEX Sedan, 1920, several miles; $700 less than cost. D. H. McElwee, Jr., Morristown 111; evenings 1622.

F. I. A. T., latest touring, 1918 Italian motor, the only one allowed across; owned and built by Fiat chief engineer; a real car without rivals; price $4,900. Phone Sunset 2477.

FIAT, imported; remodeled; starter, electric lights; chummy roadster; any demonstration. Lloyd, 119 West 54th St.

FORDS, touring, sedans, coupes, trucks, prompt delivery; time payments. Wadsworth 5494.

FORDS, touring, roadsters, suburban, coupelets; comn.erclal 1918 Century Auto, 250 West 54th.

FRANKLIN 5-passenger touring; sacrifice $1,600; owner's private stable, 148 East 39th.

FRANKLIN, 1918, touring, looks and runs fine, will sacrifice. 222 W. 83d.

HAYNES, late 1917 touring, powerful motor; overhauled, newly painted; A1 mechanical condition; full equipment; 2 good spares; many extras; $1,100. Tel. Tremont 5326 Ext. 27.

HAYNES, 1918, 7-passenger touring, mechanically perfect; wire wheels; cord tires; low mileage; make offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. River 1773.

HUDSON, four passenger, late model; 6 cord tires; many extras; $1,600. Phone Midwood 265, or see Sunday morning.

HUDSON SUPER 6; Summer-Winter top; excellent condition. Carmen Sylva Garage, 1,707 Surf Av., Coney Island.

HUDSON 2-pass. speedster (Walton type); extra seat; wire wheels; make offer. Brenner, 2,124 Broadway (74th St.)

HUDSON SUPER SIX 1917 7-passenger; 5 new tires, plenty extras; perfect condition. 186 East 64th St. Plaza 4016.

HUDSON 1918 touring car; excellent condition. Smith, 154 W. 124th. Morningside 176.

HUDSON SUPER SIX—Model J; like new; sacrifice. 411 East 151st.

HUDSON SUPER SIX—Like new; seven passenger; equipped; $1,250. 203 W. 128th.

HUPMOBILE 1917 seven-passenger, for sale; first class condition. Tel. Bedford 579.

HUPMOBILE; latest model, four cylinder, five passenger; equipped; $875. 203 W. 128th

KING; eight cylinder, seven passenger, like new; equipped; $950. 203 West 128th St.

LANCIA touring car, 1917 model, in good condition; special Dann-Gorman body; Zenith carburetor and vacuum feed. A. A. Robbins, 50 Church St.

LIBERTY—Lato model five passenger touring; mechanically perfect; price $1,100. Dann, Plaza 2048.

LIBERTY, 1919, 5-pass. touring; like new; sell reasonable. 1,981 Broadway (67th).

LOCOMOBILE, 1917, limousine, landaulet, special body; all cord tires; newly painted; mechanically perfect; owner going abroad; make your offer. Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. River 1773.

McFARLAN, 1918 TOURING.
Beautiful 7 passenger; used very little; condition like new; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374. Riverside.

MARMON, 1917. 7-passenger touring, like new; low mileage; cord tires; wire wheels; make offer at Adelphi Warehouse, 152 West 90th. River 1773.

MARMON 1918 CHUMMY ROADSTER. Excellent condition; reasonably priced. BRENNER, 2,124 Broadway (74th St.)

MARMON touring and roadster, perfect condition, big sacrifice. Phone 808 Morristown, New Jersey.

MARMON, early 1918 chummy; owner must sell; appearance and condition new. Kips Bay Garage, 41st St., near 3d Av.

MARMON 1918 touring; slightly used; exceptional value. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

MERCIER runabout, excellent condition, owner leaves town. 839 Bedford Av., Williamsburg 2290.

MERCER, 1912, special speedster; A1 condition; extra equepment; $725. Phone Spring 127.

MERCER, runabout, 1916, beautiful car, must sell at once. Calder, 2,444 B'way.

MINERVA landaulet car, fine, in good condition. W. V. Lawrence, Bronxville, N. Y.

MITCHELL 1918 chummy roadster, five-passenger; recently overhauled; five cord tires; extras; fine appearance. Seen Garage, 453 West 18th St., or phone Cortlandt 6668.

MITCHELL 5-passenger touring, 1918, in excellent condition. Hulett Motor Car Co., 12 West 62d St.

MURRAY 1918, 7 passenger touring car, perfect condition; price $2,000; no dealers. Phone Franklin 1210.

OAKLAND little six; latest model five passenger; $750. 206 West 128th St.

OLDSMOBILE, eight cylinder, seven passenger, 1920 model, run 500 miles, perfect condition; anyone looking for a practically new Oldsmobile can get immediate delivery and save a couple of hundred dollars. Phone Vanderbilt 2074.

OLDSMOBILE runabout, sport model; two extra seats in rear; six cylinder; two weeks old; good extra tires reverses force me to dispose of it; immediate delivery; first $1,500 cash takes it. McGovern's Gymnasium, 5 West 66th St. Columbus 2928.

OLDSMOBILE sedan, 1920, driven 500 miles; guaranteed by the Oldsmobile Co. for one year; fully equipped with all extras; price reasonable for quick sale. Telephone Vanderbilt 4800.

OLDSMOBILE 5-passenger 1919; fine condition; $1,050. Seidel. Circle 1688, Audubon 3587.

OLDSMOBILE Roadster, 6-cylinder 1918, in fine condition. Hulett Motor Car Co., 12 West 62d St.

OLDSMOBILE, 1920, model 37 sedan; has $250 extra equipment; must sell immediately. Intervale 4315, Apt. 1C.

OLDSMOBILE, 1920, small six, like new; bargain. 1,981 Broadway, corner 67th St.

OVERLANDS.
Prompt delivery; $320 first payment, balance monthly; 3,589 Broadway, corner 145th.

OVERLAND AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS reconditioned; all models; open evenings. WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc., B'way and 50th.

OWEN Magnetic, Model 42, roadster, special body; delivered May, 1919; run 2,200 miles; price $4,500. Write Thos. Malone, 35 Charles St., for demonstration.

OWEN MAGNETIC, Model O-36, year 1918, 7-passenger touring; factory rebuilt; car in first class condition; price $3,250. Call Audubon 7657, weekdays.

PACKARD, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
McFARLAN, 1919, 7-passenger touring.
MURRAY, 1919 town car.
CHANDLER, 1919, 7-passenger touring.
Time payments considered.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 58TH. CIRCLE 1808.

PACKARD, 3-34, present series, touring car; like new. Bretey, 345 West 70th Ct. Columbus 2223.

PACKARD, 1917, twin six touring, seven passenger; owner going away; sacrifice $2,000. Lenox 7707.

PACKARD 2-38 touring car; in good condition.
PACKARD touring car, 1918; in good condition.
PACKARD sedan touring car, 1918; in good condition.
PACKARD Holbrook limousine, 1917; Westinghouse shock absorbers; in very good condition.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO.,
Westchester Branch.
Tel. White Plains 2900.

PACKARD, "Chummy,"

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Upshur, Maj. A. P., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Babcock, Maj. H. E.; Meyer, Capt. J. H., and Wiggins, 1st Lt. M. C., hon. discharged.

Cavalry.

Arnold, Lt. Col. S. B., is retired after more than 31 years' service.
Kirkpatrick, Lt. Col. G. W., to Ft. Leavenworth.
Glasgow, Lt. Col. W. J., to be Col.
Dallam, Maj. S. F.; Kelly, Maj. W., Jr.; Whitehead, Maj. H. C., and Chitty, Maj. W. D., to be Lt. Cols.
Dixon, Maj. V. B., and James, Capt. A. L., Jr., retired.
Rittenhouse, Capt. B. N., to Recrg. Svce., Camp Pike.
Rhinehardt, Capt. C. K., to Recrg. Svce., at Ft. Bliss.
Kastler, Capt. C., hon. discharged.
Fryer, 1st Lt. P. B., to be Captain.

Field Artillery.

Hand, Maj. D. W., to be Lt. Col.
Miles, Capt. S., and Parker, Capt. C., to be Majors.
Hayden, Capt. H. B., and Dickson, 1st Lt. G. H., retired.

Quartermaster Corps.

Kimball, Capt. H. P., to Ft. Monroe.
Stires, Capt. P. V. R., and Polvell, 1st Lt. J. C., hon. discharged.
Kramer, 1st Lt. J., to Nitrate Plant No. 2, Muscle Shoals, Ala.

Coast Artillery.

Miller, Maj. F. J., retired.
O'Rear, Capt. J. T. H., as Ass. Prof. Mil. Sci. and Tact. at Univ. of Pittsburgh.

Infantry.

Madden, Col. J. F., to Washington Barracks, D. C., as a student officer for the course 1920-21.
Swartz, Capt. C. E., retired.
Bissell, Capt. R. A., hon. discharged.

Miscellaneous.

Farmer, Maj. C. C., Jr.; Catlin, Maj. G. de G.; Hoyt, Capt. C. S.; Garrett, Capt. M. M.; Smith, Capt. W.; Nadal, Capt. U., and Farrell, 1st Lt. R. J., relieved from further active duty.
Goetzenberger, Maj. R. L., Ord. Dept.; Ives, Capt. J. E., Sig. Corps; Manefee, 1st Lt. M. J.; Dolan, 1st Lt. C. H., Jr., Air Serv., and Westra, 1st Lt. R., San. Corps, hon. discharged.
Cartmill, Capt. N. M., to Washington, D. C., recruiting.

Resignation.

Marshall, Brig. Gen. R. C., Jr.

Leaves.

Babcock, Lt. Col. W. C., Cav., 1 mo.
Spinks, Lt. Col. M. G., C. A. C., 1 mo.
Brown, Lt. Col. T. W., Inf., 2 mo.
Vestal, Lt. Col. S. C., C. A. C., 1 mo.
Clark, Maj. H. B., C. A. C., 1 mo.
Robertson, Capt. W. A., F. A., 2 mo.
Brunzell, Capt. O. L., F. A., 1 mo.
Cowles, Capt. D. H., Inf., 10 days.
Phillipson, Capt. I. J., Inf., 15 days.
Grant, 1st Lt. Ed C., M. M., 14 days.
Matlock, 1st Lt. P. B., Inf., 10 days.

The Civil Service.

City.

The eligible list for probation officer is announced. It contains ninety names. Those who received a rating of more than 80 are: Andrew J. Sheridan, 90.10; Thomas F. MacNulty, 89.50; James J. Drew, 88.90; Edward H. Wilson, jr., 87.40; Jeremiah F. Lyons, 87.10; Edmund J. O'Keefe, 86.40; Patrick J. McShane, 86.40; WilliamG. Leonhardt, 86.30; Edward A. Vivion, 86.30; John N. Doyle, 86.90; Laurence J. Bodes, 86.30; Lawrence F. Murray, 85.20; Silas D. Moore, 85.20; Irving White, 84.50; Harry Barnhard, 84.20; John P. O'Connor, 84.20; Edward L. Martin, 83.40; Thomas J. Hayes, 83.30; Benjamin Greenspan, 82.50; James E. McKeon, 82.50; John F. L. McGrath, 82.20; Edward F. Shea, 82.10; Saverio Bongiorno, 81.80; Vincent G. Farley, 81.80; Nicholas A. Marini, 81.20; James A. Drout, 81.10; Vincent A. Hackett, 81.10; Francis J. McGrail, 80.80; Robert J. Elzy, 80.70; Thomas F. Foy, 80.70; George H. Walter, 80.80; Joseph E. Ramstock, 80.30; Thomas McEvily, 80.50; George G. Plans, 80.50; Thomas F. Horan, Jr., 80.40; Thomas J. Dugnan, 80.30; Charles O. Steedman, 80.10.

United States.

The commission announces for July 27 an examination for structural engineer, male, 21 years or more of age, for a vacancy in the Construction Division, War Department, Washington, D. C., at $1,800 a year. Appointees may be allowed the temporary increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 10; education, experience and fitness, 90. Applicants must have had at least five years of structural and drafting experience. The completion of each year of a civil engineering course in a college or university of recognized standing will be accepted as equivalent to one year of the required experience. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Air pressure remains high east of the Mississippi River and on the North Pacific Coast and low over the Plains States, the southern plateau and Southern Rocky Mountain regions.

There have been local showers within the last twenty-four hours in the Middle Atlantic and South Atlantic States, along the Gulf and North Pacific Coasts and the Missouri and extreme Upper Mississippi Valleys; fair weather was the rule in other parts of the country.

The temperature has fallen over the Rocky Mountain and plateau region and has risen in the Plains States, the Middle Atlantic States and Georgia. Temperatures remain generally near the normal except in the Far Northwest, where the weather is cool.

The outlook is for showers in Florida, along the East Gulf Coast and in the Upper Lake region. It will remain fair elsewhere east of the Mississippi River during Saturday and Sunday.

Mild temperatures will continue over the eastern half of the country during the next forty-eight hours.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Northern and Southern New England and Eastern New York—Fair Saturday and Sunday; mild temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Fair weather with mild temperature Saturday and Sunday.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; moderate temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	63	72	4 P. M.	75	76
6 A. M.	64	64	6 P. M.	76	73
9 A. M.	67	72	9 P. M.	74	68
12 M.	73	72	11 P. M.	72	67

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 69; for the corresponding date last year it was 72; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 71.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 64; at 8 P. M. it was 77. Maximum temperature, 77 degrees at 7 P. M.; minimum, 61 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 80 per cent. at 8 A. M., 49 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.14 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.13 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M.

12:05—138 Lafayette St.; American Brass and Copper Co. ..... Slight
1:45—281 11th Av.; Erie Railroad Co. ..... Not given
3:00—336-338 Delancy St. United States Cabinet Co. ..... Slight
5:15—5-9 West 37 St.; G. Alexander ..... Slight
8:25—50 Buchanan Pl.; T. O'Keefe. Not given

P.M.

1:06—1,462 Amsterdam Av.; J. Sweeney ..... Slight
2:25—121 Canal St. ..... Not given
2:55—443 Pleasant Av.; F. Meternango ..... Slight
3:00—2,215 1st Av.; Carlo Carlo ..... Slight
3:35—180th St. and Crotona Park East; Jesse Van Buren & Co. ..... Slight
4:00—22 East Broadway ..... Not given
5:00—451 Greenwich St.; Pittsburgh Electric Co. ..... Slight
7:10—554 W. 43d St. ..... Not given
8:00—254 Fulton St.; William Wells Co. ..... Slight
8:20—1,040 Third Av. (chimney); Rosenbach Bros. ..... Slight
8:30—203 West 146th St. (rubbish) ..... Slight
9:45—144 West 45th St. ..... Slight
9:55—28th St. and 1st Av.; (auto) Tony Curz $500
10:15—828 Broadway; Periguit & Co. ..... Not given
10:30—8 Pike St. ..... Not given

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

McFall, Comr. R. C., to the North Dakota as Exec. offr.
Erickson, Lt. O. W., to the Arkansas.
Inglis, Lt. T. B., to Aide on Staff and Squad. Radio Offr. Vice Admiral C. S. Williams, Comdr. Battleship Squad. 4, Pac. Fleet.
Masters, Lt. J. C., as Asst. to Sup. Offr. Navi Air Sta., San Diego, Cal.

Estate Appraised.

FULTON, SAMUEL T. (May 28, 1919). Total assets, $66,677; net estate, $46,907; cash, $8,540; personal, $9,182; stocks and bonds, $48,975. His wife, Alice Payne Fulton, of 143 West 73d St., receives $46,407; his sister, Anna Fulton Gibb of Topeka, Kan., a legacy of $500.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 25.—Forty-seven new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $5,630,500, were chartered today. They include:

Ohl Realty Co., Manhattan, $25,000; E. Rothman, H. Taussig, D. Hartman, 829 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

Houwert & Meilin, Manhattan, foodstuffs and merchandise, $100,000; J. J. Granville, J. C. Van Leeuwen, T. M. Houwert, 758 West End Av.

Kreindel & Sherman, Manhattan, jewelry, $75,000; E. and J. Kreindel, S. Sherman, 108 Fulton St.

Henry J. Gielow, Manhattan, marine architects, engineers, ship brokers, $25,000; T. H. Fulton, J. H. Wells, B. H. Noden, 2 Rector St.

Weisbrod-Rosentraub Co., Manhttan, groceries, $15,000; M. Rosentraub, M. and M. Weisbrod, 158 Lewis St.

Koslow Building Co., Brooklyn, real estate and brokerage, $5,000; B. D. Mandell, I. Solomon, J. Abramson, 905 Strafield Av., Brooklyn.

International Dactylos Copy Corp., Manhattan, finger printing, $10,000; P. and D. Ryan, G. M. Sullender, 45 West 124th St.

Benjamin & Burger, Manhattan, jewelry, $35,000; T. Schreiner, S. D. Robins, N. Phillips, 201 Broadway.

Harry Goldman, Brooklyn, grocer, $5,000; H. and S. Goldman, D. Cohen, 1,462 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Maxwin Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; S. and M. Weiner, N. J. Schumer, 832 Dawson St.

Nusop Co., Manhattan, make soap powder and chemicals, $30,000; H. M. Orenstein, A. M. Roth, M. Kaplan, 1,958 81st St., Brooklyn.

Bernard L. Meyers, Manhattan, furs, $25,000; M. Trager, D. and L. Meyers, 561 West 144th St.

San Marco Films, Manhattan, $500,000; S. M. De Pasquali, T. J. Smith, J. Frankenberg, Herald Square Hotel.

125 Columbia St. Corp., Manhattan, realty brokerage, $10,000; S. Schack, J. and M. Rosenfeld, 125 Columbia St.

Charles Hamilton Stevedoring Co., Manhattan, $5,000; C. Pearle, A. Silver, C. Hamilton, 59 Pearl St.

Beacon Hotel Co., Beacon, $5,000; E. F. James, C. and J. B. Hyatt, Beacon.

Texware Co., Malone, manufacturing and general merchandise, 1,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 3,000 common, no par value; active capital, $165,000; H. C. Wilder, J. A. Wade, G. J. Moore, Malone.

Kahane & Ginsburg, Manhattan, butchers, $10,000; E. and L. S. Kahane, I. Ginsberg, 1,090 Amsterdam Av.

Doris Ramos Co., Manhattan, traders and exporters, $200,000; M. S. Ramos, S. Bas, R. G. Geigel, 434 West 164th St.

National Family Laundry Service Corp., Bronx, $500,000; S. and S. Kashman, H. Fensterer, 200th St. and Webster Av., Bronx.

Floram Silk Mills, Manhattan, $20,000; A. N. Davis, M. Nathan, I. E. Meller, 51 Chambers St.

Lido Hall Apartments, Manhattan, realty, $10,000; W. H. Flandreau, N. Gordon, S. Bergis, 870 Kelly St., Bronx.

Indian Camp Farms Corp., Syracuse, farming, $230,000; C. J. Parker, Jr.; E. A. McDonald, M. J. Meighen, Syracuse.

Old Forge Lumber Corp., Old Forge, Herkimer Co., $50,000; D. F. Strobel, R. E. Thomson, W. D. Marks, Old Forge.

Co-operative Grange League Federation Exchange, Syracuse, make agricultural implements and deal in merchandise, $1,000,000; W. L. Bean, N. F. Webb, H. E. Babcock, Ithaca.

Fordham Dancing Academy, Bronx, $12,500; L. H. Thibou, R. E. and A. G. Potter, 601 West 151st St.

Claremont Printing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; R. A. and E. Klopper, S. Leonder, 163 East 103d St.

Awon Cooperage Co., Brooklyn, $6,000; H. J. Vanbeck, J. S. Young, J. S. Slavin, 166 North 6th St., Brooklyn.

Eastern Economy Co., Yonkers, devices for autos and motor boats, $10,000; F. Grisfield, D. J. Mahoney, N. A. Ball, Yonkers.

820 5th Avenue Corp., Manhattan; 10,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $50,000; R. Matthews, W. H. Callahan, F. G. Brown, 111 Broadway.

Nasarolu, Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; N. and S. Berler, A. M. Hessinger, 133 West 36th St.

Charles E. Egan & Co., Manhattan, prepare ships for sailing, $10,000; J. A. Walsh, F. Niven, C. E. Egan, 283 Garfield Place, Brooklyn.

A. H. Stillman & Sons, Manhattan, jewelry, $10,000; J. C. Beecher, L. Strauss, C. A. Stillman, 276 5th Av.

H. L. D. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $1,000,000; J. M. Sullivan, G. J. Johnstone, R. S. Sloan, 60 Wall St.

Sainberg & Co., Manhattan, stationers, $60,000; I. Brauer, L. and R. B. Sainberg, 65 West Houston St.

F. A. Koch Holding Co., Brooklyn, realty, $500,000; F. A. and W. E. and F. A. Koch, Jr., 1,120 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn.

Polish Meat and Grocery Co-Operative Co., Auburn, $15,000; P. Bommersbach, J. Driwrynski, L. Tezk, Auburn.

Heller & Weinman, Manhattan, furs, $10,000; A. S. Koppel, J. Lefkowitz, H. Heller, 1,149 Lexington Av.

Brimberg Bros. & Co., Manhattan, furs and textiles, $150,000; H. Cunningham, S. M. Cohen, M. M. Voit, 2 Rector St.

131 Riverside Drive Corp., Manhattan, realty, 2,210 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $181,500; J. P. Knox, N. W. Chandler, J. M. Stoddard, 123 Broadway.

Mangano & Co., Manhattan, wholesale grocers, $10,000; J. Iraci, L. and O. Mangano, 104 Cherry St.

Chasler Process Co., Manhattan, make industrial alcohol, $1,000,000; M. A. Fischer, W. B. Sansifer, C. Caldwell, 233 Broadway.

Erie Finance Corp., Buffalo, merchandise and securities, $50,000; S. Strzelecki, T. Makin, C. R. Coleman, Buffalo.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

H. & H. Model Apartment Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $40,000.

Forty-second Street Grill, Manhattan, $20,000 to $100,000.

Majestic Machine and Tool Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $80,000.

Henry Kelly, Jr., Manhattan, $10,000 to $200,000.

Textile Hat and Cap Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $15,000.

Brodkin Straw Works, Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Corn Exchange Bank, Manhattan, $4,620,000 to $6,000,000.

Brooklyn Master Bakers' Purchasing Association, Queens, $100,000 to $200,000.

Jerome B. Rice Seed Co., Cambridge, $742,000 to $3,000,000.

Broadalbin Knitting Co., Broadalbin, $500,000 to $1,000,000.

C. N. Swift & Sons, Utica, $50,000 to $150,000.

Glen Cove Echo Press, Glen Cove, $15,000 to $25,000.

REORGANIZATION.

Wyoming Valley Coal Co., Manhattan, carry on business with $150,000, 600 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 20,000 common, no par value.

NAME CHANGES.

C. B. Woodworth Sons' Corp., Manhattan, to Woodworth, Inc.

Flint & Co., Manhattan, to Flint Export, Import and Shipping Corp.

Rich Dress and Skirt Co.; Manhattan, to Rich Skirt Co.

DESIGNATION.

Strong Textile Co., Del., 25,000 shares common stock, no par value; rep., H. T. Strong, 245 West 55th St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Mt. Symington Forge Corp., Manhattan.
Publishers' Trading Corp., Manhattan.
Romaole Shipping Corp., Manhattan.
Everett Insulated Rail Joint Corp., Manhattan.
Peters & Keit, Manhattan.
Berkshire Apartment Ass'n, Manhattan.
Holton Printing Co., Brooklyn.
Louvre Dress Co., Brooklyn.
R. Whalen Co., Rochester.
Warren Derby Co., Jordan.
National Baseball Mfg. Co., Schenectady.

Delaware Charters.

DOVER, June 25.—Charters filed:

New England Spun Silk Corp., $5,000,000; Robert Thistle, A. Roy Myers, Raymond J. Carman, New York.

General Engineering & Finance Corp., $2,500,000; George G. Sleigler, E. E. Aberle, C. T. Cohee, Wilmington.

Cleveland Realty Finance Co., $2,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill., Wilmington.

Wright Battery Co., $1,100,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, D. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

North Texas Rock Co., $1,000,000; L. L. Donnell, W. M. Hyde, B. R. Jones, Ft. Worth, Texas.

Union Shipyards Corp., $1,000,000; Robert K. Thiele, A. Roy Myers, Raymond J. Gorman, New York.

Picket Typewriter Corp., $1,000,000; J. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Excelsior Forge & Mfg. Co., $100,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

American Finance & Surety Corp., $100,000; George G. Steigler, E. E. Aberle, C. T. Cohee, Wilmington.

Central America Trading & Development Corp., $100,000; George G. Steigler, E. E. Aberle, C. T. Cohee, Wilmington.

Orwin, $50,000; D. D. Wharton, L. B. Phillips, Arthur J. Kingsbury, Dover.

Triangle Products Co., $25,000; William A. McCoy, Pittsburgh; A. W. I. N. Loftand, Frank Jackson, Dover.

Broad Garage, Inc., $10,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

T. C. Spring Co., $2,000,000; Judson C. Glary, Dowagiac, Mich.; Christian Girl, Charles Getter, Kalamazoo, Mich.

Kinacoden Mines, $500,000; C. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

American Electric Air Pump Co., Pittsburgh, $300,000; John G. Brickfield, Ralph F. Garrity, Wilmington; Gilliam G. Gold, Pittsburgh.

Associated First National Pictures of Southern California, $140,000; C. H. Blaske, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Stafford Onwara, Wilmington, $92,250; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, J. D. Frock, Wilmington.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Municipal Gas and Oil Co., Pittsburgh, $130,000 to $500,000.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	Sandy Hook. P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	Governors Island. P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	Hell Gate. P.M.
High water	4:48	5:13	5:39	5:59	7:53	8:10
Low water	10:58	11:40	11:38	12:22	12:53	2:05

THE SUN.

Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
5:25	8:31

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
St. Paul	Southampton	June 15
West Modus	Gibraltar	June 5
Adriatic	Southampton	June 16
Mongolia	Vigo	June 16
Iroquois	Turks Isle	June 21
Brazos	San Juan	June 21
Eastern King	Nuevitas	June 19

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Bardic	London	June 15
Columbia	Glasgow	June 15
Laidlaw Range	Dundee	June 6
Monterey	Havana	June 22
Philadelphia	San Juan	June 22
Gen. Gorgas	Cristobal	June 22
Wakulla	Havre	June 6
Gregory	Para	June 10
Tahamo	Toloa	——
Lepanto	Hull	June 10
Mauretania	Liverpool	June 18
Lafayette	Havre	June 18

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Eglantier	Antwerp	June 10
Savoie	Havre	June 18
Ulua	Cristobal	June 21

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
N. Amsterdam	Rotterdam	June —
Niagara	Havre	June 15
Essequibo	Liverpool	June 18
Canopic	Genoa	June 8
Ft. Hamilton	Bermuda	June 26

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Noordam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Netherlands and Germany.
Caronia, Queenstown	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	British Isles, Scandinavia, Central Europe, Africa.
Baltic, Queenstown	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	British Isles, Scandinavia, Central Europe, Africa.
Mayaro, Grenada	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Trinidad, Guiana.
Pastores, Havana	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Costa Rica, Canal Zone, Salvador, Nicaragua.
Wacouta, Havana	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Yucatan.
Ceaine, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, St. Thomas.
Martha Washington, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Crofton Hall, Montevideo	12:00 M.	3:30 P.M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Connersville, Cayenne	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Haiti.

SAIL MONDAY.

St. Paul, Southampton	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Africa.
Megali Hellas, Piraeus	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Greece.
Pancras, Victoria	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	South Brazil.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Santa Marta, Kingston	7:00 A.M	11:00 A.M.	Salvador, Canal Zone, Nicaragua, Ecuador.
Helikon, Kingston	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Colombia (Jamaica must be specially addressed).
Swinburne, Montevideo	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Julia, Port Antonio	12:00 M.	3:30 P.M.	Jamaica.
Korean Prince, Para	12:00 M.	3:30 P.M.	North Brazil and Iquitos (other parts of Brazil must be specially addressed).

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Trieksve, Manchester	June 26	12:00 M.
Montana, Hamburg	June 26	12:00 M.
Francisco, Hull	June 26	12:00 M.
Vindellia, Glasgow	June 26	12:00 M.
Cabo Tres Forcas, Bo-ville	June 26	12:00 M.
Edgehill, Genoa	June 26	12:00 M.
Ocakis, Malta	June 26	12:00 M.
Edith, Fajardo	June 26	12:00 M.
Bayhead, Morocco	June 26	12:00 M.
Caroline, Bordeaux	June 26	3:00 P.M.
New York City, Bristol	June 27	12:00 M.
Grenadier, Rouen	June 28	12:00 M.
Kandahar, Calcutta	June 28	12:00 M.
Cokato, Havana	June 28	12:00 M.
Mesaba, London	June 28	12:00 M.
Canada, Palermo	June 29	3:00 P.M.
Providence, Naples	July 1	3:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Neponset	Flushing	June 20
City of Canton	Colombo	June 23
Cymeric	London	June 24
Britannia	Dover	June 26
Marques del Campo	Cadiz	June 24
Lapland	Southampton	June 22
Olympic	Southampton	June 23

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Belvedere	Algiers	June 20
Persian Prince	Singapore	June 28
Santa Clara	Colombo	June 22
Gibraltar	Gibraltar	June 28
Putham	Liverpool	June 24
Haverford	Gibraltar	June 20
Western Knight	London	June 28
Tuscarora	Southampton	June 24
Kroonland		

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Mail.	Steamships.	Mail Closes At N. Y.
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Asia	June 28
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco	Marama	July 7
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, via San Francisco	Sonoma	July 15
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	July 16

CUNARD-ANCHOR

Passenger and Freight Service

Caronia	New York	Queenstown and Liverpool	June 26
Mauretania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	July 1
Columbia	New York	Londonderry and Glasgow	July 3
Imperator	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	July 15
Vasari	New York	Liverpool	July 15
K. A. Victoria	New York	Queenstown and Liverpool	July 17
Caronia	New York	Queenstown and Liverpool	July 24
Columbia	New York	Londonderry and Glasgow	July 31
Aquitania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	July 31
Mauretania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 5
Imperator	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 12
K. A. Victoria	New York	Queenstown and Liverpool	Aug. 14
Caronia	New York	Queenstown and Liverpool	Aug. 21
Aquitania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 28
Columbia	New York	Londonderry and Glasgow	Aug. 28
Mauretania	New York	Cherbourg and Southampton	Sept. 2

Passage tickets are not transferable and are only good for the persons to whom they are issued. Ample accommodation available August and later sailings.

For later Sailings Apply to
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

AMERICAN LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
St. Paul...12 Noon June 28 July 24 Aug. 21
Philadelphia. 12 Noon July 10 Aug. 7 Sept 4
New York 12 Noon July 17 Aug. 14 Sept. 11

NEW YORK—HAMBURG
Mongolia ....Noon July 3 Aug. 14 Sept. 25
Manchuria 11 A.M. July 31 Sept. 11 Oct. 23

RED STAR LINE

N. Y.—SOUTHAMPTON—ANTWERP
Kroonland..11 A.M. July 10 Aug. 14 Sept. 18
Lapland ..11 A.M. July 17 Aug. 21 Sept. 25
Finland ..12 noon July 24 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
Zeeland ...11 A.M. July 31 Sept. 4 Oct. 9

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

WHITE STAR LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
Adriatic ....Noon July 3 Aug. 14 Sept. 15
Olympic ...3 P.M. July 8 Aug. 4 Aug. 28

N. Y.—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL
Baltic. ....2 P.M. June 26 July 31 Sept. 4
*Mobile..11 A.M. July 10 Aug. 14 Sept. 18
Celtic ...12 noon July 24 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
*(Formerly Cleveland)

NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR NAPLES—GENOA
Canopic .....3 P.M. July 8
Cretic .....3 P.M. July 20

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique. Express Postal Service

NEW YORK—HAVRE

LAFAYETTE	JULY 1, JULY 30
LA SAVOIE	AUG. 27, SEPT. 24
LA LORRAINE	JULY 3, AUG. 6
LA TOURAINE	SEPT. 3, OCT. 1
ROCHAMBEAU	JULY 10, AUG. 20
FRANCE	SEPT. 17, OCT. 15
	JULY 13, AUG. 14
	SEPT. 14, OCT. 13
	JULY 17, AUG. 21
	SEPT. 25, OCT. 23
	JULY 21, SEPT. 8
	OCT. 6, NOV. 5

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N.Y.

Compania Sud Americana de Vapores (SOUTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.)

PERU and CHILE

VIA PANAMA CANAL
STR. RENAICO
Sailing June 28th

Calling at Paita, Salaverry, Callao, Mollendo, Arica, Iquique, Antofagasta, Coquimbo, Valparaiso.

For Freight and Passenger Rates and Further Information Apply to
WESSEL, DUVAL & CO., General Agents
25 Broad Street New York City

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
via Plymouth & Boulogne-sur-Mer

NEW AMSTERDAM	July 7 Aug. 10 Sept. 14
ROTTERDAM	July 21 Aug. 28 Oct. 2
NOORDAM	Aug. 4 Sept. 8
RYNDAM	Aug. 18 Sept. 22

General Passenger Office: 24 State St. N. Y.

PACIFIC LINE to SOUTH AMERICA

Sanderson & Sons, Gen. Agts., 26 B'way, N. Y.

AGWI LINES

Steamship service—Florida, the Carolinas, Cuba, Texas, California, Mexico, Porto Rico, Santo Domingo. Apply 489 5th Av.

Iron Steamboat Co.

CONEY ISLAND

Special Schedule for SATURDAY, JUNE 26
Subject to Change Without Notice.

Lv. W. 129 St., 9:40, 10:30, 11:15, 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30. Pier 1, N. R., 10:25, 11:15, 12:00, 1:00, 2, 2:45 3:30, 4:15, 5, 5, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30. Coney, †11:25, 12:25, 1:10, 12:10, 3:10, 3:55, 4:55, *5:25, 6:10, *7:30, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:30.

Trips marked * do not stop at 129th St. Trips marked † do not stop at Pier 1, N. R.
STEAMBOAT WHITEHALL 1879.

IDEAL TRIP
Saturday Afternoon
West Point
or Newburgh

*Comfortable Str. HOMER RAMSDELL leaves Franklin St., 1 P. M.; West 129th St., 1:30 P. M., for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston. Music. Restaurant. The palatial Str. BENJ. B. ODELL leaves West Point, 7 P. M., for return to New York.

*Also Str. POUGHKEEPSIE leaves Franklin St., 2:30 P. M.; West 129th St., 3 P. M., for Highland Falls, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston.

*Both steamers offer an ideal afternoon on the Hudson and connect with return steamer to New York same day.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

LONG ISLAND SOUND

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS

Delightful trip of 150 miles through the East River and on Long Island Sound. Good music—Refreshments.

STEAMER RICHARD PECK
TO NEW HAVEN
AND RETURN

Lv. Pier 40, N.R., Houston St., 9:20 A.M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., 22d St., 10:00 A. M. Ample time for sightseeing in New Haven, the "City of Elms," rich in historic and scenic interest.

Round Trip Fare (incl. War Tax), $1.70
Tickets limited. On sale Sundays only at the Piers.

New England Steamship Co.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.

COLONIAL LINE

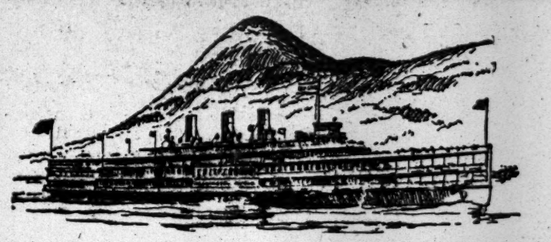
BOSTON By Boat $4.40 & Rail
PROVIDENCE Boat $3.24 Direct
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS. $1.86 TO $4.32
Above prices include war tax.

Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River (foot West Houston St.), daily and Sunday at 5:30 P. M. (Daylight Saving TIME).
Phone Spring 9401.

Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc.

To BOSTON
METROPOLITAN LINE
All the way by water, via
CAPE COD CANAL

Steamers leave Pier 18, North River, foot of Murray St.
PHONE BARCLAY 5000
Daily at 5 P. M. (Daylight Time)



Go by Day Line

"Washington Irving" "Robert Fulton" "Hendrick Hudson" "Albany"

Magnificent river scenery, large, beautifully equipped steamers, devoted exclusively to passenger service—the ideal route between

New York and Albany

CALLING AT

Yonkers, Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill and Hudson

Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

Daylight Saving Time

DAY LINE STEAMERS leave daily, including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 22d St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:50 A. M., landing at †Newburgh, †Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.

Also steamer leaves, daily, including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 10 A. M.; West 129th St., 10:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain (West Point and Cornwall except Sundays), Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and return to West 42d St.

On Saturday, June 26, Steamer "Albany" leaves Desbrosses St., 1:40 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:50 P. M., for †Bear Mountain, †West Point and †Newburgh.

†Return steamer same day from points marked †.

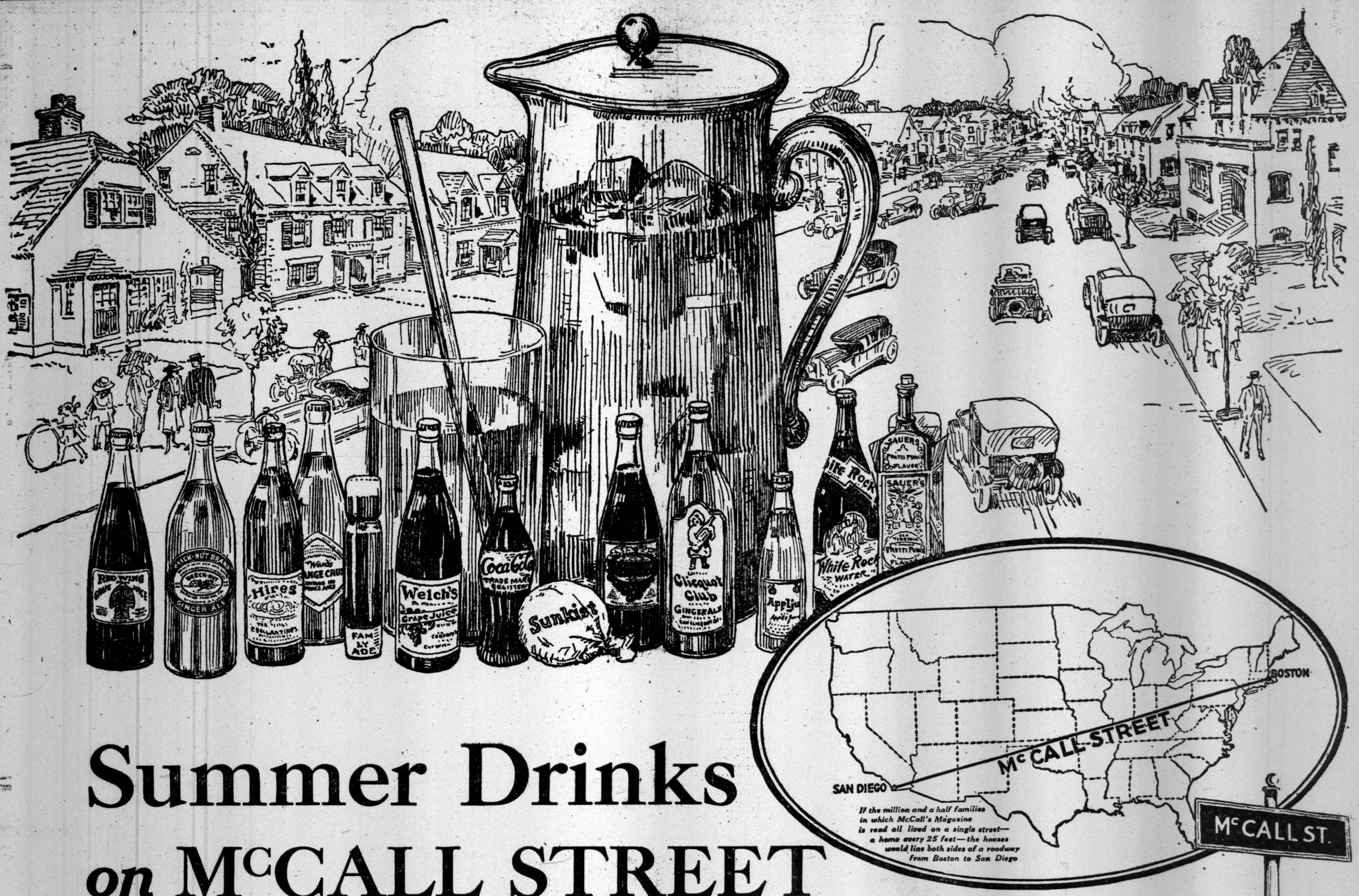
IDEAL ONE-DAY OUTINGS

Hudson River Day Line

Desbrosses St. Pier Telephone 9300 Canal New York

PACIFIC to South America

DIRECT PASSENGER SERVICE
NEW YORK TO WEST COAST PORTS
via Panama Canal
"EBRO"


RED WING GRAPE JUICE
GINGER ALE
Hires
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McCALL STREET
BOSTON
If the million and a half families in which McCall's Magazine is read all lived on a single street—a home every 25 feet—the houses would line both sides of a roadway from Boston to San Diego
McCALL ST.

Summer Drinks *on* McCALL STREET

Millions of parched throats on McCall Street, in mid-summer's scorching days!

Millions of glasses, filled to the brim with cooling, deliciously-flavored summer beverages!

For there are 6,750,000 dwellers on McCall Street—the street on which are the 1,500,000 homes in which McCall's Magazine is read every month.

With a house every 25 feet, on both sides of the way, McCall Street would extend across the continent from Boston to San Diego—three thousand miles of thirsty throats!

To satisfy its desire for cooling drinks, McCall Street spends not less than $500,000 a month, all summer.

Lemons, oranges, pineapples, fruit juices, and syrups combine with water, sugar, and ice to form tempting "pitcher" drinks.

Then the many refreshing bottled beverages! Ginger ale, sarsaparilla, birch beer, lemon soda, grape juice, root beer—clear, sparkling mineral waters—each a delight to thirsty throats!

McCall's Magazine offers a wide variety of recipes for the making of enticing summer drinks—and also brings to the attention of millions of readers the names of nationally-advertised fruits, fruit juices, syrups, and bottled beverages.

THE McCALL COMPANY, 236-250 WEST 37th STREET, NEW YORK CITY

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McCALL'S MAGAZINE